

20 Viaduct Harbour Avenue, Auckland 1010 Private Bag 92250, Auckland 1142, New Zealand **Phone** 09 355 3553 **Website** www.AT.govt.nz

9 December 2024

Alison Pye Senior Policy Planner Auckland Council Private Bag 92300 Victoria Street West Auckland 1142

Dear Alison,

NOTICE OF DECISION OF AUCKLAND TRANSPORT UNDER SECTION 172 OF THE RESOURCE MANAGEMENT ACT 1991

Thank you for the recommendations received on 8 November 2024 from the Auckland Council Independent Hearing Commissioners in relation to the nine Auckland Transport (**AT**) Notices of Requirement (**NoRs**) that comprise the North Projects:

- NoR 5 New SH1 crossing at Dairy Stream
- NoR 6 New Connection between Milldale and Grand Drive
- NoR 7 Upgrade to Pine Valley Road
- NoR 8 Upgrade to Dairy Flat Highway between Silverdale and Dairy Flat
- NoR 9 Upgrade to Dairy Flat Highway between Dairy Flat and Albany
- NoR 10 Upgrade to Wainui Road
- NoR 11 New connection between Dairy Flat Highway and Wilks Road
- NoR 12 Upgrade and Extension to Bawden Road
- NoR 13 Upgrade to East Coast Road between Silverdale and Redvale Interchange

The Commissioners' recommendation was that the nine Notices of Requirement should be confirmed subject to conditions.

Pursuant to section 172 of the Resource Management Act 1991, AT accepts the Commissioners' recommendation that the Notices of Requirement should be confirmed and **accepts in part** and **rejects in part** the Commissioners' recommendations on conditions of the Notices of Requirement.

Table 1 below sets out:

- The Commissioners' recommended conditions which are rejected or partially accepted, along with the reasons for AT's decision; and
- Other modifications that AT has made to the conditions for consistency, clarity and ease of implementation.

Only those recommended conditions that AT has modified are outlined in Table 1 below (shown in **bold strikethrough** for deletions and **bold <u>underline</u>** for additions).





A schedule of amendments that have been made to the proposed designation boundaries since lodgement is contained in the Closing Legal Submissions.¹ All of those changes are adopted for the purposes of this decision and the final designation boundaries for each NoR have been updated on the GIS files.

Complete clean sets of the designation conditions reflecting this decision are attached to this letter as **Appendices A – I**. These clean condition sets include the changes set out in the table below, as well as formatting changes (including rearranging the order and numbering of conditions) and minor non-substantive changes (such as capitalisations) which have not been tracked in the table below.

Yours sincerely

Anall Jane

Jane Small Group Manager, Strategic Development Programmes & Property Infrastructure & Place

¹ Closing legal submissions of Requiring Authority, dated 9 August 2024, at Appendix E.

Designation	Relevant Condition	Modifications made by Auckland Transport to conditions recommended by the Hearing Commissioners (additions to conditions are in bold and <u>underlined</u> and rejections are in bold and strikethrough)	Reason for modifications (or reje
AII	Land use Integration Process	 (c) Information requested or provided under Condition <u>32(b)</u> above may include but not be limited to the following matters: (i) design details including but not limited to: A. boundary treatment (e.g. the use of retaining walls or batter slopes); B. the horizontal and vertical alignment of the road (levels); C. potential locations for mid-block crossings; D. integration of stormwater infrastructure; and E. traffic noise modelling contours. (ii) potential modifications to the extent of the designation in response to information received through Condition <u>32(b)(ii);</u> 	Reject amendment to cross-refer The Panel has recommended chan to the Project Information condition. referencing is intended to be an inte Integration Process condition.
All <u>NoRs 5, 6</u> and 12	Designation Review	 Pre-construction review If the land adjacent to the designation is re-zoned from Future Urban or any live urban zone to any rural zone (once made operative in the Auckland Unitary Plan), the Requiring Authority shall review the extent of the designation. In carrying out this review, the Requiring Authority shall: (i) Consider the implications of any zoning change and integration of land use with the transport network in the North Growth Area; (ii) Identify whether any areas of designated land are no longer required for the construction, operation, maintenance or mitigation of effects of the project; and (iii) Consider whether the boundaries of the designation require modification in accordance with section 182 of the RMA. (a) The Requiring Authority shall, at five (5) yearly intervals from the confirmation of the designation, undertake a review of the designation. The purpose of the roview is to enable areas of designated land to be removed from the designation of the project. (b) The five yearly reviews shall: (i) include a roview of the extent of the designation to identify any areas of designated land that are no longer required for the designation (to be formalised via section 182 of the RMA); (ii) provide an update on the progress or effort made to give effect to the designation and the anticipated date for implementation; and (iii) be made publicly available on the Requiring Authority's website and be made available to the Council and the Redury Local Board. 	 Accept in part pre-construction r The Panel has recommended splittic post- construction review of the designation review of the designation than the sproposed alternative w and 12 only. AT has proposed a review of the exist new AT corridors (NoRs 5, 6 and 12 designation changes from future und changes are made operative in the appropriate trigger for a review of loc context of these new corridors. No p 11 as that is a 25 year designation. interchange, joining two fixed points rural is unlikely to require a pre-con AT rejects the Panel's recommendation on the basis that such a review is u outlined in Closing Legal Submission. The requirement to under (including others within the imposition on public funds projects.

