

Contents

1	Inti	roduction	on	1
2	Site	e Desc	pription	1
3	De	velopm	nent Proposal	1
4	Ва	ckgrou	nd Information	2
	4.1	Histo	prical Reports	2
	4.2	Publi	ished Geology	2
	4.3	Seisı	micity	3
	4.4	Volca	anic Activity	3
	4.5	Near	rby Testing	3
5	Site	e Inves	stigation	4
	5.1	Sum	mary of Subsurface Conditions	4
	5.2	Grou	undwater Conditions	5
	5.3	Lab ⁻	Testing	7
		5.3.1	Expansive Soil	7
6	Ge	ohazar	rds and Geotechnical Assessment	7
	6.1	Slope	e Stability	7
		6.1.1	Soil Parameters	7
		6.1.2	Analysis Methodology	8
		6.1.3	Results and Discussions	8
	6.2	Seisı	mic Hazards	10
	6.3	Lique	efaction and Lateral Spreading	1C
	6.4	Expa	ansive Soils	1C
	6.5	RMA	Section 106 Assessment and Development Suitability	1C
7	Ge	otechn	nical Recommendations	11
	7.1	Foun	ndations for Buildings	11
		7.1.1	Bridging Piles	11
		7.1.2	Differential Settlement	12



	7.2	Preliminary Retaining Wall Parameters	.12
	7.3	California Bearing Ratio	. 13
	7.4	Soil Classification	. 13
	7.5	Tree Removal	. 13
	7.6	Earthworks Operations	. 13
	7.7	Cuts and Batters	. 14
	7.8	Sediment and Erosion Control	. 14
8	AUI	P Assessment Section E7	. 15
9	Pre	vious Council RFIs	. 15
	9.1	ENGEO response	. 15
10	Fut	ure Work	. 15
11	Lim	itations	16



Tables

Table 1: Summary of Ground Conditions

Table 2: Recorded Groundwater Levels

Table 3: Expansive Soil Results

Table 4: Design Soil Parameters

Table 5: Auckland Council Factor of Safety Criteria

Table 6: Retaining Wall Design Parameters

Appendices

Appendix 1: Engineering Concept Plans

Appendix 2: Stage 2 Earthwork As-Builts

Appendix 3: Previous Relevant Geotechnical Data

Appendix 4: Investigation Location Plan

Appendix 5: ENGEO Machine Borehole Data

Appendix 6: ENGEO Hand Auger Logs

Appendix 7: Laboratory Results

Appendix 8: Slide Model Cross Section Locations

Appendix 9: Slide Outputs

Appendix 10: Specific Design Zone



ENGEO Document Control:

Report Title	Geotechnical Investigation - 28, 30, and 66 Crestview Rise, Papakura					
Project No. 13230.001.004		Doc ID	07			
Client Client Co		Client Contact	Fred Lin			
Distribution (PDF)	Russell Baikie					
Date	Revision Details / Status	Author	Reviewer	WP		
19/12/2023	Issued to Client	BF	PF	DF		
19/09/2024	Revised for revised plan sets	BF	PF	JT		
		BF	PF	НО		



1 Introduction

ENGEO Limited was requested by Harbour View Heights LP Limited to undertake a geotechnical investigation of the property at 28, 30, and 66 Crestview Rise, Papakura, Auckland (herein referred to as 'the site').

The purpose of this report is to determine ground conditions within the site and assess geohazards that may affect the site's suitability for the proposed subdivision. We understand that this report will also be used to support applications for resource consent for the conversion of three rural lots to 32 medium to high density residential lots that will support 63 residential dwellings.

This work has been carried out in accordance with our signed agreement dated 24 April 2023.

2 Site Description

This irregular shaped, 3,873 m² site is comprised of three large rural lots, legal descriptions (Lot 123 DP549093, Lot 124 549093, and Lot 127 DP571188). It is proposed to subdivide these lots into 32 medium and high-density residential lots as shown on the Envelope proposed design plans included in Appendix 1.

The eastern lots predominantly face northwest while the south-western lots face southwest, towards Settlement Road. The majority of site is moderate to steeply sloping to the southwest.

Our study area is generally undeveloped and grassed, with mature trees in the southern area of site and multiple individual trees located in the northern part of the site. The northern and eastern parts of the site are densely vegetated with small shrubs.

Reviewing the Auckland Council GeoMaps underground service layer, a 375 mm dia AC water transmission service line runs along the south-eastern boundary of site. Additional to this, local residential service lines such as power, wastewater and stormwater are located along Crestview Rise, Kotahitanga Street, and Marples Place.

3 Development Proposal

ENGEO has been provided with the proposed development plans prepared by ENVELOPE Consultants Ltd (reference 1915-01 dated 26 August 2024). These plans depict the subdivision of the three existing rural lots into a 32-lot high density residential development and includes one joint owned access lot and one public road. These plans are attached in Appendix 1.

The size of the individual lots proposed as part of this development is consistent with the residential lots previously developed within the neighbouring Harbourview Heights residential subdivision. However, ENGEO understands development could include three dwellings per site up to three storeys as a permitted development under the MDRS.

The plans supplied indicate that earthworks within the eastern block of lots will consist of cut and fill operations to form an access / roading lot. Within the western lots earthworks will comprise the removal of an existing stockpile. The bulk earthworks area is 8,500 m², with a fill volume of 1,100 m³, and a cut volume of 13,500 m³.



Based on the plan set provided, finished contours across some of the proposed lots are expected to be relatively steep with maximum finished contours of 1V:3H or 18 degrees.

4 Background Information

4.1 Historical Reports

Geotechnical investigations for this site had previously been undertaken by Coffey Geotechnics Ltd and are reported in "Geotechnical Investigation Report, Residential Subdivision at 162 to 166 Settlement Road, Papakura" dated 15 June 2016, reference GENZAUCK11786AC.

Further to this, ENGEO prepared reports titled:

- Retaining Structures Detailed Design Report, Revision 2, reference 13230.000.000_11 dated 18.04.2017.
- Geotechnical Earthworks Specification, 162 166 Settlement Road, 28 October 2016; Project number 13230.000.000.
- RC6-RC8 Plan Review, 162 166 Settlement Road, dated 13 February 2019, Project number 13230.000.000.
- Retaining Wall 07 Addendum Letter, 162 166 Settlement Road, dated 06 March 2020, Project number 13230.000.000.
- ROW Slope Redesign Lot 203, 162 166 Settlement Road, dated 17 April 2020, Project number 13230.000.000.
- Geotechnical Completion Report, 162 166 Settlement Road, dated 23 October 2020, Project number 13230.000.000.
- Geotechnical Completion Report 2C and Stage 3, 162 166 Settlement Road, dated 30 June 2022, Project number 13230.000.000.

4.2 Published Geology

GNS (Institute of Geological and Nuclear Sciences), map the site as being predominantly underlain by the East Coast Bays Formation (ECBF) of the Waitematā Group.

The East Coast Bays Formation was formed in a deep marine setting by turbidity (density) currents during the Miocene Epoch (20 million years ago), resulting in alternating sequences of sandstone and siltstone (termed flysch deposits) which have been measured up to 500 m thick across the wider Auckland region.

In situ weathering of the usually dark grey bedrock material has created, in most locations, an overburden comprising mixtures of silts, clays, and sands, being predominantly orange, brown and grey in colour and often containing hard, dark orange-brown iron oxide (limonitic) concentrations which are indicative of long term fluctuations in ground water levels. Underlying the East Coast Bays Formation soil there is typically a layer of dark grey, hard, silts and sands, indicative of the transition zone into rock.



Additional to the above, due to its proximity to nearby volcanic centers, we would expect ash and volcanic deposits to overlay the East Coast Bays Formation.

As part of earthworks within Stage 2 and the greater subdivision, engineered fill and topsoil stockpiles are present on the eastern side of site. Unsuitable colluvium material was undercut and removed as part of these works. The Stage 2 earthwork cut / fill As-Built depicts the fill levels and is appended in Appendix 2. Further details of these works are outlined in our Stage 2 Geotechnical completion report.

4.3 Seismicity

The Auckland area is one of the lowest earthquake activity regions in New Zealand. Over the last 150 years, only two earthquakes with magnitudes greater than M5 have been recorded in the region.

We have reviewed the GNS New Zealand Active Fault Database, which indicates there are no known active faults on-site. The nearest active fault is the Waikopua Fault located approximately 15 km southeast of the site. The Waikopua Fault dips southwest and is a normal (extensional) type fault. GNS have not established a dip angle, vertical slip rate, recurrence interval or date for the last event at the Waikopua Fault.

The north-northwest trending Drury Fault passes west of the site and is responsible for the uplift of the Papakura Hills to the east of the site. However, the Drury Fault is not considered active. A sub-parallel fault to the east of the site and due to its orientation is possible to be related to the Drury Fault.

4.4 Volcanic Activity

Volcanic activity presents a significant risk in Auckland; however, the location and timing of eruptions are difficult to predict due to the monogenetic nature of the volcanic field. The eruption history of the Auckland Volcanic Field is known to date back over the last 150,000 years; 19 eruptions are known to have occurred within the last 20,000 years; 18 of the most recent eruptions occurred between 20,000 and 10,000 years ago. Rangitoto was the last known eruption event which was estimated to be 550 years before present.

Hazards proximal to an eruption include pyroclastic surge, block fall and lava flows. Ash falls at a greater distance can cause large disturbance; with remobilisation of ash deposits possible, particularly during rainfall events.

A small basalt eruptive center known as 'Redhill' is located approximately two kilometers to the south of the site.

4.5 **Nearby Testing**

Previous geotechnical investigations within Lots 123, 124, and 127 were undertaken by Coffey Geotechnics Limited. That historical investigation consisted of three machine borehole and five hand auger boreholes. The location plan and the previous investigation logs are included in Appendix 3.

Material encountered within the study area in the historical investigation generally consisted of Landslide Colluvium, East Coast Bays Formation residual soils, and East Coast Bays Formation Rock.

The Coffey Geotechnics report also highlighted the presence of existing instability features within the location of the three rural lots (this study area). Instability features within the lots currently known as 28 and 30 Crestview Rise were earth worked and remediated as part of the Stage 1 and 2 Harbourview Heights development as outlined in previous completion letters.



5 Site Investigation

ENGEO undertook an intrusive site investigation during the period of 6 to 17 June 2023. This geotechnical investigation included supervising three machine boreholes, undertaking 16 hand auger boreholes and the recovery of three soil samples for expansive soil testing. Test locations from this investigation are shown in Appendix 4.

Three machine boreholes (MBH01 to MBH03), with associated soil strength testing (Standard Penetrometer Test), were drilled to depths ranging between 12 and 22.5 m below ground level. Full borehole records are presented in Appendix 5. Following completion of the drilling, a standpipe piezometer was installed within each of the boreholes to facilitate groundwater level measurements. The design of the piezometers are also on the borehole logs in Appendix 5.

Thirteen hand auger boreholes (HA01 to HA13), with associated soil strength testing (shear vane), were drilled to between 1.3 m and 5.0 m depth. Full borehole records are presented in Appendix 6.

Logs have been prepared in general accordance with the New Zealand Geotechnical Society field classification guidelines (NZGS, 2005).

5.1 Summary of Subsurface Conditions

Ground conditions encountered on-site were generally in accordance with the mapped geology. Subsurface investigation findings are described as follows:

Topsoil

Topsoil was encountered within all hand auger boreholes, test pits and machine boreholes to between 0.1 m and 0.6 m bgl.

Existing Fill

Undocumented fill / topsoil stockpiles (likely left over from previous earthworks) were encountered within our hand auger and machine boreholes. Existing fill was encountered within all of the boreholes except HA07 and MBH02 to a maximum depth of 7.25 m bgl.

This material predominantly comprises topsoil and silt with gravel and sand, and is intermixed dark brown, brown and orange in colour. Buried topsoil layers were encountered within the undocumented fill.

Undocumented fill can be highly variable with respect to moisture content, strength and density, and may contain organics, construction rubble, oversized boulders, and voids. As such, undocumented fill can be susceptible to total and differential settlement and undesirable geotechnical performance.

Engineered fill was placed as part of earthworks in the eastern section of site to remove colluvium and landslide debris. Our hand auger investigation encountered engineered fill within boreholes HA01, HA02, HA03, HA04, HA06, HA08, HA09, HA10, HA11, and HA12 to the maximum testing depth of 5.0 m below ground level. This material predominantly comprised of silty CLAY with minor fine to medium sand and gravel, brown and grey.



East Coast Bays Formation (ECBF)

Underlying the existing fill and colluvium, where noted above, and underlying topsoil in all other hand auger boreholes, are the native, naturally weathered silt and clay soils of the underlying East Coast Bays Formation bedrock. This unit is generally found to increase in consistency with depth, although the soils can lose strength where affected by the groundwater surface.

Measured shear strengths in this unit ranged from 45 kPa to in excess of 200 kPa, the upper limit of our shear vane dial. Weaker soil zones were typically observed relative to the observed groundwater surface in the hand auger boreholes, or where predominantly sandy or silty layers were encountered. Average shear strengths through the residual soil profile were in excess of 100 kPa, corresponding to a very stiff to hard soil.

Table 1: Summary of Ground Conditions

Top Depth Range (m)	Bottom Depth Range (m)	Material Description	Undrained Shear Strength (kPa)	Consistency
0.0	0.3 – 7.0	Fill Material	57 – 200+	St – H
0.0	0.7	Uncontrolled fill	171 – 200+	VSt – H
0.3 – 0.3	0.3 – 5.0	Auckland Volcanic Field soils	57 – 200+	St – H
0.3 – 7.0	7.5 – 19.6	East Coast Bays Formation Soils	59 – 200+	St – H
7.5 – 19.6	> 22.565	East Coast Bays formation Rock	N/A	EW – VW

¹NA = Not Assessed

5.2 Groundwater Conditions

Standing groundwater levels were recorded by dipping each of the hand auger boreholes at the completion of drilling. Groundwater was encountered between 3.2 m and 9.91 m below ground level (bgl).

The hand auger boreholes did not encounter groundwater at the time of our investigation.

Further to our hand auger groundwater dips, piezometers were installed within all the machine boreholes.

ENGEO was provided with manual dips recorded within these piezometers, these results as well as indicative groundwater levels recorded in hand auger boreholes are presented in Table 2.



Table 2: Recorded Groundwater Levels

Borehole Number	Date	Depth (m bgl)
BH01	24/07/2023	9.91
BH02	24/07/2023	6.22
BH03	24/07/2023	8.99
HA01	07/06/2023	NGW
HA02	07/06/2023	NGW
HA03	07/06/2023	NGW
HA04	07/06/2023	NGW
HA05	07/06/2023	NGW
HA06	06/06/2023	NGW
HA07	06/06/2023	NGW
HA08	06/06/2023	NGW
HA09	06/06/2023	NGW
HA10	07/06/2023	4.4
HA11	07/06/2023	NGW
HA12	07/06/2023	NGW
HA13	06/06/2023	3.2
HA14	06/06/2023	NGW
HA15	06/06/2023	NGW
HA16	06/06/2023	NGW

It should be noted that the site investigation and groundwater measurements were taken during winter months and it is likely that seasonal fluctuation in groundwater levels may occur at the site.



5.3 Lab Testing

5.3.1 Expansive Soil

Atterberg Limits and Linear Shrinkage laboratory testing was undertaken on three samples collected from boreholes HA02, HA07, and HA15.

Three soil samples of native clay soil were selected for Atterberg limits and linear shrinkage testing in accordance with NZS4402. The approximate sampling locations are shown in Appendix 4, full results are presented in Appendix 7, and the data is summarised in Table 3.

Table 3: Expansive Soil Results

Sample Location	Depth (m)	Moisture Content (%)	Liquid Limit	Plasticity Limit	Linear Shrinkage
SS01 - HA02	0.3 - 0.5	33.8	66	25	16
SS02 - HA07	0.3 - 0.5	30.7	62	26	15
SS03 – HA15	0.3 – 0.5	44.0	65	31	14

Expansive soils are classified in NZS 3604 as soils with a liquid limit of greater than 50% and a linear shrinkage greater than 15%.

6 Geohazards and Geotechnical Assessment

6.1 Slope Stability

Slope instability presents one of the greatest geotechnical risks to the proposed residential development. The risk of instability can be mitigated by positioning the lots away from the steeper portions of site and undertaking geotechnical earthworks in accordance with the recommendations of this report. These methods will achieve acceptable long-term factors of safety for development areas.

6.1.1 Soil Parameters

Representative soil parameters including effective cohesion, undrained shear strength and angle of friction, for each of the identified geological units based on the results of site investigations are summarised in Table 4.



Table 4: Design Soil Parameters

Material	Unit Weight (kN/m³)	Effective Cohesion c (kPa)	Effective Angle of Friction (°)	Undrained Shear Strength (kPa)
Engineered Fill	18	5	32	140
Hardfill	20	0	38	NA
Residual Soil	17	3	28	80
Transition Zone	18	5	30	NA
ECBF Rock	20	40	40	NA
Colluvium	18	3	24	70
Alluvium	20	1	26	36

6.1.2 Analysis Methodology

In order to assess the stability of the proposed finished landforms for this development, seven cross section profiles were generated through critical sections of the site. The locations of the cross sections are shown on the Envelope plan SK-8000 and is attached within Appendix 8. Interpretative ground models for the eight cross sections are presented in Appendix 9.

Numerical slope stability analyses were conducted using the software package SLIDE2, produced by Rocscience Limited. Analyses were completed using the GLE/ Morgenstern Price Method to identify areas of possible circular slope instability. Based on our on-site findings and our area wide desktop study it is considered that the most likely failure mechanism at the site will be circular failure within overburden soils.

Due to the conceptual nature of the provided building plans, we have modelled a 20 kN/m 2 and 27 kN/ m 2 surcharge across the full extent of the proposed residential lots.

Three conditions were considered to assess the final stability of the slope:

- Normal condition measured groundwater levels.
- Transient condition with elevated worst credible groundwater profile.
- Seismic condition ULS a seismic coefficient of 0.19 was used to model the behaviour of the slope during a 1 in 500-year seismic event.

6.1.3 Results and Discussions

The calculated Factor of Safety (FOS), for slip circles encroaching into proposed lots for each cross section is presented in Table 5 along with the Auckland Council requirements.

From the results of this analysis and subject to the recommendations of this report there are no geotechnical stability issues that would preclude a MDRS development form.



Table 5: Auckland Council Factor of Safety Criteria

	Normal Ground Water Conditions	Transient Conditions	Seismic 1 in 500-year Event (ULS)
FoS Required	1.5	1.3	1.0
Cross Section 1	1.6	1.6	1.4
Cross Section 2 (left to right)	1.7	1.3	1.1
Cross Section 2 (right to left)	1.5	1.3	1.7
Cross Section 3	2.0	2.0	1.7
Cross Section 4	1.5*	1.3*	1.1
Cross Section 5	>1.5	>1.3	1.1*
Cross Section 6	>1.5	>1.3	>1.1
Cross Section 7 (left to right)	>1.9	1.3	>1.1
Cross Section 7 (right to left)	1.6	1.8	1.5
Cross Section 8 (left to right)	2	2.3	1.6
Cross Section 8 (right to left)	1.6	1.8	1.6

Cross Sections 1, 2, 7, and 8 do not indicate the potential for instability which could impact the proposed development and are factors of safety fall within requirements of the Auckland Council Code of Practice for Land Development: 2022. This is subject to change based on detailed design and individual lot design.

Cross Section 3 indicates the requirement for retaining structures around the proposed JOAL to achieve the required FoS. For this analysis we have assumed this section has multiple low height retaining walls to support the proposed cuts. At the time of preparation of this report these walls have not been designed however we would expect them to be up to 1.5 m high.

Sections 4, 5, and 6 show instability within 5 m of the southern boundary of the cross section. Through analysis of the critical cross sections for this development, a specific design zone has been imposed upon Lots 27 to 35B. Construction proposed within 5 m from the southern boundary will require specific investigation and design. A specific design zone plan has been attached within Appendix 10.



6.2 Seismic Hazards

Potential seismic hazards resulting from nearby moderate to major earthquakes can generally be classified as primary and secondary. The primary effect is ground rupture, also called surface faulting. The common secondary seismic hazards include ground shaking, ground lurching, regional subsidence or uplift, soil liquefaction, lateral spreading, landslides, tsunamis, flooding, or seiches.

As previously discussed, there are no known active faults located within the site and the greater Northland region is regarded as tectonically stable (GNS 2009). Based on our review of the GNS New Zealand Active Fault Database, it is our opinion that fault-related ground rupture is very unlikely within the study area.

Based on topographic and lithologic data, risk from earthquake-induced regional subsidence or uplift is considered negligible at the site.

6.3 Liquefaction and Lateral Spreading

Soil liquefaction results from loss of strength during cyclic loading, such as imposed by earthquakes. Soils most susceptible to liquefaction are clean, loose, saturated, uniformly graded fine-grained cohesionless materials. Empirical evidence indicates that loose to medium dense gravels, silty sands, low-plasticity silts, and some low-plasticity clays are also potentially liquefiable.

Based on the regional geological setting and data collected from our explorations, we consider liquefaction and associated lateral spreading to be a low risk to this proposed development.

6.4 Expansive Soils

Expansive soils shrink and swell as a result of seasonal fluctuation in moisture content. This can cause heaving and cracking of slabs-on-grade, pavements, and structures founded on shallow foundations. Building damage due to volume changes associated with expansive soils can be reduced through proper foundation design. Successful performance of structures on expansive soils requires special attention during construction. It is important that exposed soils be kept moist prior to placement of concrete for foundation construction.

6.5 RMA Section 106 Assessment and Development Suitability

Section 106 of the Resource Management Act states a consent authority may refuse to grant a subdivision consent, or may grant a consent subject to specific consent conditions if it considers that:

- There is significant risk from natural hazards; or
- Sufficient provision has not been made for legal or physical access to each allotment to be created by the subdivision.

An assessment of the risk from natural hazards as required by the RMA includes the following:

- The likelihood of natural hazards occurring (whether individually or in combination);
- The material damage to land in respect of which the consent is sought, other land, or structures that would result from natural hazards; and



 Any likely subsequent use of the land in respect of which the consent is sought that would accelerate, worsen, or result in material damage of the kind referred to in paragraph (b).

We have assessed the risk of natural hazards at the site in accordance with Section 106 of the Resource Management Act (RMA) and considered the risk to the site from erosion, rockfall, inundation (debris), slope stability, subsidence, flooding and tsunami.

Based on our investigation, assessment and site observations we consider it is unlikely for the site to be subject to the aforementioned natural hazards providing suitable engineering measures are included in the site development (such as specifically designed retaining walls and engineered fill batters). As such, the site is considered to be generally suitable for the proposed residential development from a geotechnical perspective.

7 Geotechnical Recommendations

Based on the findings of the desktop and field investigations as discussed herein, we consider that the subject site is generally suitable for the proposed residential subdivision as depicted within the Envelope plan set.

We should be given an opportunity to review the final Engineering plans for the subdivision prior to finalising and applying for engineering approval in order to provide geotechnical guidance on the earthworks proposals and their implications for slope stability across this and neighbouring sites.

Specific recommendations are presented in the following sections.

7.1 Foundations for Buildings

Based on the findings of the on-site investigations detailed herein, we consider that an unfactored geotechnical ultimate bearing capacity of 300 kPa is likely to be suitable for shallow strip (0.4 m wide) and pad (1 m by 1 m) or waffle raft foundations constructed on either certified filling or on the native ground below any topsoil or pre-existing fill. However, this will be revisited as part of the geotechnical completion report for this site.

Based on our laboratory test results (Appendix 7) our preliminary assessment of the expansive Site Class is M (moderately expansive). This preliminary assessment will also be re-addressed at the time of preparation of our Geotechnical Completion Report.

7.1.1 Bridging Piles

Existing public service lines are present within the site, and bridging piles may be required where building foundations fall within the 45-degree zone of influence of the service lines.

Auckland Council and Watercare have specific requirements regarding bridging pile foundation design. Foundations should be designed so that they meet the following relevant requirements:

- Auckland Council Stormwater Pipe and Manhole Construction Clearance Requirements, drawing number SW22 Revision 2, dated 1 November 2015.
- Watercare Pipe and Manhole Clearance, reference WW 53, drawing number 2010070.044B, dated 19 May 2015.



 Watercare – Building Close to or Over Local Network Sewer, reference WW 54, drawing number 2010070.045, dated 20 November 2013.

For bored piles found in stiff to hard ECBF or engineered fill soils, we recommend adopting an unfactored preliminary geotechnical ultimate end bearing capacity of 800 kPa and a skin friction of 20 kPa for pile foundations. Skin friction should be ignored where the pile is within the 45-degree zone of influence (shown as extending from 500 mm below the base of service line within the plans referenced above) or within undocumented fill. The unfactored values provided above need to be factored by appropriate strength reduction factors to determine structural capacity of the bridging piles.

7.1.2 Differential Settlement

As required by Section B1/VM4 of the New Zealand Code Handbook, a strength reduction factor of 0.5 must be applied to all recommended geotechnical ultimate soil capacities in conjunction with their use in factored limit state design load cases for static and earthquake conditions.

7.2 Preliminary Retaining Wall Parameters

ENGEO understands the maximum height of retaining walls planned on-site will be less than 2.0 m. Due to the predominately shallow nature of our investigation, specific geotechnical design parameters should be given if wall height is greater than 2.0 m.

Table 6: Retaining Wall Design Parameters

Soil Type	Unit Weight kN/m3	Friction Angle	Effective Cohesion c' kPa	Undrained Shear Strength (Su kPa)
Cohesive Engineered Fill	18	32	5	100
East Coast Bays Formation Residual Soil	17	28	3	80
East Coast Bays Rock	20	40	40	N/A

The design of rigid retaining walls such as timber retaining walls, i.e. walls that are retained from movement at the top, should be based on an 'at rest' lateral earth pressure (Ko). Flexible walls that are free to deform or rotate at least 1% of the exposed wall height (H) may be designed utilising active soil coefficient (Ka).

These values assume a level ground surface behind the wall, and that no surcharge is placed adjacent to the top of the wall. An allowance should be made in the design for the effects of surcharge from building loads and traffic loads.

Retaining walls should be back drained to prevent the build-up of hydrostatic water pressures. Where seismic design of retained structures is required, a wall displacement factor may be applied to reduce the peak ground acceleration in accordance with Section 5.3 of the MBIE / NZGS Earthquake Geotechnical Practice Module 6 – Earthquake Resistance Retaining Wall Design.



7.3 California Bearing Ratio

Based on Scala penetrometer testing, a preliminary California Bearing Ratio (CBR) design value of 3% may be adopted for preliminary design.

CBR values should be verified during construction when pavement subgrade has been stripped and prepared. CBR values can be highly affected by moisture content (i.e. exposure to the elements) and trafficking, it is therefore recommended that subgrade is only trimmed to final level immediately prior to placing basecourse.

7.4 Soil Classification

For the purpose of seismic design, based on our on-site testing, we consider the soil classification in line with NZS 1170.5:2004 to be 'Class C – Shallow Soil Sites'.

7.5 Tree Removal

Where trees are to be removed, or have historically been removed, but stumps and root systems remain, it is important that all tree stumps and large roots (greater than thumb-size) are completely removed from the building platform and the immediate surroundings, and that the holes created, are filled with compacted hardfill to certifiable standards.

7.6 Earthworks Operations

- All engineered or structural hardfills should be placed in ≤ 200 mm lifts and be compacted to a minimum of 95% of maximum dry density, at no less than optimum moisture content. Maximum dry density for granular fill materials may be obtained from the source quarry, a geotechnical laboratory or from plateau testing undertaken on-site. Compaction should be achieved using standard plant and methodology suitable for the imported material. A water source should be maintained on-site for moisture control.
- Any filling on-site slopes should be suitably benched into slopes and include suitable underfill drainage.
- Exposed cohesive soils should be kept moist prior to pouring concrete. It is difficult to recharge
 clayey soils in excavations. If these soils dry out, undercutting and replacement with hardfill
 may be required.
- Our experience with the types of soils present on this site indicates that when they are exposed to the weather their strengths may be significantly reduced. We therefore recommend that trafficked areas and building platforms are only trimmed to final levels immediately prior to metaling and that at all times the site is shaped to avoid water ponding during rain, thereby limiting the need for additional undercutting and hardfilling. On no account should areas of trimmed subgrade be left exposed to allow the ingress of water, nor should subgrade areas be trafficked prior to drying out after rain.
- Wherever filling or soft native ground is present at foundation level it should be undercut and replaced with approved compacted hardfill. Its suitability or otherwise as a bearing material beneath the floor slab should be determined on site by the Engineer.
- All foundation cuts, pile holes and retaining wall excavations should be inspected by ENGEO
 (or a suitably qualified Geotechnical professional), prior to constructing foundation elements to
 verify founding conditions are as anticipated.



- All excavated soil should be removed from site or placed in an engineer approved stockpile to avoid unfavorable loading on construction or preconstruction slope batters.
- All excavations should be in line with the WorkSafe Good Practice Guidelines for Excavation Safety (July 2016).

7.7 Cuts and Batters

- Temporary unsupported cut slopes should not exceed a batter of 1 horizontal: 1 vertical (45° from horizontal), to a maximum height of 3.0 m and should not be left unsupported at this batter angle for longer than two weeks.
- Cuts should not be exposed to adverse weather conditions and should be covered to minimise environmental effects (i.e. with polythene plastic).
- Suitable drainage channels must be put in place to divert surface water from unsupported cut faces. Subsurface drains should also be considered for the toe of long-term slopes.
- If any permanent cuts are to be higher than 1.5 m, they should be supported with a specifically
 designed retaining wall and will need to be approved by a Chartered Professional Engineer
 practising in Geotechnical Engineering.
- Where vertical and subvertical cut faces higher than 1.0 m are required for the construction of retaining walls, in addition to the above recommendations, we recommend that this is done in shortened sections (< 5 m) and the faces are left unsupported for a minimal time period (i.e. one week) or temporarily shored, particularly in close proximity to site boundaries and structures.
- All temporary cuts and batters proximate to boundaries should take into account the potential surcharge and risk of undermining neighbouring property.
- All cuts and batters should be in line with the WorkSafe Good Practice Guidelines for Excavation Safety (July 2016).

7.8 Sediment and Erosion Control

During construction, measures should be undertaken to control and treat stormwater runoff, with silt and erosion controls complying with Auckland Council Guidance for Erosion & Sediment Control (GD05).

Surface cut-off drains or appropriate stormwater flow paths should be maintained upslope of the proposed development area both during and following construction. These drains and impervious surfaces will divert water away from any buildings and minimise possible movement in expansive soils during and post construction.

Stormwater from paved areas shall be taken in a piped system and disposed of into an approved stormwater system. Uncontrolled discharge onto land should be avoided. All service trenches should be capped with low permeability materials, so that excavations do not become points of entry for surface run-off.



8 AUP Assessment Section E7

Based on the measured groundwater levels detailed herein and the proposed cuts as shown in the Envelope plan sets included in Appendix 1 we consider that the proposed earthworks will not extend below the measured groundwater level and hence a Resource Consent for the diversion or taking of groundwater will not be required.

9 Previous Council RFIs

ENGEO was asked within the Auckland Council RFI section G2 "Please extend the geotechnical assessment to include the land at 76 Crestview Rise and 170 Settlement Road."

9.1 ENGEO response

This area of site is outside of the proposed development and the proposed plan change so has not been included within our scope of works. Previous investigation and stability works were undertaken with 76 Crestview Rise and 170 Settlement Road, including the development of a Mass earth stabilised wall and a retaining wall. Those works were discussed in the Geotechnical completion report referenced earlier in this report.

10 Future Work

- Given the conceptual nature of the provided plans, ENGEO (or a suitably qualified Geotechnical Engineer familiar with the content of the geotechnical report(s) for this site) should review the geotechnical aspects of the final working drawings for this development to verify that our recommendations have been interpreted as intended. We reserve the right to revisit and add to our recommendations when these plans are made available. Design Plan Review or Detailed Design to support Building Consent (walls, structures etc.).
- ENGEO (or a suitably qualified Geotechnical Engineer familiar with the content of the
 geotechnical reports for this site) must be given the opportunity to observe and test geotechnical
 aspects of the site development and construction to assess that ground conditions are as
 anticipated and to provide recommendations where ground conditions differ from those
 anticipated.



11 Limitations

- i. We have prepared this report in accordance with the brief as provided. This report has been prepared for the use of our client, Harbour View Heights, their professional advisers and the relevant Territorial Authorities in relation to the specified project brief described in this report. No liability is accepted for the use of any part of the report for any other purpose or by any other person or entity.
- ii. The recommendations in this report are based on the ground conditions indicated from published sources, site assessments and subsurface investigations described in this report based on accepted normal methods of site investigations. Only a limited amount of information has been collected to meet the specific technical requirements of the client's brief and this report does not purport to completely describe all the site characteristics and properties. The nature and continuity of the ground between test locations has been inferred using experience and judgement and it should be appreciated that actual conditions could vary from the assumed model.
- iii. Subsurface conditions relevant to construction works should be assessed by contractors who can make their own interpretation of the factual data provided. They should perform any additional tests as necessary for their own purposes.
- iv. This Limitation should be read in conjunction with the Engineering NZ/ACENZ Standard Terms of Engagement.
- v. This report is not to be reproduced either wholly or in part without our prior written permission.

We trust that this information meets your current requirements. Please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned on (09) 972 2205 if you require any further information.

Report prepared by

Ben Fleetwood

Engineering Geologist

Report reviewed by

Paul Fletcher, CMEngNZ (CPEng)

Principal Geotechnical Engineer





APPENDIX 1:

Engineering Concept Plans





CLIENT:

HARBOUR VIEW HEIGHTS LP

PROJECT:

PROPOSED SUBDIVISION 28, 30 & 66 CRESTVIEW RISE PAPAKURA

PLAN SET:

CIVIL ENGINEERING DESIGN

ISSLIF

PLAN CHANGE

DATE:

26-08-2024

REFERENCE:

1915-01

	DRAWING INDEX				
DRAWING	REVISION	TITLE			
1915-01-000	-	COVER AND DRAWING INDEX			
1915-01-150	C10	PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT PLAN			
1915-01-200	C10	EXISTING SITE PLAN			
1915-01-210	C10	PROPOSED CONTOUR PLAN - OVERALL SITE			
1915-01-211	C10	PROPOSED CONTOUR PLAN - SHEET 1 OF 2			
1915-01-212	C10	PROPOSED CONTOUR PLAN - SHEET 2 OF 2			
1915-01-230	C10	CUT FILL CONTOUR PLAN - OVERALL SITE			
1915-01-231	C10	CUT FILL CONTOUR PLAN - SHEET 1 OF 2			
1915-01-232	C10	CUT FILL CONTOUR PLAN - SHEET 2 OF 2			
1915-01-300	C10	ROAD AND PAVEMENT LAYOUT PLAN - OVERALL SITE			
1915-01-301	C10	ROAD AND PAVEMENT LAYOUT PLAN - SHEET 1 OF 2			
1915-01-302	C10	ROAD AND PAVEMENT LAYOUT PLAN - SHEET 2 OF 2			
1915-01-310	C10	ROAD INTERSECTION PLAN - ROAD 1 AND CRESTVIEW RISE			
1915-01-330	C10	ROAD LONGSECTION			
1915-01-340	C10	TYPICAL ROAD CROSS SECTION			
1915-01-400	C10	DRAINAGE PLAN - OVERALL SITE			
1915-01-401	C10	DRAINAGE PLAN - SHEET 1 OF 2			
1915-01-402	C10	DRAINAGE PLAN - SHEET 2 OF 2			
1915-01-470	C10	STORMWATER CATCHMENT PLAN			
1915-01-475	C10	OVERLAND FLOWPATH PLAN			
1915-01-500	C10	WATER SUPPLY AND SERVICES PLAN - OVERALL SITE			
1915-01-501	C10	WATER SUPPLY AND SERVICES PLAN - SHEET 1 OF 2			
1915-01-502	C10	WATER SUPPLY AND SERVICES PLAN - SHEET 2 OF 2			