Modifications made by Auckland Transport to conditions recommended by the Hearing Commissioners for Notices of Requirement 5 - 13

² Closing legal submissions of Requiring Authority, dated 9 August 2024, at [4.10] – [4.13]



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jection of recommendations)

erencing

anging the cross-references in clause (c) to refer on. AT rejects this change as the crossnternal cross-reference to the Land use

review condition

itting out this condition so that there is a pre- and esignation. AT accepts this recommendation in e wording for this condition, to apply to NoRs 5, 6

extent of the designations for new or partially 12) if the zoning of the land adjacent to the urban or urban zoning to rural zoning and such he Auckland Unitary Plan. This is considered an f long-term designations of 30 years and in the o pre-construction review is proposed for NoR on. NoR 11 also facilitates movement to a SH1 nts; therefore a down-zoning from future urban to onstruction review of the designation.

dation for a five yearly review on all designations unnecessary, consistent with the position sions². In particular, AT notes that:

dertake such reviews across all designations the region) would be a costly and inefficient ds that could otherwise be allocated to priority

tory mechanism that requires AT to review the e, and appropriateness of the designations every buncil plan review process (Section 79 and clause



Designation	Relevant Condition	Modifications made by Auckland Transport to conditions recommended by the Hearing Commissioners (additions to conditions are in bold and <u>underlined</u> and rejections are in bold and <u>strikethrough</u>)	Reason for modifications (or reje
<u>NoRs 7, 8,</u> 9, 10, 11, 13	Designation Review	 (c) As soon as reasonably practicable following Completion of Construction, but no later than six (6) months, the Requiring Authority shall: (i) review the extent of the designation to identify any areas of designated land that it no longer requires for the on-going operation, maintenance or mitigation of effects of the Project, and (ii) give notice to the Manager in accordance with section 182 of the RMA for the removal of those parts of the designation identified above. Pre-construction review (a) The Requiring Authority shall, at five (5) yearly intervals from the confirmation of the designation, undertake a review of the designation. The purpose of the raview is to enable areas of designated land to be removed from the designation. The purpose of the raview is to enable areas of designated land to be removed from the designation. (b) The five-yearly reviews shall: 	 4(1) of Schedule 1 of the mechanism for a Requiring , and they also allow the publi and submission process. Section 182 of the RMA designation which may be in The lapse periods are base a five-yearly periodic reviet timeframe than is the case. There is no such conditio AUP:OP. The Project website will prowith updates on the Project provides for AT to identify a the relevant Local Board(s) status; and raise awareness The Land use Integration P a Developer or Developme the extent of the designation master planning or land de integration. Reject six-month timeframe for P AT rejects the reinstatement of the sconditions attached to Mr Scraftor retain some flexibility as the roll bac and other external factors that could See above.
		 (i) include a review of the extent of the designation to identify any areas of designated land that are no longer required for the designation (to be formalised via section 182 of the RMA); (ii) provide an update on the progress or effort made to give effect to the designation and the anticipated 	
		(iii) provide an update on the progress or enort made to give enect to the designation and the anticipated date for implementation; and (iii) be made publicly available on the Requiring Authority's website and be made available to the Council	
		and the Rodney Local Board.	
		Post-construction review	
		 (a) As soon as reasonably practicable following Completion of Construction, but no later than six (6) months, the Requiring Authority shall: 	
		 (i) review the extent of the designation to identify any areas of designated land that it no longer requires for the on-going operation, maintenance or mitigation of effects of the Project; and 	



e RMA). These provisions are an appropriate of Authority to consider the need for a designation ablic to have their say through the plan notification

IA also sets out the process for removing a e initiated at any time.

sed on long-term implementation timeframes and view could create an expectation for a shorter e.

tion proposed on any other designation in the

rovide landowners, occupiers and the community ects. In addition, the Project Information condition at ten yearly intervals appropriate methods with (s) to inform the wider community of the Project ess of the Project website.

Process condition provides for engagement with nent Agency regarding potential modifications to ion in response to information received regarding development details that will assist with land use

Post-construction review

e six-month timeframe which was removed in the con's primary evidence. The condition needs to ack process may be subject to third party actions uld impact the timeframe.

Designation	Relevant Condition	Modifications made by Auckland Transport to conditions recommended by the Hearing Commissioners	Reason for modifications (or reje
		(additions to conditions are in bold and <u>underlined</u> and rejections are in bold and strikethrough)	
		(ii) give notice to the Manager in accordance with section 182 of the RMA for the removal of those parts of the designation identified above.	
All	General Section 176 Approval	 (a) Prior to the start of the formal acquisition process under the Public Works Act 1981 for a property, or submission of the Outline Plan, persons on properties zoned Rural or Future Urban will not require written consent under section 176 of the RMA for the following activities: 	Accept in part the inclusion of "t The Panel has recommended inclu basis that the NZTA website includ
		(i) Internal alterations;	s 176 approval would not be require NZTA website is 'repair of existing
		(ii) Repair of existing u Utility services repairs;	inclusion of wording that aligns with
		(iii) One extension to an existing structure as at 2023, up to 30m ² ;	appropriate for these small-scale a
		(iv) Temporary or relocatable structures, provided they are removed from the site and the land is reinstated (including closing and capping any associated services) at the landowner's expense prior to the start of Construction Works. The landowner shall be responsible for any resource consent required for the structures, their removal or relocation,	
		(b) To the extent that a record of written approval is required for the activities listed above, this condition shall constitute written approval.	
All	Flood Hazard	 For the purpose of Condition 10: (c) Flood prone area – means potential ponding areas that may flood <u>in a 1% AEP event and</u> commonly comprise of topographical depression areas. The areas can occur naturally or as a result of constructed features. Identification of a potential Flood Prone Area would be by an assessment of residual flood risk in a 1% AEP 	Reject amendment to definition of The Panel has recommended an a to delete a reference to "in a 1% Al for the reasons explained in the Re to Direction 6 ³ i.e. removing referen uncertainty as to what flood events
		event (e.g. from blockage of the Project stormwater network) on land outside and adjacent to the designation following the application of Conditions $(10)(a)(i) - (iv)$;	
All	Flood Hazard		Amendments by AT
		(a) The Project shall be designed to achieve the following flood risk outcomes beyond the boundary of the designation:	Amendments to improve wording a
		 (i) no increase in flood levels in a 1% AEP event for Existing Authorised Habitable Floors that are already subject to flooding or have a freeboard less than 500mm; 	been amended to "Manager" for co more certainty as to who informatic Legal Submissions. ⁴
		 (ii) no increase in flood levels in a 1% AEP event for authorised community, commercial, industrial and network utility building floors existing at the time the Outline Plan is submitted that are already subject to flooding or have a freeboard less than 300mm; 	
		 (iii) maximum of 50mm increase in <u>flood</u> water levels in a 1% AEP event outside and adjacent to the designation boundariesy between the Pre-Project Development and Post-Project Development scenarios; 	
		(iv) no new f<u>F</u>lood pP rone a <u>A</u> reas; and	
		(v) no increase of Flood Hazard class for the main access to authorised habitable dwellings existing at <u>the</u> time the Outline Plan is submitted. The assessment shall be undertaken for the 1% AEP rainfall event and reference the hazard class in accordance with Schedule X to these conditions.	
		(b) Compliance with this condition shall be demonstrated in the Outline Plan, which shall include flood modelling of the Pre-Project <u>Development</u> and Post-Project Development 1% AEP flood levels (for Maximum Probable Development land use <u>and including with allowances for</u> climate change).	
		(c) Where:	
		 (i) the flood risk outcomes in (a) can be achieved through alternative measures outside of the designation such as flood stop banks, flood walls, raising Existing Authorised Habitable Floor level and new overland flow paths or 	

³ Memorandum of Counsel in response to Direction 6 of the Panel, dated 27 August 2024, at [5.2] – [5.3].