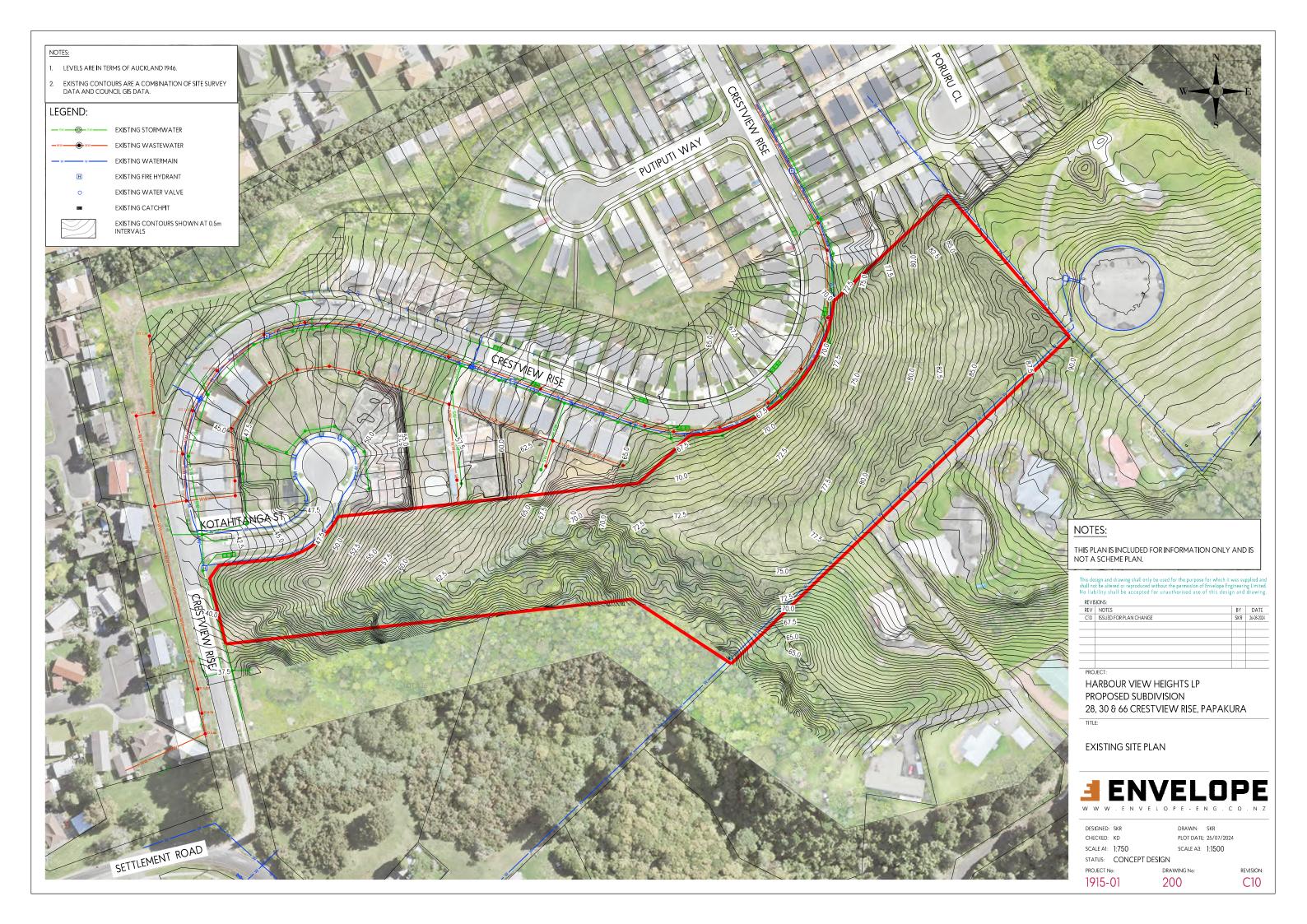
LOCATION PLAN

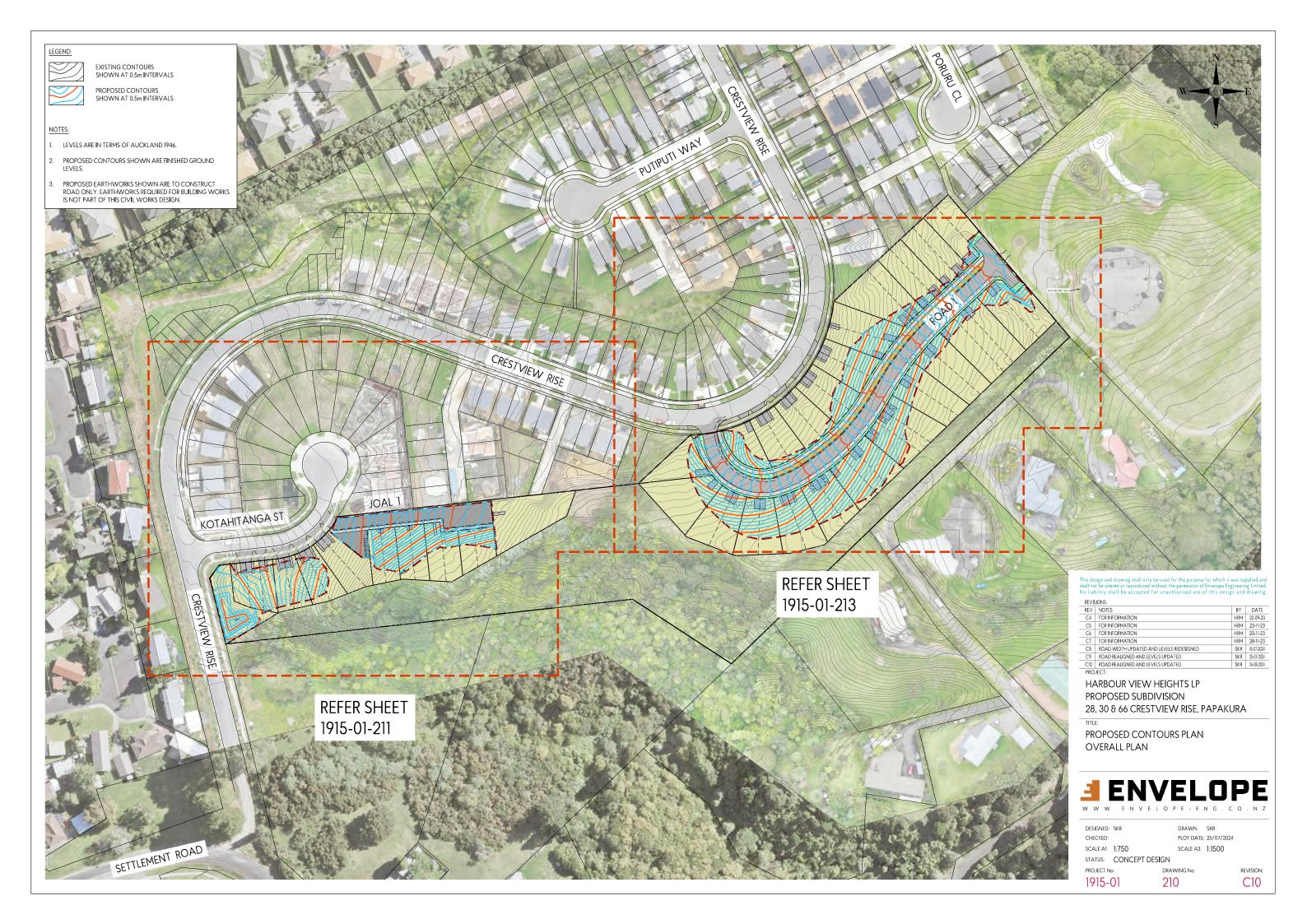


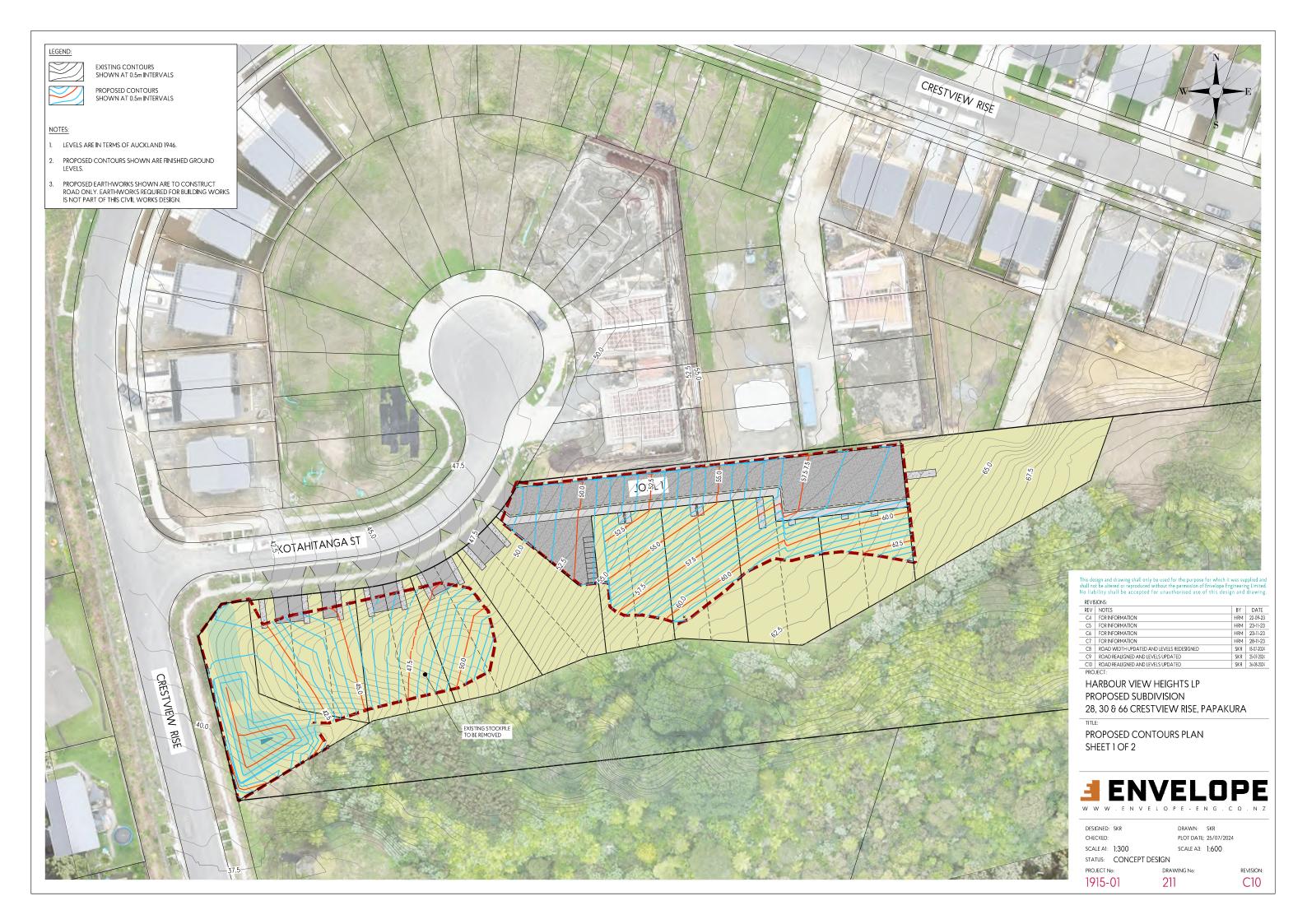


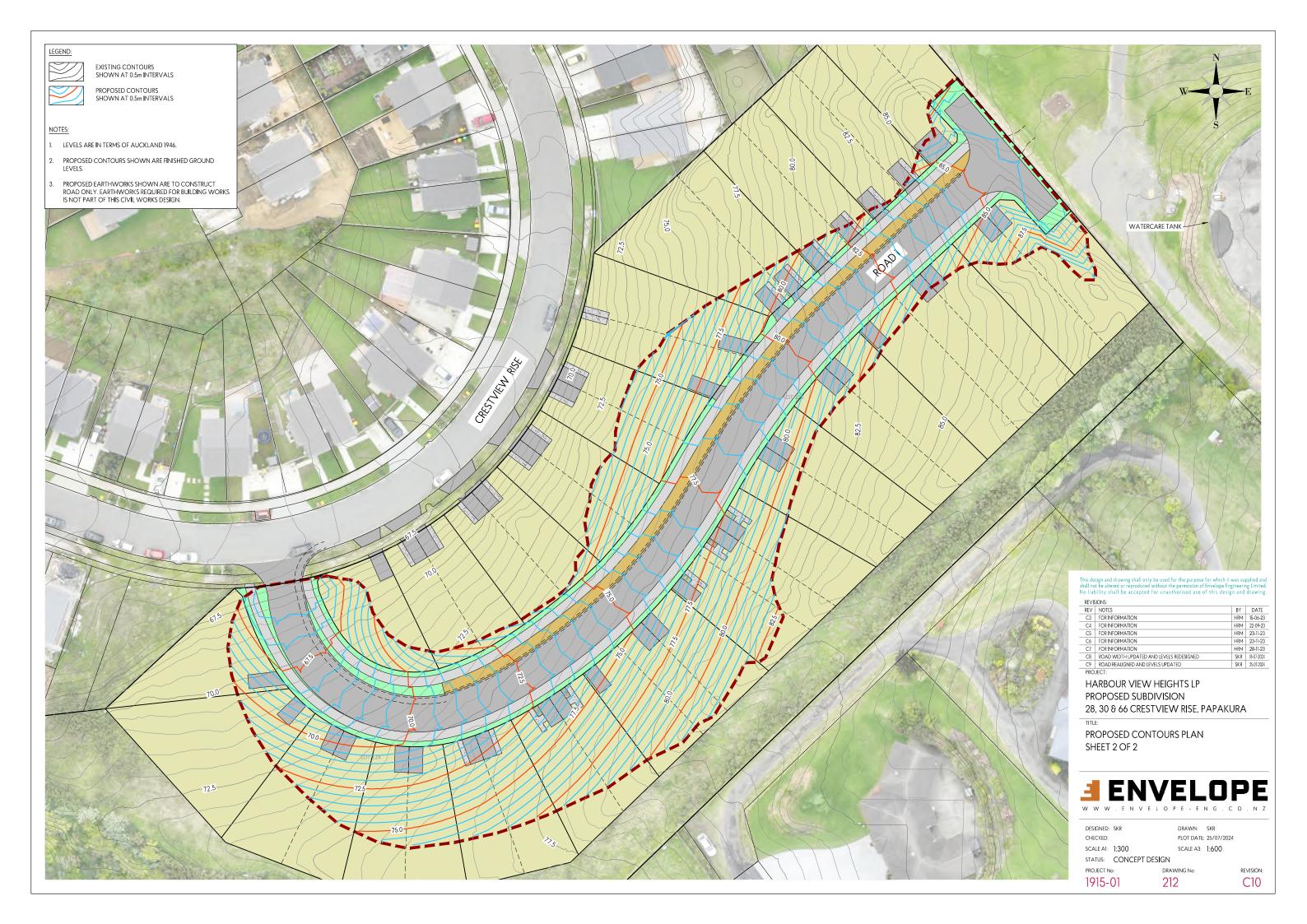


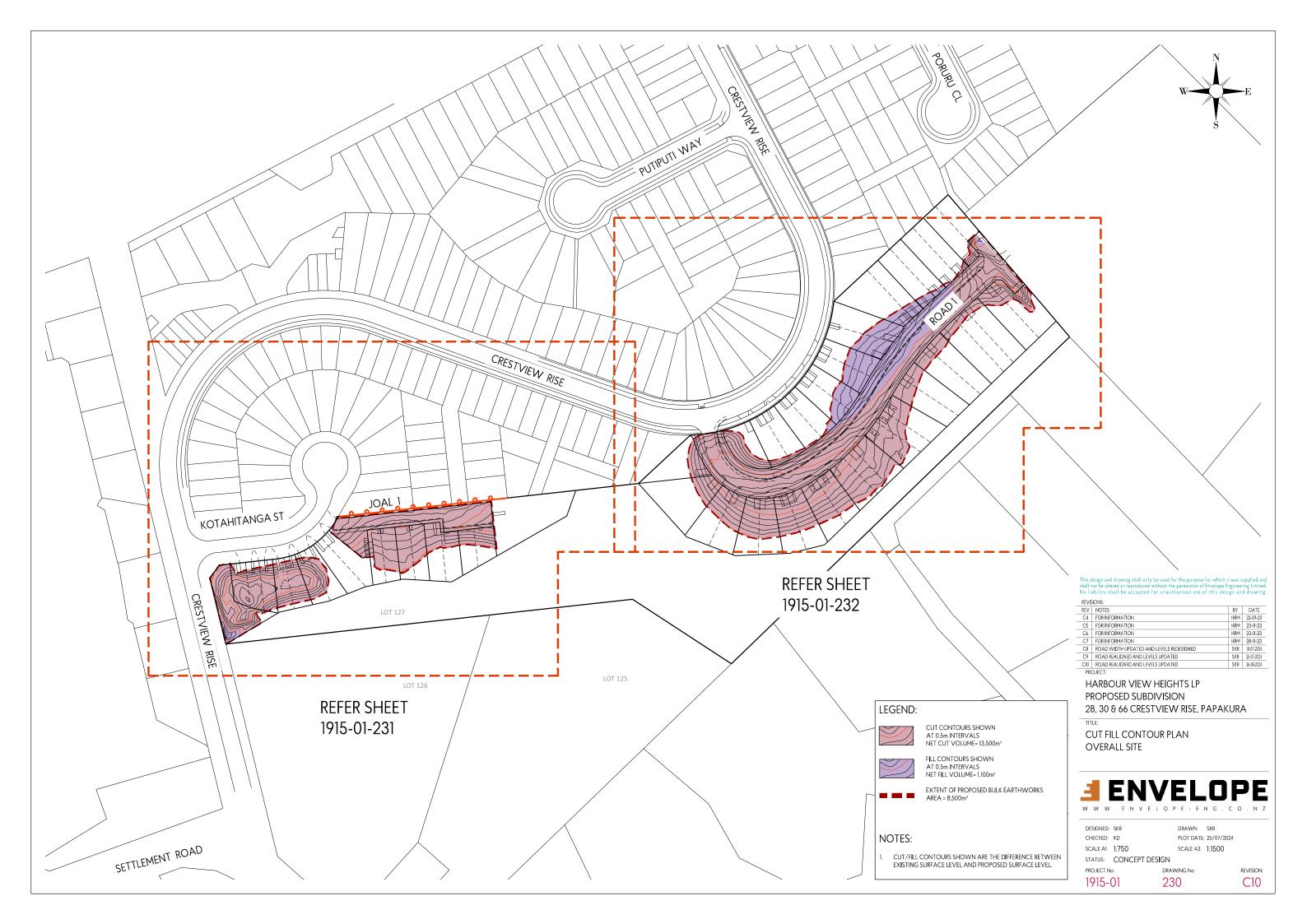




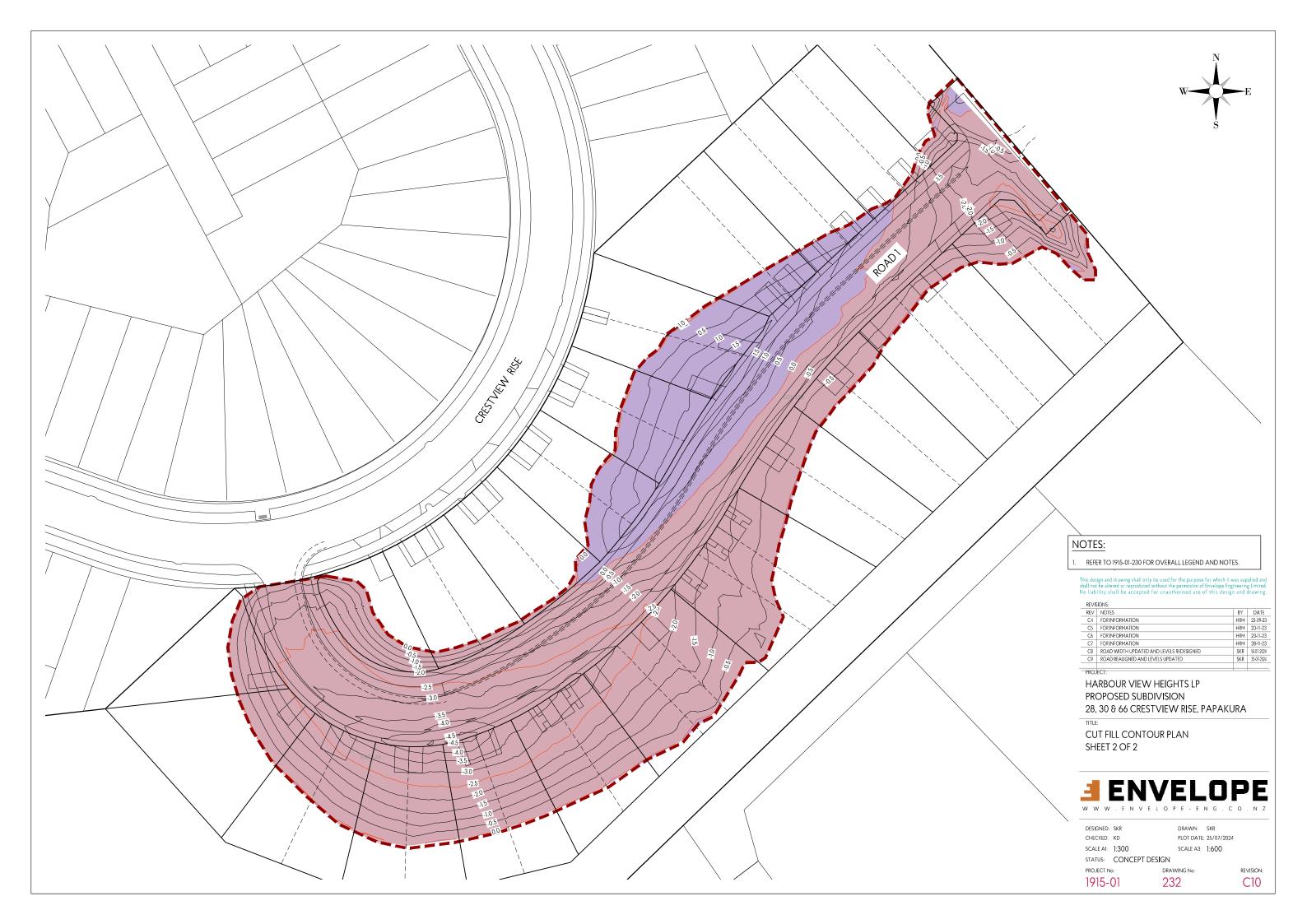


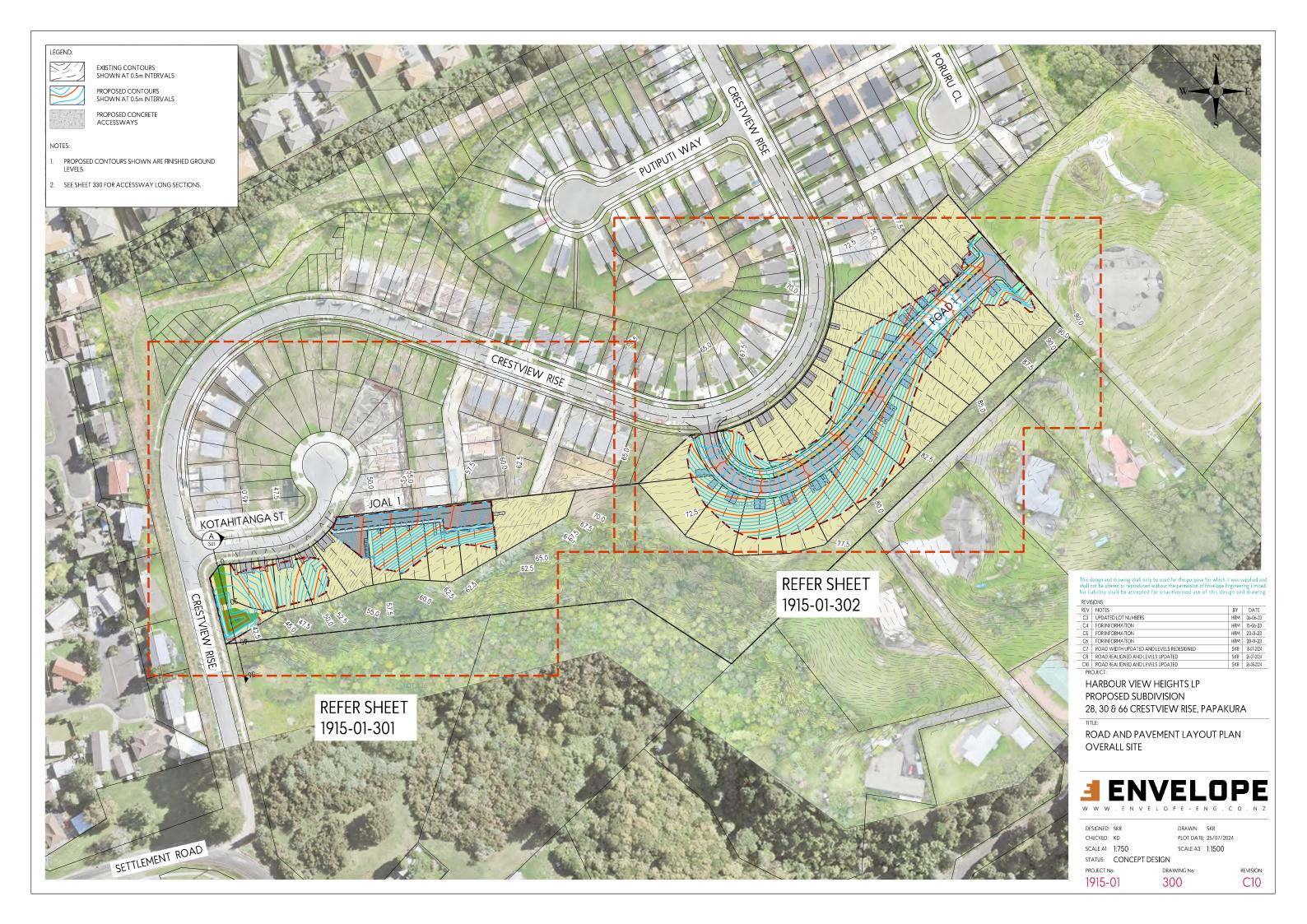


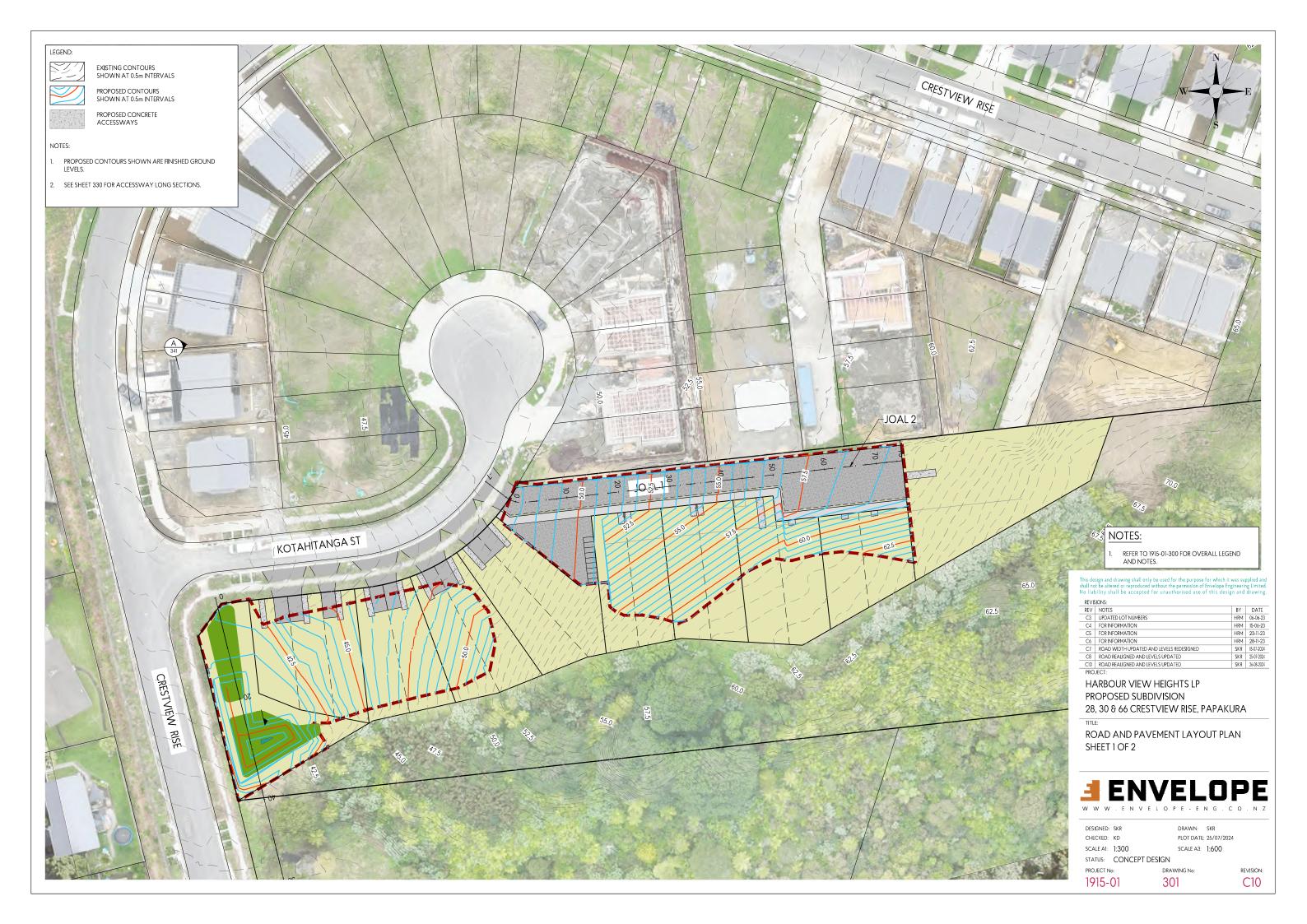


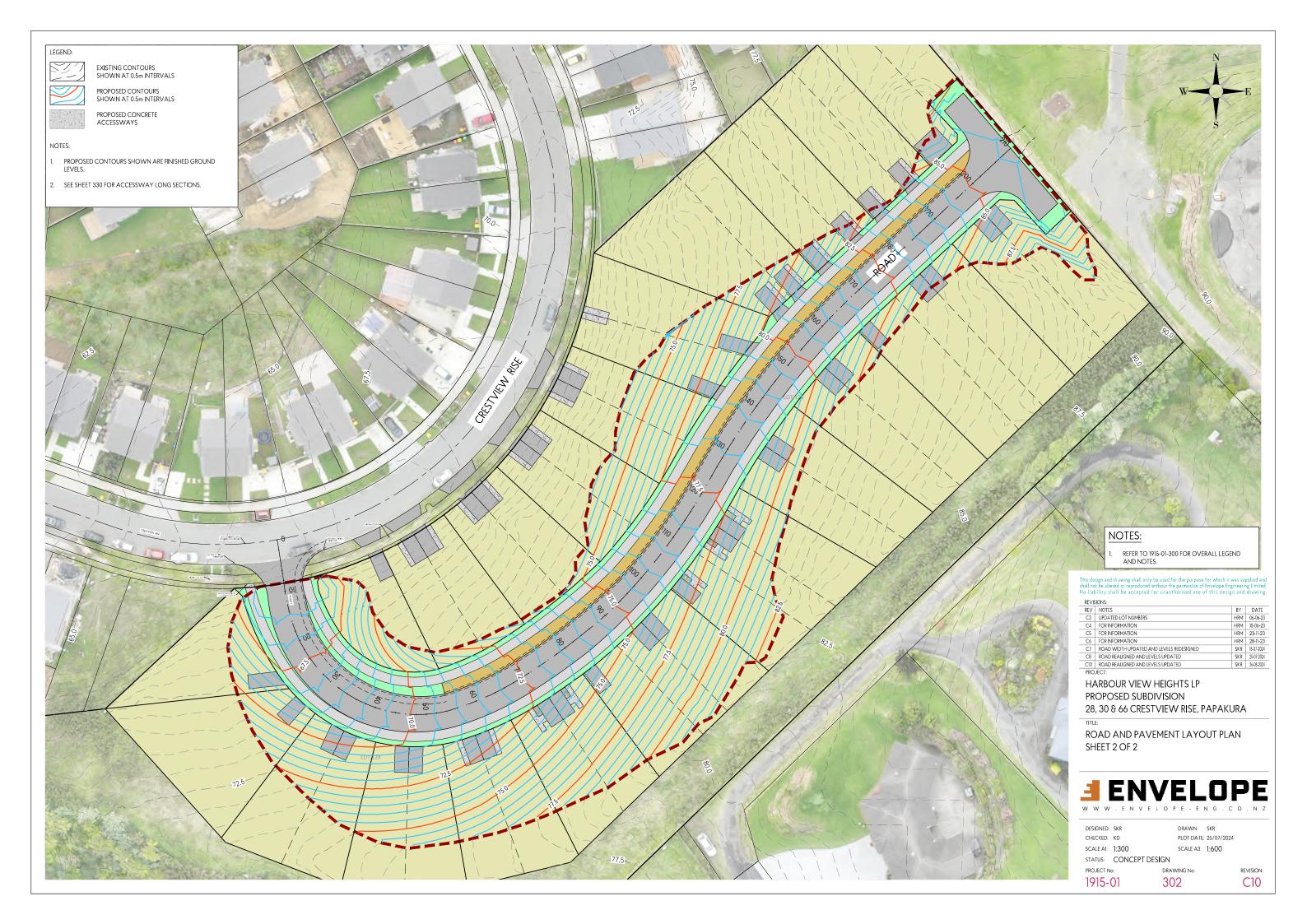


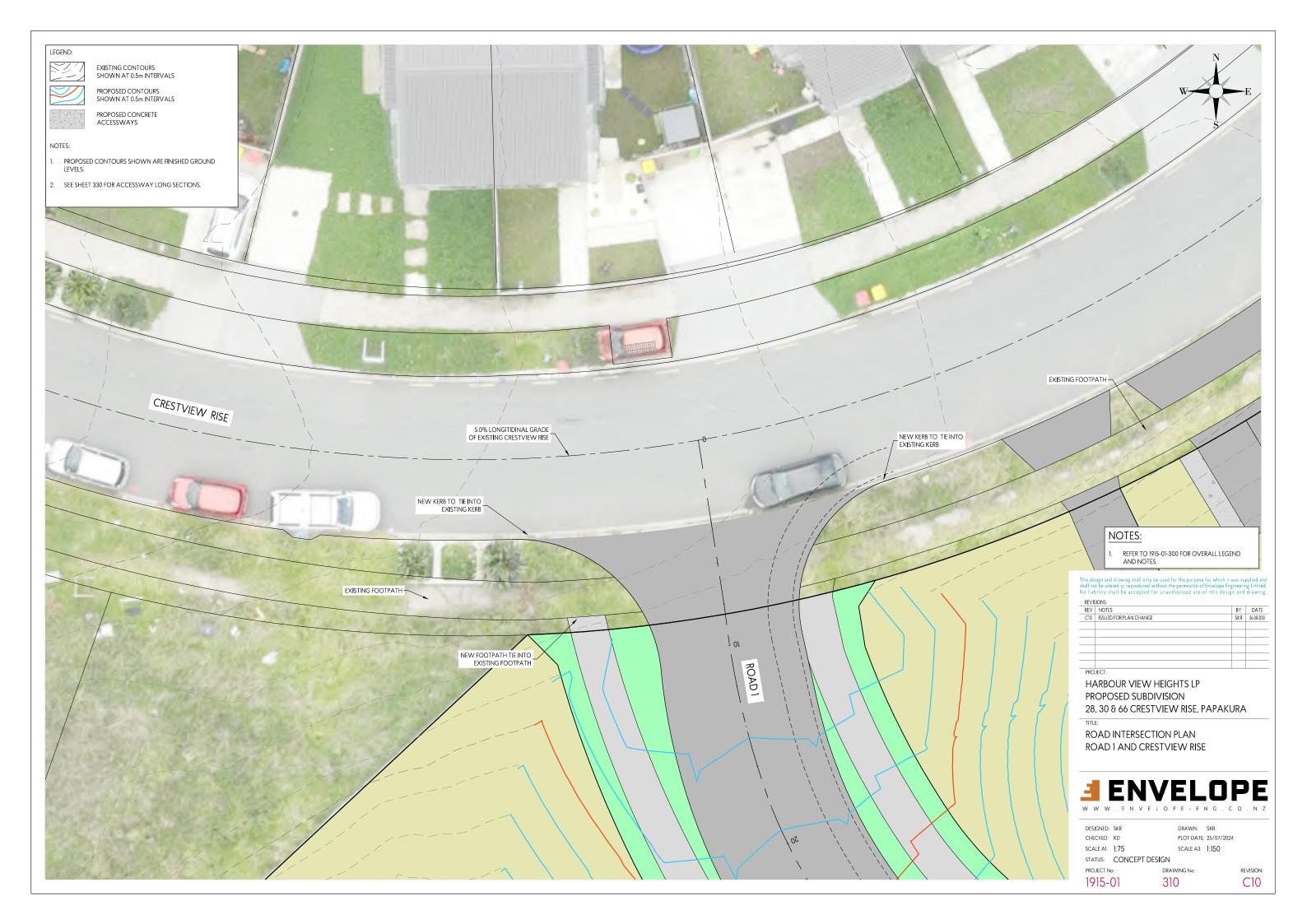


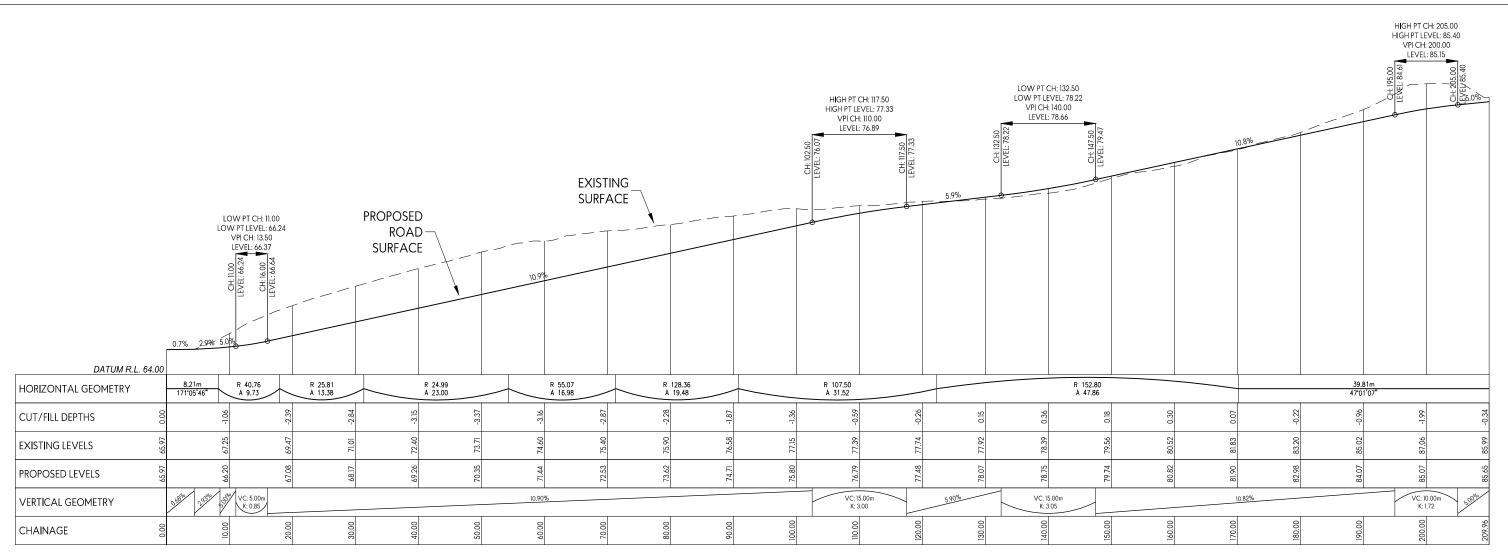






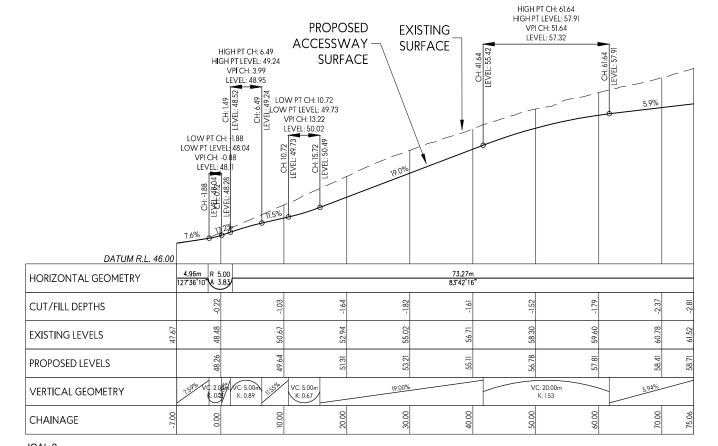






LONGSECTION BETWEEN 0.00 AND 209.96

LONG SECTION - ROAD 1 SCALE: 1:300-A1, 1:600-A3 (Horizontal) 1:150-A1, 1:300-A3 (Vertical)



LONGSECTION BETWEEN -7.00 AND 75.06

SCALE: 1:300-A1, 1:600-A3 (Horizontal) 1:150-A1, 1:300-A3 (Vertical)

NOTES:

. REFER TO DRAWING 300 FOR PROPOSED ACCESSWAY

This design and drawing shall only be used for the purpose for which it was supplied and shall not be altered or reproduced without the permission of Envelope Engineering Limited. No liability shall be accepted for unauthorised use of this design and drawing.

REVISIONS:						
REV	NOTES	BY	DATE			
C4	FOR INFORMATION	HRM	15-06-23			
C5	FOR INFORMATION	HRM	26-06-23			
C6	FOR INFORMATION	HRM	22-09-23			
C7	FOR INFORMATION	HRM	23-11-23			
C8	FOR INFORMATION	HRM	28-11-23			
C9	ROAD WIDTH UPDATED AND LEVELS REDESIGNED	SKR	18-07-2024			
C10	ROAD REALIGNED AND LEVELS UPDATED	SKR	26-08-2024			
PPO IECT:						

HARBOUR VIEW HEIGHTS LP PROPOSED SUBDIVISION 28, 30 & 66 CRESTVIEW RISE, PAPAKURA

TITLE:

PROPOSED **ACCESSWAY** LONG SECTIONS



DESIGNED: SKR

CHECKED: KD SCALE A3:

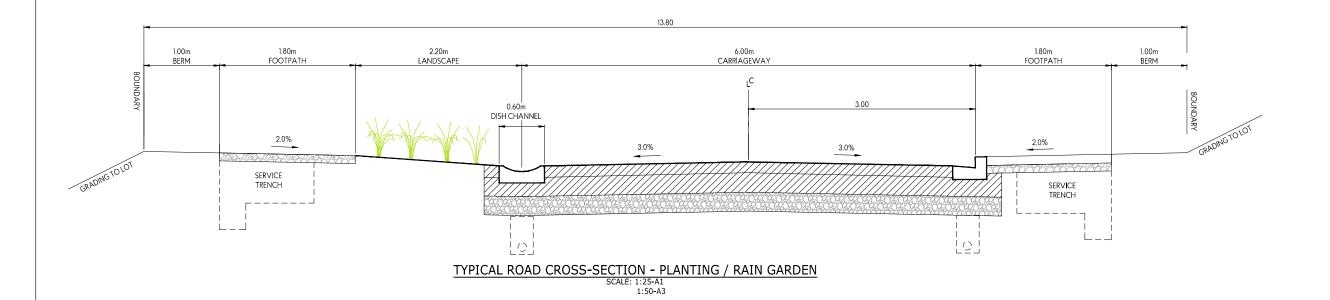
SCALE A1: AS SHOWN STATUS: CONCEPT DESIGN

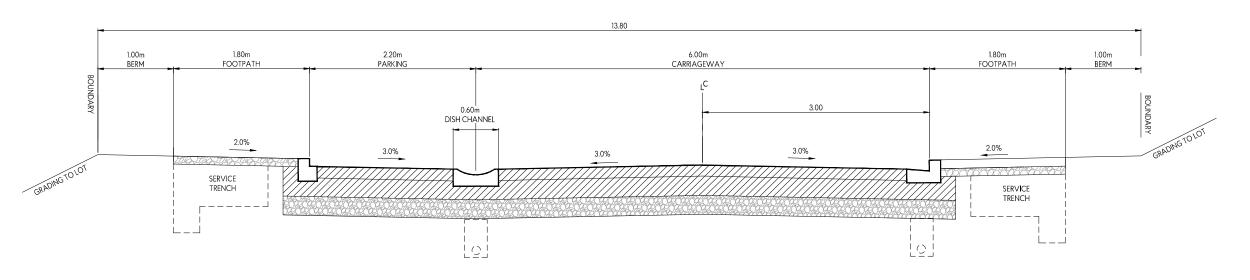
PROJECT No: DRAWING No 1915-01

330

C10

REVISION:





TYPICAL ROAD CROSS-SECTION - PARKING BAY SCALE: 1:25-A1 1:50-A3

NOTES:

REFER TO DRAWING 300 FOR PROPOSED ACCESSWAY LAYOUT PLAN.

This design and drawing shall only be used for the purpose for which it was supplied and shall not be altered or reproduced without the permission of Envelope Engineering Limited. No liability shall be accepted for unauthorised use of this design and drawing.

REV	NOTES	BY	DATE
C1	CONCEPT PLAN	JDP	31-03-23
C2	ADDITIONAL LOTS ADDED	HRM	30-05-2
C3	ACCESSWAY WIDTHS AMENDED	LGM	24-04-2
C4	FOR INFORMATION	HRM	15-06-2
C5	ROAD WIDTH UPDATED	SKR	18-07-202
C6	ROAD REALIGNED AND LEVELS UPDATED	SKR	25-07-202
C10	ROAD REALIGNED AND LEVELS UPDATED	SKR	26-08-202

HARBOUR VIEW HEIGHTS LP PROPOSED SUBDIVISION 28, 30 & 66 CRESTVIEW RISE, PAPAKURA

TYPICAL ROAD CROSS SECTION



 DESIGNED:
 SKR
 DRAWN:
 SKR

 CHECKED:
 KD
 PLOT DATE:
 01-09-2024

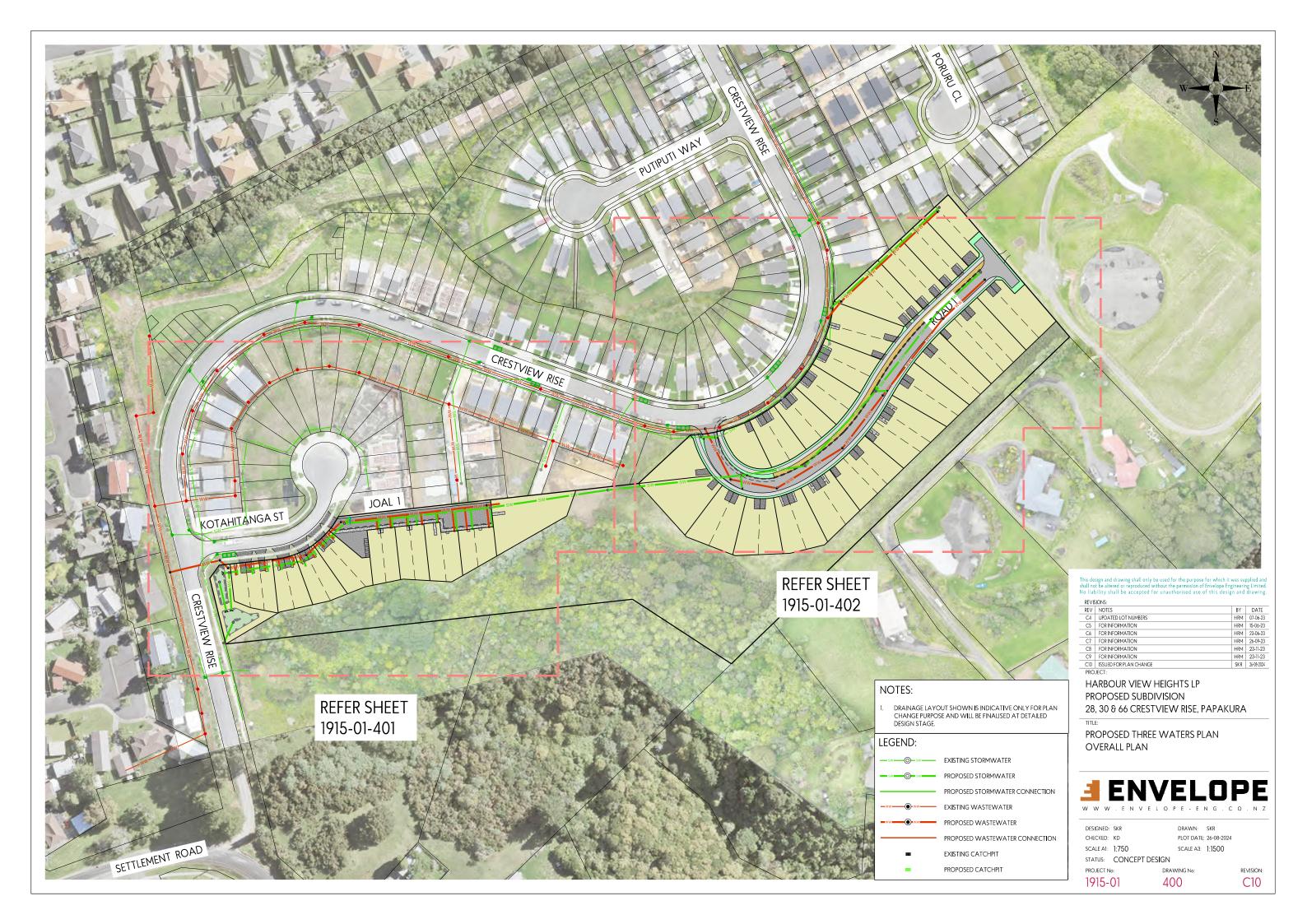
 SCALE AI:
 AS SHOWN
 SCALE A3:
 AS SHOWN

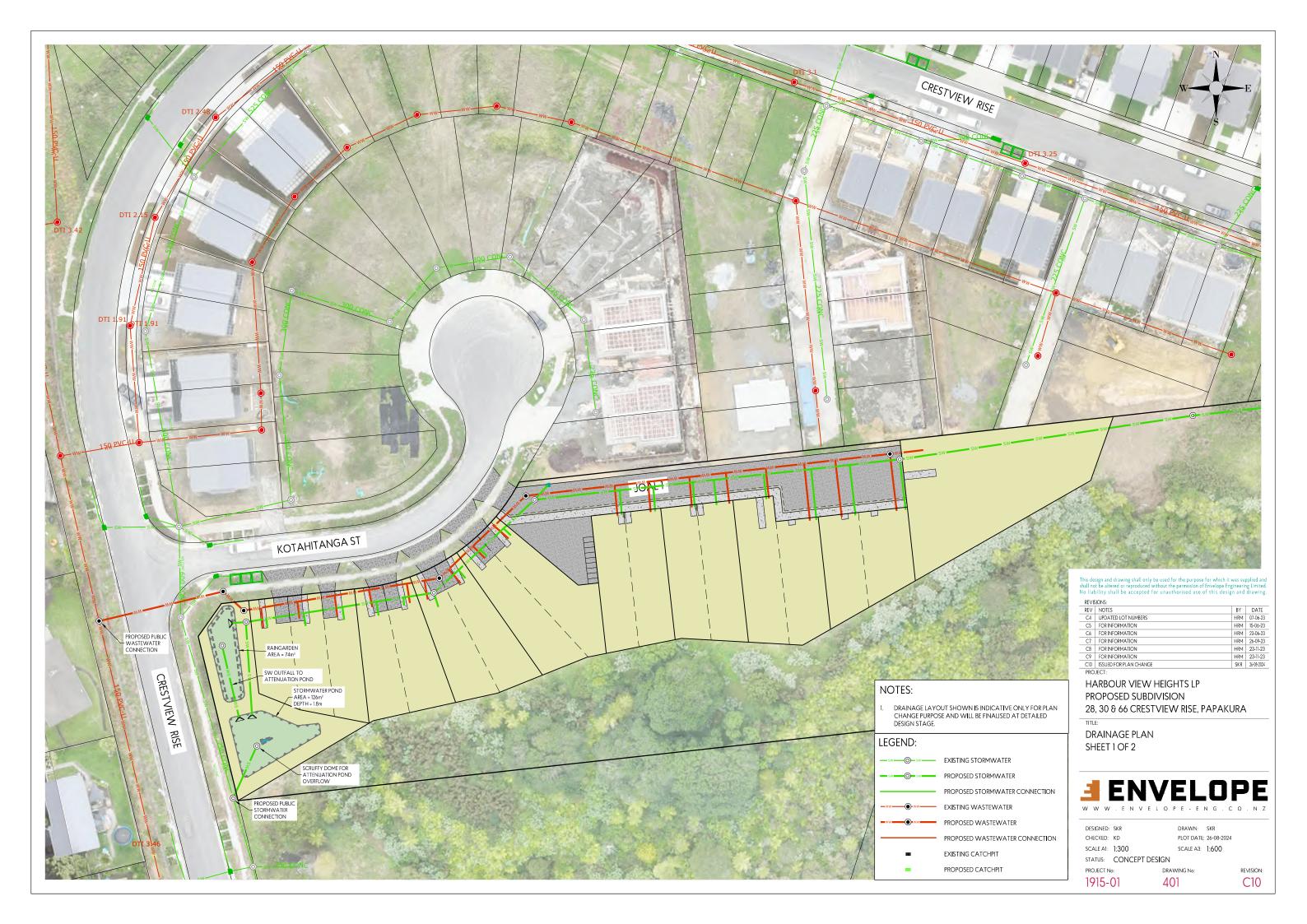
 STATUS:
 CONCEPT DESIGN

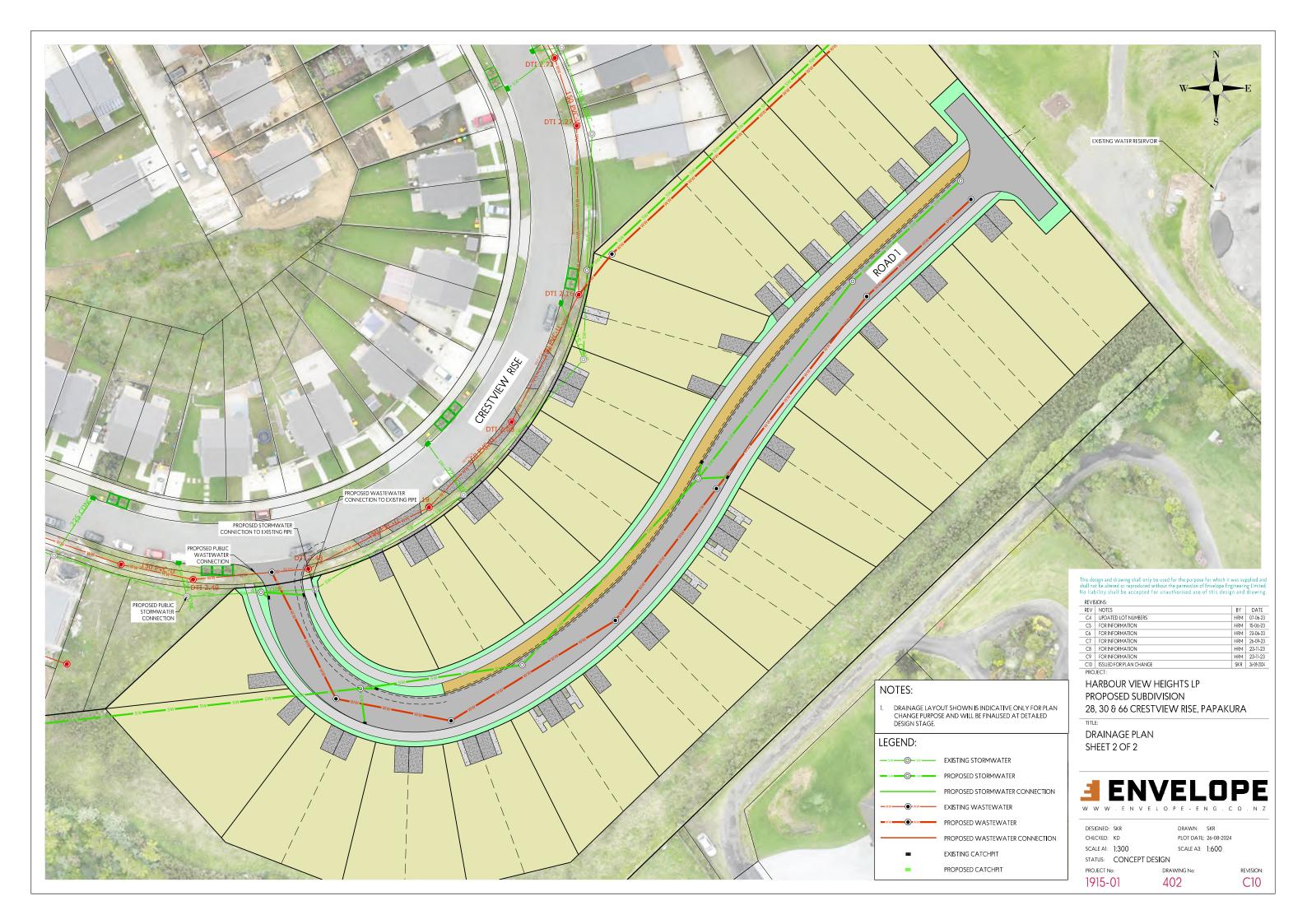
PROJECT No: DF 1915-01 3

DRAWING No:

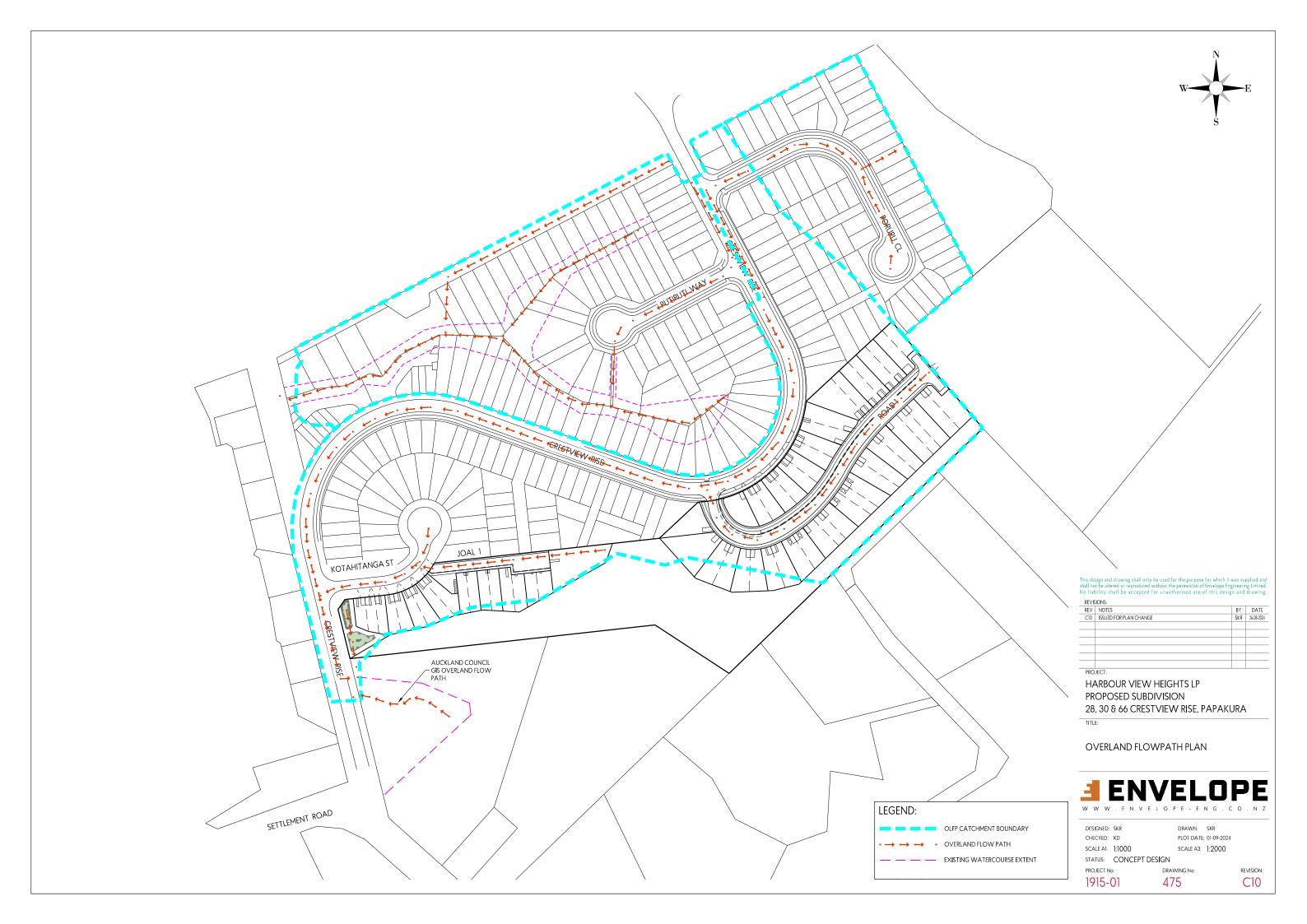
revision:

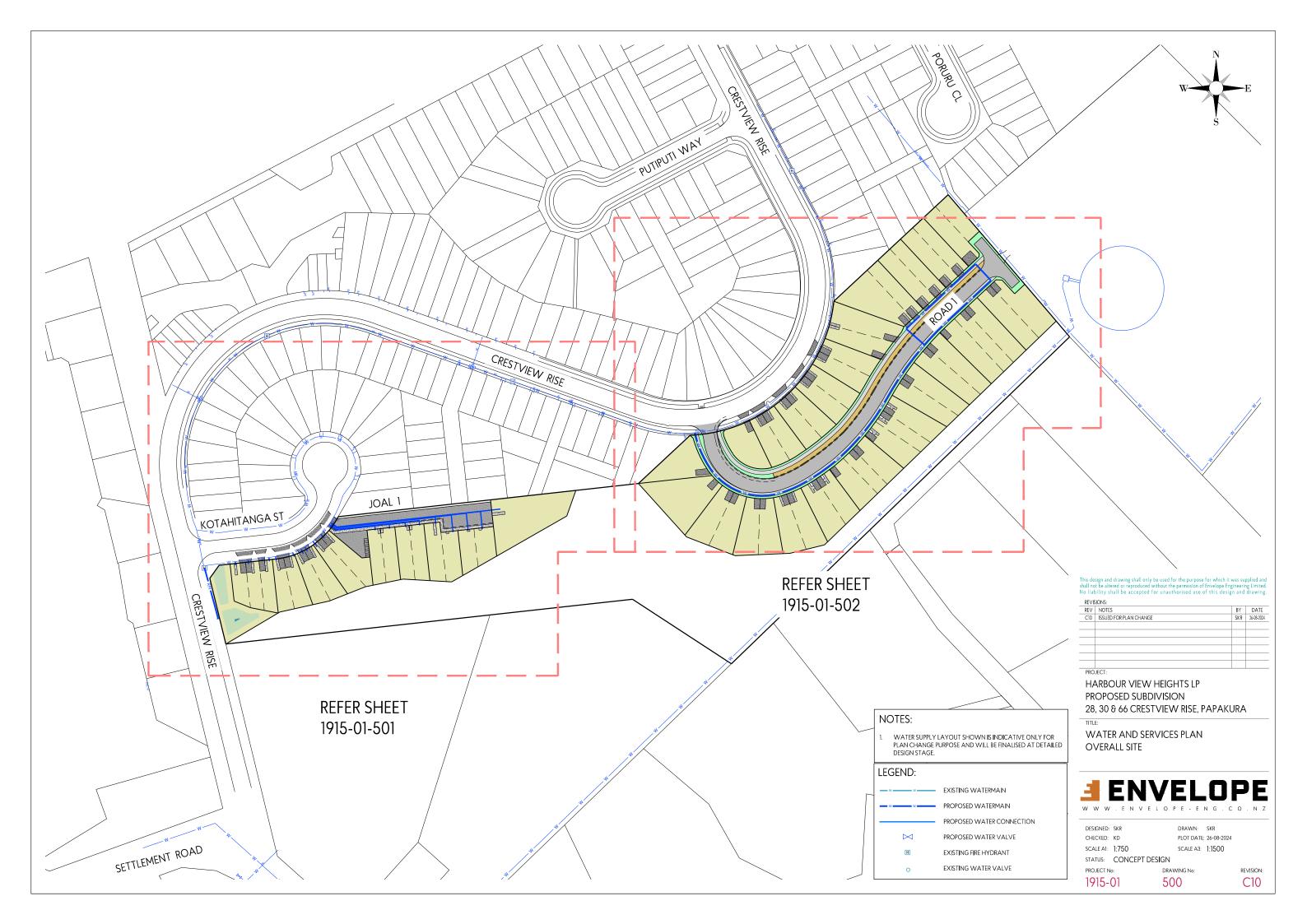


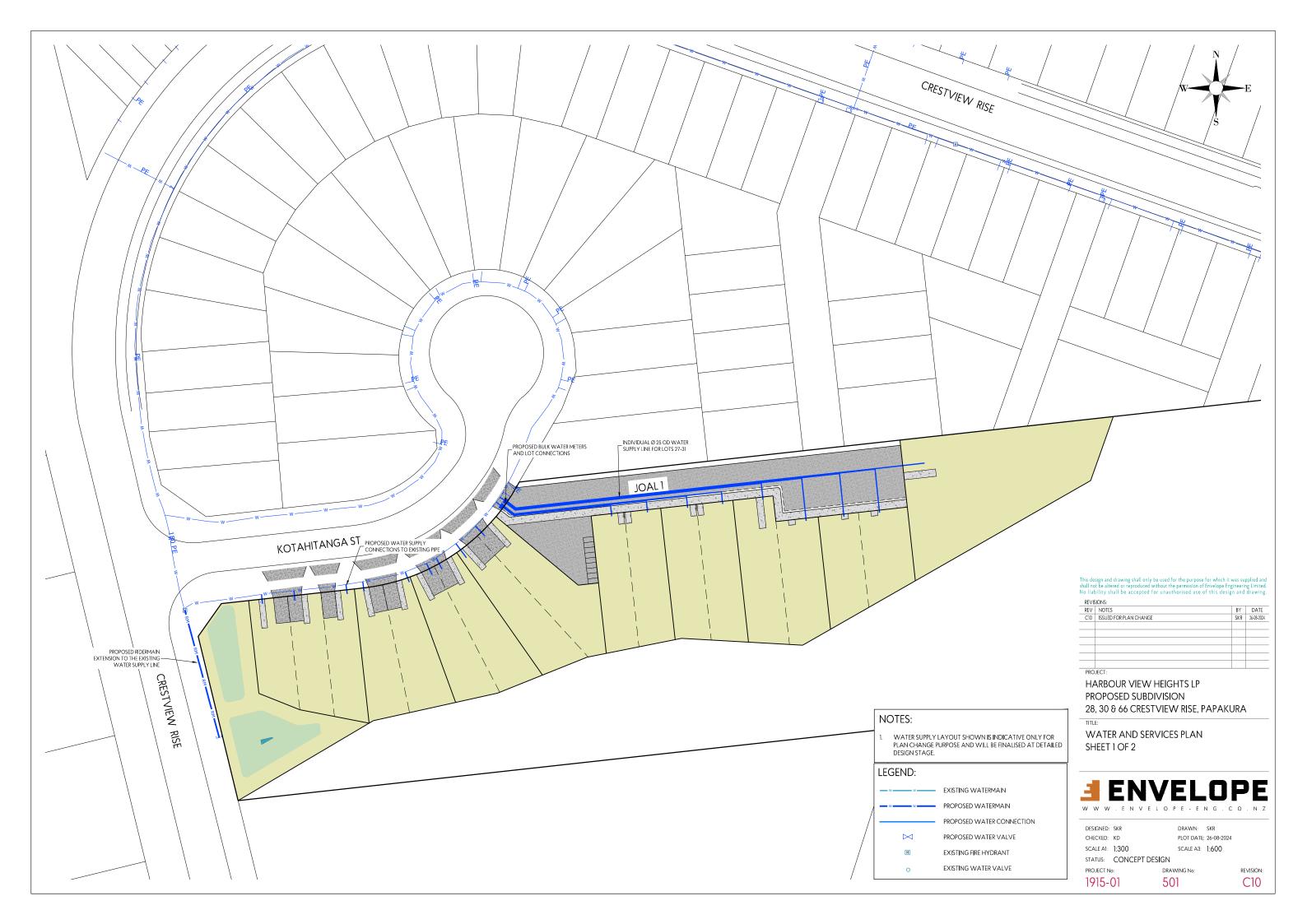


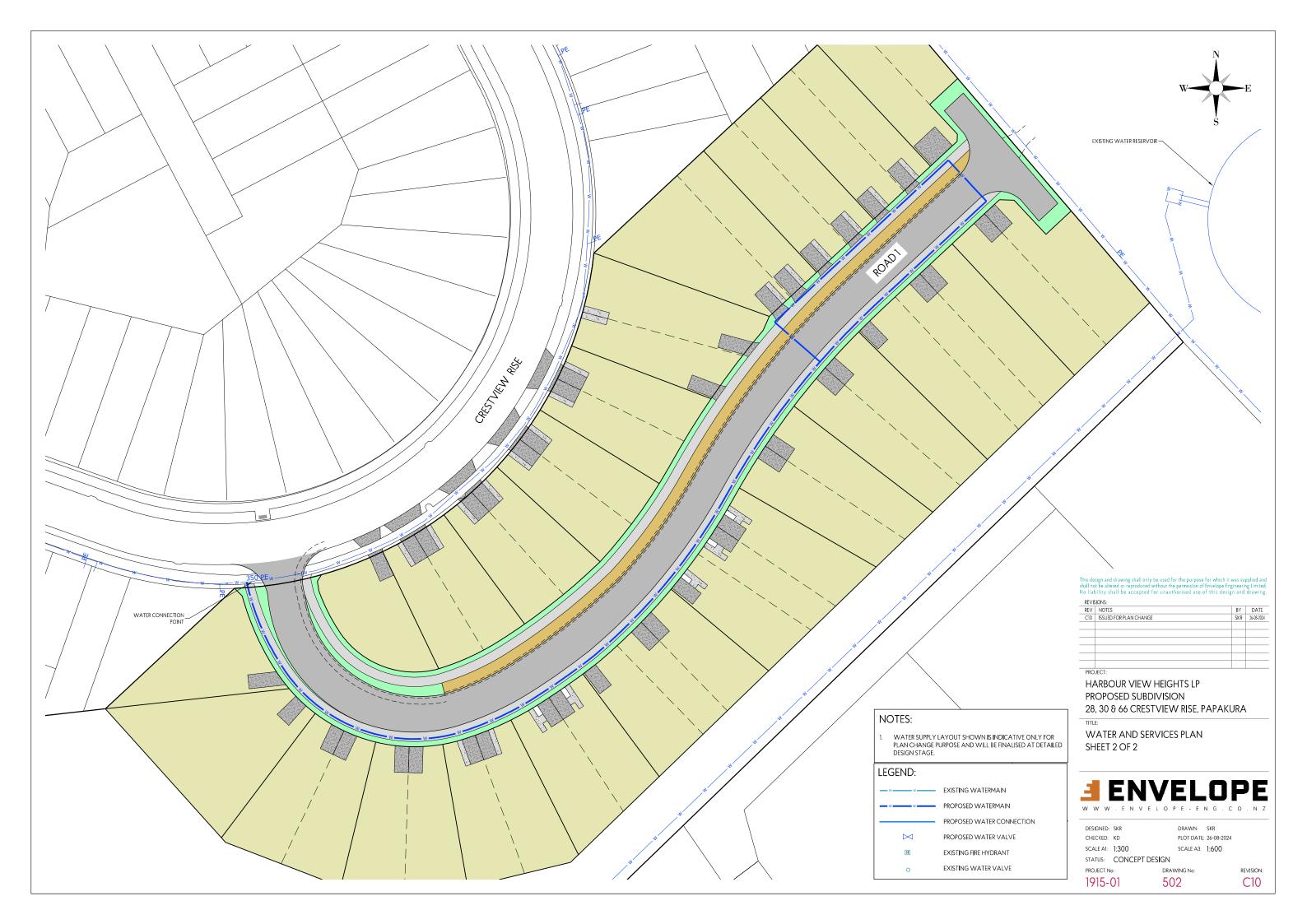
















VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS ON THE JOB BEFORE PREPARING SHOP DRAWINGS OR COMMENTING WORK. THIS DRAWING IS COPYRIGHT AND IS PROPERTY OF URBAN FORM DESIGN LIMITED. DO NOT SCALE THIS DRAWING.

DRAWING REVISIONS REV DATE DESCRIPTION 31082024 For Private Plan Change PFI

URBAN FORM DESIGN

Architecture | Master Planning | Urban Design



Harbour View Heights L.P.

PROJECT NAME

Crestview Rise Plan Change

28, 30, 66 & 76 Crestview Rise, 170 Settlement Road

Indicative Site Plan - Public Road

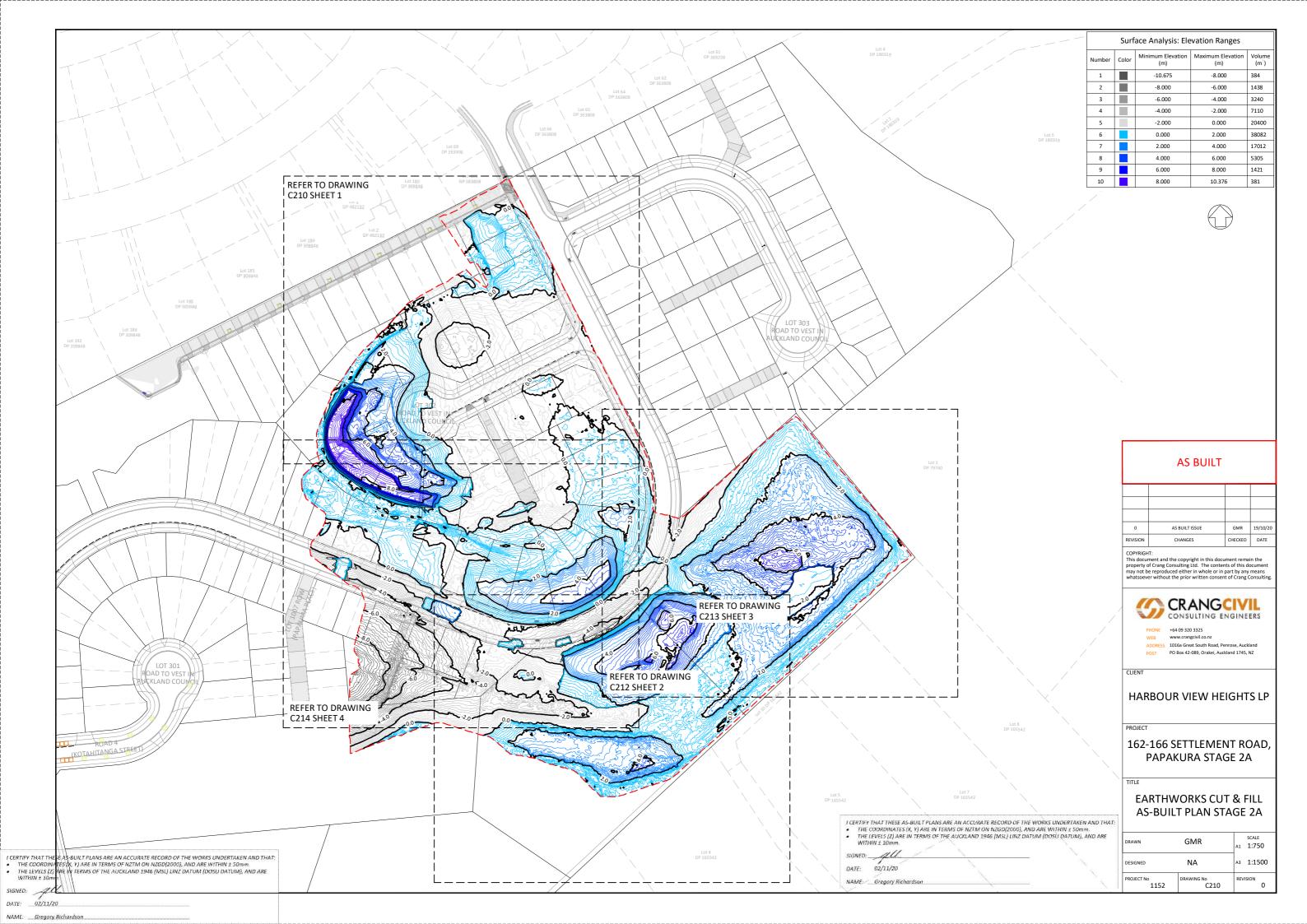
SCALE @ A1 SCALE @ A3	JOB NUMBER
1 : 750	20010
SHEET NUMBER	REVISION
PLCH-UD616	А
T . X . X . Z	

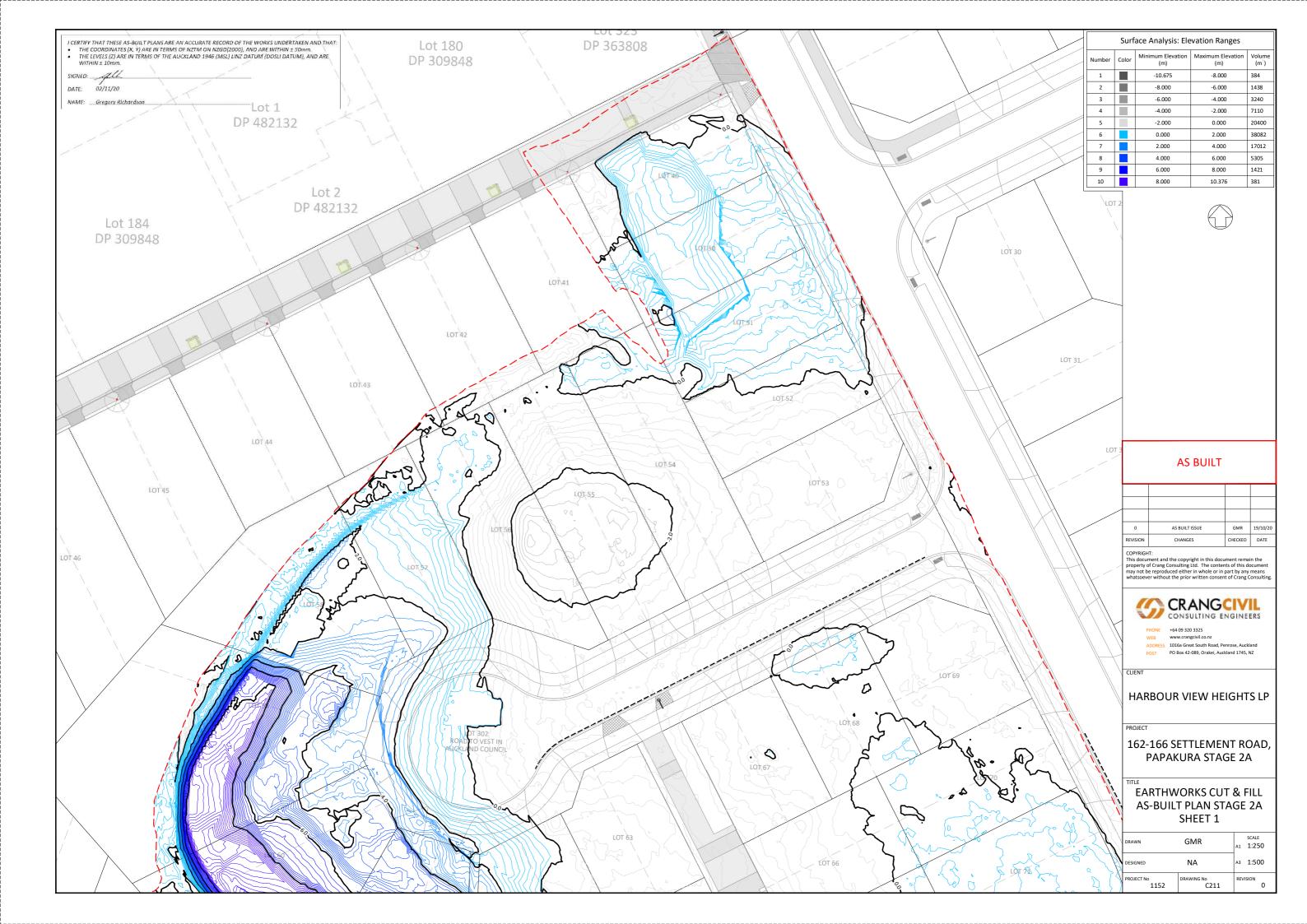


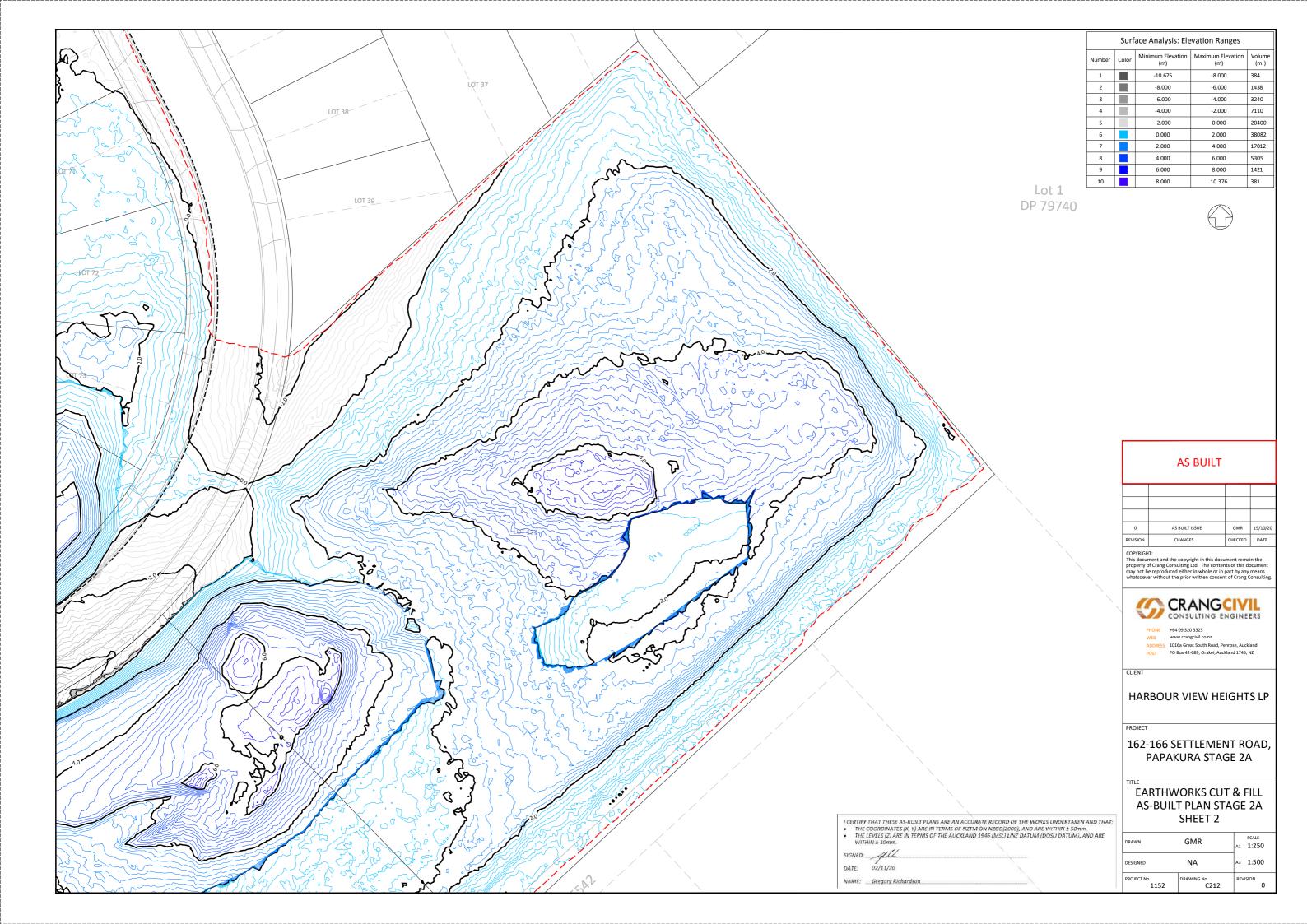
APPENDIX 2:

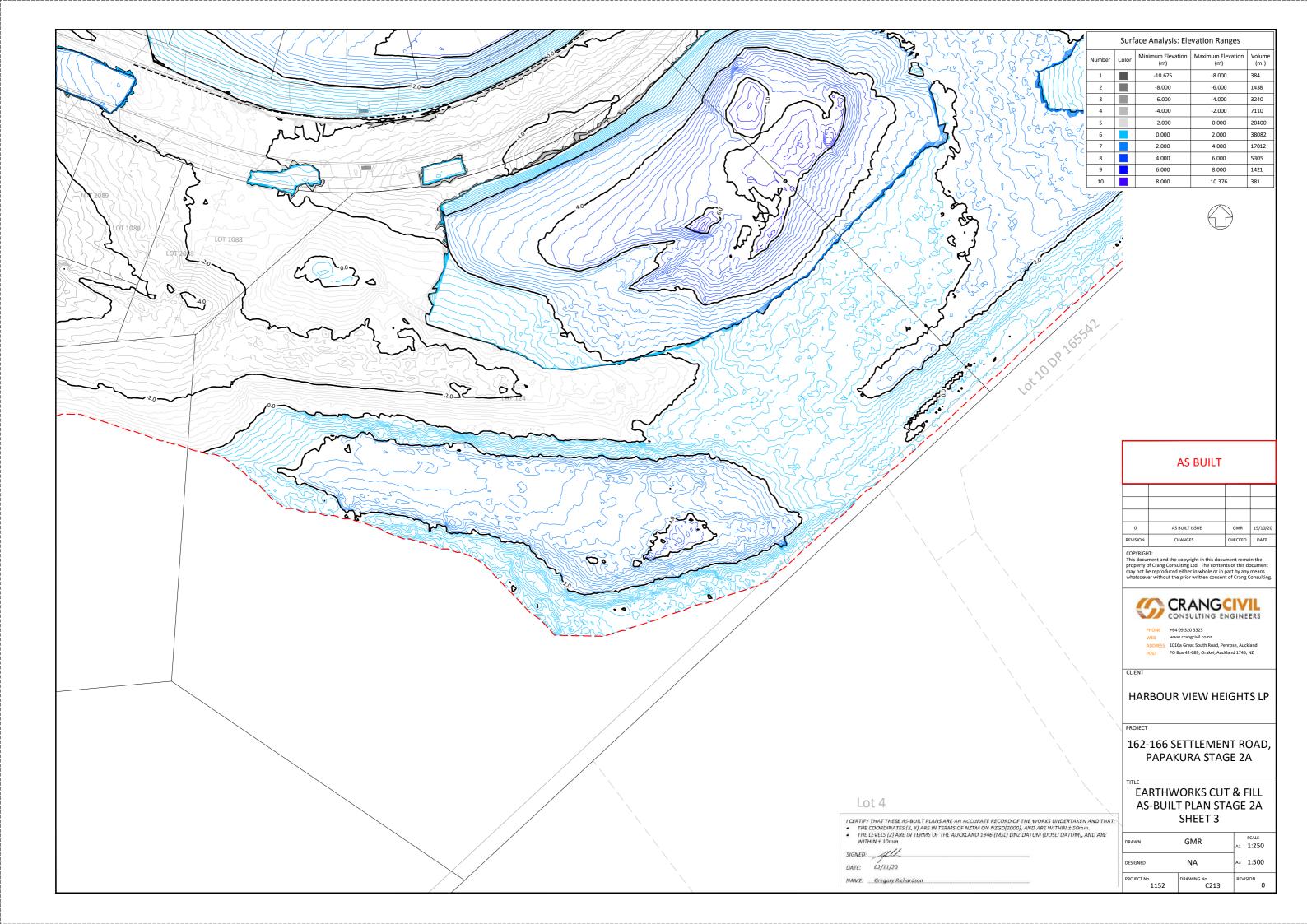
Stage 2 Earthwork As-Builts

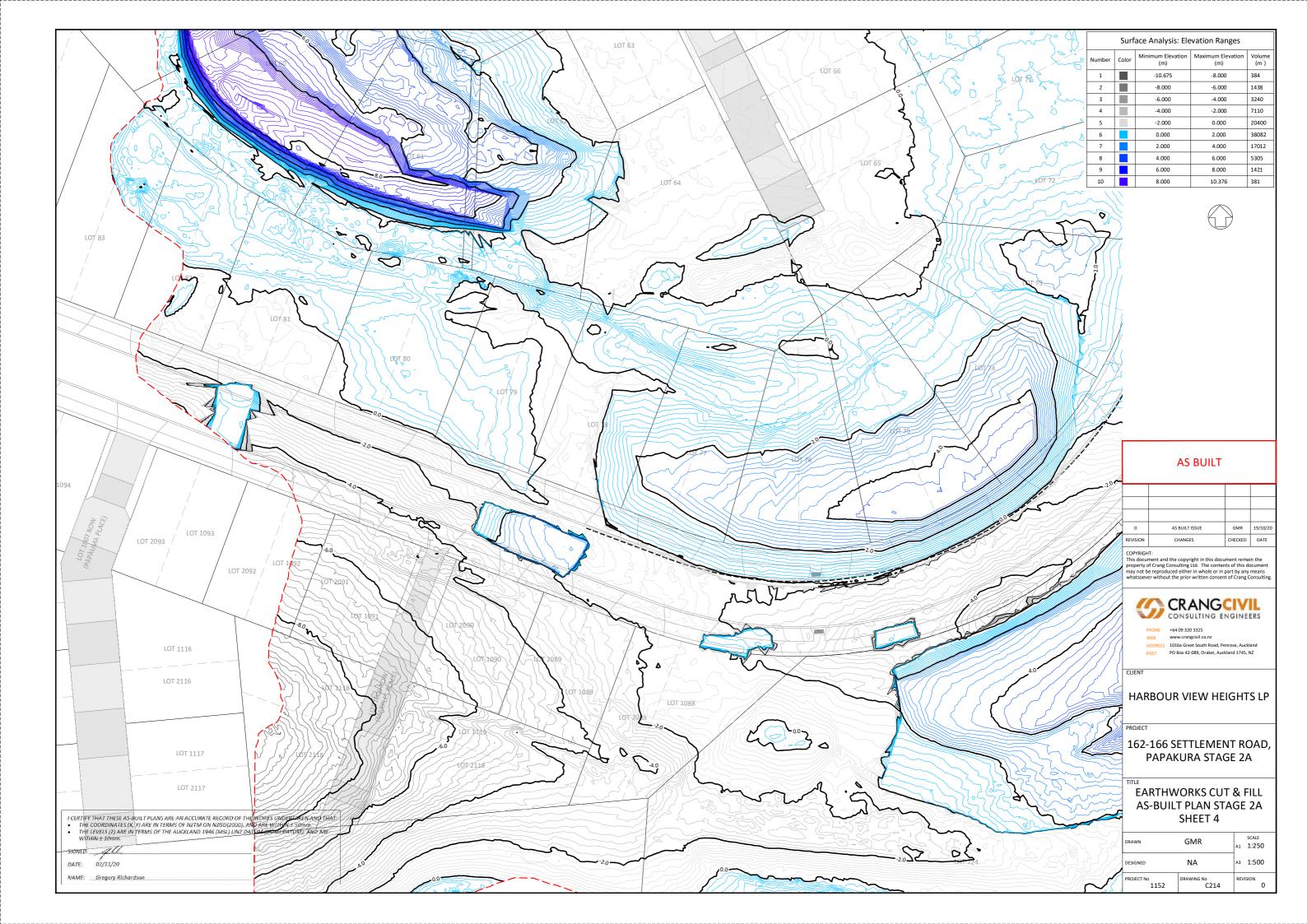










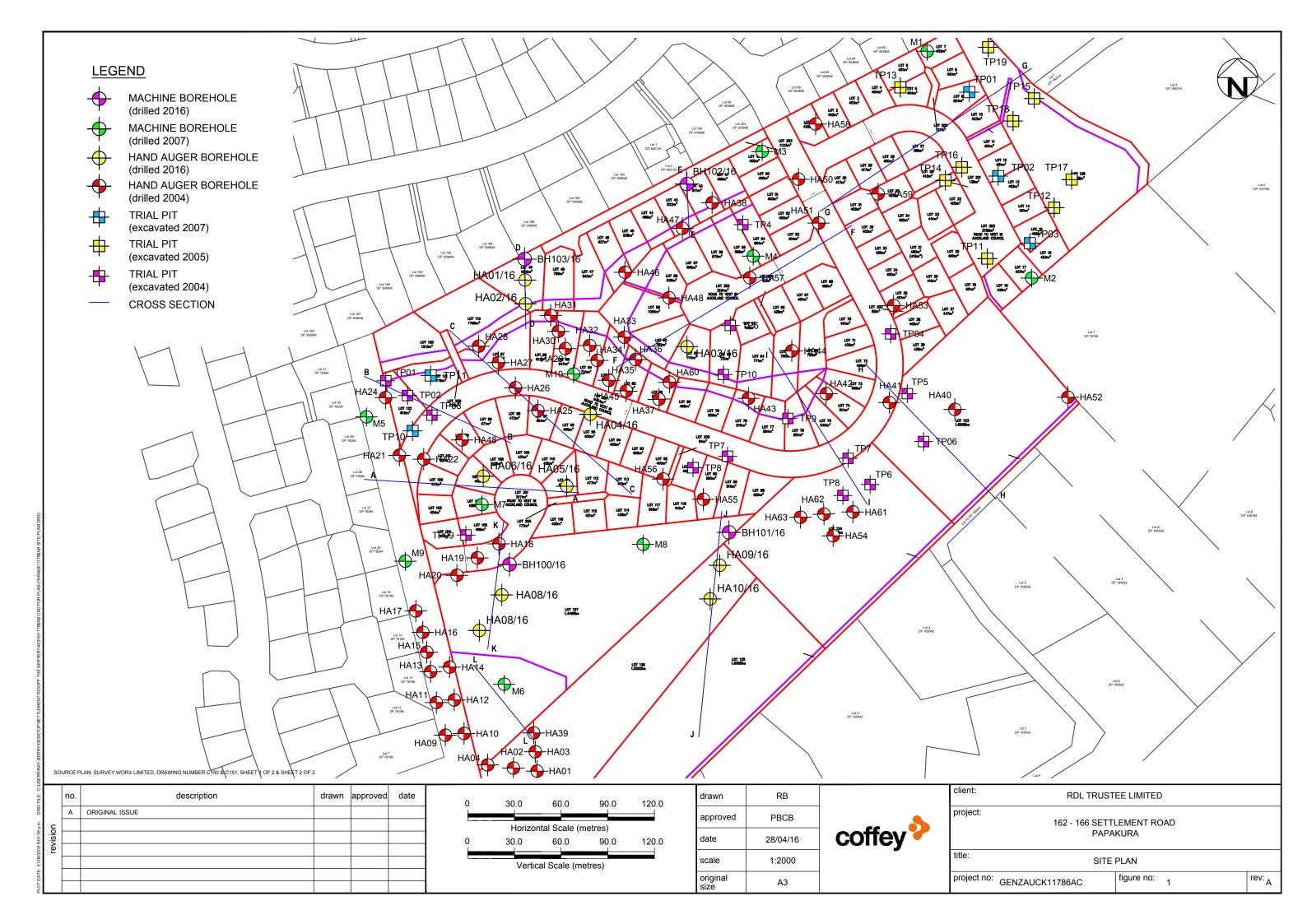


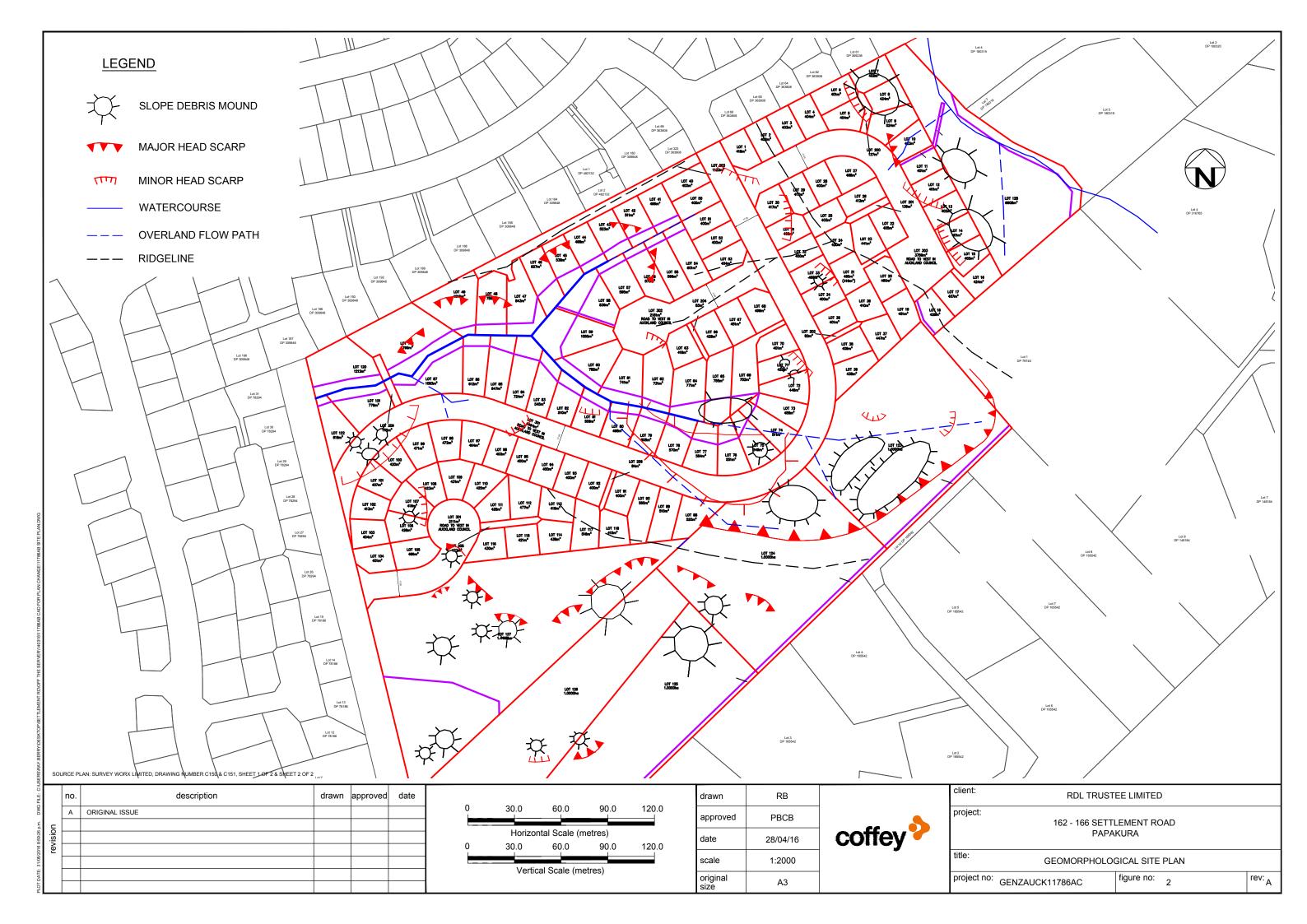


APPENDIX 3:

Previous Relevant Geotechnical Data









Engineering Log - Borehole

sheet: 1 of 3
project no. **GENZAUCK11786AC**

MH101/16

Borehole ID.

client: RDL Limited date started: 01 Mar 2016

principal: date completed: 01 Mar 2016

project: 162-166 Settlement Road, Papakura logged by: JJ

DJS location: checked by: position: Not Specified surface elevation: Not Specified angle from horizontal: 90° drill model: Tractor drilling fluid: water casing diameter: HW vane id.: 4612 drilling information material substance consistency / relative density material description structure and additional observations classification g shear ⊕ remoulde ⊚ peak samples & $\widehat{\Xi}$ moisture condition method 8 support penetra **SOIL TYPE**: plasticity or particle characteristic, colour, secondary and minor components field tests graphic $\widehat{\Xi}$ depth (water (kPa) R SILT: non plastic, brown, friable. М VSt TOPSOIL Core Run (0.0-0.5 m): 30% СН Silty CLAY: high plasticity, pale grey speckled recovery RESIDUAL EAST COAST BAYS FORMATION Core Run (0.5-1.0 m): 86% recovery VS >239 kPa МН Clayey SILT: medium plasticity, pale grey ⊕.⊚ 1.0 Core Run (1.0-1.5 m): 100% recovery VS 133/ 65 kPa IIII₽ĐÌ \perp 1.5 m: contains 50mm to 80mm bands of limonite Core Run (1.5-3.0 m): 81% Ž SPT 2, 2, 3 N*=5 staining, with fine orange sand recovery VS 111/61 kPa I + I + I2.0 Not Observable 2.75 m: 50mm band of HW siltstone, pale grey mottled orange and black, EW-VW, disaggragates to clayey SILT, medium plasicity with firm hand pressure g 3.0 \perp Core Run (3.0-4.5 m): 89% SPT 2, 3, 5 N*=8 3.0 m: 50mm band of HW siltstone, pale grey mottled orange and black, EW-VW, disaggragates to clayey SILT, medium plasicity with firm hand recovery VS UTP +111 \Box pressure 3.1 m: becomes low plasticity 3.5 to 3.66 m: HW siltstone bands, VW 4.0 4.25 to 4.35 m: HW siltstone band, EW, disaggregates to a clayey SILT, grey speckled orange and black with firm hand pressure ML \perp St Core Run (4.5-6.0 m): 77% Clayey SILT: low plasticity, pale grey/brown speckled orange and black, with mlnor fine sand. SPT recovery VS UTP 6, 9, 12 N*=21 | | |I I I I II I I I4.8 m: 10mm bands of orange and black sand +111I + I + I5.0 5.32 m; 10mm band of HW sandstone, pale grev speckled black and orange, EW, disaggregates as a silty SAND, medium dense, with firm hand I + I + Ipressure method AD auger drilling* classification symbol & samples & field tests
B bulk disturbed sample support consistency / relative density soil description mud very soft auger screwing disturbed sample environmental sample based on Unified C casing S F soft hand auger Classification System firm penetration split spoon sample undisturbed sample ##mm diameter washbore SS stiff HQ3 OB HQ3 core barrel (61.1mm open barrel no resistance ranging to
 ✓ refusal VSt very stiff U## ΗP hand penetrometer (kPa) dry moist wet standard penetration test (SPT) Fb Ν friable SPT - sample recovered very loose bit shown by suffix saturated SPT with solid cone Nc loose e.g. B evel on date shown AD/T plastic limit liquid limit VS vane shear; peak/remouded (kPa) MD medium dense blank bit vater inflow R refusal dense TC bit water outflow very dense НВ hammer bouncing



project:

RDL Limited

Engineering Log - Borehole

162-166 Settlement Road, Papakura

Borehole ID. MH101/16

2 of 3 sheet:

GENZAUCK11786AC project no.