⁴ Closing legal submissions of Requiring Authority, dated 9 August 2024, at [14.76].



ejection of recommendations)

"utility repairs"

clusion of 'utility repairs' to this condition on the udes reference to this as a type of work for which uired. AT notes that the precise wording on the ng utility services'. AT therefore **accepts** the with the NZTA website on the basis that it is and existing activities to be provided for.

n of flood prone area

a amendment to the definition of 'flood prone area' AEP event". AT **rejects** this proposed change, Requiring Authority's Memorandum in response rence to the 1% AEP event would lead to hts the condition would apply to.

g and clarity. The reference to "Council" has also consistency across conditions and to provide ation is provided to, as explained in the Closing

Designation	Relevant Condition	Modifications made by Auckland Transport to conditions recommended by the Hearing Commissioners	Reason for modifications (or rej
		(additions to conditions are in bold and <u>underlined</u> and rejections are in bold and strikethrough)	
		(ii) the outcomes are varied at specific location(s) through agreement with the relevant landowner, confirmation shall be provided to the Council Manager that any necessary landowner agreement and statutory approvals have been obtained for that alternative measure or varied outcome.	
<u>NoRs 5, 6</u> <u>and 11</u> All	Overland Flow Paths	 Where the Project modifies an Overland Flow Path by either: diverting the entry or exit point at the designation boundary; or piping, or reducing its capacity; the design shall provide for the continued passage of flow in a manner which manages potential effects upstream and downstream of the modified Overland Flow Path. 	 Reject application of condition to The Panel has recommended that all NoRs, not just NoRs 5, 6 and 11 detailed in the Requiring Authority's notes in particular: The AUP provides an exclusion to rules and state does not apply prior to new 11. It is inappropriate for this subject to that exclusion a AT's approach.
All	Management Plans	 (a) Any management plan shall: (iv) be submitted as part of an Outline Plan pursuant to section 176A of the RMA for Certification, with the exception of SCEMPs and CNVMP Schedules; (d) If there is a material change required to a management plan which has been submitted with an Outline Plan, the revised part of the plan shall be submitted to the Manager <u>as an update to the Outline Plan or</u> for Certification as soon as practicable following identification of the need for a revision; 	 Reject requirement to certify main The Panel has recommended certification of SCEMPs). AT rejection of SCEMPs). AT rejection of SCEMPs). AT rejection statement with the Chair's view in the Mr Scrafton's primary evidence and Under the RMA, the two-states to the resource consention statutory oversight once recertification would be incomended a requiring authority under Council will already be inversional and the state of the recomposes is also available to the recent and hold up implementation of the state of the recent and the state of t
All	Stakeholder Communication and Engagement Management Plan (SCEMP)	 (a) A SCEMP shall be prepared in consultation with relevant Stakeholders prior to the Start of Construction. The objective of the SCEMP is to identify how the public and Stakeholders will be engaged with throughout the Construction Works. (b) To achieve the objective, the SCEMP shall include: (i) a list of Stakeholders; (ii) a list of Stakeholders; (iii) a list of properties within the designation which the Requiring Authority does not own or have occupation rights to; (iii) methods to engage with Stakeholders and the owners of properties identified in (b)(ii) above; (iv) the contact details for the Project Liaison Person. These details shall be on the Project website, or equivalent virtual information source, and prominently displayed at the main entrance(s) to the site(s); 	Accept deletion of clauses The Panel recommended deleting condition. This change was propo omitted from the conditions in error and has shown the deletion to the l
All	Urban and Landscape Design	····	Amendment by AT Amendment to improve clarity of w

⁵ Memorandum of Counsel in response to Direction 6 of the Panel, dated 27 August 2024.



to all NoRs

at AT applies the Overland Flow Path condition to 11. AT **rejects** this change for the reasons ty's Memorandum in response to Direction 6⁵ and

clusion for road network activities in existing roads standards for overland flow paths. This exclusion new roads being formalised, being NoRs 5, 6 and

is condition to extend to existing roads that are and AT notes that Healthy Waters agreed with

nanagement plans

ertification of management plans for all NoRs (with ejects this change for the following reasons,

n the Recommendation Report and as detailed in and Closing Legal submissions:⁶

-step outline plan process is intentionally different iting process, which has no similar subsequent resource consents are granted. A requirement for consistent with the final decision-making powers of er the RMA.

nvolved in the outline plan process, for which they ommendations within 20 working days. An appeals to Council, should it be required.

dd any more robustness but has the potential to of the Projects.

ing clauses (b)(ii) and (b)(iii) from the SCEMP posed in Closing Legal Submissions⁷ and was error. AT therefore **accepts** this recommendation e left in italics for clarity.

wording.

⁶ Scrafton Primary Evidence, at [10.5]-[10.37] (p 67-68); Closing legal submissions of Requiring Authority, dated 9 August 2024, at [14.20] – [14.24].

⁷ Closing legal submissions of Requiring Authority, dated 9 August 2024, at [26.9] and [26.10].

Designation	Relevant Condition				commended by the He a as are in bold and strike	-	Reason for modifications (or reje
	Management Plan (ULDMP)	cultural landscape cultural sites, lands	and design matters in	ncluding how desired ntified and discussed	outcomes for manager	provide input into relevant nent of potential effects on Cultural Advisory Report	
All Urban and Landscape Design Managemen Plan (ULDM		 (vi) will address Te Tupu Ngi in developin (b) The ULDMP shall (i) Auckland Tran (ii) New Zealand updated versit (iii) New Zealand (iv) New Zealand 	the outcomes and r tahi Urban Design E g the detailed design be prepared in genera sport's Urban Roads Transport Agency Ur on; Transport Agency Lar Transport Agency P3 nt updated version; ar	elevancy of recomm Evaluation 2023, inc or response. al accordance with: and Streets Design C rban Design Guidelin ndscape Guidelines (2 9 Standard Specifica nd	Juding the Outcomes Guide, or any subsequer nes: Bridging the Gap 2018) or any subsequer	tunities contained in the and Opportunities Plans, nt or updated version; (2013) or any subsequent tupdated version; cape Treatments (2013) or	Reject new clause to refer to the The Panel has recommended the a condition to refer to the Urban Desi Assessment of Environmental Effec plans. AT rejects this change. As a the proposed conditions already ac the UDE assessment. ⁸ Accept amendment to clause (b) The Panel has also recommended updated version' of AT's Urban Ro- condition. AT accepts this amendru updated or superseded in the future
All	Construction Vibration Standards	Vibration Table 24.1 Construction Vibration Standards				Reject amendment to construction The Panel has recommended that t	
		Receiver Occupied activities sensitive to noise	Details Night-time 2000h - 0630h	Category A* 0.3mm/s ppv	Category B* 24mm/s ppv		standards during the night-time for amended from 2 mm/s ppv to 1 mm standards. AT rejects this change Submissions ⁹ and particularly notes
		Other occupied buildings	Daytime 0630h - 2000h Daytime 0630h - 2000h	2mm/s ppv 2mm/s ppv	5mm/s ppv 5mm/s ppv		The vibration standards f standards which reflects authorities that operate unc
		All other buildings * Category A criteria a ** Category B criteria daytime					 The AT standard of 2 mm, value as the amenity criteri The amendment is unnece will be the same and it is Schedule to be prepared.
All	Schedule to a CNVMP	 (a) A Schedule to the CNVMP (Schedule) shall be prepared prior to the <u>sS</u>tart of <u>the cC</u>onstruction <u>of an activity</u> to which it relates by a Suitably Qualified Person, in consultation with the owners and occupiers of sites subject to the Schedule, when: 		Amendment by AT Amendment to improve wording.			
All	Pre- Construction Ecological Survey	 (a) At the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, an updated ecological survey shall be undertaken in the relevant geographic area by a Suitably Qualified Person. The purpose of the survey is to inform ecological management by: (i) confirming whether the species of value within the Identified Biodiversity Areas recorded in the Identified Biodiversity Area Schedule X are still present; and 			Amendment by AT Amendment to clarify that the appro Stage of Work, as determined by a clause (a)(ii) to improve drafting an		

⁸ Foster Primary Evidence, at [7.13] and Appendix C.



he Urban Design Evaluation (UDE)

e addition of a new clause to the ULDMP esign Evaluation (UDE) lodged with the ffects, including the outcomes and opportunities s explained by Mr Foster in his primary evidence, address the core recommendations contained in