IJ

01 Mar 2016 date started:

logged by:

01 Mar 2016 principal: date completed:

locat	ion:	Rei	fer to Si	ite F	Plan						check	ced by:	DJS
position	on: Not Specified surface elevation: Not Specified angle from horizon godel: Tractor drilling fluid: water casing diameter:									orizontal: 9	90°		
\vdash									(casin	g diame	ter : HW	vane id.: 4612
drilli	ng info	rmati	on			mate		ostance			>		
method & support	1 2 penetration 3	water	samples & field tests	RL (m)	depth (m)	graphic log	classification symbol	material description SOIL TYPE: plasticity or particle characteristic, colour, secondary and minor components		moisture	consistency / relative density	vane shear ⊕remoulded ⊚ peak (kPa) 06 00 000	structure and additional observations
			SPT 4, 5, 7 N*=12		-		ML	Sandy SILT: brown/orange, sand is fine, with minor clay. (continued) NO CORE: 0.60m (6.45-7.05 m)		M	MD to D		RESIDUAL EAST COAST BAYS FORMATION Core Run (6.0-7.5 m): 60% recovery VS UTP
			SPT 4, 7, 8 N*=15		7.0 —		ML	Sandy SILT: brown/orange, sand is fine, with minor clay, with minor black sand. 7.45 m: with black speckles					Core Run (7.5-9.0 m): 100% recovery VS 36/ 11 kPa
		Not Observable			9.0		МН	Clayey SILT: medium plasticity, pale grey speckled orange. 8.65 m: limonite staining			VSt to H		
COT BURETULE: NON CORED MIT 17 808 B: OF 3			SPT 6, 5, 9 N*=14		- - - 10.0 —		CL-CH	9.4 to 9.45 m: band of HW siltstone, EW-VW, disaggregates to a fine sandy SILT, pale grey speckled orange and black, with firm finger press Sandy CLAY: medium plasticity, pale grey/browr sand is medium to coarse.	sure	W	S to F		Core Run (9.0-10.5 m): 97% recovery VS UTP
O _ O _ LIBRARI GED TEVANIT LOG COF BOY			SPT 1, 3, 5 N*=8		- - 11.0 —		МН	10.6 m: becomes orange Clayey SILT: medium plasticity, dark grey.		M	Н	1	Core Run (10.5-11.5 m): 68% recovery VS 34/ 8 kPa TRANSITIONAL EAST COAST BAYS FORMATION
₩ 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80					- -			Borehole MH101/16 continued as cored hole					
meth AD AS HA W HQ3 OB	S auger screwing* A hand auger / washbore Q3 HQ3 core barrel B open barrel bit shown by suffix g. AD/T blank bit S auger screwing* A hand auger / washbore penetration D disturbed sample environmental sample sylit spoon sample U## undisturbed sample ##mm diameter HP hand penetrometer (kPa) N standard penetration test (SPT) N* SPT - sample recovered W wet S saturated Wp plastic limit Water inflow Water inflow D disturbed sample environmental sample SS split spoon sample U## undisturbed sample SS split spoon sample U## undisturbed sample SS split spoon sample W work N* SPT - sample recovered W wet S saturated Wp plastic limit Wilguid limit				n d	consistency / relative density VS very soft S soft F firm St stiff VSt very stiff H hard Fb friable VL very loose L loose MD medium dense D dense VD very dense							



principal:

project:

RDL Limited

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

162-166 Settlement Road, Papakura

Borehole ID. MH101/16

3 of 3 sheet:

GENZAUCK11786AC project no.

01 Mar 2016 date started:

01 Mar 2016 date completed:

logged by: IJ

ח ופ

Pofor to Sito Plan ahaakad bu

100	cat	tion:	: <i>F</i>	Refer	to S	ite Plan								checked	d by: DJS	
ро	siti	on:	Not S	pecifie	d	sui	face elevation: No	ot Speci	fied				angl	e from horiz	ontal: 90°	
dri	ill m	node	l: Tra	ctor		dril	ling fluid: water						casir	ng diameter	: HW	vane id.: 4612
dr	rilli	ng ir	nform	ation	mate	rial substance					. 1		rock	mass defe		
method &	poort	ter	(m)	depth (m)	graphic log	material descriptio ROCK TYPE: grain charac colour, structure, minor com	terisics,	weathering & alteration	stre	mate ength UCS	1	samples, field tests & Is(50) (MPa) a = axial;	core run details	defect spacing (mm)	defect of type, inclination, plan	bservations and descriptions larity, roughness, coating, ess, other)
Ĕ	s	water	RL	ge		start coring at 11.50m			\$ ≥ \$	s ×	ES	d = diametral	S &	20 200 200 2000	particular	genera
Ιĵ	١			-	:	SILTSTONE: dark grey, indistinct		UW		11					Drilling Break, 0 - 5	•
				12.0 —		11.65 to 11.70 m: 50mm SANDS fine grained, dark grey, SW, VW	TONE layer,		11	i i 1 1 1	: 1		TCR= 74% SCR=		Drilling Break, 0 - 5	
				-		Sandy SILT (ML): dark grey, sar	nd is fine.		 				20% RQD= 20%			
				_	K	NO CORE: 0.30 m		-	++	<u> </u>					-	
				_		12.50 to 12.95 m: solid SPT reco sandy CLAY, sand is coarse grai			I			SPT 4, 6, 7				
						Sandy SILT (ML): dark grey, sar						Nc=13				
				13.0 —		SILTSTONE: dark grey, indistinct			 		 		TCR= 70%		EAST COAST BAY	S FORMATION
						3 17,			₩ I				SCR= 57%		BEDROCK	
				-	· — ·								RQD= 57%		JT, 5 - 10°, PL, SO	, CN
)									∭ į	ij	i I				Dellin - Decelo 0 5	9
		e													Drilling Break, 0 - 5Drilling Break, 0 - 5	
		Not Observable		14.0 —	· — ·	14.00 to 14.20 m: core disturbed	by SPT		M i	ij	ij	SPT		i i i i		
H03-	3	ot Obs		-	· — ·				₩ 			50/135mm Nc=R				
Ī		ž		-	· — ·				∭ į	ij	i			i i i i		
				-					₩ I				TCR= 100%			
				_					ijį	Ϊİ	il		SCR= 87%		Drilling Break, 0 - 5	•
				45.0	_ · _ ·								RQD= 87%			
				15.0] — · -	45 40 to 46 25 ms agreed disturbs	d / domoorod		M :	Ϊİ	İ		01 70			•
				-	— · -	15.10 to 16.35 m: cored disturbe when transfering to core box	u / damaged									
				-					1004 .	11	ĺ			ii		
				-					₩ I			SPT 50/100mm				
				-						ii	i	Nc=R		i i 🏻 i i		
				16.0 —	· — ·				1991 I		: 1				Drilling Break, 0 - 5	•
				10.0	· — ·				11	ίi			TCR= 100%		Drilling Break, 0 - 5	٠
				-									SCR= 100%			
				-	[\prod			RQD= 100%		— Drilling Break, 0 - 5	
				-					100 1 1		: 1					
				-					 	\Box	П			i i 🏻 i i		
┷	4			17.0					101 I	 	: 1	CDT				
				-		Borehole MH101/16 terminated a Target depth	at 17.00 m		 		 	SPT 50/60mm Nc=R				
	neti	hod s	sunr	ort -		water	graphic log / con	e recove		 1	╁	weathering		 	defect type	planarity
A C V N N H F S	method & support AS auger screwing AD auger drilling CB claw or blade bit W washbore NMLCNMLC core (51.9 mm) NQ wireline core (63.5mm) PQ wireline core (85.0mm) SPT standard penetration		6mm) 5mm) 0mm) tion	10/10/12, water level on date shown water inflow complete drilling fluid loss partial drilling fluid loss	core rec (graphic syn no core	covered nbols indicate recovere	material)			RS residua CW comple HW highly MW moder SW slightly UW unwea *W replaced wi strength VW very w W weak	al soil etely we weathe ately we weathe weathe thered ith A for a	eathered red eathered ered	BS bedding shear PT parting JT joint SZ shear zone SS shear surface CO contact CS crushed seam SM seam roughness	PL planar CU curved UN undulating ST stepped IR Irregular		
F		test HQ	t 3 core en barr	barrel (61.1mm	water pressure test result (lugeons) for depth interval shown	TCR = Total Cor SCR = Solid Cor RQD = Rock Qu	e Recov	ery (%)		MS modera S strong VS very st ES extrem	rong		SL slickensided POL polished SO smooth RO rough VR very rough	CN clean SN stain VN veneer CO coating

Client:	RDL Limited	Project no:		GENZAUCK11786AB					
Project:	162 166 Sattlement Boad Banakura	Figure no:							
coffey ?	162 – 166 Settlement Road, Papakura	Compiled:	JJ	Date:	02/03/16				
Title:	MH101/16 CORE	ВОХ РНОТО	RAPI	HS	•				



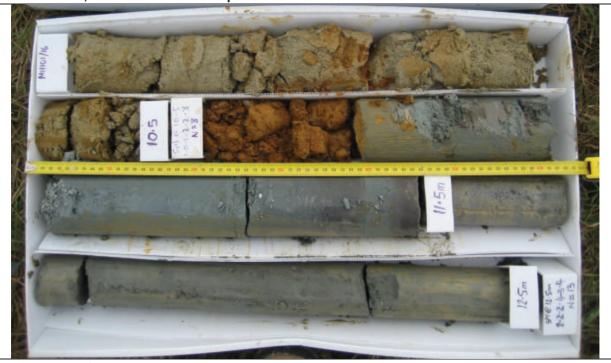
Borehole ID: MH101/16 **Depth:** 0.0 m to 3.45 m



Client:	RDL Limited	Project no:		GENZAUCK11786AB					
Project:	162 166 Sattlement Boad Banakura	Figure no:							
coffey ?	162 – 166 Settlement Road, Papakura	Compiled:	JJ	Date:	02/03/16				
Title:	MH101/16 CORE	ВОХ РНОТО	RAPI	HS	•				



Borehole ID: MH101/16 **Depth:** 6.45 m to 9.80 m



Borehole ID: MH101/16 **Depth:** 9.50 m to 12.50 m

Client:	RDL Limited	Project no:		GENZAUCK1	1786AB
Project:	162 – 166 Settlement Road, Papakura	Figure no:			
coffey ?	102 – 100 Settlement Roau, Papakura	Compiled:	JJ	Date:	02/03/16
Title:	MH101/16 CORE	вох рнотос	RAPI	HS	•



Borehole ID: MH101/16 **Depth:** 12.50 m to 15.90 m



Borehole ID: MH101/16 **Depth:** 15.90 m to 17.00 m



RDL Limited

Engineering Log - Borehole

Borehole ID. MH100/16

1 of 4 sheet:

GENZAUCK11786AC project no.

IJ

29 Feb 2016 date started:

01 Mar 2016 principal: date completed:

project: 162-166 Settlement Road, Papakura logged by:

location:	Refe	er to Si	te P	lan						chec	ked by:	DJS
position: N	ot Speci	fied					surface elevation: Not Specified		angle	from h	orizontal: 9	90°
drill model:							drilling fluid: water		casing	diame	eter : HW	vane id.:
drilling inf	ormatio	n			mate	rial sub ⊊	stance material description			≥	vane	structure and
method & support	ater	samples & field tests	RL (m)	depth (m)	graphic log	classification symbol	SOIL TYPE: plasticity or particle characteristic, colour, secondary and minor components		moisture condition	consistency / relative density	shear ⊕ remoulded ⊚ peak (kPa) 08 00 00 00	additional observations
	Not Observable	SPT 1, 2, 2 N*=4 SPT 2, 2, 3 N*=5 SPT 2, 4, 4 N*=8		1.0—		ML ML CH	Silty CLAY: high plasticity, pale grey mottled orange. Clayey SiLT: low plasticity, pale brown speckled orange. 1.0 to 1.05 m: 50mm band of HW siltstone, pal grey speckled orange, EW, dissagregates to a SiLT, St-VSt 1.5 m: becomes pale grey Sandy SiLT: brown/orange, sand is fine, with minor clay. 2.25 m: 30mm band of HW sandstone, EW dissagregates to a SiLT and sand SiLT with fin finger pressure Silty CLAY: low plasticity, pale grey speckled orange. Silty CLAY: medium plasticity, grey/dark grey.	ed le	W M	L F to St		TOPSOIL Core Run (0.0-0.5 m): 100% recovery RESIDUAL EAST COAST BAYS FORMATION Core Run (0.5-1.0 m): 100% recovery Core Run (1.0-1.5 m): 70% recovery Core Run (1.5-3.0 m): 100% recovery Core Run (3.0-4.5 m): 100% recovery TRANSITIONAL EAST COAST BAYS FORMATION Core Run (4.5-6.0 m): 100% recovery
AS auge HA hand W wash HQ3 HQ3 OB open	core barre barrel own by su	el (61.1mm)	support M mud N nil C casing penetration D disturbed sample E environmental sample SS split spoon sample U## undisturbed sample ##mm diameter anging to refusal N standard penetration test (SPT) N' SPT - sample recovered level on date shown water inflow water outflow Water outflow Samples & field tests soil description based on Unified Classification System Moisture D dry M moist W wet S saturated Wy plastic limit W liquid limit		consistency / relative density VS very soft S soft F firm St stiff VSt very stiff H hard Fb friable VL very loose L loose MD medium dense D dense VD very dense							



RDL Limited

Engineering Log - Borehole

Borehole ID. *MH100/16*

sheet: 2 of 4

date started:

project no. **GENZAUCK11786A**C

29 Feb 2016

principal: date completed: 01 Mar 2016

project: 162-166 Settlement Road, Papakura logged by: JJ

Refer to Site Plan DJS location: checked by: position: Not Specified surface elevation: Not Specified angle from horizontal: 90° drill model: Tractor drilling fluid: water casing diameter: HW vane id.: drilling information material substance consistency / relative density material description structure and additional observations classification g shear ⊕ remoulde ⊚ peak samples & $\widehat{\Xi}$ method & support penetra **SOIL TYPE**: plasticity or particle characteristic, colour, secondary and minor components field tests condition graphic moisture $\widehat{\Xi}$ depth (water (kPa) 8 8 8 СН Silty CLAY: medium plasticity, grey/dark grey. М F to St TRANSITIONAL EAST COAST **BAYS FORMATION** 5, 5, 7 N*=12 Core Run (6.0-7.5 m): 100% I + I + IClayey SILT: low plasticity, dark grey, with orange ML VSt 7.0 Core Run (7.5-9.0 m): 100% SPT 6, 9, 12 N*=21 recovery I + I + I8.0 8.6 m: 40mm band of HW siltstone, dark grey/black, Not Observable SB-9.0 \perp Core Run (9.0-10.5 m): 100% SPT 12, 17, 22 N*=39 recovery 111+11110.0 10.25 m: 50mm band of CLAY, dark grey, medium M to W plasticity \perp Core Run (10.5-12.0 m): 100% 11, 14, 17 N*=31 $| \cdot |$ +11111.0 VSt to H 11.7 m: 70mm band of CLAY, dark grey, medium plasticity method AD auger drilling* classification symbol & support samples & field tests consistency / relative density soil description N nil bulk disturbed sample mud very soft auger screwing based on Unified C casing disturbed sample S F soft hand auger Classification System environmental sample firm penetration washbore SS split spoon sample stiff HQ3 OB HQ3 core barrel (61.1mn open barrel no resistance ranging to
 ✓ refusal VSt very stiff undisturbed sample ##mm diameter U## ΗP hand penetrometer (kPa) dry moist wet standard penetration test (SPT) Fb Ν friable SPT - sample recovered very loose bit shown by suffix saturated SPT with solid cone Nc loose e.g. B AD/T evel on date shown plastic limit liquid limit VS vane shear; peak/remouded (kPa) MD medium dense blank bit vater inflow R refusal dense TC bit water outflow НВ very dense



principal:

RDL Limited

Engineering Log - Borehole

Borehole ID. *MH100/16*

sheet: 3 of 4

project no. **GENZAUCK11786AC**

date started: 29 Feb 2016

date completed: 01 Mar 2016

project: 162-166 Settlement Road, Papakura logged by: JJ

location: Refer to Site Plan checked by: DJS

locat	ion:	Re	fer to Si	te F	Plan					ch	eck	ed by:	DJS
position	on: No	Spe	cified					surface elevation: Not Specified	an	gle fror	n ho	rizontal:	90°
drill m	odel: T	racto	•					drilling fluid: water	cas	sing dia	ame	ter : HW	vane id.:
drilli	ng info	rmati	on			mate	rial sub	stance					
method & support	penetration	water	samples & field tests	RL (m)	depth (m)	graphic log	classification symbol	material description SOIL TYPE: plasticity or particle characteristic, colour, secondary and minor components	moisture	onsistency /	relative density	vane shear eremoulded e peak (kPa)	structure and additional observations
A		Not Observable w	SPT 9, 11, 15 N*=26	<u> </u>	-	6	ML	Clayey SILT: low plasticity, dark grey, with oran staining. (continued)		W VS	St to	100	TRANSITIONAL EAST COAST BAYS FORMATION Core Run (12.0-13.5 m): 100% recovery
		Not Ob			- 13.0 — - -			Borehole MH100/16 continued as cored hole					-
. Z 1703/Z010 17.Z0					- 14.0 — - -								- - - - - -
COF BORRENOLE, NON CORED WITH LOSABLAT S SCHOMINGTIBLY 2 (103/2010) (1/20)					- 15.0 — -								- - - - - - -
COT BONETHOLE: NOW CORED					- 16.0 — - -								- - - - -
CUT U_= U0_LIBRART.GED IEV ANV LOY					- 17.0 — - - -								- - - - - - - -
OB *	od auger augers hand a washb	screwii uger ore ore bai arrel	ng* rrel (61.1mm)	pend wate	etration		ater	samples & field tests B bulk disturbed sample D disturbed sample E environmental sample SS split spoon sample U## undisturbed sample ##mm diameter HP hand penetrometer (kPa) N standard penetration test (SPT) N' SPT - sample recovered Nc SPT with solid cone	moisture D dry M mois W wet S satur	I descri ed on U ification t	i ptio Jnifie	ool & n d	consistency / relative density VS very soft S soft F firm St stiff VSt very stiff H hard Fb friable VL very loose L loose
* e.g. B T V			suffix		10-0 leve	Oct-12 wa	ater shown	N standard penetration test (SPT) N* SPT - sample recovered	M mois W wet S satur	ated ic limit			VL very loose



principal:

RDL Limited

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Borehole ID. MH100/16

4 of 4 sheet:

GENZAUCK11786AC project no.

29 Feb 2016 date started:

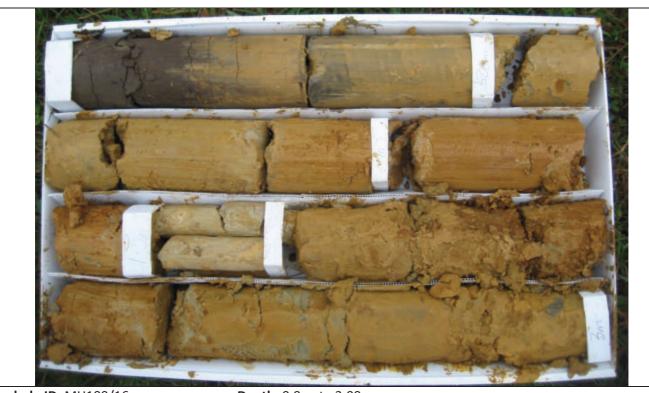
01 Mar 2016 date completed:

logged by: JJ

162-166 Settlement Road, Papakura project: Refer to Site Plan

DJS location: checked by: position: Not Specified surface elevation: Not Specified angle from horizontal: 90° drill model: Tractor drilling fluid: water casing diameter: HW vane id.: drilling information material substance rock mass defects material description estimated defect additional observations and weathering & alteration strength & UCS defect descriptions
(type, inclination, planarity, roughness, coating, thickness, other) field tests ROCK TYPE: grain characterisics, & ls(50) (MPa) $\widehat{\Xi}$ core run details support graphic colour, structure, minor components Ξ depth water 200 200 200 200 200 R × × × × × start coring at 13.50m EAST COAST BAYS FORMATION BEDROCK SILTSTONE: dark grey, indistinct. 111 10, 23, 27/135mm Nc=R JT, 20°, UN, RO, CN JT, 40 - 45°, UN, RO, CN — Drilling Break, 0 - 5° 14.0 IIIIIDrilling Break, 0 - 5° TCR= 72% SCR= JT, 0 - 5°, UN, RO, CN Drilling Break, 0 - 5° 47% RQD= Drilling Break, 0 - 5° 15.0 NO CORE: 0.20 m SILTSTONE: dark grey, indistinct. CS, 0 - 5°, UN, RO, CN, siltstone clasts (100%), fine to coarse, UW, VW Observable CS, 0 - 5°, UN, RO, CN, siltstone clasts (100%), fine to coarse, UW, VW 24, 30, 20 Nc=R ğ JT, 50°, PL, SO, CN Not 16.0 TCR= 47% SCR= Drilling Break, 0 - 5° Drilling Break, 0 - 5° 53% RQD= JT, 5 - 10°, IR, RO, CN 51% 17.0 17.00 to 17.15 m: core disturbed by SPT 39, 50/70mm Nc=R TCR= 83% SCR= 83% RQD= 75% 111 18.0 Drilling Break, 0 - 5° SPT 39, 44, 6/30mm Borehole MH100/16 terminated at 18.20 m 11111 Nc=R 1111119.0 11111 11111 111111defect type BS bedding shear PT parting weathering & alteration planarity method & support water graphic log / core recovery PL planar CU curved UN undulating residual soil auger screwing auger drilling claw or blade bit RS residual soil
CW completely weathered
HW highly weathered
MW moderately weathered
SW slightly weathered
UW unweathered
'W replaced with A for alteration
strength
WW yeav weak parting joint 10/10/12, water level on date shown core recovered shear zone stepped washbore water inflow Irregular SS shear surface NMLCNMLC core (51.9 mm) NQ wireline core (47.6mm) HQ wireline core (63.5mm) CO contact CS crushe SM seam contact crushed seam complete drilling fluid loss no core recovered partial drilling fluid loss wireline core (85.0mm) VW core run details very weak weak roughness
SL slickensided
POL polished
SO smooth
RO rough coating CN clean SN stain VN venee test
HQ3 HQ3 core barrel (61.1mm
OB open barrel barrel withdrawn MS moderately strong water pressure test result (lugeons) for depth strong TCR = Total Core Recovery (%) SCR = Solid Core Recovery (%) RQD = Rock Quality Designation very strong extremely strong veneer V.S interval shown CO coating

Client:	RDL Limited	Project no:		GENZAUCK1	1786AB
Project:	162 – 166 Settlement Road, Papakura	Figure no:			
coffey ?	102 – 100 Settlement Roau, Papakura	Compiled:	JJ	Date:	01/03/16
Title:	MH100/16 CORE	вох рнотос	RAPI	HS	



Borehole ID: MH100/16 **Depth:** 0.0 m to 3.00 m



Borehole ID: MH100/16 **Depth:** 3.00 m to 6.45 m

Client:	RDL Limited	Project no:		GENZAUCK1	1786AB
Project:	162 – 166 Settlement Road, Papakura	Figure no:			
coffey ?	102 – 100 Settlement Roau, Papakura	Compiled:	JJ	Date:	01/03/16
Title:	MH100/16 CORE	вох рнотос	RAPI	HS	•



Borehole ID: MH100/16 **Depth:** 6.45 m to 9.50 m



Borehole ID: MH100/16 **Depth:** 9.50 m to 12.70 m

Client:	RDL Limited	Project no:		GENZAUCK1	1786AB
Project:	162 – 166 Settlement Road, Papakura	Figure no:			
coffey ?	102 – 100 Settlement Road, Papakura	Compiled:	JJ	Date:	01/03/16
Title:	MH100/16 CORE	вох рнотос	RAPI	HS	



Borehole ID: MH100/16 **Depth:** 12.70 m to 15.70 m



Borehole ID: MH100/16 **Depth:** 15.70 m to 18.20 m



Engineering Log - Borehole

Client: Contue

Contue Jinwan Enterprise Group (NZ) Limited

Principal: Project:

162 To 166 Settlement Road, Papakura

Date started:

1 of 1 11786 6.9.2007

M8

Date completed:

6.9.2007

Logged by:

Borehole No.

Project No:

Sheet

PF

Checked by:

Borehol	ole Lo	ocation:									Che	cked by:		
drill model and mounting: Pro Dri					rack R	g	Easting:	slope:	-90)°		R.L.	Surface:	Vane No: 452 liv
hole diam	ole diameter: 100 mn						Northing	bearing	J:			datu	m:	140. 40Z IIV
drilling	g inf	ormation			m	ateria	l substance	•			·			
stratigraphy method	support	notes samples tests, etc		depth metres	graphic log	classification symbol	soil type: plasticity or	nterial particle characteristic		moisture condition	consistency/ density index	so vane shear 100 (remoulded 150 /peak) kPa		ructure and nal observations
WAITEMATA GROUP HQ OB	С			1 2 2	**************************************	MC	NATURAL : Clayey SILT, (rootlets), light brown mott - becoming light brown str plastic	led orange, non-plasti		The state of the s		×		
		Piezomete P1 3.0-6.0m		3 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	×	MCI MCI MCI MCI	Silty CLAY, light brown stre ALLUVIALS: Fine to medit green streaked orange, silt Clayey SILT, with trace fine orange/ brown, moderately CRUSH ZONE/ SHEAR ZO orange streaked dark orang fractured and all fractures it SILT, with trace fine sand, streaked dark orange, non- cemented with limonite stai	um sandy SILT, light of ghtly plastic as sand, light grey stream plastic as sand, light grey stream plastic as sand, light grey stream plastic as sand, lightly clayey Sige, slightly plastic - he ntilled with limonite light brown/ orange plastic; very weakly ning; sub horizontal	aked	***************************************	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O			
		SPT 10,13,16 N*=29		6 × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX		fracture set with planar, sm Slightly to clayey SILT, oran moderately plastic, with ren bedding - becoming clayey silt, grey alternating with thin bands of grey, slightly plastic, stiff	nge, slightly plastic to nnant sub horizontal , moderately plastic, of slightly clayey fine s	silt,	The second secon				
shown by	aug rolle was cab han diat blar V bi	ık bit t bit	Wa van	8 pport mud casing ter 10/1/9 on dat	i8 water ie show inflow outflow r (kPa)	lin I	notes, samples, tests U_{ω} undisturbed sam	ple 50mm diameter ple 63mm diameter olition test (SPT) covered ne	W we S sa Wp pla	cription n New Zi nical So e e y oist	ealand ciety Inc		consistence VS S F St VSt H VL L MD D VD	cyldensity index very soft soft firm stiff very stiff hard very loose loose medium dense dense very dense

BOREHOLE 11786 BHS, TPS, MHS SEPT 07.GPJ COFFEY.GDT 2.10.07



Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Contue Jinwan Enterprise Group (NZ) Limited

Principal:

11786 BHS, TPS, MHS SEPT 07.GPJ COFFEY.GDT 2.10.07

CORED BOREHOLE

Project:

162 To 166 Settlement Road, Papakura

Logged by: Checked by:

Borehole No.

Project No:

Date started:

Date completed:

Sheet

6.9.2007 PF

11786

6.9.2007

M8 1 of 3

PF

Borehole Location: drill model & mounting: Pro Drill Track Rig Easting: slope: R.L. Surface: 100 mm Drilling fluid: Northing: bearing: hole diameter: Water datum: drilling information material substance rock mass defects defect description hic log estimated defect notes spacing samples. recovery type, inclination, planarity, roughness, rock type; grain characteristics, colour, structure, minor components method core-lift mm tests, etc coating, thickness water ROD grapi depth 85858 RI SS SS SS particular 3 - contact surface (3° to horizontal - smooth, no infilling) 4 Piezomete 8 P1 3.0-6.0m WAITEMATAWGROUP 5 6 SPT 10,13,16 N*=29 2 Continued from non-cored borehole Completely weathered, grey SILTSTONE, CW extremely weak, very weakly cemented/ Clayey SILT, grey moderately plastic, hard Moderately weathered, grey SILTSTONE, MW 50 for 90 9 very weak, very weakly cemented 8 defect type JT joint PT parting roughness fresh slightly weathered moderately weathered highly weathered completely weathered residual soil VR very rough RO rough SO smooth DT diatube 10/1/98 water level FR SW MW HW CW RS casing used A\$ AD auger screwing on date shown SM seam auger drilling SZ SS CS sheared zone sheared surface Form GEO 5.5 Issue 3 Rev. barrel withdrawn water inflow RR roller/tricone partial drill fluid loss CB claw or blade bit crushed seam graphic log/core recovery complete drill fluid loss NMLC NMLC core coating CN clean SN stained NQ, HQ, PQ extremely strong very strong strong moderately strong wireline core ES PL CU graphic symbols curved indicate material undulating stepped water prassure test result MS W weak very weak extremely weak (lugeons) for depth no core recovered interval shown



Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Sheet

M8

Project No:

Borehole No.

2 of 3 11786

Client:

Contue Jinwan Enterprise Group (NZ) Limited

Date started: Date completed:

6.9.2007 6.9.2007

Principal:

	ojec					62	To :	166	Set	tlement Roa	d, P	apakui	ra					L	ogged	by:					
					ion:	D 10		1.61				F	,			la – a s	-		hecke			-			
	drill model & mounting: Pro Drill Track Rig Easting: note diameter: 100 mm Drilling fluid: Water Northing:															lope:	-91	J.		R.L. Surface:					
	drilling information material substance												bearing:				ock	mass		um: ects					
H		Ť		T			1	\dashv			mater	ial			T		+					fect des	cription		
stratigraphy	method	core-lift	water	t.	notes amples, ests, etc		. de	epth etres	graphic log core recovery	rock type; grair structure,	chara minor	acteristics, componer	calour,	weathering		estimated strength	recovery %	% Q	defe spac mn	ng 1	type, inclina co particular	ition, plar pating, th	narity, rou ickness	ghno	
TRANSITIONAL WAITEMATA GROUP	T DH			50 50	SPT 0 for 60 N*=R SPT of or 50 N*=R SPT for 50 N*=R SPT for 50 N*=R		1 1 1	2 2 2 2 2 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		Slightly weathered SANDSTONE, we	, grey ak, mo	SILTSTO	NE & :emented	SW			100	100			1FR, 20° to	o vertalca	al, PL, no		
meth DT AS AD RR CB			aug aug rolle clas	ger o er/tri w or	crewing Irilling cone blade bit	[-	'	ift casin barrel	g used I withdra	ecovery	wate	10/1/98 w on date st water inflo partial drill	nown w		FR SW MW HW CW RS	fresh slightly w moderate highly we complete residual s	ily we alher ly we	ather ed		def JT PT SM SZ SS CS	sheared zone sheared surfa	V R S S Ce	oughness /R very ro tO rough iO smoot iL slicker	ough h	
					care		core recov			mbols aterial	25		sure test res for depth	ult	ES VS WS WS W	extremely very strong strong moderately weak		-		pla PL CU UN ST IR		S V	oeting N clean N stained N venee O coating	г	



Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Sheet Project No:

Borehole No.

M8

3 of 3 11786

Contue Jinwan Enterprise Group (NZ) Limited

Date started:

6.9.2007

Principal:

Date completed:

6.9.2007

		ect:			1	62 T	o 16	6 Set	tlement Roa	d. P	apakura							ogg			PF	-		
				oca	ıtion:		• . •			-, -								hec				=		
					nting: Pro	Drill T	rack R	ig			Easting:		s	ope:		-90					. Surface:			
		diam				mm E	Orilling :	īuid:			Northing:		b	earing	:	4				dati				
٥									erial substance	1	_			r.	ock	ma	SS	defe	ects	fect des	ription			
strationaphy	full Barrie	method	COre-IIII	walei	notes samples, tests, etc	RL	depth metre	graphic log core recovery	rock type; graii structure,	mater n char minor	acteristics, colour, components	weathering	eration	estimated strength		recovery %	RQD %	ąp.	defect spacing mm		type, inclina	e, inclination, plans coating, thic		ness ener
TRANSITIONAL WAITEMATA GROUP		II OH					17 18 19 20		Slightly weathered SANDSTONE, we (continued)	ak, m	SILTSTONE & oderately cemented	SV				100	100				paraivulat		y 5	-
	THE PARTY OF THE P			THE REAL PROPERTY AND THE PROPERTY AND T			21 22 23 24		WO terminated at 2															-
AS AD RR CB NML	method DT diatube AS auger screwing AD auger drilling RR roller/incone			core-lift casing used barrel withdrawn graphic log/core recovery core recovered graphic symbols indicate material no core recovered			wat	10/1/98 water level on date shown water inflow	esult ES extremely VS very strong S strong MS moderatel W weak VW very weak			y we alher y we oil stror g	ather ed ather			JT PT SM SZ SS CS	cct type joint parting seam sheared zone sheared surfa crushed seam arity planar curved undulating stepped irregular	V R S S Ce	oating N clean N stained N veneer					

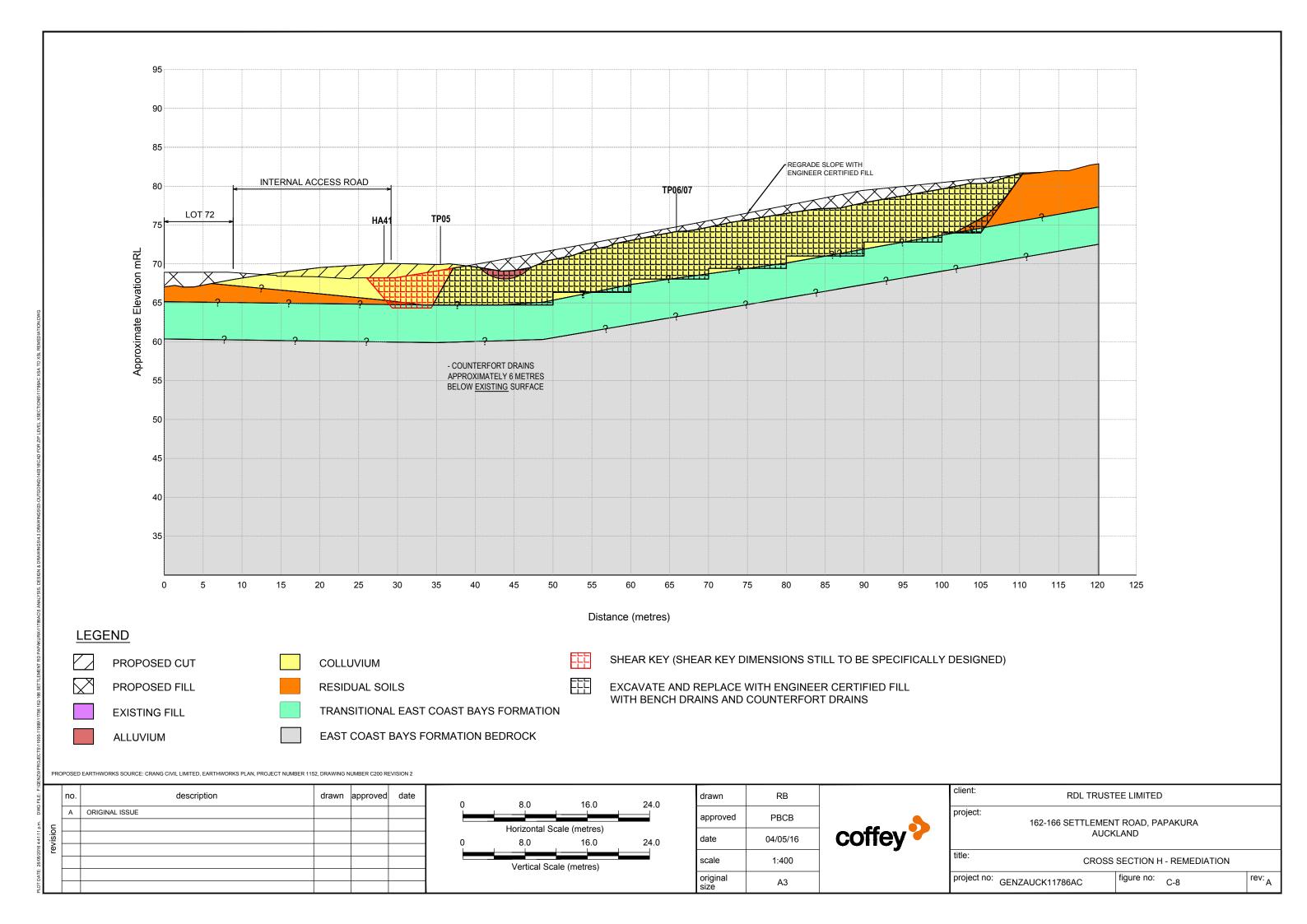
					7				
Client:	Contue Jinwan En	terprise Group (NZ)			Aug	jer Bo	prehol	e No.	40
Project Loca	tion: 162 to 166 Settlem	nent Road, Papakura	l				Si	neet 40	of 63
Job Number	11786				Drilled	Ву:	LM	Date:	30.9.04
Borehole mN	mE	Ground R.L.			2	ovel svel	<u>a</u>	>	
Location: Descrip	tion: Refer to site plan			Legend	Depth (m)	Standing Water Level	Vane Dial Reading	Sensitivity	Sample and boratory Tes
	SOIL DESCRIPTION	NC		Le	Dep	Wai	Pe	Sen	Details
TOPSOIL	irm, slightly plastic, grey/ brown	slightly clavey silt, with	minor	KXXX	-				
rootlets				***** ****	-	∇			
- becoming firm, mod	derately plastic, orange streaked	clayey silt, with minor r	ootlets	***** *****	- 0.5	5	5 6	3.9	
	ange streaked cream silty clay			×-x-x-x					
- becoming dark orar	nge streaked cream			×-×-×-×- ×-×-×-×	.	4	£ 1	.8	
-		· - ·		×-×-×-× ×-×-×-×	-1.0		- -		
				x-x-x-x x-x-x-x	- 1.0	2		2.2	
Soft, moderately plas	stic, dark orange streaked cream	slightly fine sandy clay	еу	<u> </u>			` '	·· ·	
silt, with limonite stail	ning		•	-{\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	1.5				
- becoming firm				***** *****	1.5	56	6 4	.0	
				~~ <u>~</u>					
- with minor rootlets	•			<u> </u>	2.0	50	а	.6	
NATURAL : Firm, ver	y plastic, dark orange streaked c	ream slightly fine sand	y silty	-x-x-x	2.0				
CLAY, with limonite s - becoming orange str - with dark grey siltsto	ana olaete			- x - x - x					
Stiff, slightly plastic, g with minor limpnite st	prey slightly clayey SILT, friable v aining clasts	with dark grey siltstone	clasts, ∐f		2.5	14	0+		
 with green sitistone of the becoming very stiff 	Clasis		į.	***** ****					
			\$	**************************************		14	0++		
			<u> </u>		3.0				
			<u> </u>		3.0	140)++		
					3.5				
- becoming stiff, fine sa	andy slightly clayey silt			*	0.0	124	1 10		
				×××					
			X	***** ****	4.0	140)+		
E.O.B. at 4.0 metres.				F.	1.0				
					-				
]	L	1.5				
				F.	,				
				F					
			-	- 5	.0				
				-					
				_					-
				<u> </u>	.5				
				F					
				F				ļ	
				 					
	Comments:	Borehole Diameter: To	psoil	Sand		Sands	tone •	• Piutoni	c ++++
	Groundwater encountered	50mm Fill	\rightarrow	Gravel				• •	++++
FOUNDATION ENGINEERING	at 0.5 metres	Checked: Cla	ıy	Organic	***	Limest	one	Ŧ	
ENGINEERING	<u></u>	BS Silt	222	Pumice	1888	Volcan	ic Fův	VI	