(b)(i)

ed making reference to 'any subsequent or Roads and Streets Guide in the ULDMP adment, which reflects that this document may be sure.

ction vibration standards

at the Category B construction vibration for occupied activities sensitive to noise be mm/s ppv, to be consistent with the NZTA ge for the reasons explained in Closing Legal otes:

s for AT and NZTA are derived from different s the fact that they are two different requiring under different standards and guidelines.

nm/s ppv is taken from the AUP, which uses this erion for night-time works.

ecessary as in practice the outcome for receivers is merely a question of what level will trigger a

propriate survey area will depend on the relevant a Suitably Qualified Person. AT also amends and clarify that the ecological survey is required

⁹ Closing legal submissions of Requiring Authority, dated 9 August 2024, at [14.48] – [14.54].

Designation	Relevant Condition	Modifications made by Auckland Transport to conditions recommended by the Hearing Commissioners	Reason for modifications (or reje
		(additions to conditions are in bold and <u>underlined</u> and rejections are in bold and strikethrough)	
		 (ii) confirming whether the project will or may is likely to have a moderate or greater level of ecological effect on ecological species of value (prior to implementation of impact management measures). The level of effect shall be determined in accordance with Table 10 of the EIANZ guidelines (or subsequent updated version of that table) as included in Schedule X to these conditions. (b) If the ecological survey confirms the presence of ecological species of value in accordance with Condition 28(a)(i) and that effects are likely in accordance with Condition 28(a)(ii) then an Ecological Management Plan (or Plans) shall be prepared in accordance with Condition 29 for these areas (Confirmed Biodiversity Areas). 	to confirm whether the project is <i>lik</i> effect.
All	Ecological Management Plan (EMP	 (a) An EMP shall be prepared for any Confirmed Biodiversity Areas (confirmed through Condition 28) prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the EMP is to minimise effects of the Project on the ecological features of value of <u>fin</u> Confirmed Biodiversity Areas as far as practicable. (b) To achieve the objective, the EMP shall set out the methods which may include: 	Amendment by AT Amendments improve clarity of wor including "to achieve the objective, include" at the start of the EMP con the following to achieve the objective
NoRs 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13	Ecological Management Plan (EMP)	 (c) If an EMP is required in accordance with (a) for the presence of long tail bats, the EMP may include the following to achieve the objective: Measures to minimise as far as practicable, disturbance from construction activities within the vicinity 50m of any active long tail bat roosts (including maternity) that are discovered through survey until such roosts are confirmed to be vacant of bats. how the Timing of any eConstruction wWorks within 50m in the vicinity of any active maternity long tail bat roosts. Those Construction Works shall will be undertaken limited to outside the bat maternity period (between December and March) where reasonably practicable; Details of areas where vegetation is to be retained where practicable and where additional planting is proposed to be provided and maintained for the purposes of the connectivity of long tail bats habitats; and Details of how bat connectivity will be provided and maintained (e.g. through the presence of suitable indigenous or exotic trees or artificial alternatives). Details of measures to minimise any operational disturbance from light spill. 	Amendments by AT Amendments to improve clarity of achieve the objective, the EMP shal start of the EMP condition, AT has achieve the objective" at the end of long tail bats. This rationale also confusion, the reference to "inclu removed, and the meaning of "vici avoid duplication AT has also requirements into clause (iii).
NoRs 6, 7, 10	Ecological Management Plan (EMP)	 (d) If an EMP is required in accordance with (a) for the presence of the objective: i. how the Timing of any Construction Works which may have adverse effects on Threatened or At-Risk birds (excluding wetland birds). Those Construction Works shall be undertaken outside of the bird breeding season (September to February) where practicable; and ii. Where works are required within the area identified in the Confirmed Biodiversity Area during the bird breeding season, methods to minimise adverse effects on Threatened or At-Risk birds. 	Amendments by AT Amendments to improve clarity of w of those Construction Works that n Risk birds that may be included in t
NoRs 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13	Ecological Management Plan (EMP)	 (e) If an EMP is required in accordance with (a) for the presence of <u>T</u>threatened or <u>Aat</u>-risk wetland birds, <u>the</u> <u>EMP may include the following to achieve the objective</u>: <u>Irelocated] Details of any Undertaking an ensting bird surveys</u> of Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds, <u>prior to any Construction Works taking place within a 50m radius of any identified Wetlands (including establishment of construction areas adjacent to Wetlands). <u>Nesting bird surveys shall be undertaken within any wetland that is both within a Confirmed Biodiversity Area and located within a 50m radius of Construction Works.</u> Surveys <u>should shall</u> be <u>undertaken prior to any such works taking place and</u> repeated at the beginning of each wetland bird breeding season <u>until the Completion of Construction</u> and following periods of <u>construction inactivity</u>;</u> <u>how the</u>-Timing of any Construction Works <u>which may have adverse effects on Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds. Those Construction Works</u> shall be undertaken outside of the bird breeding season (September to February) where practicable; 	Amendments by AT Amendments to improve clarity of weights make clear that it is not only the time adverse effects on Threatened or A AT also inserts "breeding" in clause (iii) to improve clarity including as to Accept in part amendments to EI The Panel has recommended chan Risk wetland birds, including to measures from 50m to 200m and to