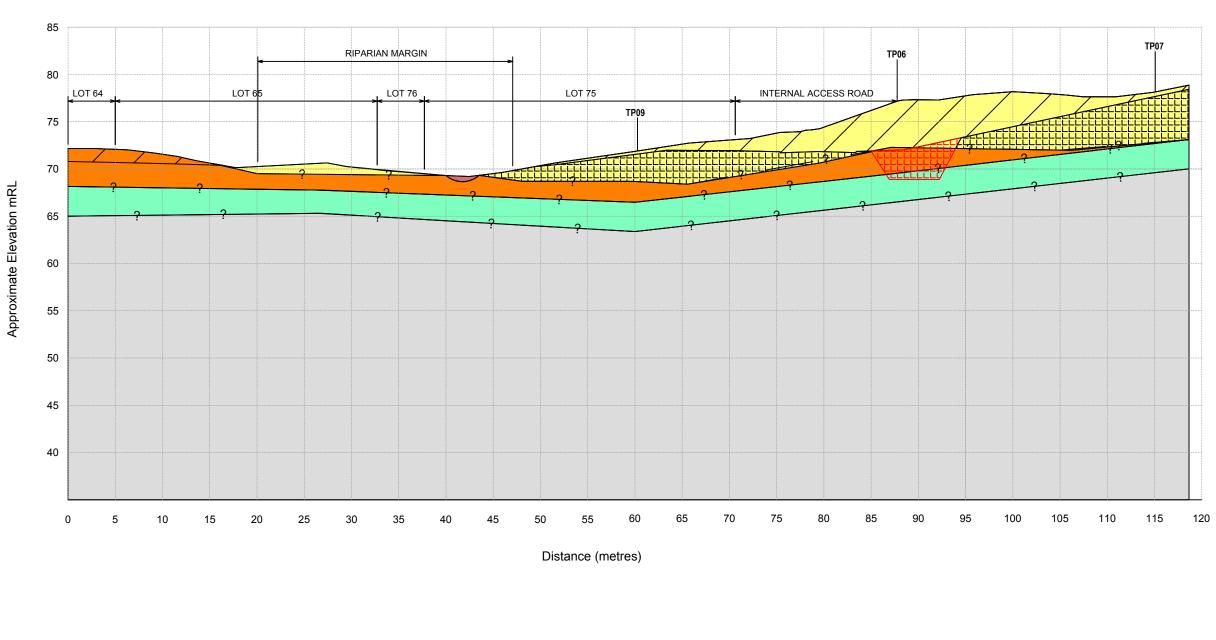
Client :		Contue Jinwa	ın Enterprise Group (N	Z)		Aug	er B	oreh	ole	No.	52
Project Location: 162 to 166 Settlement Road, Papakura									Sheet	t 52 of	63
Job Nu	mber:	11786				Drilled	By:	RS		Date: 1	.10.04
Borehole	mN	mE	Ground R.L.			Ê	evel	g o	_≥	Sa	mple and
Location:	Description	n: Refer to site p	lan		Legend	Depth (m)	Standing Water Level	Vane Dial Reading	Soil Sensitivity	Labo	nple and ratory Tes Details
		SOIL DESCRI	PTION		ני	De	S &	~	Sei		- Ciano
TOPSOIL	with gravel i	nclusion s				-					
						-	١	80	2.2		
NATURAL	: Stiff moder	ately plastic, cream stre	aked orange clayey SILT		\$\$\$\$ \$\$\$\$	- 0.5					
					*****	-		4	2.5		
- becoming	firm										
becoming	orange strea	aked cream			**************************************	1.0		30	3.0		
									3.0		
becoming r	moist				XXXX	1.5			. -		
becoming :	stiff, orange	mottled cream slightly o	slayey silt		**************************************		8	0	3.3		
					18883 18883						
					**************************************	2.0	7	8	3.0		
							7	0	3.5		
						2,5					
					****** ******		82	2	4.1		
						3.0					
becoming fi	rm						48	3	2.4		
econing in	1111				######################################						
						3.5	64	1	2.9		
					-{\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\						
						4.0	42	,	2.1		
O.B. at 4.0 i	metres.				F	4.0	76				
					-			-			
					<u> </u>	4.5					
					-	5.0					
					F.	5.5					
						,					ļ
						_					
		omments:	Borehole Diameter:	Topsoil	Sand		<u></u>	stone	• • •	Plutonic	+++4
		roundwater not encoun	tered 50mm Checked:	Fill Clay	Gravel Organi	444	Silts	one F	Z Z Z :	No Core	
FOUND,	ATION ERING		DS.	Clay Sift ×		2.6.5	Volca		^ ^ ^ ^		

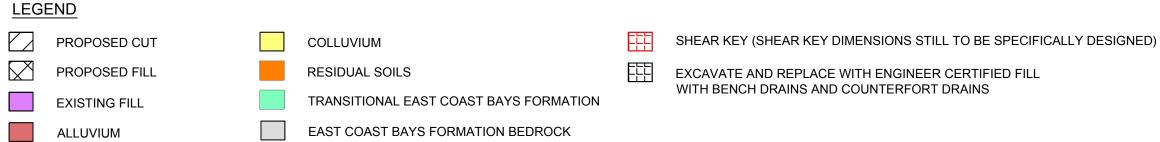
Client:		Contue Jinwan E	nterprise Group (I	NZ)		Au	ger	Bore	hole l	No.	61
Project	Project Location: 162 to 166 Settlement Road, Papakura								Sheet	61 of	63
Job Nur	nber:	11786				Driile	d By:	RAC		Date:	1.10.04
Borehole Location:	mN Description:	mE Refer to site plan	Ground R.L.		Puegend	Depth (m)	Standing Water Level	Vane Dial Reading	Soil	Sa	imple and oratory Te Details
- 		SOIL DESCRIPT	ION	.	Leg	Deptl	Sta Wate	Vane	Sens		Details
TOPSOIL			<u></u>	<u> </u>		-					
		plastic, orange streak	ed light brown claye	SILT	XXXXX XXXXX XXXXX	0.5		88	2.7		
Stiff, very pla	stic, orange light	grey silty CLAY			X-X-X-X X-X-X-X X-X-X-X X-X-X-X			92	1.8		
					X-X-X-X X-X-X-X X-X-X-X	- 1.0 - - -		96	1.9		
Stiff, moderat staining	ely plastic, orang	ge mottled light grey c	layey SILT, with sligh	nt limonite	**************************************	- 1.5		98	2.0		
- becoming fire	m, pink orange s	treaked light grey			XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXX	2.0		78	1.7		
with moderat	e limonite stainir	ng			XIXIXIXX (XIXIXIXXX (XIXIXIXXX (XIXIXIXI	- - - 2.5		74	1.7		
becoming ora	inge mottled whi	te. moist				- - - 3.0		53	1.7		
		nge mottled light grey	fine sandy slightly cl	ayey silt	00000000000000000000000000000000000000			56	1.9		
						3.5		64	2.5		
becoming stiff .O.B. at 4.0 m	, with major limo etres.	nile staining			\$\$\$\$\$ \$\$\$\$\$ -	4.0		140+			
						4.5					
									THE PARTY OF THE P		
						5.0					
						5.5		The state of the s	THE STATE OF THE S		
	1,		Borehole Diameter:	Teres*	Sand			ndstone	* * * 1	Płutonic	+++
	Comme Ground	ents: water not encountered		Topsoil Fill	Sano Grave			stone [No Core	4++
FOUNDA ENGINES	TION		Checked:	Clay	Organ	la a		nestone [11		
ENGINEE	KING		25	Silt	Z Z Z Z Pumic		¥% Vo	lcanic	~~~		

Client:		Contue Jinwan En	terprise Group ((NZ)			Au	ger	Bore	hole	No.	62
Project	Project Location: 162 to 166 Settlement Road, Papakura									She	et 62 i	of 63
Job Nu	mber:	11786					Drille	d By:	DBC		Date:	1.10.04
Borehole Location:	mN Description:	mE Pafor to cito plan	Ground R.L.			Jq.	(m)	ding Level	Dial	il.	Á S	ample and
	·	Refer to site plan SOIL DESCRIPTIO	N.		<u>. ,,</u>	Legend	Depth (m)	Standing Water Level	Vane Dial Reading	Soil	Lai	ample and oratory Te Details
TOPSOIL							_					····
							-		400			
NATURAL •	Stiff very plastic	, orange silty CLAY				X-X-X-X X-X-X-X	0.5		120	2.3	`	
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Cim, very places	, orange only carry				x-x-x-x x-x-x-x	-		104	2.3		
					!	×-x-x-x ×-x-x-x			,			
- becoming li	ght grey streaked	d orange				X-X-X-X X-X-X-X-X X-X-X-X-X			80	1.9)	
						×-x-x-x ×-x-x-x	-					
						x-x-x-x	- 1.5		94	2.8	-	
						-x-x-x -x-x-x						
						-x-x-x -x-x-x	2.0		84	3.8		
					XIXIX	-x-x-x -x-x-x						
					X	-x-x-x -x-x-x	2.5		80	2.2		
					X	-x-x-x -x-x-x			66	3.3		
firm, moderat	ely plastic, light g	rey and orange clayey S	SILT, moist		XIXIX	KXX KXX KXX	3.0					
					XIXIX	***** *****			38	1.6		
becoming slig	ghtly plastic, oran	ige streaked light grey sli	ghtly clayey sift			**************************************	3.5					
becoming we	t					\$\$\$ \$\$\$	3.3		30	5.0		
				٠								
.О.В. at 4.0 гг	netres.					<u>~~~</u> ,	4.0	7	o	5.0		
						F						1
						-4	.5					
						-						ļ
						5	.0					
						-						
						- 5.	5					
						-						
	Comme	nts:	Borehole Diameter	Topsoi!	1111	Sand		San	dstone	* * * *	Plutonic	++++
	Groundv	vater not encountered	50mm	Fill		Gravel	***	Silts	tone	* * * ; Z Z Z ;	No Core	+++
FOUNDATE OF THE PROPERTY OF TH	TION		Checked:	Clay Silt	L-L-L-L 8888	Organic Pumice	****	Lime Voic	stone 2	111		

Client	£	Contue Jinwan En	iterprise Group (NZ)		At	uger	Bore	hole	No.	63
Project	Project Location: 162 to 166 Settlement Road, Papakura									et 63 (of 63
Job Nu	ımber:	11786				Drille	ed By:	RAC		Date:	1.10.04
Borehole Location:	mN Description:	mE Refer to site plan	Ground R.L.		Legend	Depth (m)	Standing Water Level	Vane Dial Reading	Soil	S S	ample and poratory Tes Details
	SC	DIL DESCRIPTION	N		reg	Dept	Sta	Vane	Sono		Details
TOPSOIL			······································			1			-		
NATURAL	: Sliff, moderately pla	stic, orange mottled	light brown clayey	SILT	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	0.5		104	2.3		
					XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	(1.0 1.0 		82	2.1		
 becoming t 	light grey/ light browr firm	mottled orange sligi	ntly clayey silt		XIXIXIXIX	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		70	1.8		
- with moder	rate limonite staining				XXXXXXX XXXXXXX XXXXXXXX	1.5		72	2.7		
- becoming s	stiff				XXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXX	2.0		100	4.5		
	rm, with moderate lin			n clay seam	XXXXXX XXXXXXX XXXXXX	2.5		50	3.1		
Firm, non-pla	istic, orange mottled	light grey fine sandy	SILT, wet			- 3.0		130	5.4		
						- 3.0	∇	140+			
- becoming fire	m					3.5		74	3.7		
- becoming stif E.O.B. at 4.0 n						4.0	1	40+			
						4.5					
					-						
						5.0			70.00		
					-	5.5					
					<u> </u>						
	Comments Groundwate	r encountered	Borehole Diameter: 50mm	Topoon)	Sand Grave			dstone	• • • • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Plutonic No Core	++++
FOUNDA	at 3.0 metre	S	Checked:	Clay	Organ		<u> </u>	stone		NO COLE	
FOUNDA'	RING		2S -	Sift X	200 Pumic	- 3.2.2			\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		







no.	description	drawn	approved	date	
Α	ORIGINAL ISSUE				į

PROPOSED EARTHWORKS SOURCE: CRANG CIVIL LIMITED, EARTHWORKS PLAN, PROJECT NUMBER 1152, DRAWING NUMBER C200 REVISION 2

	no.	description	drawn	approved	date	0	8.0	16.0	24.0
	Α	ORIGINAL ISSUE]	0.0	10.0	Z4.0
ision						_	 Horizontal S	Scale (metres)	
evis						O	8.0	16.0	24.0
J							Vertical S	cale (metres)	

drawn	RB
approved	PBCB
date	04/05/16
scale	1:400
original size	A3



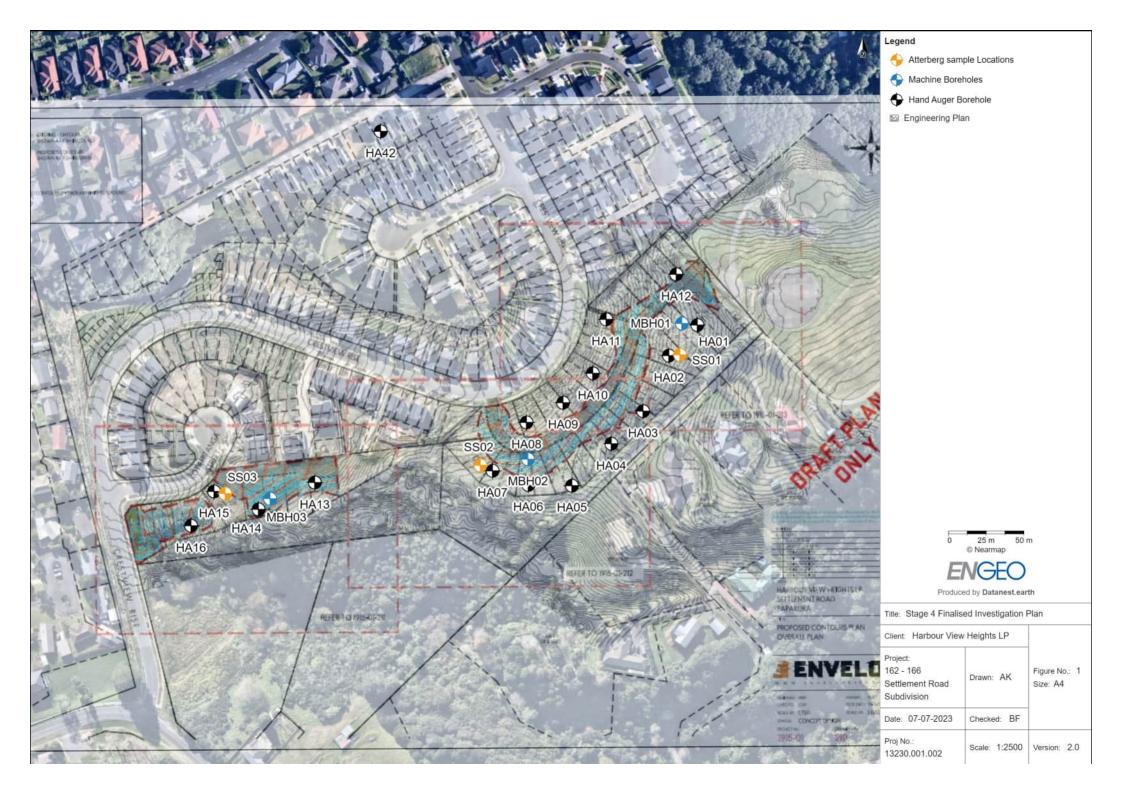
client:	RDL TRUST	EE LIMITED	1	
project:	162-166 SETTLEMEN AUCK	,	PAKURA	
title:	CROSS	SECTION I	- REMEDIATION	
project no:	GENZAUCK11786AC	figure no:	C-9	rev: A



APPENDIX 4:

Investigation Location Plan







APPENDIX 5:

ENGEO Machine Borehole Data



BOREHOLE LOG MBH01 Geotechnical Investigation Date: 13-07-2023 **Energy Transfer Ratio**: 162 - 166 Settlement Road Hole Depth: 22.565 m Logged By/Reviewed By : LM / NM Papakura, Auckland **Drilling Method**: Borehole Latitude: -37.0613229 13230.001.004 **Drilling Contractor**: Prodrill Ltd Longitude: 174.9765254 SPT N-Value / Vane Shear Strength Elevation (mRL Sample Type Depth (m BGL) Construction Water Level og Symbol Piezometer TCR RQD Defect DESCRIPTION Moisture Strength Material (%) (%) Description [FILL] Clayey SILT with some fibrous organics, trace fine sand and fine to medium gravels; dark brown with beds of yellowish brown and dark grey. Low TOPSOIL & FILL INTERMIXED plasticity. UTP kPa VSt - H 1 79 101/14 kPa 119/33 kPa [FILL] Silty CLAY; yellow with light grey 1.1/0.1.1.1 N=3 streaks. High plasticity. 2 78 2.3 m: Becomes yellow with white mottling. St -96/43 kPa 2.5 m: Becomes light grey with pink and VSt yellow mottling. 2.7 m: Becomes yellow with light grey and orange streaks. 3EOTECH MACHINE BOREHOLE - AUCKLAND PBH01-03.GPJ NZ DATA TEMPLATE 2.GDT 8/8/23 **WON ENGINEERED FILI** 116/66 kPa 0.1/1.1.1.1 N=4 [FILL] Clayey SILT with trace fine sand; light grey and yellow intermixed with pinkish orange mottling. Low plasticity. St CORELOSS SITE NA NA 4 76 [FILL] Silty CLAY; yellow and white intermixed with orange and brown mottling. High plasticity. VSt 115/56 kPa М [FILL] Clayey SILT with trace fine sand 0.1/0.1.1.1 N=3 and hard silt inclusions; white with pink and yellow streaks. Low plasticity. **VSt**

5 75

NR NA

Borehole met target depth at 22.565m.

CORELOSS

Piezometer showed standing water at 9.91 m depth on 24/7/23. Coordinates obtained using handheld GPS.

Elevations obtained using Auckland Council GIS. UTP = Unable To Penetrate; NA = Not Assessed.

BOREHOLE LOG MBH01 Client: Harbour View Heights LP Core Diameter: 83 mm Geotechnical Investigation Date: 13-07-2023 **Energy Transfer Ratio**: 162 - 166 Settlement Road Hole Depth: 22.565 m Logged By/Reviewed By : LM / NM Papakura, Auckland **Drilling Method**: Borehole Latitude: -37.0613229 13230.001.004 **Drilling Contractor**: Prodrill Ltd Longitude: 174.9765254 SPT N-Value / Vane Shear Strength Elevation (mRL Sample Type Depth (m BGL) Construction Water Level og Symbol Piezometer TCR RQD Defect DESCRIPTION Moisture Strength (%) (%) Material Description NA [FILL] Clayey SILT with trace fine sand; white with yellow mottling. Low plasticity. VSt F [FILL] Silty CLAY; yellowish brown with orange and light grey streaks. High WON ENGINEERED | VSt plasticity. [FILL] Clayey SILT with minor fine sand; 6 74 119/32 kPa dark yellowish brown with black and orange mottling. Low plasticity. 1.1/1.2.2.2 6.0 m: Encountered standing water at 6.0 m depth on 17/7/23 at 8:00am. St 6.45 m: Becomes yellow with orange and **VSt** white streaks with small black specks. 6.9 m: Becomes light grey with orange mottling and faint limonite staining. 123/57 kPa Clayey SILT with minor fine sand; light grey with orange mottling and faint limonite staining. Low plasticity. 76/33 kPa 0.1/1.1.1.2 N=5 8 8 72 VSt 8.0 m: Becomes light grey with black specks. 3EOTECH MACHINE BOREHOLE - AUCKLAND PBH01-03.GPJ NZ DATA TEMPLATE 2.GDT 8/8/23 9 71 135/36 kPa SILT with some clay and trace fine sand; light greenish grey with orange limonite 1.1/0.1.2.2 N=5 staining. Low plasticity. Encountered VSt hard silt granules and limonite vein encased in green staining throughout Clayey SILT with some fine to medium sand and trace fine to medium gravels; light grey with yellowish brown mottling. Low plasticity. Gravels are scoria, subrounded, vesicular and pale purplish VSt-10 70 grev. 9.91 m: Encountered standing - H groundwater. 10.0 m: Becomes yellow with white streaks. 10.3 m: Becomes light grey with yellow mottling. Borehole met target depth at 22.565m. Elevations obtained using Auckland Council GIS. Piezometer showed standing water at 9.91 m depth on 24/7/23. UTP = Unable To Penetrate; NA = Not Assessed.

Coordinates obtained using handheld GPS.

BOREHOLE LOG MBH01 Geotechnical Investigation Date: 13-07-2023 **Energy Transfer Ratio**: 162 - 166 Settlement Road Hole Depth: 22.565 m Logged By/Reviewed By : LM / NM Papakura, Auckland **Drilling Method**: Borehole Latitude: -37.0613229 13230.001.004 **Drilling Contractor**: Prodrill Ltd Longitude: 174.9765254 SPT N-Value / Vane Shear Strength Elevation (mRL Sample Type Depth (m BGL) Construction Water Level Symbol Piezometer TCR RQD Defect DESCRIPTION Moisture Strength (%) (%) Material Description ۰ go_ 22.17/19.24. VSt М - H Slightly weathered, bluish dark grey MUDSTONE. Moderately strong. Highly MS VSt М 11 69 NR fractured greywacke. - H NA Clayey SILT with some fine sand; light NA grey. Low plasticity. L М CORELOSS Silty fine SAND; whitish light grey. NR NA NA CORELOSS P.GRIT Highly weathered, dark brown fine to coarse SANDSTONE. Weak. W NΑ Silty fine to coarse SAND; brown. Sand 12 68 is well graded. 3.4/2.2.2.2 N=8 L М NF Silty fine to coarse SAND with trace coarse gravels; light brown. Sand is well graded. Gravels are angular, fractured moderately strong siltstone. S 13 67 13 Clayey SILT with some fine sand; light grey with orange mottling. Low plasticity. BAYS FORMATION UTP kPa 13.5 m: Encountered hard dark brown silt PBH01-03.GPJ NZ DATA TEMPLATE 2.GDT 8/8/23 granules and minor limonite staining. 4 4/2 2 3 4 14 66 COAST CORELOSS NR NΑ NΑ Clayey SILT with some fine to medium sand; light grey with dark orange brown Н and black streaks. Low plasticity. Significant limonite staining. Fine to medium SAND with minor silt; light grey interbedded with dark grey. М **SEOTECH MACHINE BOREHOLE - AUCKLAND** Sand is gap graded and has gently inclined laminated bedding. 15 15 65 MD - D 3.3/6.8.8.8 N=30 15.3 m: Encountered orange yellow CORELOSS NR NA NΑ Borehole met target depth at 22.565m. Elevations obtained using Auckland Council GIS. Piezometer showed standing water at 9.91 m depth on 24/7/23. UTP = Unable To Penetrate; NA = Not Assessed. Coordinates obtained using handheld GPS.

BOREHOLE LOG MBH01 Geotechnical Investigation Date: 13-07-2023 **Energy Transfer Ratio**: 162 - 166 Settlement Road Hole Depth: 22.565 m Logged By/Reviewed By : LM / NM Papakura, Auckland **Drilling Method**: Borehole Latitude: -37.0613229 13230.001.004 **Drilling Contractor**: Prodrill Ltd Longitude: 174.9765254 SPT N-Value / Vane Shear Strength Elevation (mRL Depth (m BGL) Sample Type Construction Water Level og Symbol Piezometer TCR RQD Defect DESCRIPTION Moisture Strength (%) (%) Material Description NA 16 64 Fine to medium SAND with minor silt; light grey. Sand is gap graded. 16.2 m: Encountered trace hard dark orange limonite nodules. Becomes light grey and light orange brown intermixed. 1.0/1.1.1.2.2 N=6 L 17 63 М Fine to coarse sandy SILT with trace clay; dark bluish grey. Low plasticity. 17.9-18 m: Bedding Silty CLAY; dark bluish grey. High Н COAST BAYS FORMATION fractures, laminated. 18 62 plasticity. [Highly weathered MUDSTONE, extremely weak, laminated sub-horizontal. 13.8/5.6.8.8 defects]. NE N=27 CORELOSS NR NA NΑ 3EOTECH MACHINE BOREHOLE - AUCKLAND PBH01-03.GPJ NZ DATA TEMPLATE 2.GDT 8/8/23 EAST 19 61 Clayey SILT with minor fine sand; grey. Low plasticity. [Highly weathered SILTSTONE, extremely weak]. Н М 32.18 for 10mm N=50+ Unweathered to slightly weathered, grey ***** 19.76-19.86 m: Joints: with dark greyish black streaks, SILTSTONE. Very weak to weak, closely Sub-horizontal to steeply inclined, very to moderately narrow (<2mm to 7mm) smooth and rough undulating. spaced to widely spaced defects. 20 60 VW NA 50 for 75mm N=50+ 21 59 Borehole met target depth at 22.565m. Elevations obtained using Auckland Council GIS. Piezometer showed standing water at 9.91 m depth on 24/7/23. UTP = Unable To Penetrate; NA = Not Assessed. Coordinates obtained using handheld GPS.



BOREHOLE LOG MBH01

Geotechnical Investigation 162 - 166 Settlement Road Papakura, Auckland 13230.001.004 Client: Harbour View Heights LP Core Diameter: 83 mm

Date: 13-07-2023 Energy Transfer Ratio:

Hole Depth: 22.565 m
Drilling Method: Borehole
Drilling Contractor: Prodrill Ltd

Logged By/Reviewed By: LM / NM
Latitude: -37.0613229
Longitude: 174.9765254

		Drii	iing v	CONTR	acto	r . Flouriii	Lic	ı		Longitude . T	74.9	700	254
Material	DESCRIPTION	Log Symbol	Strength	Depth (m BGL)	Elevation (mRL)	SPT N-Value / Vane Shear Strength	Sample Type	TCR (%)	RQD (%)	Defect Description	Moisture	Water Level	Piezometer Construction
EAST COAST BAYS FORMATION	Unweathered to slightly weathered, grey with dark greyish black streaks, SILTSTONE. Very weak to weak, closely spaced to widely spaced defects.	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	vw - w	- - - - - - - 22	- - - - 58 — - -	50 for 65mm	NR			21.075-22.5 m: Joints: Closely to moderately widely spaced (180 to 350mm), tight to narrow (Nil to 5mm), sub-horizontal to steeply inclined (0-45 deg), rough and smooth stepped.	NA		

End of Hole Depth: 22.565 m Termination: Target depth

BOREHOLE LOG MBH02 Geotechnical Investigation Date: 12-07-2023 **Energy Transfer Ratio**: 162 - 166 Settlement Road Hole Depth: 15.07 m Logged By/Reviewed By : LM / NM Papakura, Auckland **Drilling Method**: Borehole Latitude : -37.062144 13230.001.004 **Drilling Contractor**: Prodrill Ltd Longitude: 174.9756059 SPT N-Value / Vane Shear Strength Elevation (mRL Sample Type Depth (m BGL) Construction Water Level og Symbol Piezometer TCR RQD Defect DESCRIPTION Moisture Strength (%) (%) Material Description TOPSOIL 2 NA Silty CLAY with trace fine sand; white with yellow and pink streaks. High plasticity. 0.4 m: Becomes yellow with red and 75/32 kPa white mottling. 0.6 m: Becomes light grey with pink St streaks. 0.9 m: becomes white with orange brown and dark pink mottling. 1 75 62/29 kPa Clayey SILT with minor fine sand; white with orange brown mottling. Low plasticity. 1.4 m: Becomes brown, red and grey 55/22 kPa intermixed. 1.5m: Becomes Clayey SILT with some 0.1/0.1.0.1 N=2 fine sand; greyish brown. FORMATION [FAULTED] 2 74 St 2.3 m: Encountered 50mm thick silty CLAY layers with a very stiff consistency at 250 mm spacing. Μ BAYS F Silty CLAY; light grey. High plasticity. VSt 3EOTECH MACHINE BOREHOLE - AUCKLAND PBH01-03.GPJ NZ DATA TEMPLATE 2.GDT 8/8/23 3 73 145/46 kPa Clavev SILT with some fine to coarse sand; light grey. Low plasticity. COAST 0.0/0.0.1.1 N=2 3.45 m: Becomes light grey, orange and pink intermixed. 3.6 m: Becomes greyish brown with orange mottling. 4 72 VSt 4.2 m: Encountered 50mm thick hard dark brown silt vein. 4.3 m: Encountered higher coarse sand content. Becomes yellowish brown and dark brown intermixed. 0.0/1.2.1.1 N=5 4.7 m: Encountered less coarse sand and more fine sand. Becomes light grey with orange brown mottling. 5 71 Clayey SILT with minor fine sand; light grey. Low plasticity. F Borehole met target depth at 15.07m. Elevations obtained using Auckland Council GIS. Piezometer showed standing water at 6.22 m depth on 24/7/23. UTP = Unable To Penetrate; NA = Not Assessed. Coordinates obtained using handheld GPS. TS = Topsoil.

BOREHOLE LOG MBH02 Geotechnical Investigation Date: 12-07-2023 **Energy Transfer Ratio**: 162 - 166 Settlement Road Hole Depth: 15.07 m Logged By/Reviewed By : LM / NM Papakura, Auckland **Drilling Method**: Borehole Latitude : -37.062144 13230.001.004 **Drilling Contractor**: Prodrill Ltd Longitude: 174.9756059 SPT N-Value / Vane Shear Strength Elevation (mRL Depth (m BGL) Sample Type Construction Water Level og Symbol Piezometer TCR RQD Defect DESCRIPTION Moisture Strength Material (%) (%) Description Clayey SILT with minor fine sand; light grey. Low plasticity. F 6 70 39/7 kPa Clayey SILT with some fine to medium sand; light grey. Low plasticity. 0.0/0.1.2.1 6.22 m: Encountered standing groundwater. F 6.9 m: Encountered hard dark brown silt 7 69 bed. EAST COAST BAYS FORMATION [FAULTED] 7.3 m: Encountered yellowish brown staining. 40/7 kPa Fine to coarse sandy SILT with some clay; light grey with hard dark brown silt 1.0/1.0.1.0 N=2 inclusions. Low plasticity. Μ 8 8 68 8.0 m: Becomes light yellowish brown with black specks and faint orange mottling. 3EOTECH MACHINE BOREHOLE - AUCKLAND PBH01-03.GPJ NZ DATA TEMPLATE 2.GDT 8/8/23 F 9 67 33/7 kPa 1.1/2.2.3.2 N=9 Silty CLAY; yellowish brown and dark 9.45-9.65 m: Relict Н brown intermixed. High plasticity. Relict fracture zone with dark orange limonite staining. fracture zone with dark orange limonite Н Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; greyish white with black specks. VSt 10 66 Low plasticity. CLAY with some silt; dark grey. High Н plasticity. UTP kPa Fine sandy SILT with minor clay; grey with faint yellow streaks. Low plasticity MD 2.2/2.2.2.4 Borehole met target depth at 15.07m. Elevations obtained using Auckland Council GIS. Piezometer showed standing water at 6.22 m depth on 24/7/23. UTP = Unable To Penetrate; NA = Not Assessed. Coordinates obtained using handheld GPS. TS = Topsoil.

BOREHOLE LOG MBH02 Geotechnical Investigation Date: 12-07-2023 **Energy Transfer Ratio**: 162 - 166 Settlement Road Hole Depth: 15.07 m Logged By/Reviewed By : LM / NM Papakura, Auckland **Drilling Method**: Borehole Latitude : -37.062144 13230.001.004 **Drilling Contractor**: Prodrill Ltd Longitude: 174.9756059 SPT N-Value / Vane Shear Strength Elevation (mRL Sample Type Depth (m BGL) Construction Water Level og Symbol Piezometer TCR RQD Defect DESCRIPTION Moisture Strength Material (%) (%) Description Fine SAND with trace silt; brown with orange brown streaks. Horizontal 2.2/2.2.2.4 N=10 Μ MD 10.5 m: Encountered fine to medium sands. Becomes light yellowish brown. 11 65 10.9 m: Encountered coarse black sand NR NA NΑ grains. CORELOSS Н М Clayey SILT with minor fine to coarse sand, grey with brown and yellow grains. ××××××××× Low plasticity. Slightly weathered, grey SILTSTONE. Very weak. No defects. VW NA 12 64 13.37 for Slightly weathered, grey with black staining SILTSTONE. Very weak to BAYS FORMATION [FAULTED] NR 50mm N=50+ weak. Defects closely to moderately widely spaced. 12.45-12.55 m: Joints: closely spaced. moderately narrow to moderately wide, gently inclined to sub-vertical, rough stepped. 13.05 m: Joint: very 13 63 narrow (<2mm), sub-horizontal, rough 13.05 m: Defects become very widely COAST stepped EAST 18.32 for 25mm NA PBH01-03.GPJ NZ DATA TEMPLATE 2.GDT 8/8/23 N=50+ 14 62 **SEOTECH MACHINE BOREHOLE - AUCKLAND** 50 for 70mm End of Hole Depth: 15.07 m Termination: Target depth Borehole met target depth at 15.07m. Elevations obtained using Auckland Council GIS. Piezometer showed standing water at 6.22 m depth on 24/7/23. UTP = Unable To Penetrate; NA = Not Assessed.

TS = Topsoil.

Coordinates obtained using handheld GPS.

BOREHOLE LOG MBH03 Geotechnical Investigation Date: 17-07-2023 **Energy Transfer Ratio**: 162 - 166 Settlement Road Hole Depth: 12.125 m Logged By/Reviewed By: KB / NM Papakura, Auckland **Drilling Method**: Borehole Latitude : -37.062144 13230.001.004 **Drilling Contractor**: Prodrill Ltd Longitude: 174.9756059 SPT N-Value / Vane Shear Strength Elevation (mRL Sample Type Depth (m BGL) Construction Water Level Piezometer TCR RQD Defect Moisture DESCRIPTION Strength Material (%) (%) Description [FILL] Silty CLAY with trace fine sand, fine to medium gravels and rootlets; brownish grey. High plasticity. V.St 141/84 kPa Silty CLAY with trace fine sand; orange with light grey mottling. High plasticity. 101/62 kPa VSt Clayey SILT with minor fine sand; orange with light grey mottling. Low plasticity. 101/48 kPa St . 0.1/0.1.1.1 N=3 VSt 2 74 Fine sandy SILT with some clay; light brownish orange with brown and red VSt streaks. Low plasticity. [FAULTED] Silty fine SAND; light orange brown with brown and red streaks. Well sorted. 62/17 kPa Clayey SILT with some fine sand; orange St brown with light grey and brown streaks. BAYS FORMATION Μ Low plasticity SILT with minor clay and fine sand; grey. Low plasticity. 3EOTECH MACHINE BOREHOLE - AUCKLAND PBH01-03.GPJ NZ DATA TEMPLATE 2.GDT 8/8/23 2.8 m: Encountered 50mm thick beds of 3 73 197+ kPa silty fine sand at 100 to 500mm spacing; beds are grey or dark reddish brown. 1.2/2.2.1.2 N=7 COAST EAST VSt - H 4 72 UTP kPa 2.1/1.1.1.1 N=4 5 71 Silty CLAY; grey. High plasticity. Borehole met target depth at 12.125m. Elevations obtained using Auckland Council GIS.

UTP = Unable To Penetrate; NA = Not Assessed.

Piezometer showed standing water at 8.99 m depth on 24/7/23.

Coordinates obtained using handheld GPS.

BOREHOLE LOG MBH03 Geotechnical Investigation Date: 17-07-2023 **Energy Transfer Ratio**: 162 - 166 Settlement Road Hole Depth: 12.125 m Logged By/Reviewed By: KB / NM Papakura, Auckland **Drilling Method**: Borehole Latitude : -37.062144 13230.001.004 **Drilling Contractor**: Prodrill Ltd Longitude: 174.9756059 SPT N-Value / Vane Shear Strength Elevation (mRL Sample Type Depth (m BGL) Construction Water Level og Symbol Piezometer TCR RQD Defect DESCRIPTION Moisture Material (%) (%) Strength Description Silty CLAY; grey. High plasticity. UTP kPa Н 6 70 1.2/2.2.3.4 М Clayey SILT with some fine sand; grey with black specks. Low plasticity. [Highly weathered SILTSTONE. Extremely weak. 6.72 m: Fracture: undulating rough, 10 degrees, orange brown clay infill. Very closely to closely spaced defects.] clay infill. 6.78 m: Fracture: planar smooth, 10 degrees, orange brown clay infill. 6.65-7.1 m: Shear zone. 6.9 m: Fracture: stepped rough, 90 degrees, regree brown elay infill. 7 69 7.08 to 7.28 m: Encountered crushed EAST COAST BAYS FORMATION [FAULTED] zone. orange brown clay infill. 7.08 m: Fracture: planar rough, 20 degrees. Black red gravel infill. 7.23 m: Fracture: planar smooth, 45 degrees. Moderately weathered, grey SILTSTONE. Very weak. Defects closely ***************** 6.8/10.10.8.8 to moderately widely spaced. 7.3-7.4 m: Fractured zone. 8 68 3EOTECH MACHINE BOREHOLE - AUCKLAND PBH01-03.GPJ NZ DATA TEMPLATE 2.GDT 8/8/23 8.45 m: Fracture: stepped smooth, 10 degrees. ▼ 9 67 15.35 for 8.99 m: Encountered standing 45mm N=50+ NA groundwater. 9.27 m: Fracture: undulating smooth clean, 30 degrees. 9.35-9.5 m: Joints: closely spaced, planar rough 45 degrees with brown staining. 9.75 m: Joint: planar slickensided 40 degrees with flakes of rock and 9.75 to 10.5 m: Encountered fault zone. no clay. 10 66 10.3 m: Joint: undulating slickensided 55 degrees with flakes of rock and no clav. Borehole met target depth at 12.125m. Elevations obtained using Auckland Council GIS. Piezometer showed standing water at 8.99 m depth on 24/7/23. UTP = Unable To Penetrate; NA = Not Assessed. Coordinates obtained using handheld GPS.



BOREHOLE LOG MBH03

Geotechnical Investigation 162 - 166 Settlement Road Papakura, Auckland 13230.001.004 Client: Harbour View Heights LP Core Diameter: 83 mm

Date: 17-07-2023 Energy Transfer Ratio:

Hole Depth : 12.125 m Logged By/Reviewed By : KB / NM

Drilling Method : Borehole Latitude : -37.062144

DESCRIPTION Total Description Defect Description Description Defect Description Description Defect Description Descrip		13230.001.004	Dril	ling (Cont	racto	r : Prodrill	Lto	d		Longitude: 1	74.9	756	059
SILTSTONE. Very weak. Defects closely to moderately widely spaced. 11	Material	DESCRIPTION		Strength	Depth (m BGL)	Elevation (mRL)		Sample	(%) 255075	(%)		Moisture	Water Level	Piezometer Construction
	 2	SILTSTONE. Very weak. Defects closely to moderately widely spaced.	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	VW	- - - - - -	-	N=50+ 20.30 for				undulating rough 30 degrees with brown sand. 11.02 m: Joint: undulating rough 5 degrees. 11.43 m: Joint: Stepped rough 5 degrees clean. 11.8 m: Joint: Undulating rough 10	NA		

End of Hole Depth: 12.125 m Termination: Target depth



APPENDIX 6:

ENGEO Hand Auger Logs





Geotechnical Investigation 162-166 Settlement Road Papakura, Auckland 13230.001.004

Shear Vane No: 1413 Client: Harbour View Heights LP Client Ref.: 13230 Logged By : AK Date : 07/06/2023 Reviewed By: NM

Hole Depth: 5 m Latitude: -37.0613478 Longitude: 174.9768666 Hole Diameter : 50 mm

BGL)		Symbol		/mbol	mRL)	<u>e</u>	cond.	cy/ dex	ane Shear (kPa) nolded	Scala Penetrometer	
Depth (m l	Material	USCS Syr	DESCRIPTION	Graphic Symbol	Elevation (mRL)	Water Level	Moisture Cond.	Consistency/ Density Index	Shear Vane Undrained Shear Strength (kPa) Peak/Remolded	Blows per 100mm 2 4 6 8 10 1	12
-	Τ	OL	[TOPSOIL]	<u> </u>	-			N/A			:
-			[FILL] Clayey SILT with minor fine to medium sand and trace fine gravel; greyish brown with occasional orange mottles. Low plasticity.		-				119/65		
0.5 -					81 - - -				188/72		
1.0		ML			-		D	VSt-H	200+		
-					- - -				181/68		
1.5 - -					- 80 -				200+		
- - -			[FILL] Silty CLAY with trace fine sand, trace rootlets and trace fine gravel; light brownish		- - -				102/75		
2.0— - -			grey with orange streaks. High plasticity.		- - -				160/97		
- - 2.5 -	Т:		2.5 m - Becomes white and orange		- - - 79				157/82		
- - -	FILL		intermixed.		- - -				136/78		
3.0 -			2.9 m - Becomes light brownish orange, grey, dark grey and orange intermixed.		- - -				113/82		
- - -		СН			-		М	VSt-H	171/102		
3.5 - - -			3.5 m - Becomes white, orange, pink and yellow intermixed.		−78 - -				82/48		
4.0 -					- -				200+		
- - -			4.1 m - Becomes brownish orange with red mottles.		-				177/119		
4.5 - - -			4.5 m - Encountered 50 mm of grey fine to medium sandy silt.		- —77 - -				172/113		
5.0			4.9 m - Becomes greyish brown (possible buried topsoil).		-				177/102		
			End of Hole Depth: 5 m	•							<u>:</u>
Sta	andir	ng gro	Termination Condition: Target depth met target depth at 5 m. undwater was not encountered. N/A = Not Assessed.			Elev	/atior	ns obtair	ed from Aud	ckland Council GeoMaps.	



Geotechnical Investigation 162-166 Settlement Road Papakura, Auckland 13230.001.004 Client : Harbour View Heights LP Shear Vane No : 1413
Client Ref. : 13230 Logged By : AK
Date : 07/06/2023 Reviewed By : NM

DESCRIPTION DESCRIPTION				Hole Diali	ietei . St	Comparison										
CH	3GL)		loqu		ymbol	(mRL)	<u>—</u>	ond.	cy/ dex	ʻane Shear (kPa) nolded	Ę	Scala	Per	netro	mete	er
CH	oth (m	terial	CS Syr	DESCRIPTION	aphic Sy	vation (ter Lev	isture C	nsisten	Shear V drained rength ak/Ren		Blow	s pe	er 10	0mm	1
TOPSOIL] FILL] Silty CLAY with minor fine to medium sand, trace rotolets and trace fine to medium sand, trace rotolets and trace fine to medium sand, trace rotolets and trace fine to medium sand, trace rotolets and trace fine to medium sand, trace rotolets and trace fine to medium sand, trace rotolets and trace fine to medium sand, trace rotolets and trace fine to medium sand, trace rotolets and trace fine sand and rotolets; light orange with light brown and light grey and occasional white streaks. High plasticity.	Det	Ma	NS		Gre	Ele	Wa	₽	<u>5</u> 5	Und St St	2	4	6	8	10	12
1.5 - 1	- - -	-	OL	[FILL] Silty CLAY with minor fine to medium sand, trace rootlets and trace fine to medium gravel; greyish brown with occasional orange		- - -79 - - - - -			N/A	160/78 140/75						
2.0 HellL) sity CLAY with trace line sand and rootlets; light orange with light brown and light grey and occasional white streaks. High 2.5 CH Sity CLAY with trace fine sand; light orange with light to grey streaks. High plasticity. A.0 VSI-H 136/89	- - - 1.5 -					- -78 - - -				124/65						
3.5 - CH 3.5 - ZOD+ 3.5 - ZOD+ 3.5 - ZOD+ 4.0 - ZO	- - -	FILL		rootlets; light orange with light brown and light grey and occasional white streaks. High		- - - - -77 -		M		128/78						
with light grey streaks. High plasticity. 4.0 UN WYOU A	- - -		СН			 - - - - -76 - -			VSt-H	200+ 177/94						
I End of Hole Depth: 5 m	4.5 -	COAST BAYS FORMATIO	СН	with light grey streaks. High plasticity. 4.05 m - Becomes white with orange streaks. 4.15 m - Becomes white, orange, pink and dark orange intermixed. 4.5 m - Encountered 50 mm layer orange brown fine to coarse sandy silt. 4.55 m - Becomes light orange brown.		- - - - - - - - - -			VSt-H	153/89 189/136						
	-			End of Hole Depth: 5 m Termination Condition: Target depth								:				

Hand Auger met target depth at 5 m.
Standing groundwater was not encountered.
T = Topsoil, N/A = Not Assessed.
Coordinates obtained from handheld GPS.

GEOTECH HAND AUGER HA01-16.GPJ NZ DATA TEMPLATE 2.GDT 10/8/23



Geotechnical Investigation 162-166 Settlement Road Papakura, Auckland 13230.001.004

Client: Harbour View Heights LP Shear Vane No: 2853 Client Ref.: 13230 Logged By: LM Reviewed By: NM Date : 07/06/2023

Latitude: -37.0618588 Hole Depth: 5 m Longitude: 174.9764626 Hole Diameter : 50 mm

BGL)		Symbol	DECORUDINA	Symbol	(mRL)	lavel	Cond.	ncy/ ndex	Vane d Shear n (kPa) molded	;	Scala	Per	netro	mete	er
Depth (m	Material	USCS Sy	DESCRIPTION	Graphic Symbol	Elevation (mRL)	Water Level	Moisture Cond.	Consistency/ Density Index	Shear Vane Undrained Shear Strength (kPa) Peak/Remolded	2	Blow 4	s pe	er 10 8	0mm	
_	_	OL	[TOPSOIL]	\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\fra	_			N/A		:	:	:	:	:	:
- - 0.5 -		<u> </u>	[FILL] Clayey SILT with trace fine sand and fine to medium gravel; dark brown with yellow and grey mottling. Low plasticity.		-				98/34 175/47						
- - 1.0			0.9 m - Becomes dark grey with yellow mottling.		80			St-VSt	149/65						
-					_			SI-VSI	136/26						
1.5 -	FILL	ML			-				108/62						
-					-79 -				57/26						
2.0— - -			1.95 m - Becomes very stiff to hard.						119/55	:					
- - 2.5 - -			2.3 m - Becomes brownish yellow with brown and grey mottling.		-		М	VSt-H	177/98						
-					-78 -				200+	:					
3.0			Silty CLAY; orange yellow with light grey streaks. High plasticity.		-				152/93						
- - 3.5 -	NOI				-			VSt	134/57						
5.5 - -	FORMATION		3.5 m - Becomes light grey with yellow streaks.		- - -77			VOI	113/59						
4.0 -		СН	4.05 m - Becomes stiff.	蓋	-				106/46						
_	EAST COAST BAYS		4.03 III - Becomes sun.	五	-				76/59						
4.5 – -	EAST				-			St	85/43	:					
-			4.8 m - Becomes white.		76 - -				59/36						
5.0			End of Hole Depth: 5 m Termination Condition: Target depth			<u></u>									
Sta	andir	ng gro	met target depth at 5 m. undwater was not encountered. N/A = Not Assessed.			Elev	vatior	ns obtair	ned from Aud	kland	Cou	ncil	Geo	Maps	s.



Geotechnical Investigation 162-166 Settlement Road Papakura, Auckland 13230.001.004

Shear Vane No: 2853 Client: Harbour View Heights LP Client Ref.: 13230 Logged By: LM Date : 07/06/2023 Reviewed By: NM

Hole Depth: 2.2 m Latitude: -37.0620522 Hole Diameter : 50 mm Longitude: 174.9762262

				Hole Diame	eter : 50	0 mm		1			gitud	e : 1	74.9	762	262	
Depth (m BGL)	rial	S Symbol	DESCRIPTI	ON	Graphic Symbol	Elevation (mRL)	Water Level	Moisture Cond.	Consistency/ Density Index	Shear Vane Undrained Shear Strength (kPa) Peak/Remolded					omete	
Dept	Material	nscs			Grap	Eleva	Wate	Mois	Cons	Sh Undr Stre Peal	2	4	лs ре 6) i is	00mm 10	
	<u> </u>	OL	[TOPSOIL]		<u> </u>	-	_		N/A		:	:	:		:	:
- - 0.5 -		OL	[FILL] Clayey SILT with mind grey with yellow and orange plasticity.	or fine sand; dark mottling. Low	1/ 3//	- -79			IVA	152/60						
0.5 - - -			0.5 m - Becomes yellowish buth dark grey and brownish	rown intermixed orange.						96/55						
1.0 -	_					-		М		126/49 102/33						
- - 1.5 -	FILL	ML				- -78			St-VSt	122/60						
- - -			1.7 m - Encountered black s	treaks.						138/67						
2.0— - -			2.1 m - Encountered 50 mm organic silt bed.							UTP						•
- 2.5 - -			2.15 m - Becomes orange by End of Hole Depth: 2.2 m Termination Condition: Pract													→
-																
3.0 - - -																
- 3.5 - -																
- - 4.0 																
-																
4.5 - - -																
- - 5.0-																



Geotechnical Investigation 162-166 Settlement Road Papakura, Auckland 13230.001.004 Client : Harbour View Heights LP Shear Vane No : 2853
Client Ref. : 13230 Logged By : LM
Date : 07/06/2023 Reviewed By : NM

				Hole Dialile		0 1111111					gituue			-		
BGL)		Symbol	DESCRIPTIO	NA I	Symbol	າ (mRL)	evel	Cond.	ncy/ ndex	Shear Vane Undrained Shear Strength (kPa) Peak/Remolded	S	cala	Pen	etro	mete	er
Depth (m BGL)	Material	uscs s	DESCRIPTIO	ЛN	Graphic Symbol	Elevation (mRL)	Water Level	Moisture Cond.	Consistency/ Density Index	Shear Undraine Strengtl Peak/Re	2	Blow 4	s pei 6	- 100 8	0mm 10	
-	⊢	OL	[TOPSOIL]		1, 11,	-			N/A		:	:	:	:	:	:
0.5			[FILL] Clayey SILT with trace of fine gravel; brown intermixed of orange, grey and red. Low pla- sub-rounded greywacke and s	with white, sticity. Gravel is		- - -				82/22 76/47						
- - 1.0—	FILL	ML				- 76 -			St-VSt	10/41						
- - -	ш	IVIL				- -				149/47						
1.5 - - -						- - -75				65/22 146/83						
2.0-			Silty CLAY; light grey with yell High plasticity.	ow mottling.	芸芸	- - -				122/69						
2.5 -		СН				- - -		М	VSt	101/65						
-	NO				至	- 74 -				101/49						
3.0-	FORMATION		Clayey SILT with trace fine sa red and yellow mottling. Low p	nd; white with lasticity.		- - -				149/65						
	COAST BAYS F	ML				- - -			VSt	99/39						
	EAST COAS					- 73 - -				128/63 121/53						
- - - 1.5 -		SM	Silty fine to medium SAND wit shell fragments; brownish grey mottling. Poorly graded.	h trace coarse y with pink		- - - - -			L							
- - 5.0-	•	ML	Fine to coarse sandy SILT; gre Low plasticity.	eyish brown.		72 - -			F	46/43		• :				
			End of Hole Depth: 5 m Termination Condition: Target	depth							:					

Hand Auger met target depth at 5 m. Scala Penetrometer met target depth at 5 m. Standing groundwater was not encountered. T = Topsoil, N/A = Not Assessed.

GEOTECH HAND AUGER HA01-16.GPJ NZ DATA TEMPLATE 2.GDT 10/8/23

Coordinates obtained from handheld GPS. Elevations obtained from Auckland Council GeoMaps.



Geotechnical Investigation 162-166 Settlement Road Papakura, Auckland 13230.001.004 Client Ref.: 13230
Date: 06/06/2023

Client Ref.: 13230
Date: 06/06/2023

Client Ref.: 13230
Client Ref.: 2853

Client Ref.: 2853

Client Reviewed By: LM
Reviewed By: NM

 $\begin{tabular}{lll} \textbf{Hole Depth} & : 5 \ m \\ \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{lll} \textbf{Latitude} & : -37.0622971 \\ \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{lll} \textbf{Hole Diameter} & : 50 \ mm \\ \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{lll} \textbf{Longitude} & : 174.9756079 \\ \end{tabular}$

				Hole Diame	eter : 5	U mm					igituae	. 17	4.91	300	119	
Depth (m BGL)	erial	USCS Symbol	DESCRIPTI	ON	Graphic Symbol	Elevation (mRL)	Water Level	92/30 158/93 St-VSt 180/89 175/98 175/86 VSt 142/66 123/59 M VSt 151/50 157/53 L-MD 43/36								
Jept	Material	SC			Grap	ile 🤆	Nate	Mois	Sons	Stre Jndr Stre Pea					100mm	
	<u></u>	OL)	[TOPSOIL] [FILL] Silty CLAY with minor brown with yellow and grey n plasticity.	fine sand; dark nottling. High	\$116.311	-76				92/30					:	
- - - 1.0 -	FILL	СН	0.8 m - Encountered minor g medium gravel. Sub-rounded	reywacke I.		-75			St-VSt	180/89						
- - 1.5 - -			1.3 m - Becomes dark browr intermixed.	·						175/98			vs per 100mm			
- 2.0 - - -		СН	Silty CLAY; yellow and light of High plasticity.	grey streaked.		- - -74 -			VSt							
- 2.5 - - - - - 3.0-	FORMATION.	ML	Clayey SILT with trace fine s black streaks and pink mottli plasticity.	and; white with ng. Low		- - - - - -		M	VSt	151/50						
- - - 3.5 - -	COAST BAYS FOR	SP	Medium SAND with some sil Sand is poorly graded and w	ell sorted.		-73 - - - -			L-MD							
- - -0	EAST		Fine to coarse sandy SILT; r with black and white mottling	eddish brown . Low plasticity.		- - -72			F			•				
- - - - - - -		ML	4.6 m - Becomes yellowish b Encountered some coarse sl	orown. nell fragments.		- - - - -			VSt	129/43 144/45 152/36						
.0 -			End of Hole Depth: 5 m Termination Condition: Targe	et depth		L									:	

Hand Auger met target depth at 5 m. Scala Penetrometer met target depth at 4 m. Standing groundwater was not encountered. T = Topsoil, N/A = Not Assessed.

GEOTECH HAND AUGER HA01-16.GPJ NZ DATA TEMPLATE 2.GDT 10/8/23

Coordinates obtained from handheld GPS.
Elevations obtained from Auckland Council GeoMaps.



Geotechnical Investigation 162-166 Settlement Road Papakura, Auckland 13230.001.004 Client : Harbour View Heights LP Shear Vane No : 2853
Client Ref. : 13230 Logged By : LM
Date : 06/06/2023 Reviewed By : NM

				Hole Diameter: 50 mm Longitude: 174.9753422											
Depth (m BGL)	Material	USCS Symbol	DESCRIPTI	ON	Graphic Symbol	Elevation (mRL)	Water Level	Moisture Cond.	Consistency/ Density Index	Shear Vane Undrained Shear Strength (kPa) Peak/Remolded				0mm	
-	⊢	OL	[TOPSOIL]		<u> </u>	(17) 			oisture Cond. onsistency/ ensity Index Shear Vane ndrained Shear Strength (KPa) eak/Remolded Blows be 100mu						
0.5 -			Clayey SILT with some fine with light grey streaks. Low p	sand; orange pink plasticity.											
1.0						-74 -74 -			VSt-H	101/29		ala Penetromet			
- - 1.5 -			1.3 m - Becomes light grey v mottling.	vith orange pink		-									
1.5 - - -		ML	1.65 m - Becomes stiff.			-73			St						
2.0-	IC FIELD		1.95 m - Becomes very stiff.			-				131/47					
2.5 - -	SOUTH AUCKLAND VOLCANIC FIELD		2.5 m - Encountered bed of yellow streaked with fibrous	orange and black organics.		-		М	VSt						
3.0—	UCKLAND		,			- 72 -									
- - -	SOUTH A		Fine to coarse sandy SILT w yellowish brown. Low plastic staining at top of unit.	vith minor clay; ity. Limonite		-				57/32					
3.5 -			Stairing at top or unit.			-				80/34					
4.0 		ML				-71 - - -			St-VSt						
4.5 -						-									
- - -		ML	4.6 m - Encountered white conganic granules. Clayey SILT with some fines brown with white streaks. Lo	sand; orange		- - -70			St	92/32					
5.0-			End of Hole Depth: 5 m Termination Condition: Targe	<u> </u>				I			:			:	

Hand Auger met target depth at 5 m. Standing groundwater was not encountered.

Elevations obtained from Auckland Council GeoMaps.

T = Topsoil, N/A = Not Assessed.

Coordinates obtained from handheld GPS.



Geotechnical Investigation 162-166 Settlement Road Papakura, Auckland 13230.001.004

Shear Vane No: 1413 Client: Harbour View Heights LP Client Ref.: 13230 Logged By : AK Date : 06/06/2023 Reviewed By: NM

Hole Depth: 4.6 m Latitude: -37.0619256 Longitude: 174.9755948 Hole Diameter : 50 mm

				Hole Diame							J		1.07	55948	
BGL)		Symbol			ymbol	(mRL)	e	Sond.	cy/ dex	/ane Shea (kPa)		Scala	Pene	tromet	er
Depth (m BGL)	Material	USCS Syr	DESCRIPTI	ON	Graphic Symbol	Elevation (mRL)	Water Level	Moisture Cond.	Consistency/ Density Index	Shear Vane Undrained Shear Strength (kPa) Peak/Remolded	2	Blow 4	s per	100mr 8 10	m 12
_	_	OL	[TOPSOIL]		<u> </u>				N/A		:	:	:		:
0.5 -			[FILL] Clayey SILT with mind gravel and trace organics; or and brown intermixed. Low p Organics comprise rootlets a decomposed bark fragments	ange, light grey lasticity. and partially		- - - -				171/78 UTP					
- - 1.0		ML				72 - -			VSt-H	UTP					
- - 1.5 -	CH				- - -				153/99 184/109						
- - 2.0-	FILL		[FILL] Silty CLAY with trace gravel and rootlets; greyish t mottles. High plasticity.	fine sand, fine prown with orange		- 71 -				UTP					
- - -			2.1 m - Becomes orange and intermixed with light grey and and mottles.	d brown d white streaks		-		M		171/95 142/78					
2.5 - - - -		СН	2.8 m - Encountered 150 mr	n of light pinkish		- - -70			VSt-H	145/85					
3.0 - - -			white with orange streaks.			- - -				136/60 138/63					
- 3.5 - -			Silty fine to coarse SAND wi	th trace clay:		- - -				188/109					
- 1.0-	ECBF	SM	brown, orange and grey integraded.	mixed. Well		69 - - -			MD-D		•				
- 4.5 -	EC	ML	Fine to coarse sandy SILT w brownish grey. Low plasticity	rith some clay; ′.		- - -		W	St-H					•	····· ·
5.0			End of Hole Depth: 4.6 m Termination Condition: Prac	ical refusal											



Geotechnical Investigation 162-166 Settlement Road Papakura, Auckland 13230.001.004

Shear Vane No: 1413 Client: Harbour View Heights LP Client Ref.: 13230 Logged By : AK Date : 06/06/2023 Reviewed By: NM

Hole Depth: 5 m Latitude: -37.0618086 **Longitude**: 174.9758671 Hole Diameter : 50 mm

BGL)		Symbol			ymbo	(mRL	lə/	Sond.	ıcy/ ıdex	/ane I She (kPa) molde	Scal	a Per	netro	mete	er_
Depth (m BGL)	Material	USCS Sy	DESCRIPTI	ON	Graphic Symbol	Elevation (mRL)	Water Level	Moisture Cond.	Consistency/ Density Index	Shear Vane Undrained Shear Strength (kPa) Peak/Remolded	Blo 2 4	ws pe	er 10 8	0mm 10	
_	⊢	OL	[TOPSOIL]		<u> </u>	-73			N/A		: :	:	:	:	:
- - 0.5 - - -			[FILL] Silty CLAY with minor sand, trace fine to medium gorganics; brown with orange grey streaks and mottles. His Orgaincs comprise rootlets a bark fragments.	ravel and , grey and dark gh plasticity.						200+					
- 1.0 - -						- - 72 -				200+					
- 1.5 - - -	FILL	СН	1.65 m - Encountered 100 m	m layer of fine to		- - -			VSt-H	200+					
2.0—			coarse dark grey silty sand.			- - - -71				191/119					
- - 2.5 -						- - -		M		200+					
- - 3.0 						- - -				200+					
- - - -			Silty CLAY with minor fine to and trace fine gravel; light gr orange and pink mottles. Hig	evish brown with		70 - - -				171/102					
3.5 - - - -		СН				- -			VSt	181/106					
4.0 - -	COLLUVIUM					- - 69 -				148/78 171/102					
- - 4.5 -	CC		Clayey SILT with minor fine and trace carbonaceous include brown with orange, grey and	usions; greyish		- - -				200+					
- - -		ML	Low plasticity.			- -			Н	200+					
5.0 -			End of Hole Depth: 5 m Termination Condition: Targe	et depth											
Sta	andir	ng gro	met target depth at 5 m. undwater was not encountere N/A = Not Assessed.	d.			Elev	vatior	ns obtair	ed from Auc	kland Co	uncil	Geo	Maps	S.



Geotechnical Investigation 162-166 Settlement Road Papakura, Auckland 13230.001.004

Shear Vane No: 1413 Client: Harbour View Heights LP Client Ref.: 13230 Logged By : AK Date : 07/06/2023 Reviewed By: NM

Hole Depth: 5 m Latitude: -37.0616343 **Longitude**: 174.9760886 Hole Diameter : 50 mm

FILLI Clayer SILT with minor fine to medium and trace routelts and fine to coarse gravel; brownish orange with light grey streaks. Low plasticity. 124/51 -73 150/60 1.1 m - Becomes brown and grey intermixed with occasional orange mottles. -73 150/60 200+				noie Diamet	lei . 50	ШШ					gituue	; . I/	4.97	000	00	
Fine to coarse sandy SiLT with minor clay:	BGL)	loqm			Symbol	(mRL)	vel	Cond.	ncy/ ndex	Vane d Shear n (kPa) molded	S	Scala	Pene	etroi	mete	r
Fine to coarse sandy SiLT with minor clay:	Depth (m BGL) Material	ISCS Sy	DESCRIPTION	1	sraphic §	levation	Vater Le	1oisture	onsister	Shear Indraine Strength						
Time to coarse sandy StLT with minor clay; St-Vst S			[TOPSOIL]		7. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	Ш	>	2			:	<u>4</u> :	:	:	10	12
1.1 m - Becomes brown and grey intermixed with occasional orange mottles. 1.1 m - Becomes brown and grey intermixed with occasional orange mottles. 200+ VSI-H 200+ VSI-H 200+ UTP 71 UTP 75/44 Sitty CLAY with trace fine sand; light grey with orange streaks. High plasticity. 75/44 113/77 SI-VSI 113/77 SI-VSI 113/77 SI-VSI 113/77 SI-VSI 113/44 4 m - Encountered So Inm of trace fine to coarse crushable sit gravel. Gravel is dark orange. MI MI MI Fine to coarse sandy SiLT with minor clay; bluish grey. Low plasticity. 4 m - Encountered So Inm of trace fine to coarse crushable sit gravel. Gravel is dark orange. MI Fine to coarse sandy SiLT with minor clay; bluish grey. Low plasticity. End of Hole Depth: 5 m Termination Condition: Target depth	.5 -	OL	[FILL] Clayey SILT with minor fit sand, trace rootlets and fine to compression or sange with light grey states.	coarse gravel;		_			N/A	138/58						
1.1 m - Becomes brown and grey intermixed with occasional orange mottles. 200+ 200+ VSI-H 200+ VSI-H 200+ 199/85 UTP UTP Silty CLAY with trace fine sand; light grey with orange streaks. High plasticity. CH 3.9 m - Becomes with some fine to medium sand. Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; light grey with orange streaks. Low plasticity. ML Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; light grey with orange streaks. Low plasticity. ML Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; light grey with orange streaks. Low plasticity. ML Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; light grey with orange streaks. Low plasticity. ML Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; light grey with orange streaks. Low plasticity. ML Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; light grey with orange streaks. Low plasticity. ML Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; light grey with orange streaks. Low plasticity. ML Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; light grey with orange streaks. Low plasticity. ML Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; light grey with orange streaks. Low plasticity. ML Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; light grey with orange streaks. Low plasticity. ML Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; light grey with orange streaks. Low plasticity. ML Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; light grey with orange streaks. Low plasticity. ML Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; light grey with orange streaks. Low plasticity. ML Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; light grey with orange streaks. Low plasticity. ML Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; light grey with orange streaks. Low plasticity. ML Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; light grey with orange streaks. Low plasticity. MI Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; light grey with orange streaks. Low plasticity.	5					-73										
ML Silty CLAY with trace fine sand; light grey with orange streaks. High plasticity. CH 3.9 m - Becomes with some fine to medium sand. Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; light grey with orange streaks. Low plasticity. Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; light grey with orange streaks. Low plasticity. Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; light grey with orange streaks. Low plasticity. Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; bluish grey. Low plasticity. Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; bluish grey. Low plasticity. End of Hole Depth: 5 m Termination Condition: Target depth	0		1.1 m - Becomes brown and gre	ey intermixed												
Silty CLAY with trace fine sand; light grey with orange streaks. High plasticity. CH 3.9 m - Becomes with some fine to medium sand. Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; light grey with orange streaks. Low plasticity. Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; light grey with orange streaks. Low plasticity. ML Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; light grey with orange streaks. Low plasticity. ML Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; light grey. Low plasticity. Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; light grey. Low plasticity. End of Hole Depth: 5 m Termination Condition: Target depth	5 - -		with occasional trange motiles.			-			VC: : :	200+						
Silty CLAY with trace fine sand; light grey with orange streaks. High plasticity. CH 3.9 m - Becomes with some fine to medium sand. Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; light grey with orange streaks. Low plasticity. Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; light grey with orange streaks. Low plasticity. ML Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; light grey with orange streaks. Low plasticity. ML Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; bluish grey. Low plasticity. ML Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; bluish grey. Low plasticity. End of Hole Depth: 5 m Termination Condition: Target depth	- - - -	ML				-72			VSt-H	200+						
Silty CLAY with trace fine sand; light grey with orange streaks. High plasticity. CH 3.9 m - Becomes with some fine to medium sand. Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; light grey with orange streaks. Low plasticity. Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; light grey with orange streaks. Low plasticity. At 4 m - Encountered 50 mm of trace fine to coarse crushable silt gravel. Gravel is dark orange. ML Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; bluish grey. Low plasticity. End of Hole Depth: 5 m Termination Condition: Target depth	- - -					-		М								
Silty CLAY with trace fine sand; light grey with orange streaks. High plasticity. CH 3.9 m - Becomes with some fine to medium sand. Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; light grey with orange streaks. Low plasticity. 4.4 m - Encountered standing groundwater. Encountered 50 mm of trace fine to coarse crushable silt gravel. Gravel is dark orange. ML Fine to coarse sandy SILT with minor clay; bluish grey. Low plasticity. End of Hole Depth: 5 m Termination Condition: Target depth	5 - - -															
orange streaks. High plasticity. Total and the plasticity of the plasticity orange streaks. High plasticity. Total and the plasticity orange streaks. High plasticity. Total and the plasticity orange streaks. High plasticity. Total and the plasticity orange streaks. High plasticity. Total and the plasticity orange streaks. Low plasticity. Total and the plas) -		Silty CLAV with troop fine condu	light growwith		-71				UTP						
3.9 m - Becomes with some fine to medium sand. To Standard	5 - 8			ngni grey with		_				75/44						
3.9 m - Becomes with some fine to medium sand. Sylve of the color o	ORMATIC	СН				-70			St-VSt							
S S S S S S S S S S	BAYS			to medium												
S S S S S S S S S S)AS		Fine to posses sends Off To 10	minor elec		-	$ _{\nabla} $:
bluish grey. Low plasticity. End of Hole Depth: 5 m Termination Condition: Target depth	EAST CC	ML	light grey with orange streaks. L 4.4 m - Encountered standing gr Encountered 50 mm of trace fin	ow plasticity. roundwater. e to coarse	-	-69	-		VSt-H							
Termination Condition: Target depth	0 -	ML	bluish grey. Low plasticity.	minor clay;				_W_	Н							
Elovationo obtainoa nom / taotitana Odditoli Odditalia.	Hand	Auge	Termination Condition: Target d	epth			Elev	/atior	ns obtain	ed from Aud	kland	: Cour	ncil G	: Geol	і Ларя	 s.

GEOTECH HAND AUGER HA01-16.GPJ NZ DATA TEMPLATE 2.GDT 10/8/23

Dip test showed standing water at 4.4 m depth during drilling.

T = Topsoil, N/A = Not Assessed.

Coordinates obtained from handheld GPS.



Geotechnical Investigation 162-166 Settlement Road Papakura, Auckland 13230.001.004

Shear Vane No: 1413 Client: Harbour View Heights LP Client Ref.: 13230 Logged By : AK Date : 07/06/2023 Reviewed By: NM

Hole Depth: 5 m Latitude: -37.0613141 Longitude: 174.9761883 Hole Diameter : 50 mm

BGL)		Symbol			symbo	(mRL	vel	Cond.	ncy/ ndex	Vane d Shea (KPa) molde	5	Scala	Pen	etrom	eter	
Depth (m BGL)	Material	USCS Sy	DESCRIPTI	ON	Graphic Symbol	Elevation (mRL)	Water Level	Moisture Cond.	Consistency/ Density Index	Shear Vane Undrained Shear Strength (kPa) Peak/Remolded	2	Blow 4	s pe	r 100n 8 1	ım 0 1	12
_	Τ	OL	[TOPSOIL]		\(\frac{\lambda 1_N}{\tau}\)\(\frac{\lambda 1_N}{\tau}\)\(_			N/A		:	:	:	:		:
- - 0.5 - - -			[FILL] Clayey SILT with mind sand, trace rootlets and fine gravel; orange brown, grey a intermixed. Low plasticity.	to medium		- - 74 -		D		200+						
- - 1.0-		ML	AA Baaran aan aa da			- - -			VSt-H	114/78	:					
- - - 1.5 -			1.1 m - Becomes grey and b with occasional orange mottl	rown intermixed es.		- - - -73				200+ UTP	:					
- - -	FILL		[FILL] Silty CLAY with minor	fine to medium		- -				181/123						
2.0— - -			sand, trace rootlets and fine gravel; light grey with orange plasticity. 2.1 m - Becomes orange bro	streaks. High		- -				200+						
- - 2.5 -		СН	mottles. 2.5 m - Becomes light grey v streaks.	vith orange		- - 72 -			VSt-H	171/102						
- - 3.0 						-		М		142/82 128/72						
J.U - - -	7	СН	Silty CLAY with minor fine to light grey with orange streaks			- - -			VSt	114/58	:					
3.5 – – –	DRMATION		Clayey SILT with minor fine t light grey with orange streaks	to medium sand; s. Low plasticity.		−71 - -				123/51						
4.0 -	BAYSFO					- - -				126/72						
- - 4.5	EAST COAST BAYS	ML				- - -			VSt	114/53						
4.5 - - - - -	EAS		4.6 m - Encountered some fi sand. Becomes grey with ocustreaks.			 70 - - - -				116/75 140/75						
5.0 -			 End of Hole Depth: 5 m Termination Condition: Targe	et depth							:	:				
Sta	andir	ng gro	met target depth at 5 m. undwater was not encountere N/A = Not Assessed.	d.			Elev	vatior	ns obtair	ned from Auc	kland	l Coui	ncil (GeoMa	ps.	



Geotechnical Investigation 162-166 Settlement Road Papakura, Auckland 13230.001.004 Client : Harbour View Heights LP Shear Vane No : 1413
Client Ref. : 13230 Logged By : AK
Date : 07/06/2023 Reviewed By : NM

 $\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{Hole Depth} : 5 \text{ m} & \textbf{Latitude} : -37.0610466 \\ \textbf{Hole Diameter} : 50 \text{ mm} & \textbf{Longitude} : 174.9767094 \\ \end{array}$

			Hole Diali		0 1111111					gituu	.	1 4.01	010	100mm 8 10	
BGL)		Symbol		ymbol	(mRL)	 	Sond.	cy/ dex	'ane Shear (kPa) nolded	ę	Scala	ı Pen	etro	mete	er
Depth (m BGL)	Material	USCS Syr	DESCRIPTION	Graphic Symbol	Elevation (mRL)	Water Level	Moisture Cond.	Consistency/ Density Index	Shear Vane Undrained Shear Strength (kPa) Peak/Remolded		Blow	/s pe	r 10	0mm	ı
۵	Ĕ	ŝ	ITODOOU 1	Ū	ă	Š	ž	ပိဝိ	20.5	2	4	6	8	10	12
-	⊥	OL	[TOPSOIL]		_			N/A			:	:		:	
- - 0.5 -			[FILL] Clayey SILT with minor fine to medium sand trace rootlets and fine gravel; grey with orange streaks and mottles. Low plasticity.		- -				200+						
-	-				- -				130/61						
1.0— -					- 82 -				171/73 160/72						
- - 1.5 -		ML	1.5 m - Encountered some fine to medium		-			VSt-H	199/90						
- - -			sand. Becomes light brownish orange with light grey streaks.		-				200+						
2.0 - -	FILL		2.2 m - Becomes intermixed reddish brown		81 - -				UTP						
2.5 -			and blue and greenish grey with orange mottles. [FILL] Silty CLAY with trace fine sand and		- -		M		200+						
-			trace rootlets; orange and light grey intermixed with occasional brown mottles. High plasticity.		-				143/92						
3.0		СН			80 			VSt-H	200+						
- - 3.5 -	-		3.2 - 3.4 m - Becomes greyish brown with orange mottles.		-				198/126						
- - -			Silty CLAY with trace fine sand; light grey with		-				159/102						
4.0 -			orange streaks. High plasticity.		- 79 -				133/84						
- - 4.5 -	ECBF	СН			-			VSt	155/95 153/89						
-	"				- -				143/89						
					-				1.3,00		:			:	:
5.0-		1	End of Hole Depth: 5 m Termination Condition: Target depth		78	1	I								
										<u> </u>	:_				

Hand Auger met target depth at 5 m.

GEOTECH HAND AUGER HA01-16.GPJ NZ DATA TEMPLATE 2.GDT 10/8/23

Standing groundwater was not encountered.

T = Topsoil, N/A = Not Assessed, ECBF = East Coast Bays Formation.

Coordinates obtained from handheld GPS.



Geotechnical Investigation 162-166 Settlement Road Papakura, Auckland 13230.001.004

Shear Vane No: 2853 Client: Harbour View Heights LP Client Ref.: 13230 Logged By: LM **Date**: 06/06/2023 Reviewed By: NM

Hole Depth: 3.7 m Latitude: -37.0622823

		1	3230.001.004	Hole Diam	eter : 5	0 mm				Lor	gitud	e : 17	4.974	0186	
BGL)		loo		•	loqu	RL)		nd.	/ X	ne hear Pa) Ided		I-	D	4	
Depth (m BC	Material	USCS Symbol	DESCRIPTI	ON	Graphic Symbol	Elevation (mRL)	Water Level	Moisture Cond.	Consistency/ Density Index	Shear Vane Undrained Shear Strength (kPa) Peak/Remolded			s per	100mn 8 10	
_	Τ	OL	[TOPSOIL]		1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1				N/A		:	:	:	: :	:
-		СН	[FILL] Silty CLAY intermixed yellow with light grey streaks with grey mottling. High plas	and dark brown ticity.		-			VSt	148/56					
0.5 - - -		ML	[FILL] Fine sandy SILT with yellowish brown with orange mottling. Low plasticity.	and grey		- - -64			VSt	158/39					
1.0-	FILL	SM	[FILL] Silty fine to coarse SA coarse shell fragments; brow light grey mottling and white graded.	nish yellow with		- - - - - - -			L-MD						
1.5 -		_λ CH	[FILL] Silty CLAY; white with High plasticity.	black streaks.				м	St						
-		ML	[FILL] SILT with minor coars	e sand; brown.		-63			St						
2.0 -		ML	Low plasticity. [FILL] Clayey SILT with som and fibrous organics; yellowi black mottling. Low plasticity	sh grey with		- -			Н		; ; ; ; ; ;				>
2.5 - - - -	S FORMATION	ML	Fine sandy SILT with some of yellow. Low plasticity. 2.4 m - Becomes light grey organic mottling. 2.6 m - Becomes streaked orgrey. 2.8 m - Becomes orange.	vith fibrous		- - - - - -62			St	55/29 88/32					
3.0	ST BAYS	СН	Silty CLAY with trace fine sa plasticity. Silty CLAY; grey. High plasti			-			VSt	168/96					
- - 3.5 -	EAST COAST	СН	3.2 m - Encountered standin Becomes saturated.			- -	Ā	s	VSt-H	200+					
-	E/		End of Hole Depth: 3.7 m							UTP					>
4.0— - -			Termination Condition: Pract	lical refusal											
4.5 - - -															
5.0-															



Geotechnical Investigation 162-166 Settlement Road Papakura, Auckland 13230.001.004 Client Ref.: 13230
Date: 06/06/2023

Client Ref.: 13230
Client Ref.: 13230
Client Ref.: 13230
Client Ref.: 13230
Client Ref.: 13230
Client Reviewed By: NM

		note Diameter : 50 mm										Longitude : 174.9733993						
Depth (m BGL)	Material	USCS Symbol			ymbol	(mRL)	Water Level	Moisture Cond.	Consistency/ Density Index	Shear Vane Undrained Shear Strength (kPa) Peak/Remolded	Scala Penetrometer							
			DESCRIPTION		Graphic Symbol	Elevation (mRL)						Blow	/s pe	r 10	0mm	1		
ă	Ĕ	Š			Ö	ă	≶	ž	ပိဝိ	20g	2	4	6	8	10	12		
-	⊢	OL	[TOPSOIL]	<u>\`</u>	××××	*			N/A									
-	ш	СН	[FILL] Silty CLAY with minor fine to medium sand, trace rootlets and fine gravel; brown with orange, red and grey mottles. High	<u> </u>		<u>}</u>			H VSt-H	UTP	:	:	:	:	:	:		
0.5 -	BTS	OL	plasticity. [BURIED TOPSOIL]	<u></u> .	<u>,\.\./</u> .	- 59				171/58		:						
-	-	СН	Silty CLAY with trace fine sand and rootlets; light brownish orange. High plasticity.						VSt			:						
- 1.0 				=	=	-				181/65		:		:				
-			Clayey SILT with some fine to medium sand and occasional organics; light grey mottled						VSt-H	162/68								
- 1.5 -	-		orange. Low plasticity. Organics comprise decomposed bark fragments							167/61								
1.5 - - -						58 - -				107/01		:						
-			1.9 m - Becomes dark orange with light grey			-				200+								
2.0-			and white streaks. Organics cease. 2.1 m - Becomes light grey with orange			-				200+		:				:		
-	VIION		mottles.							191/68		:						
2.5 -	FORMATION					-57 -		D		191/00								
-	BAYS F		2.7 m - Encountered 100 mm layer of dark orange with occasional light grey streaks.			-				177/51								
3.0	COAST B	ML	orange with occasional light grey streams.			-				162/34		:						
-	EAST CO,									200+		:						
- 3.5 -						- 56 -				200		:						
-			3.7 m - Encountered minor fine to medium							200+		:		:		:		
4.0 			sand. Becomes grey.							200+								
+.U = - -						-				199/95		:						
-						-						:		:	:	:		
4.5 - -						55 -				153/82		:	:					
-						Ė				171/87		:						
5.0-			End of Hole Donthy E re											-	:			
-	-		End of Hole Depth: 5 m Termination Condition: Target depth								:	:	i	÷	i	:		

Hand Auger met target depth at 5 m.
Standing groundwater was not encountered.
T = Topsoil, N/A = Not Assessed, F = Fill, BTS = Buried Topsoil.
BTS = Buried Topsoil.

GEOTECH HAND AUGER HA01-16.GPJ NZ DATA TEMPLATE 2.GDT 10/8/23

Coordinates obtained from handheld GPS. Elevations obtained from Auckland Council GeoMaps.



LOG OF AUGER HA15

Geotechnical Investigation 162-166 Settlement Road Papakura, Auckland 13230.001.004

Shear Vane No: 1413 Client: Harbour View Heights LP Client Ref.: 13230 Logged By : AK Date : 06/06/2023 Reviewed By: NM

Hole Depth: 1.3 m Latitude: -37.0623353 Longitude: 174.9732686 Hole Diameter : 50 mm

(T)		_	noie Diame		l		ър.	. ×		igituu					
Depth (m BGL) Material		USCS Symbol	DESCRIPTION	Graphic Symbol	Elevation (mRL)	Water Level	Water Level Moisture Cond.	Consistency/ Density Index	Shear Vane Undrained Shear Strength (kPa) Peak/Remolded	2			etrom r 100r 8 1	nm	
	_	OL	[TOPSOIL]	<u>11/</u> <u>11/</u>		_	_	N/A		:	:	:	:	<u>. </u>	<u>:-</u>
- - -	Н	ML	[FILL] Clayey SILT with minor fine to medium sand and trace rootlets; brown with orange and grey mottles. Low plasticity.		-			Н	UTP						
0.5 - - -	ш		Clayey SILT with some fine to medium sand; grey. Low plasticity.		- - 57		М		UTP						
- - 1.0—	ECBF	ML			- - -			н	UTP						
- - -			End of Hole Depths 1.2 m		_				200+						
- 1.5 -			End of Hole Depth: 1.3 m Termination Condition: Practical refusal							:	:			:	
-															
2.0-											:				
-											:				
2.5 - - -											:				
- 3.0-											:				
-															
- 3.5 -															
-															
4.0 -															
- - 4.5 -															
- - -											:				
- 5.0 											:				
Sc:	ala F andir	Penetr ng gro	met practical refusal on hard material at 1.3 m d rometer met practical refusal at 1.3 m depth. oundwater was not encountered. N/A = Not Assessed, ECBF = East Coast Bays						nined from ha				GeoMa	aps.	-



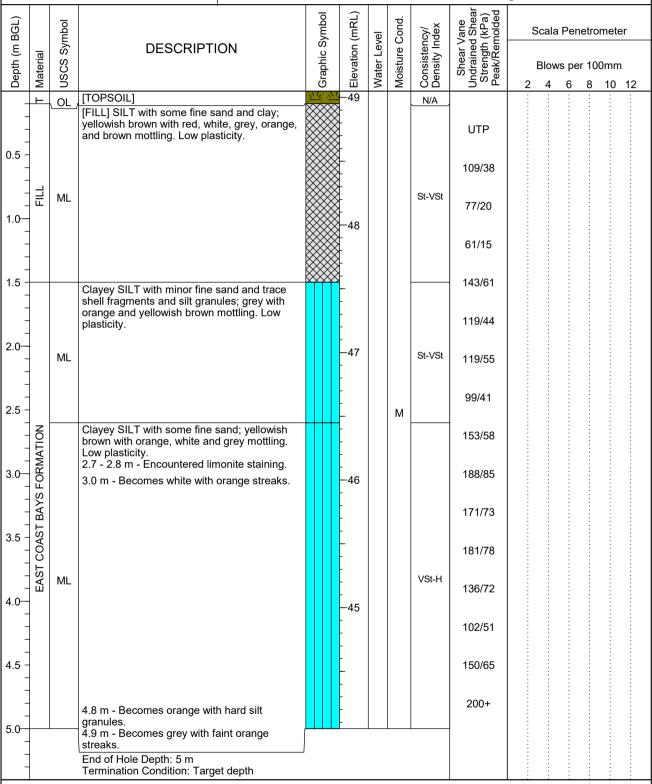
LOG OF AUGER HA16

Geotechnical Investigation 162-166 Settlement Road Papakura, Auckland 13230.001.004 Client Ref. : 13230
Date : 06/06/2023

Client Ref. : 13230
Reviewed By : NM

 Hole Depth
 : 5 m
 Latitude
 : -37.062539

 Hole Diameter
 : 50 mm
 Longitude
 : 174.9730977



Hand Auger met target depth at 5 m. Standing groundwater was not encountered. T = Topsoil, N/A = Not Assessed. Coordinates obtained from handheld GPS.

SEOTECH HAND AUGER HA01-16.GPJ NZ DATA TEMPLATE 2.GDT 10/8/23

Elevations obtained from Auckland Council GeoMaps.



APPENDIX 7:

Laboratory Results





Babbage Geotechnical Laboratory

Level 4

68 Beach Road P O Box 2027 Auckland 1010 New Zealand Telephone 64-9-367 4954 E-mail wec@babbage.co.nz

Please reply to: W.E. Campton Page 1 of 3

ENGEO LTD. PO Box 33-1527 Takapuna Auckland 0740

Job Number: 66273#L **BGL** Registration Number: 3064

Checked by: WEC

16th June 2023

Attention: BEN FLEETWOOD

ATTERBERG LIMITS & LINEAR SHRINKAGE TESTING

Dear Sir,

SETTLEMENT ROAD, PAPAKURA

Your Reference: 13230,001,004

Report Number: 66273#L/AL Settlement Rd

The following report presents the results of Atterberg Limits & Linear Shrinkage testing at BGL of soil samples delivered to this laboratory on the 8th of June 2023. Test results are summarised below, with page 3 showing where the samples plot on the Unified Soil Classification System (Casagrande) Chart. Test standards used were:

> **Water Content:** NZS4402:1986:Test 2.1 **Liquid Limit:** NZS4402:1986:Test 2.2 **Plastic Limit:** NZS4402:1986:Test 2.3 Plasticity Index: NZS4402:1986:Test 2.4 Linear Shrinkage: NZS4402:1986:Test 2.6

Borehole Number	Sample Number	Depth (m)	Water Content (%)	Liquid Limit	Plastic Limit	Plasticity Index	Linear Shrinkage (%)*
SS01	Sample 1	0.30 - 0.50	33.8	66	25	41	16
SS02	Sample 2	0.30 - 0.50	30.7	62	26	36	15
SS03	Sample 3	0.30 - 0.50	44.0	65	31	34	14

^{*}The amount of shrinkage of the sample as a percentage of the original sample length.



Job Number: 66273#L 16th June 2023 Page 2 of 3

The whole soils were used for the water content tests (the soils were in a natural state), and for the liquid limit, plastic limit & linear shrinkage tests. The soils were wet up and dried where required for the liquid limit, plastic limit & linear shrinkage tests.

As per the reporting requirements of NZS4402: 1986: Test 2.1: water content is reported to two significant figures for values below 10%, and to three significant figures for values of 10% or greater. Test 2.2: liquid limit, test 2.3: plastic limit, and test 2.6: linear shrinkage are reported to the nearest whole number.

Please note that the test results relate only to the samples as-received, and relate only to the samples under test.

Thank you for the opportunity to carry out this testing. If you have any queries regarding the content of this report please contact the person authorising this report below at your convenience.

Yours faithfully,

Justin Franklin Key Technical Person Assistant Laboratory Manager Babbage Geotechnical Laboratory



All tests reported herein have been performed in accordance with the laboratory's scope of accreditation. This report may not be reproduced except in full & with written approval from BGL.



Job Number:	66273#L	Sheet 1 of 1	Page 3 of 3
Reg. Number:	3064	Version No:	7
Report No:	66273#L/AL Settlement Rd	Version Date:	July 2022

Project:

SETTLEMENT ROAD, PAPAKURA

DETERMINATION OF THE LIQUID LIMIT, PLASTIC LIMIT & THE PLASTICITY INDEX

Test Methods: NZS4402: 1986: Test 2.2, Test 2.3 and Test 2.4

Tested By:	TL / JW	June 2023
Compiled By:	JF	16/06/2023
Checked By:	JF	16/06/2023

SUMMARY OF TESTING								
Borehole Number	Sample Number	Depth (m)	Liquid Limit	Plastic Limit	Plasticity Index	Soil Classification Based on USCS Chart Below		
SS01	Sample 1	0.30 - 0.50	66	25	41	СН		
SS02	Sample 2	0.30 - 0.50	62	26	36	СН		
SS03	Sample 3	0.30 - 0.50	65	31	34	CH / MH		

The chart below & soil classification terminology is taken from ASTM D2487-17^{e1} "Standard Practice for Classification of Soils for Engineering Purposes (Unified Soil Classification System)", April 2020, & is based on the classification scheme developed by A. Casagrande in the 1940's (Casagrande, A., 1948: Classification and identification of soil. Transactions of the American Society of Civil Engineers, v. 113, p. 901-930). The chart below & the soil classification given in the table above are included for your information only, and are not included in the IANZ endorsement for this report.

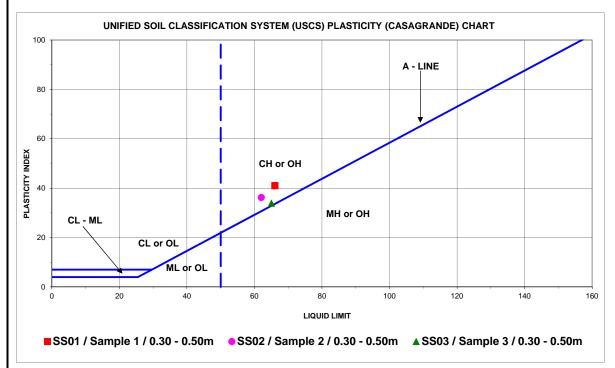


CHART LEGEND

CL = CLAY, low plasticity ('lean' clay)

CH = CLAY, high plasticity ('fat' clay)

OL = ORGANIC CLAY or ORGANIC SILT, low liquid limit

OH = ORGANIC CLAY or ORGANIC SILT, high liquid limit

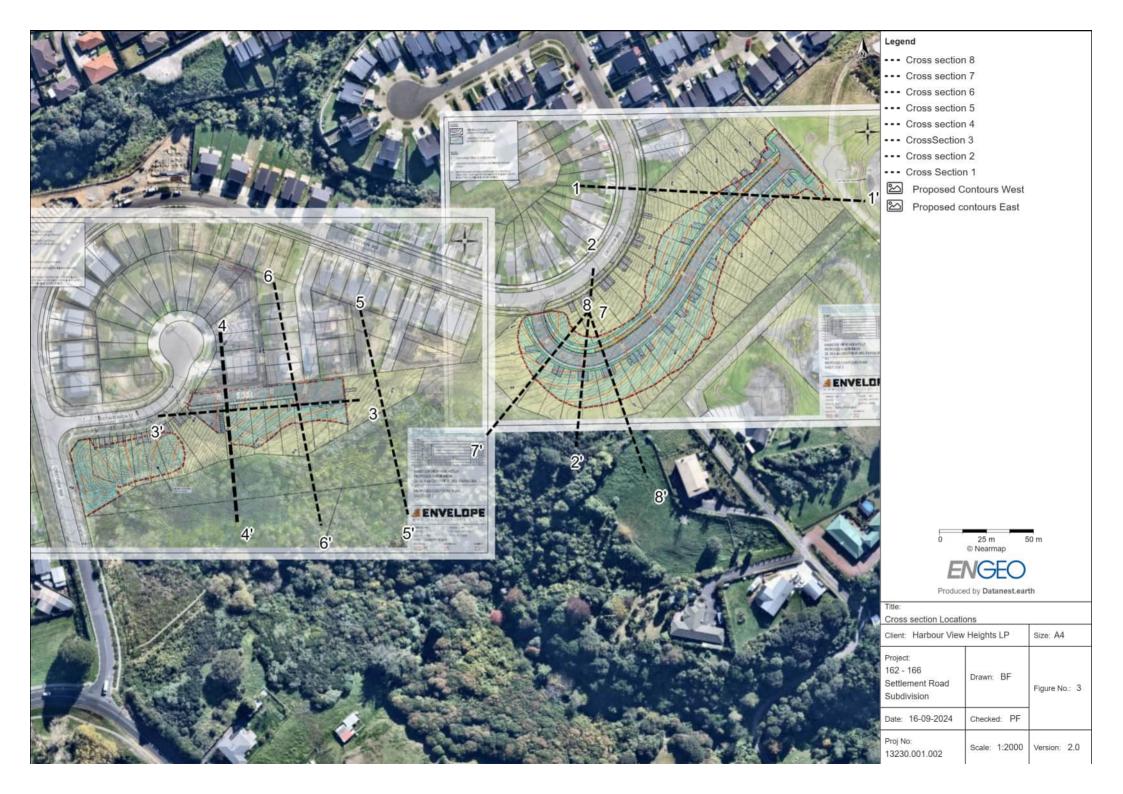
ML = SILT, low liquid limit CL - ML = SILTY CLAY MH = SILT, high liquid limit ('elastic silt')



APPENDIX 8:

Slide Model Cross Section Locations



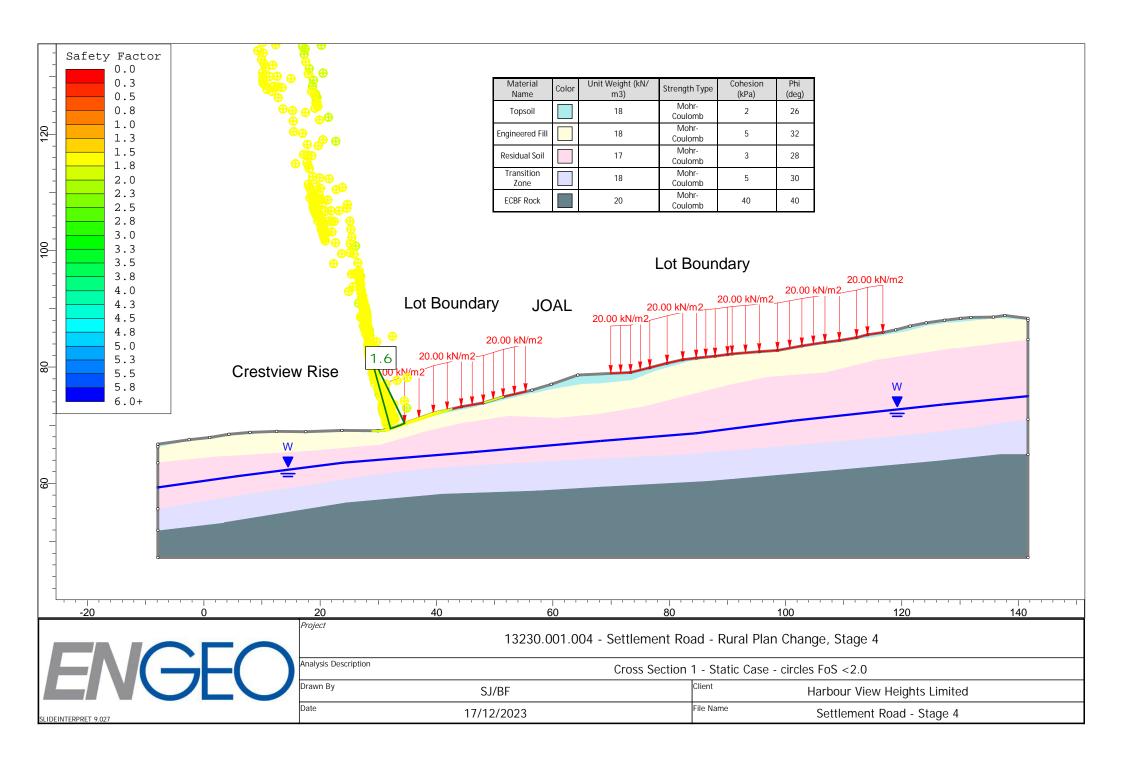


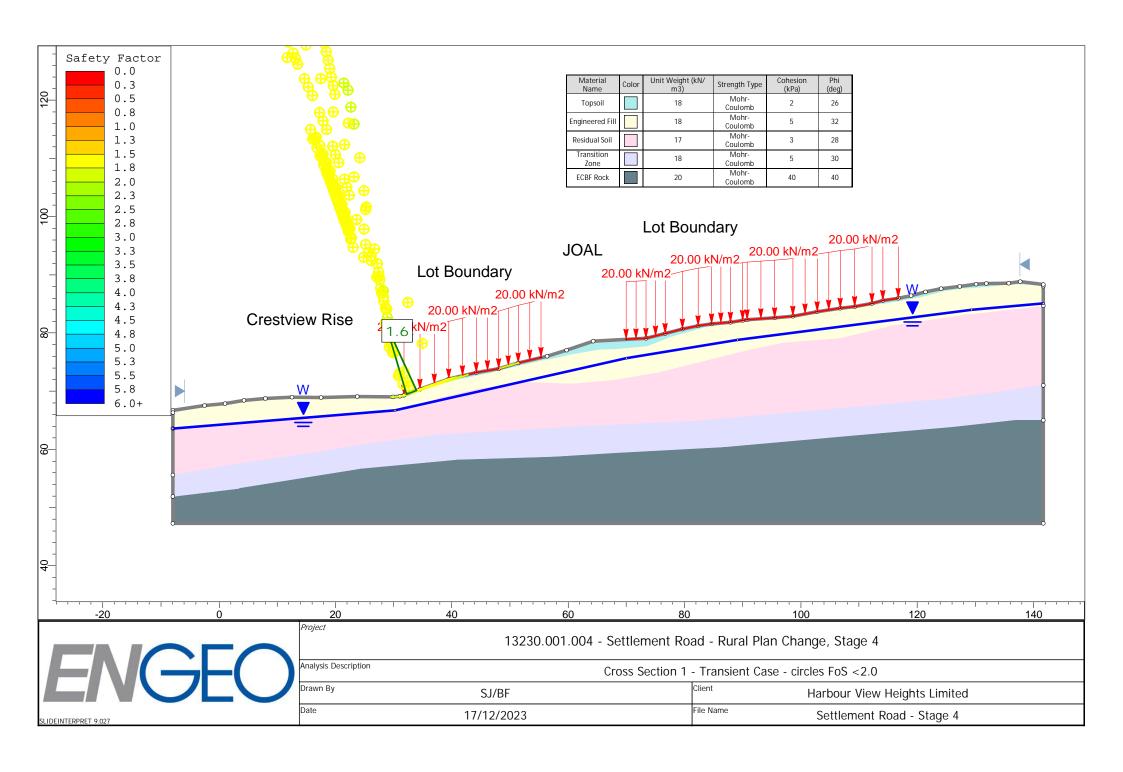


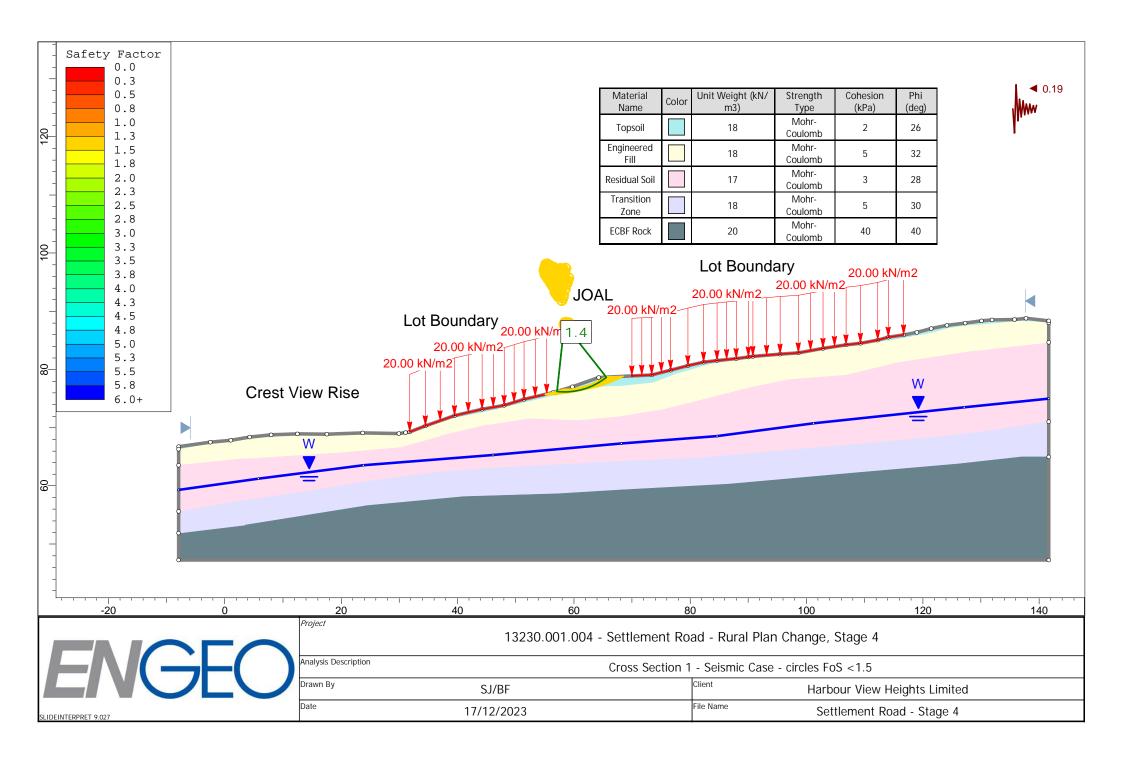
APPENDIX 9:

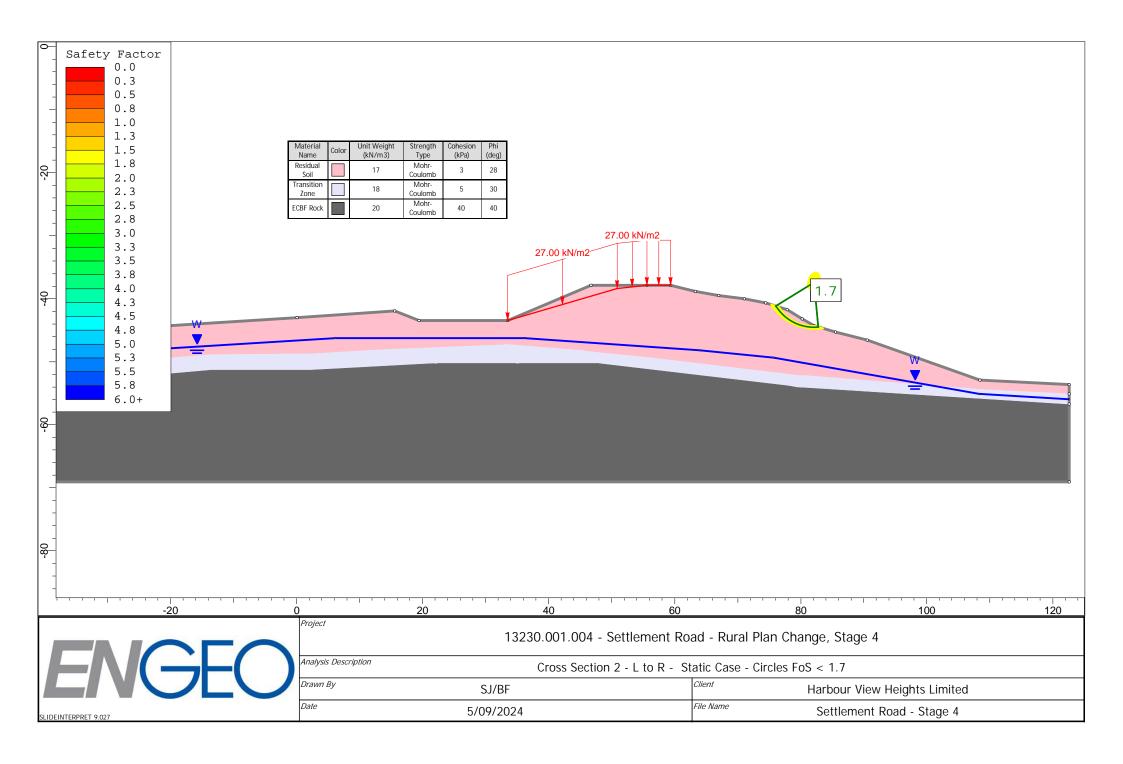
Slide Outputs

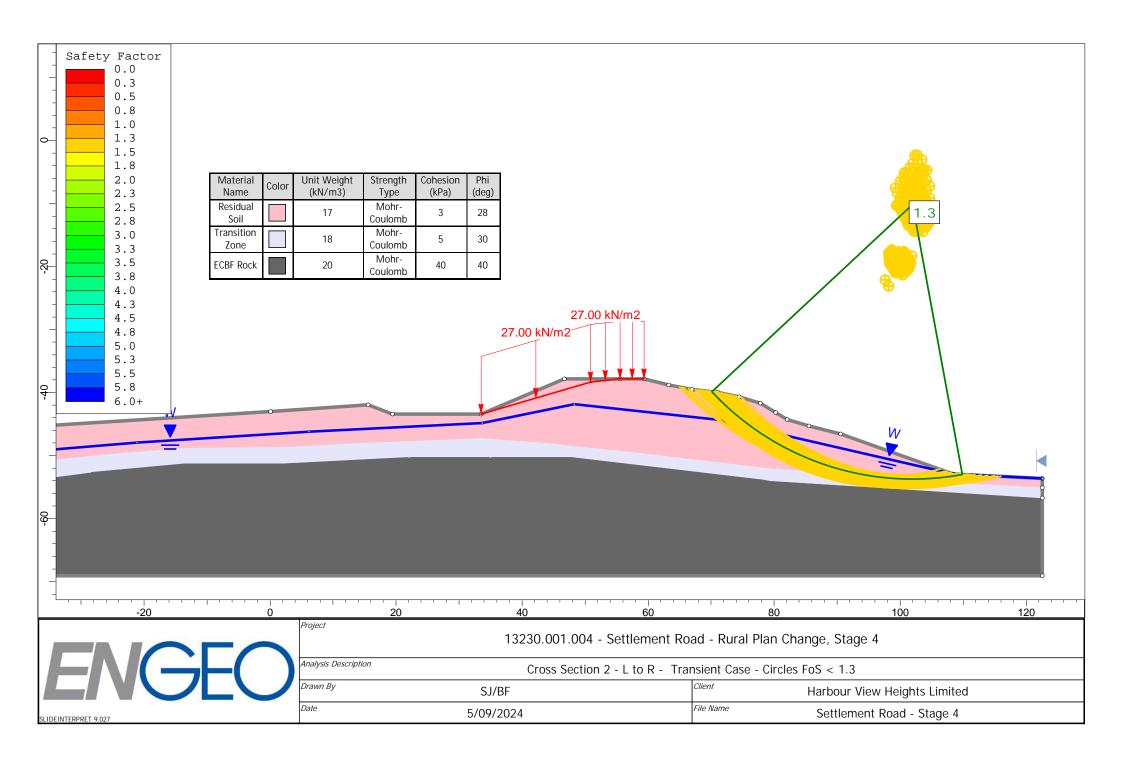


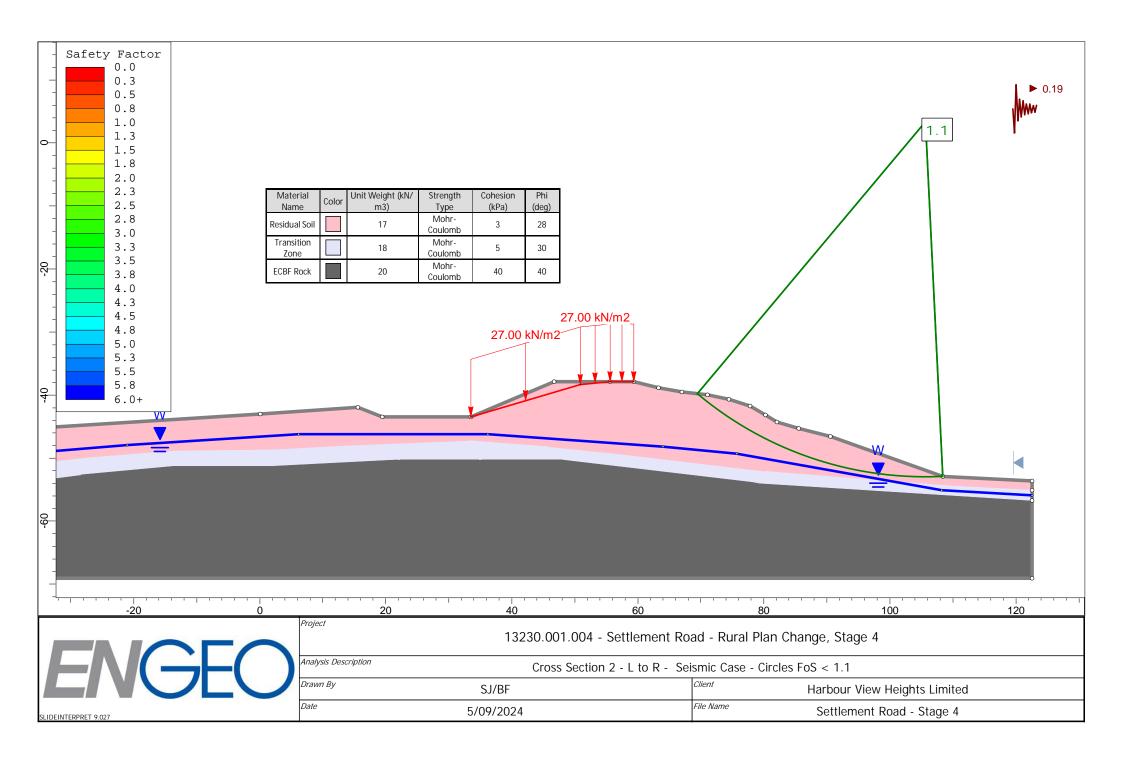


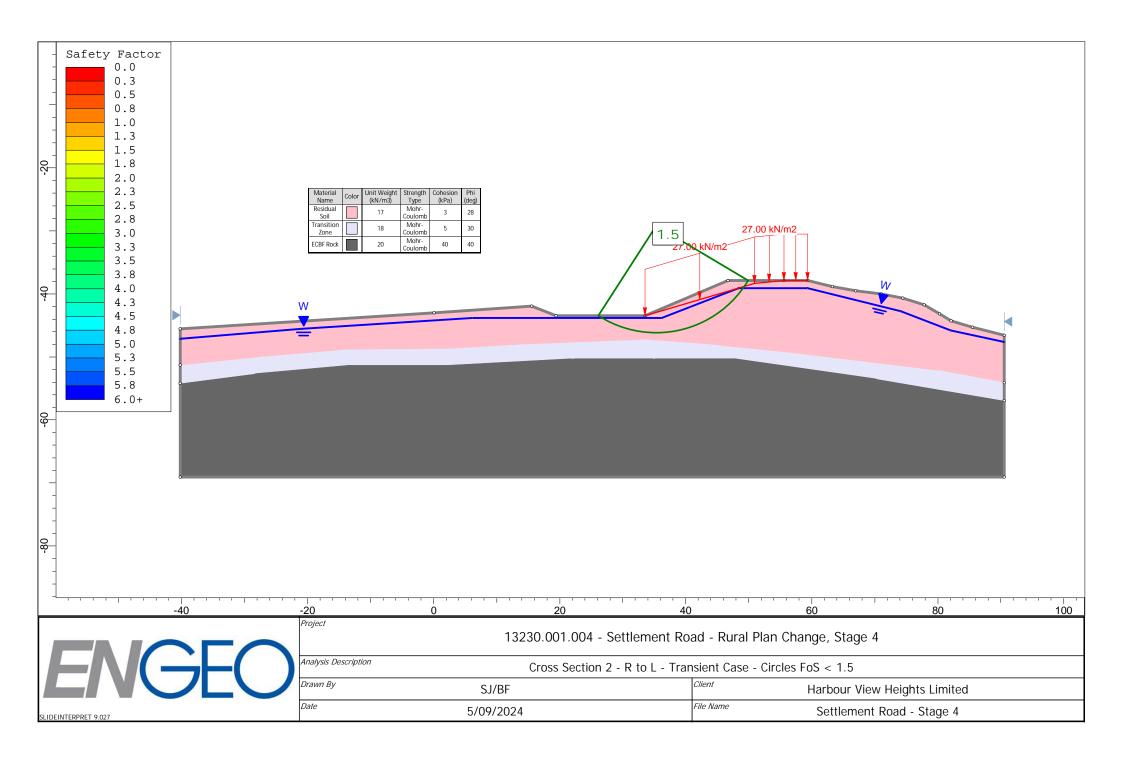


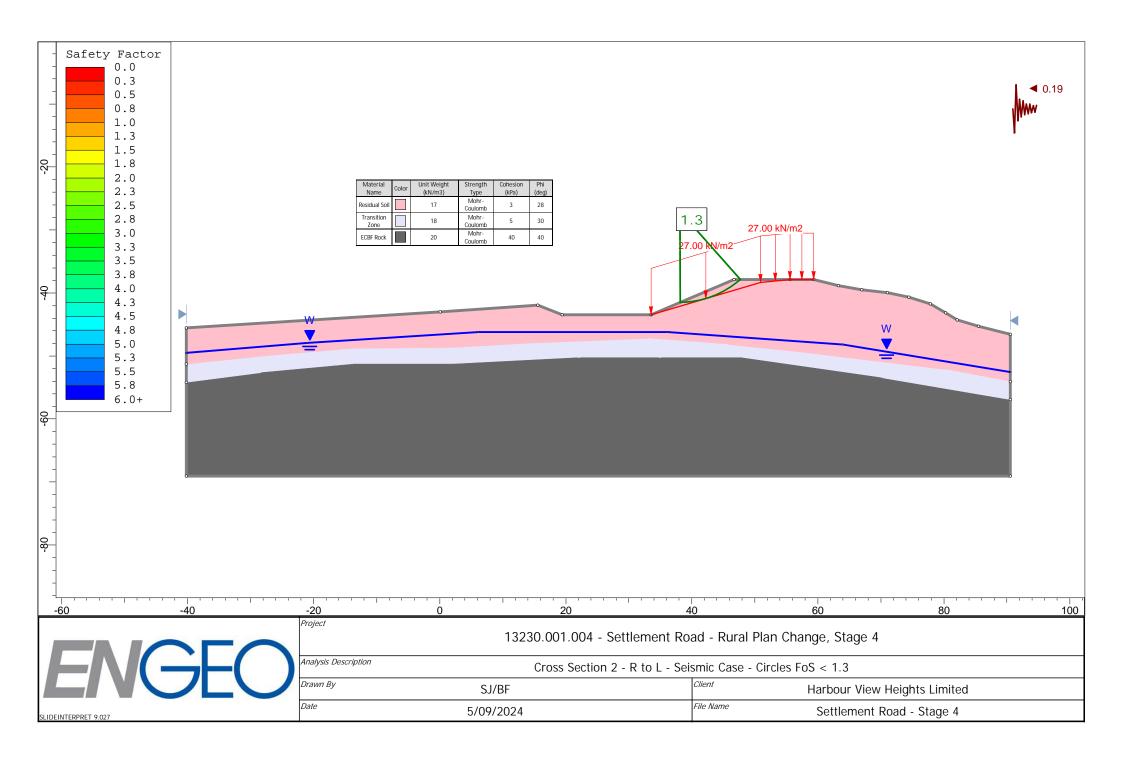


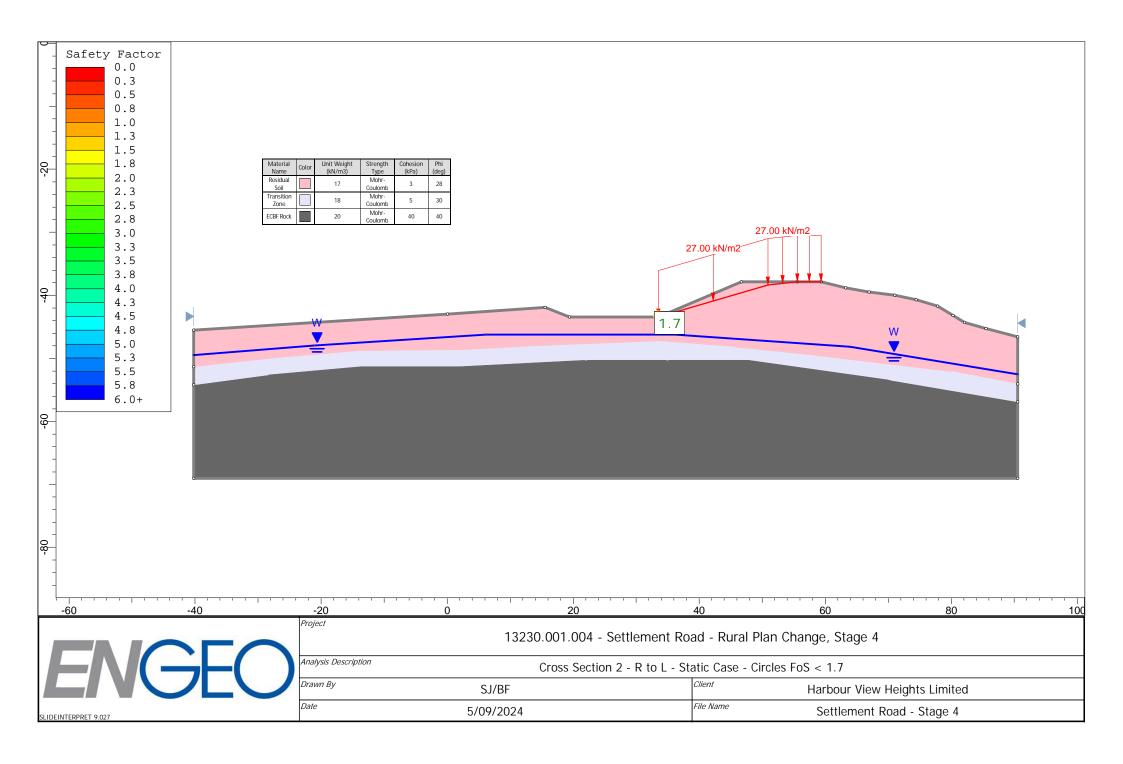


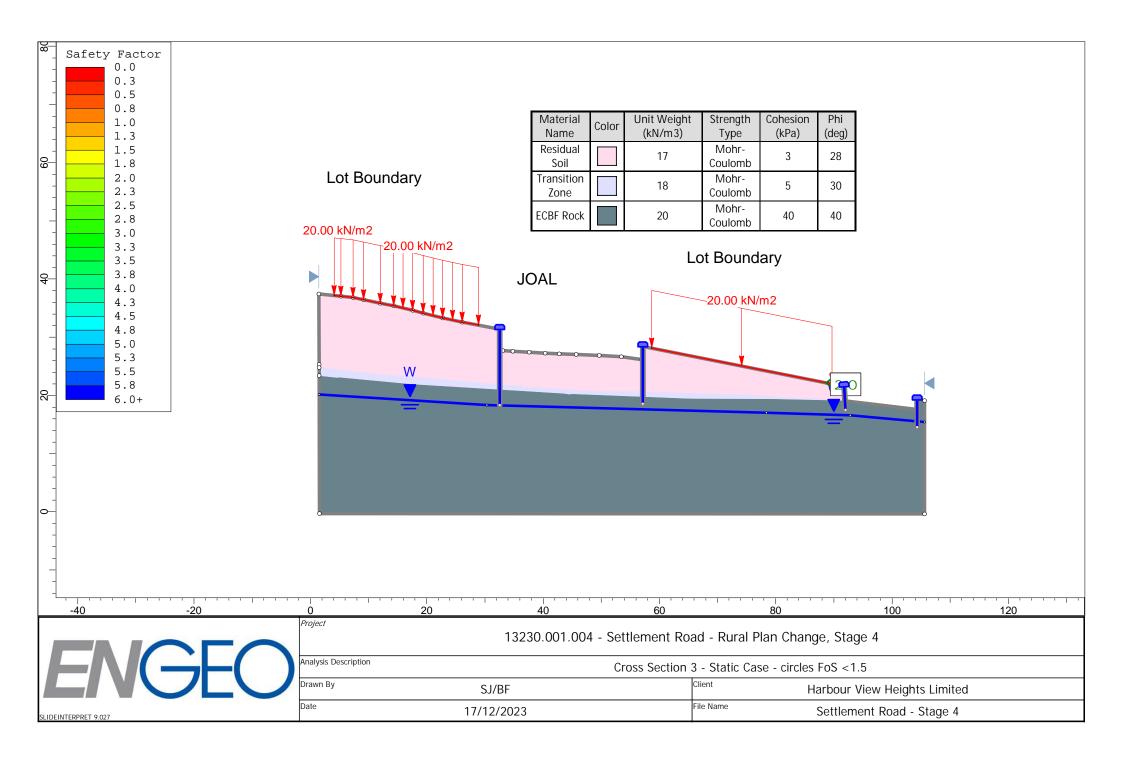


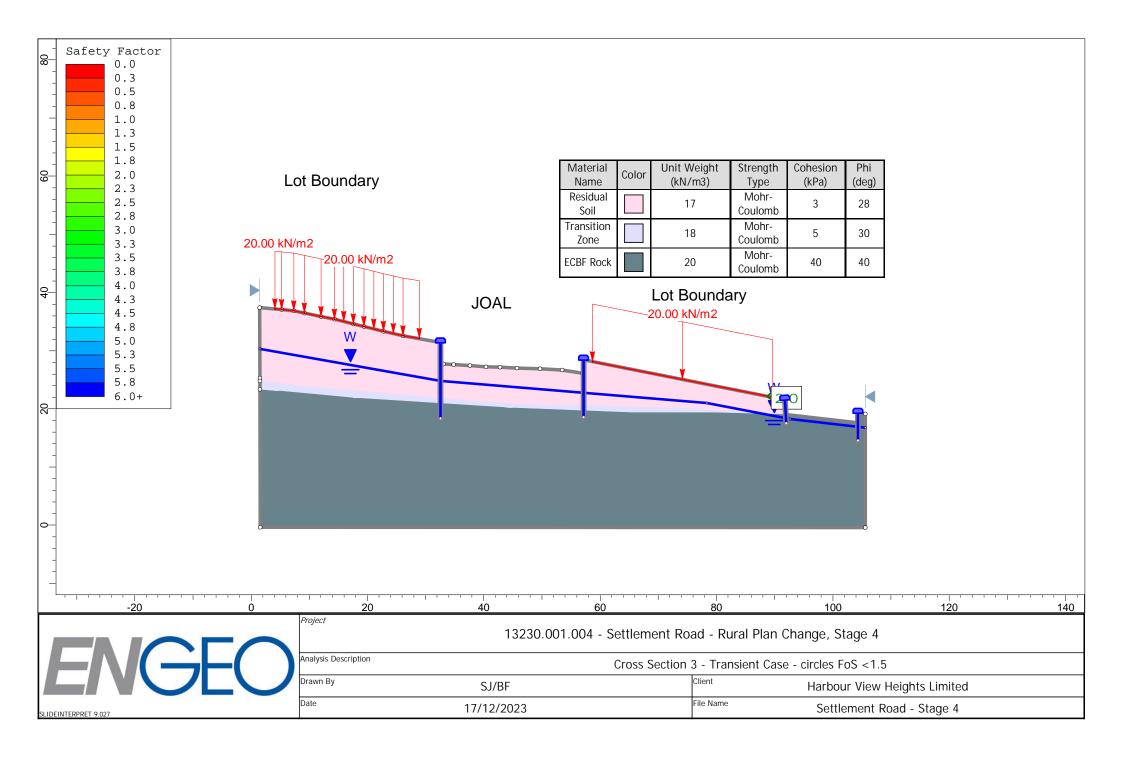


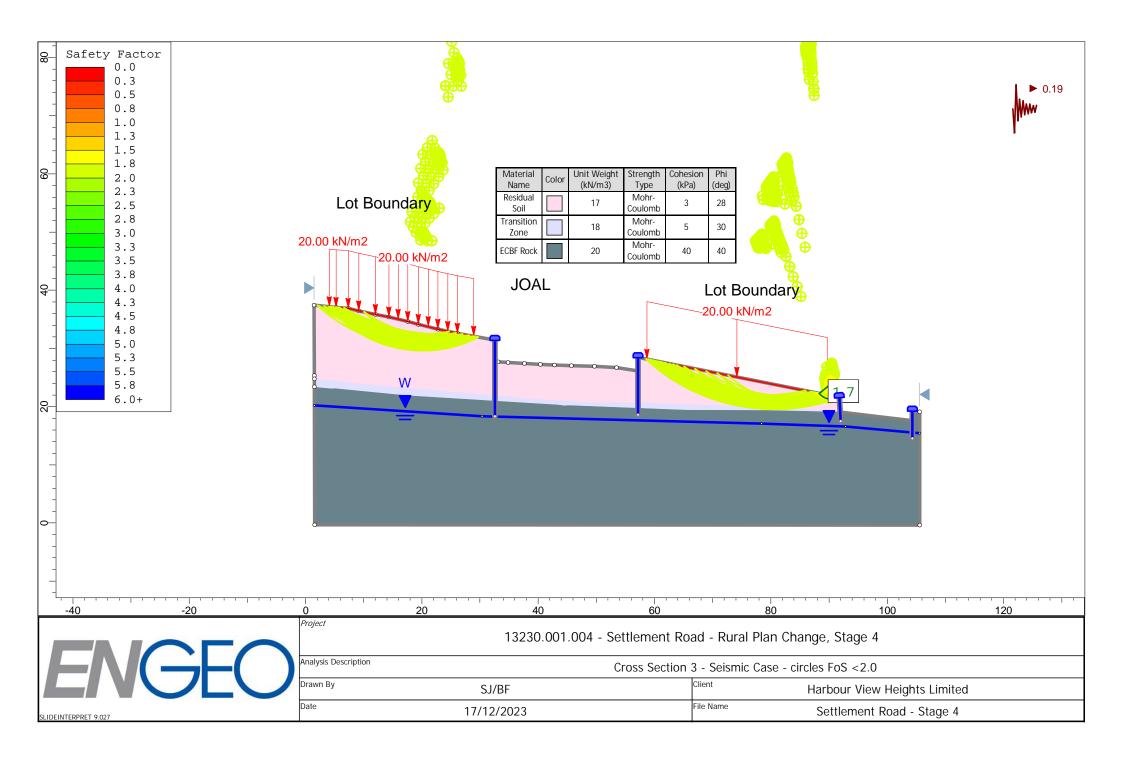


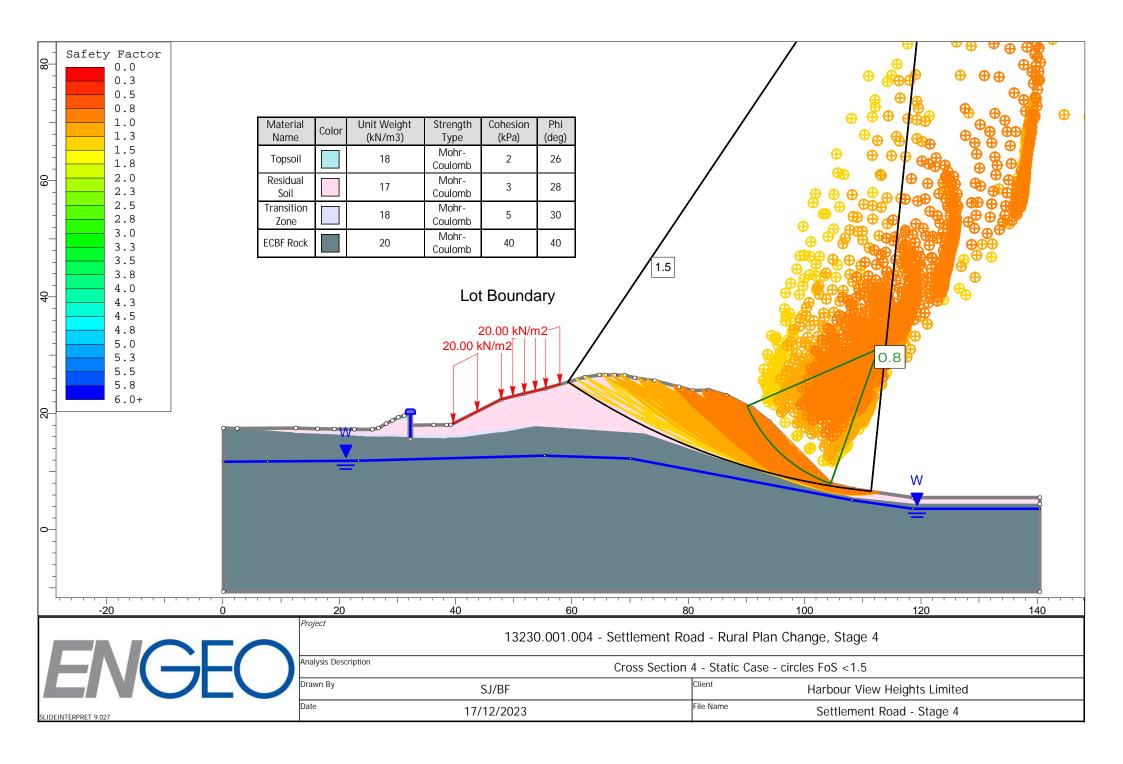


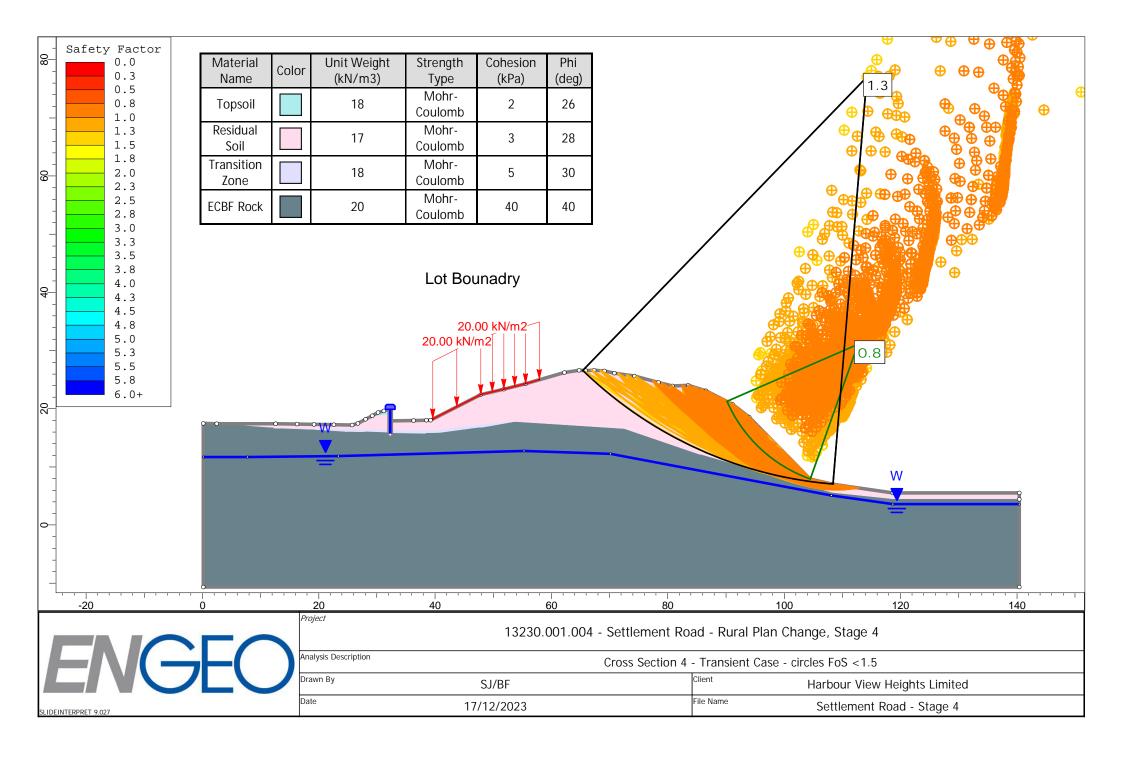


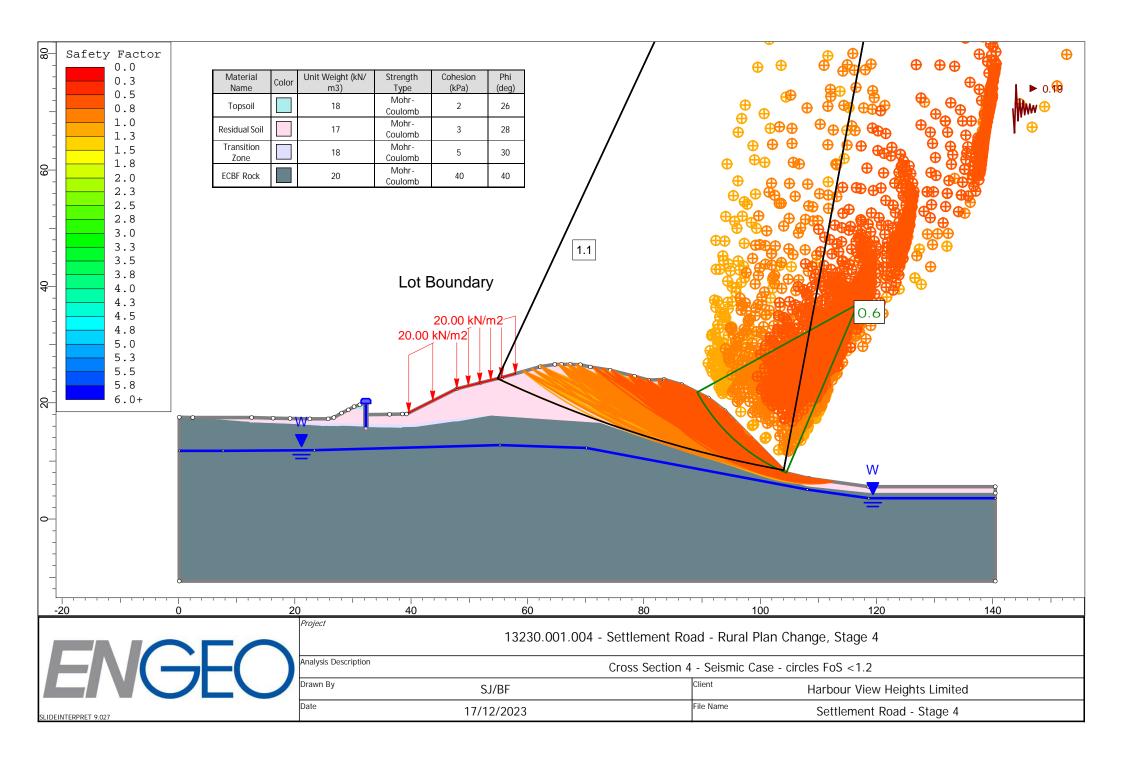


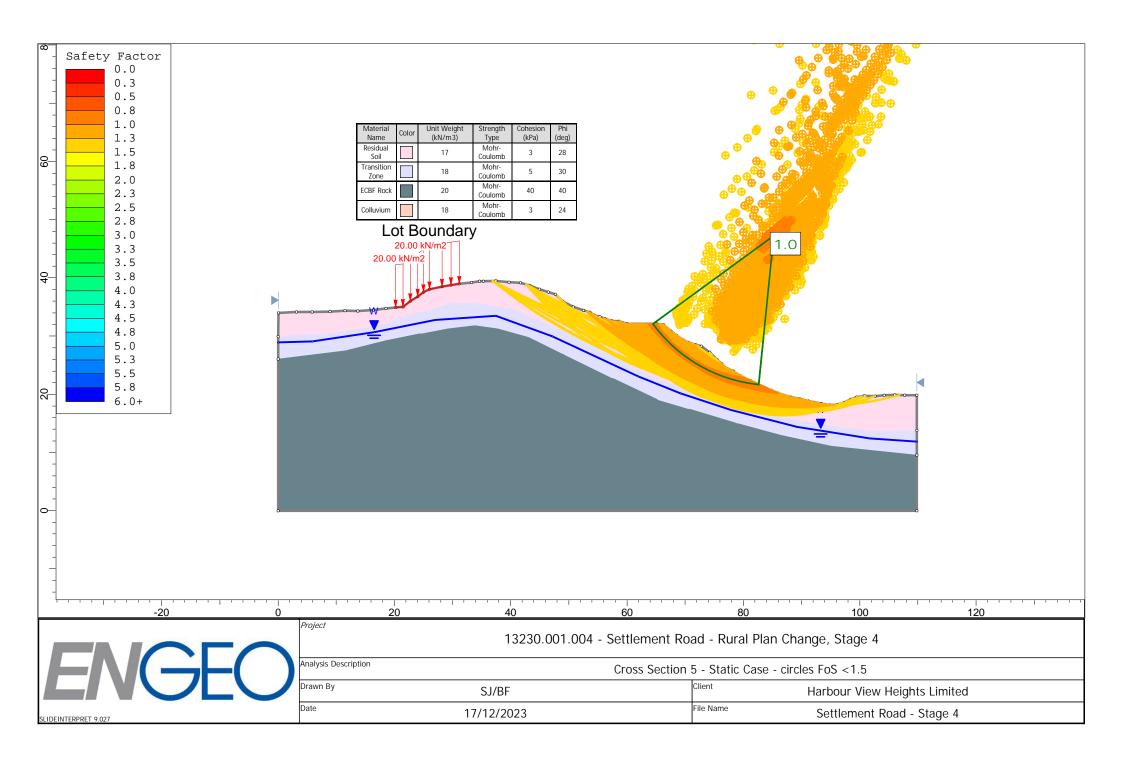


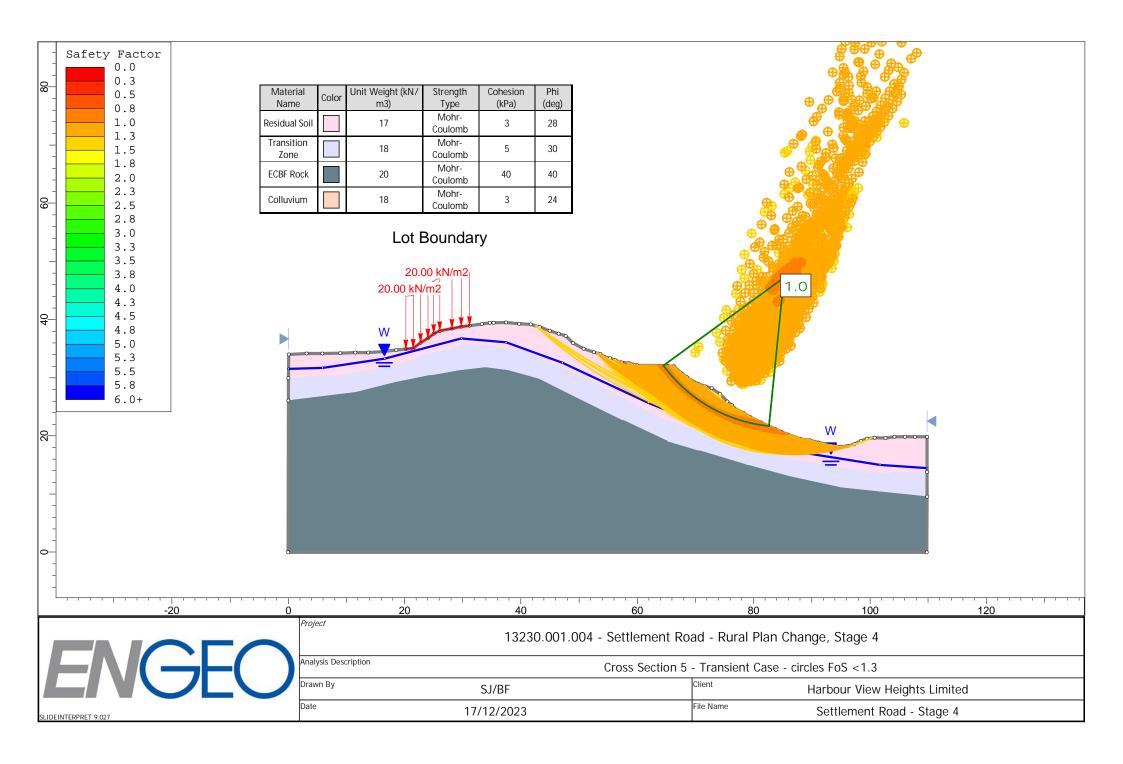


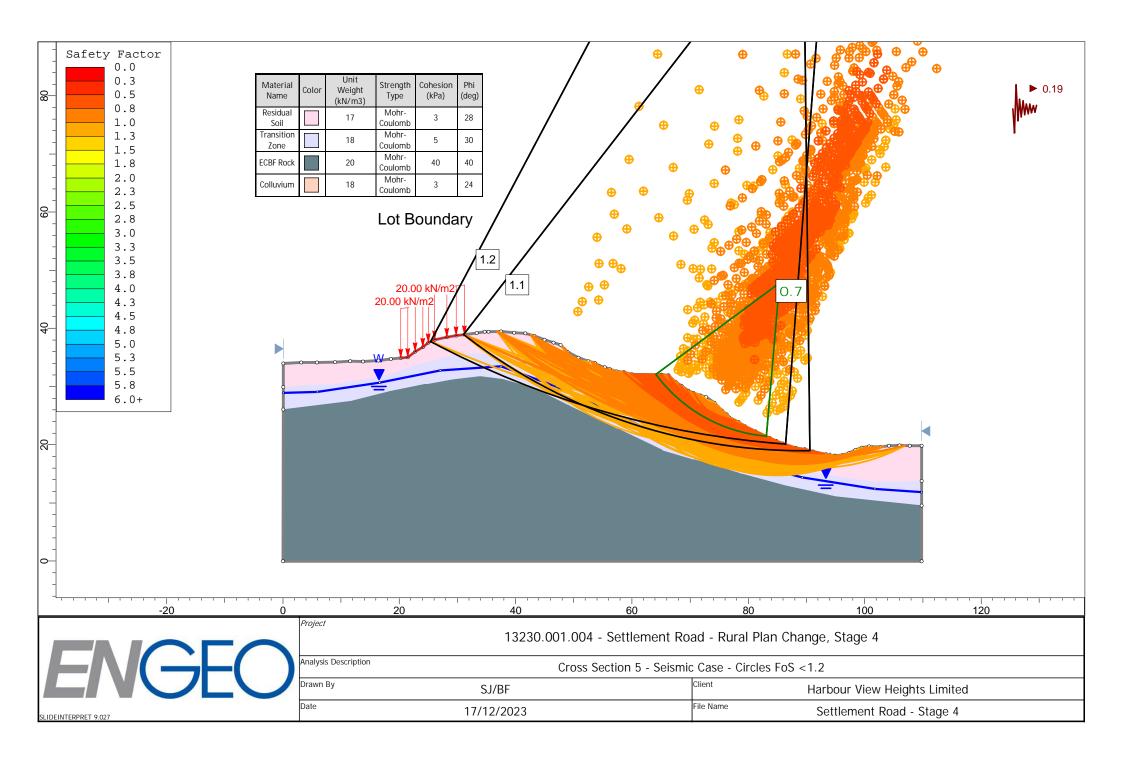


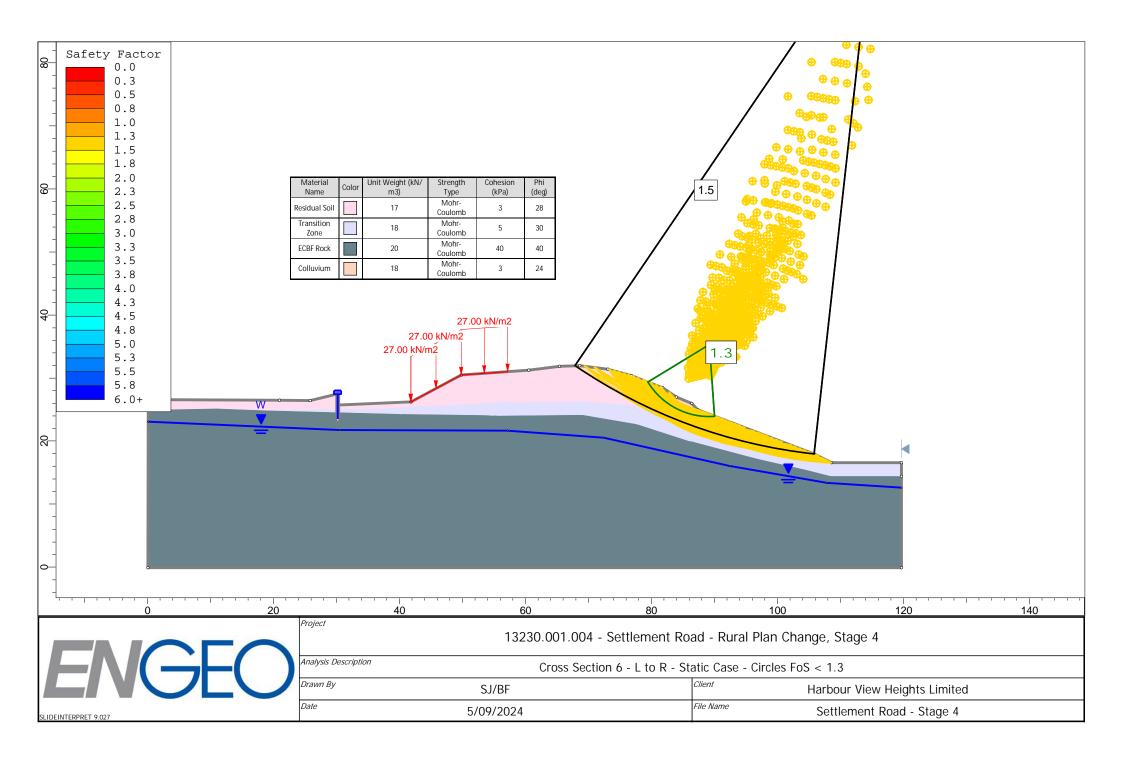


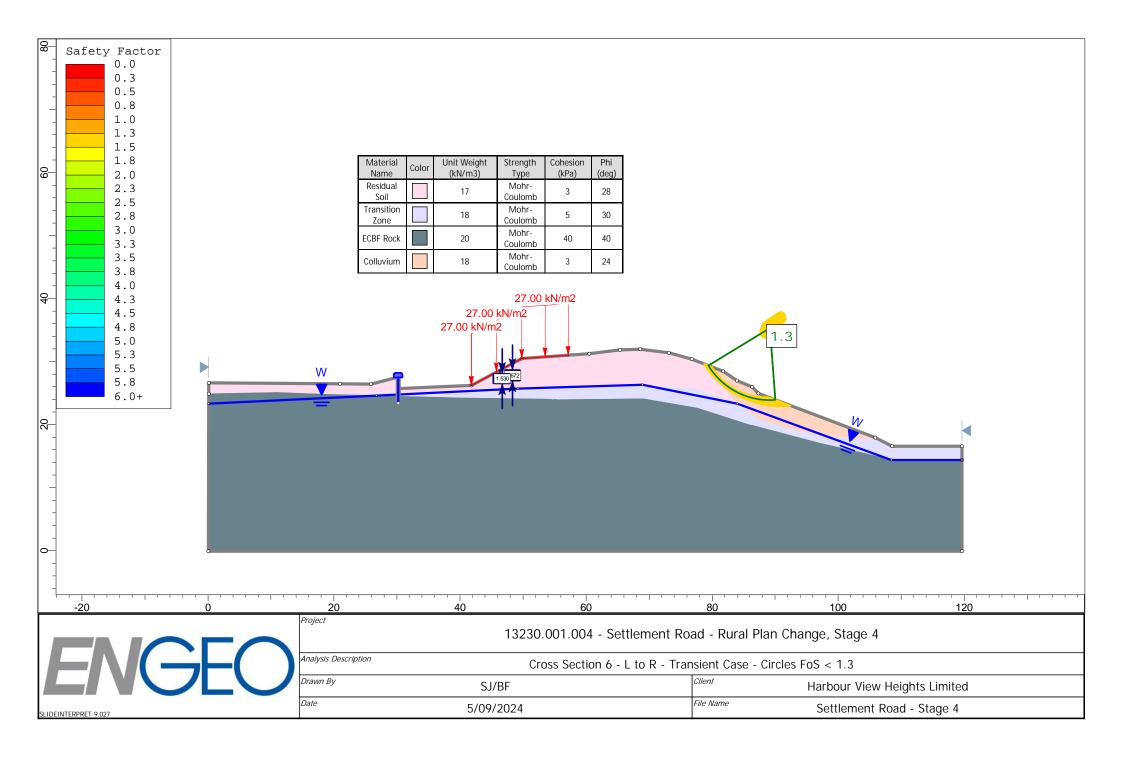


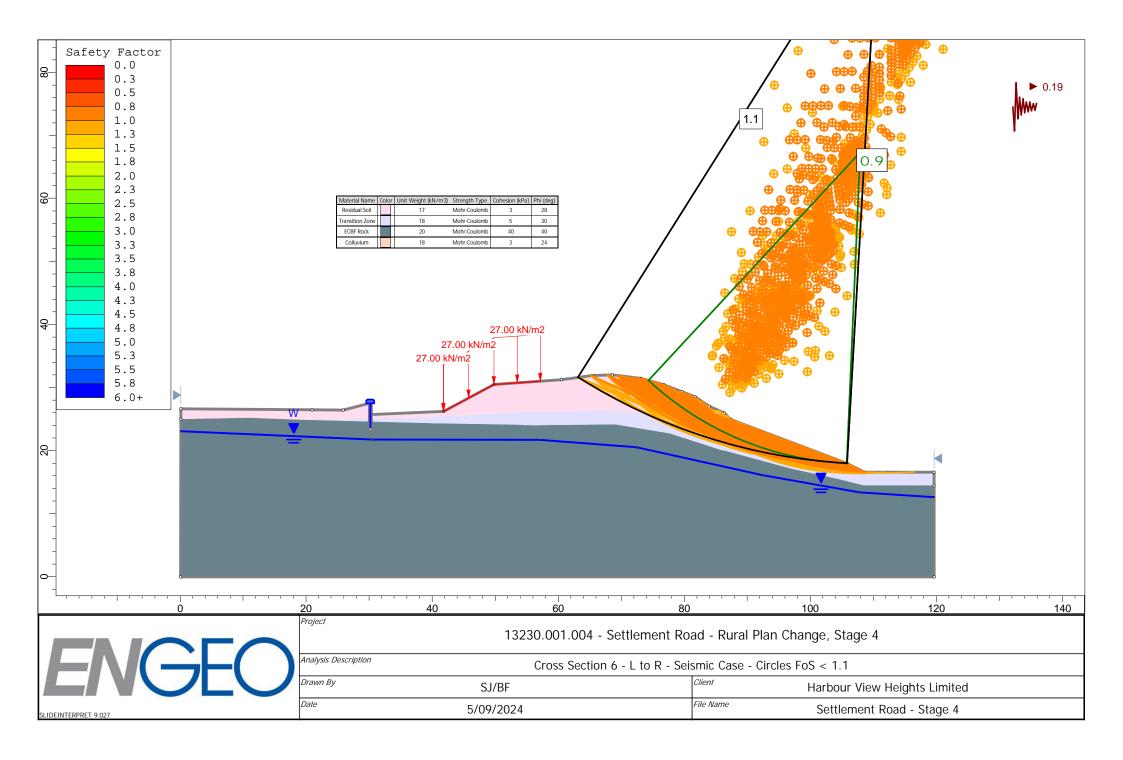


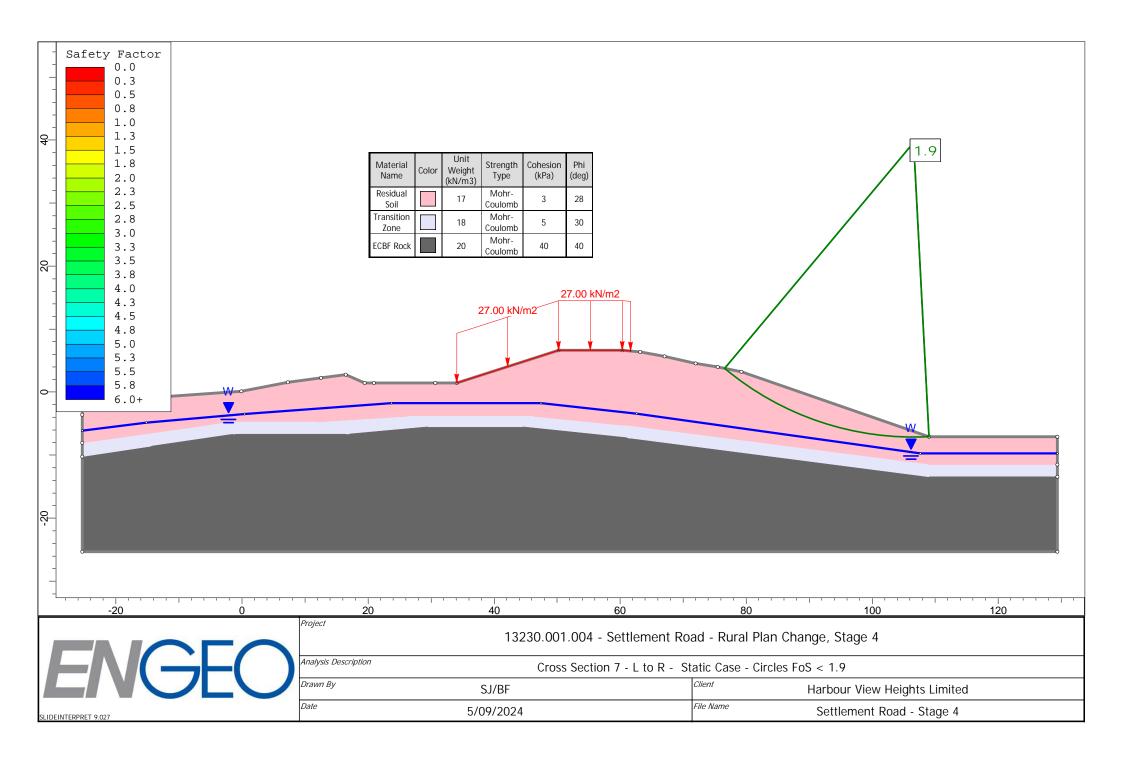


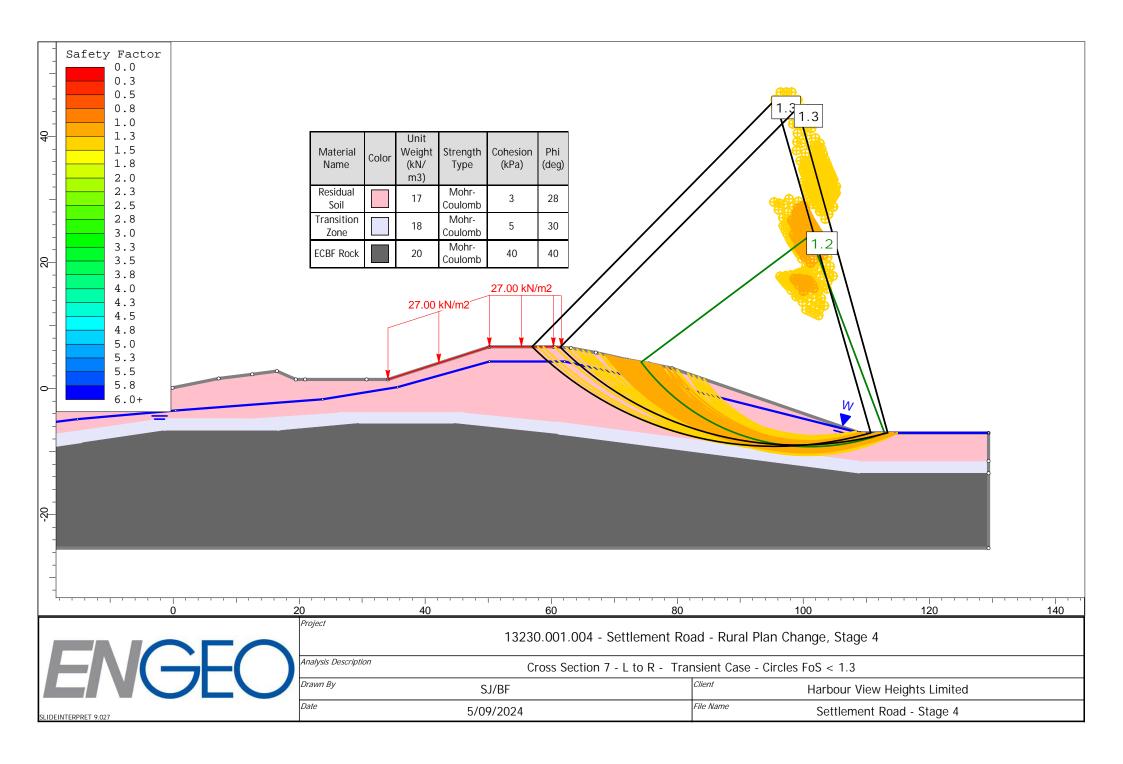


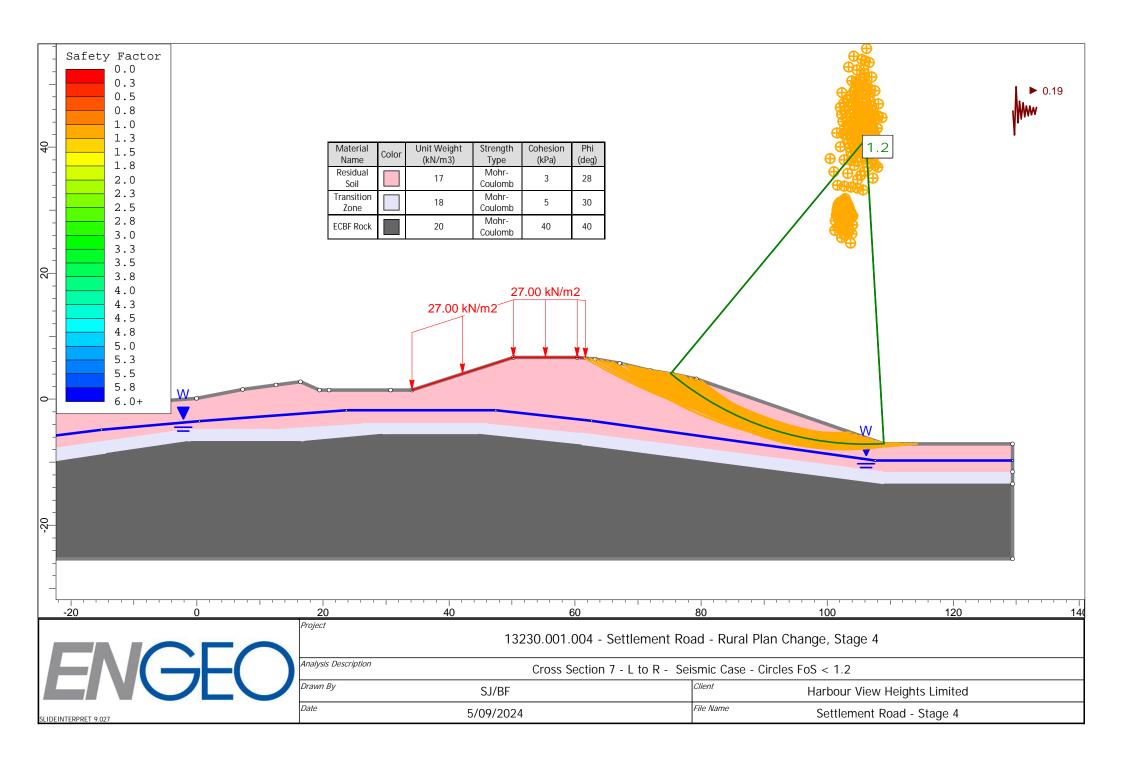


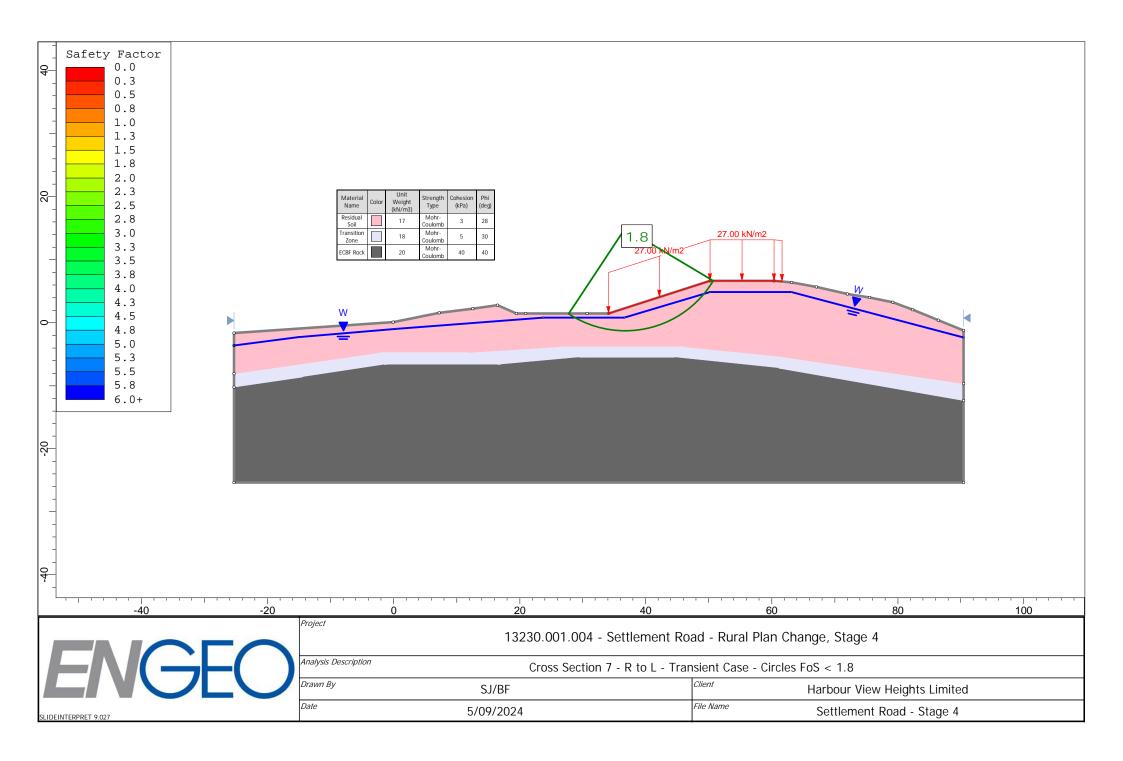


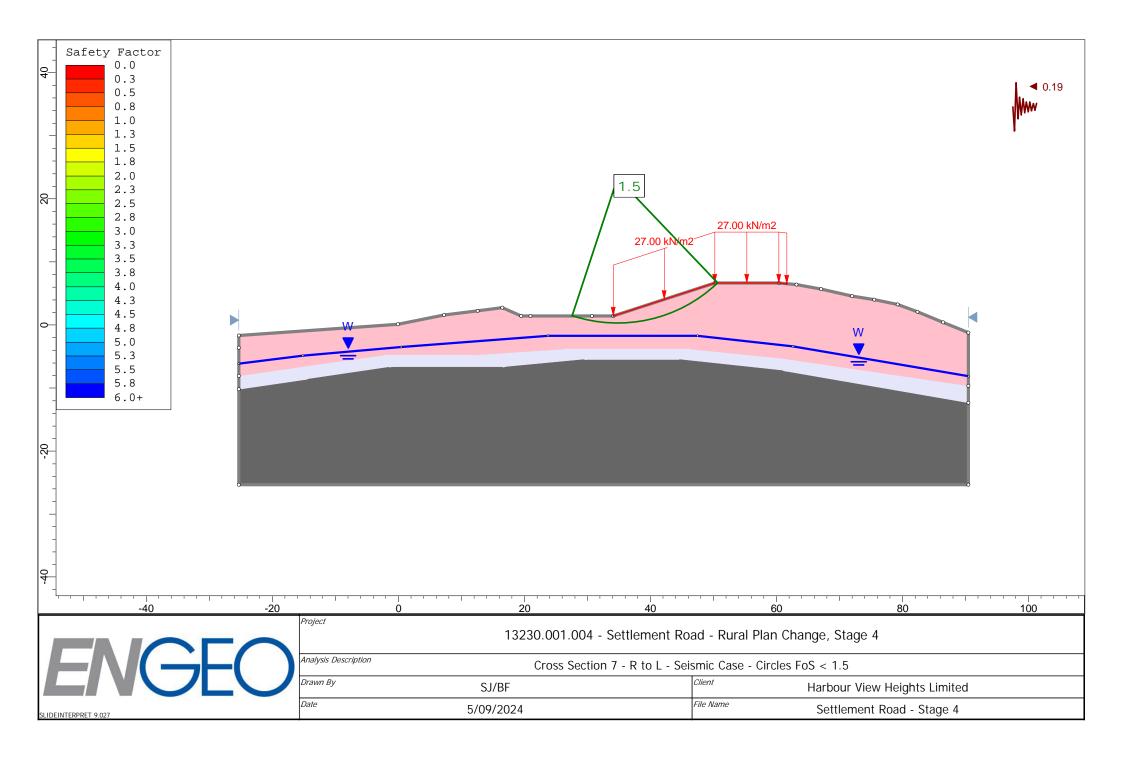


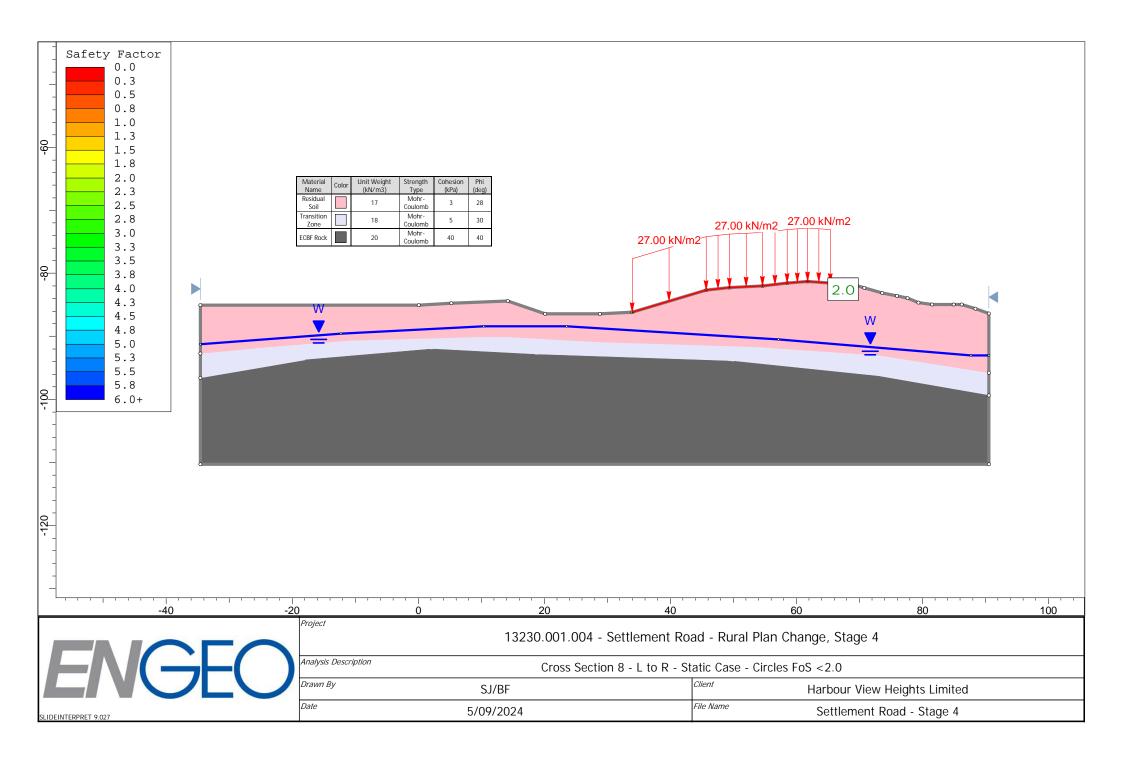


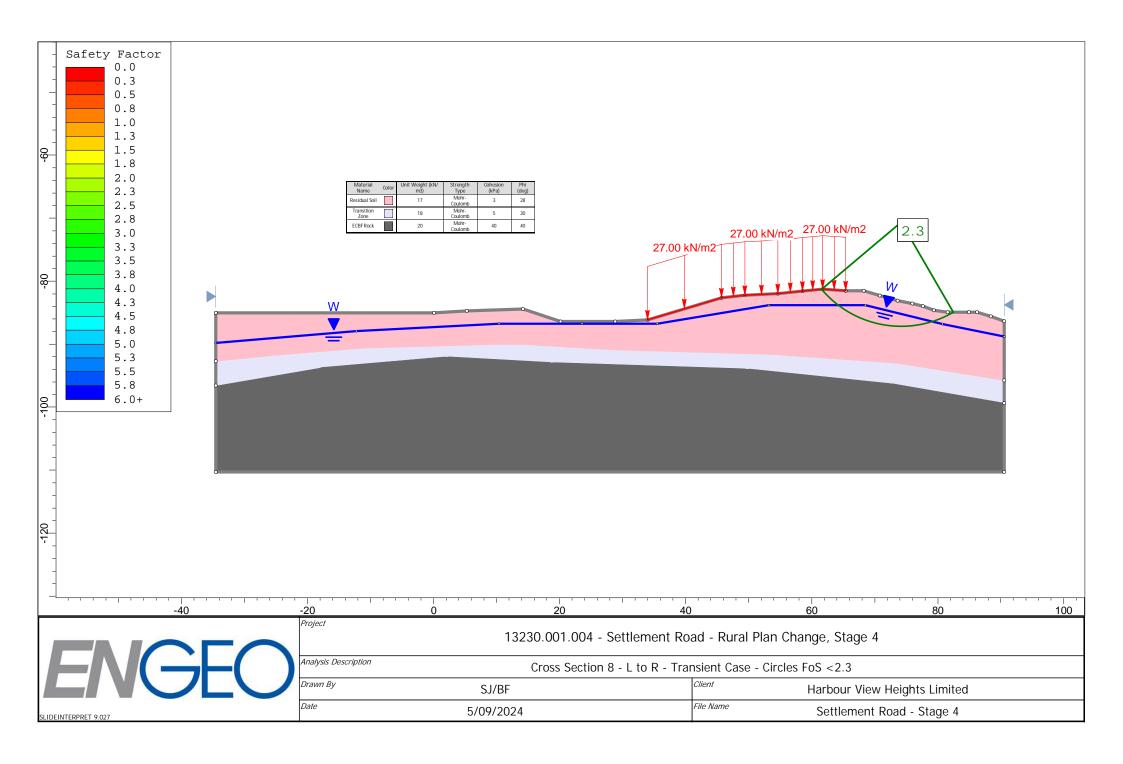


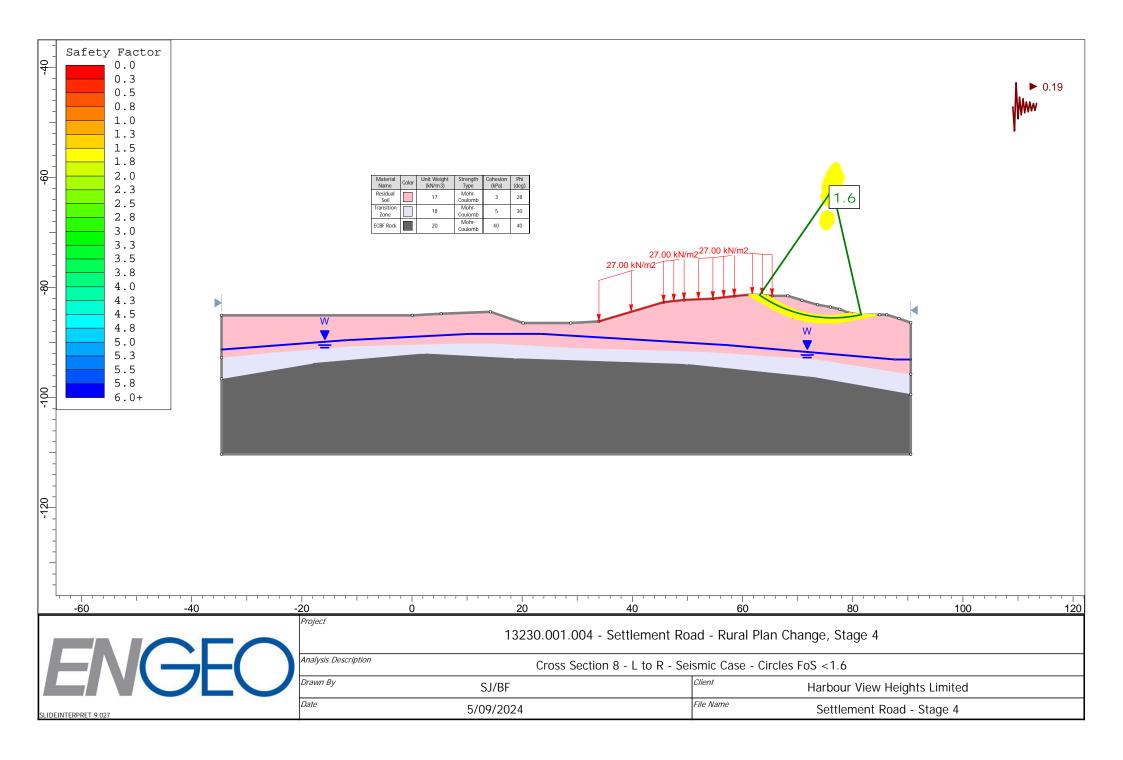


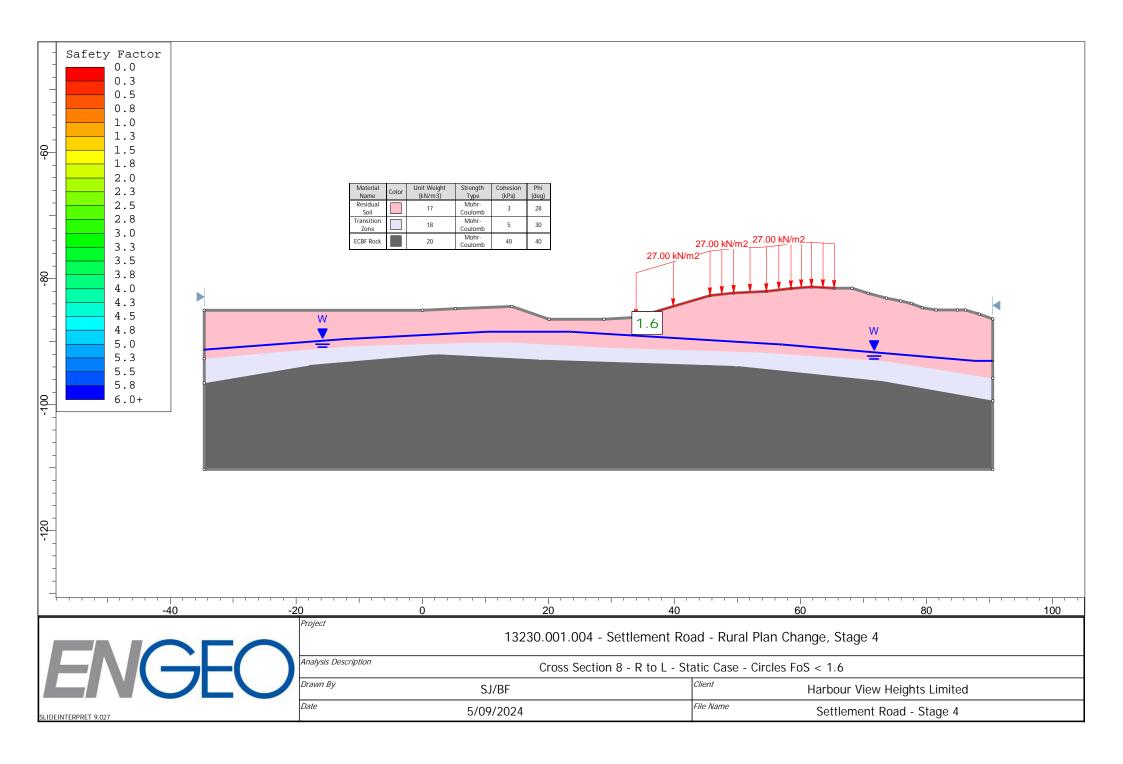


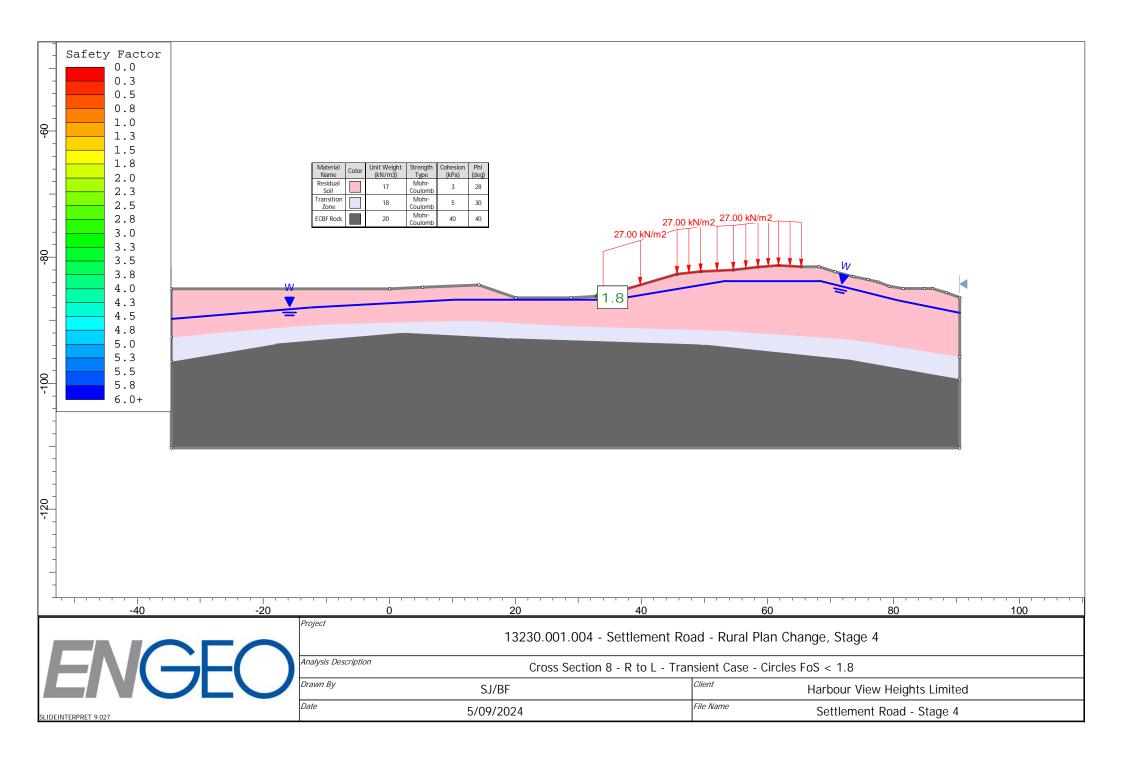


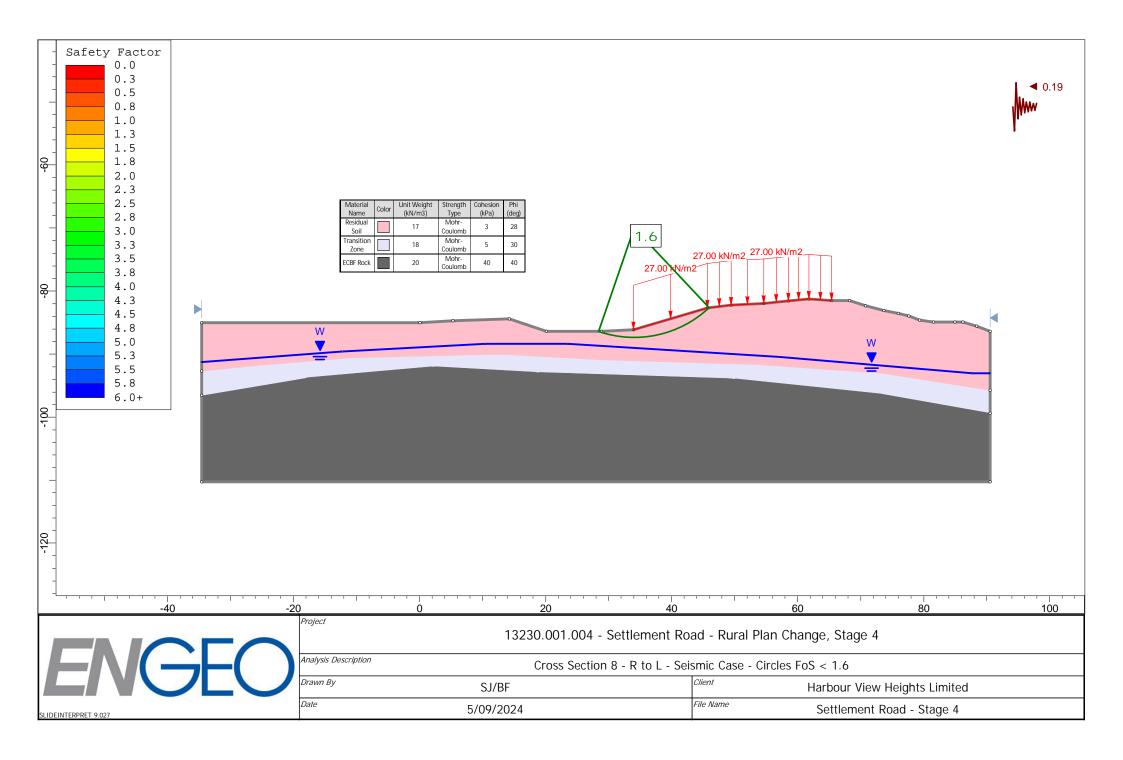














APPENDIX 10:

Specific Design Zone