likely to have a moderate or greater level of

vording including to delete clause (b). Rather than ve, the EMP shall set out the methods which may condition, AT has inserted "the EMP may include ctive" at the end of each clause.

of wording. As above, rather than including "to hall set out the methods which may include" at the as inserted "the EMP may include the following to d of each clause, including this clause relating to so applies to the clauses that follow. To avoid including maternity" after long tail bat roosts is *r*icinity" in clause (i) is clarified as being 50m. To be deleted clause (iv) and incorporated those

wording and to make clear that it is only the timing t may have adverse effects on Threatened or Atn the EMP.

of wording including by relocating clauses, and to timing of those Construction Works that may have or At-Risk birds that may be included in the EMP. se (ii) to fix an omission and has re-drafted clause to the location and timing of nesting bird surveys.

EMP condition

hanges to the EMP clause for Threatened or Atto increase the area for protection and buffer d to simplify the condition.

Designation	Relevant Condition	Modifications made by Auckland Transport to conditions recommended by the Hearing Commissioners	Reason for modifications (or reje
		(additions to conditions are in bold and <u>underlined</u> and rejections are in bold and strikethrough)	
		 iii. Where works are required within the Confirmed Biodiversity Area during the bird <u>breeding</u> season, methods to minimise adverse effects on Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds; <u>and</u> iv. <u>Details of</u> what protection and buffer measures will be provided where are proposed to manage <u>effects on</u> nesting Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds are identified within 200m of any construction area (including laydown areas). through a survey undertaken in accordance with Condition (e)(iii). Proposed measures must consider shall address: A. the type, intensity and duration of the construction activity: B. and species of wetland bird affected the likely sensitivity of the nesting bird species to the construction activity; and C. any environmental features (e.g., vegetation and contour) that could influence the extent of potential adverse effects on the Threatened of At-Risk wetland birds. 	 AT rejects amendment of the area the Closing Legal Submissions.¹⁰ In Extending the setbacks to 2 have not been included subsequent Identified Biod Application of the NZTA Do 50m area) is standard prace wetland bird species. AT accepts in part the proposed a clause (e)(iv), but with amended condition is workable.
NoR 9	Ecological Management Plan (EMP)	 (f) If an EMP is required in accordance with (a) for the presence of native herpetofauna, the EMP may include the following to achieve the objective: (i) A description of the methodology and timing for survey, trapping and relocation of lizards rescued; (ii) A description of the relocation site(s), including:	Amendments by AT Amendments to improve clarity of v
All <u>NoRs 6-13</u>	Low Noise Road Surface	 (a) Asphaltic concrete surfacing (or equivalent low noise road surface) shall be implemented within 12 months of Completion of Construction of the project. (b) The asphaltic concrete surface shall be maintained <u>as far as practicable</u> to retain the noise reduction performance of the surface established in accordance with (a), unless condition 34 applies. 	Accept in part new clause (b) The Panel recommends inserting a road surface to be maintained to re- surface. Consequential to this, the Resurfacing Work condition on Nol rejected by AT for the reasons disc AT accepts in part the insertion of to clarify how the requirement to m corridors and particularly that the re- Work condition. In conjunction with traffic noise condition (reproduced
			 maintenance requirements for the clause (b) only: <u>Any barriers required by</u> maintained so they retain t practicable. However, to achieve consistency w amends the Panel's recommended
<u>NoR 5</u>	Low Noise Road Surface	(a) Asphaltic concrete surfacing (or equivalent low noise road surface) shall be implemented within 12 months of Completion of Construction of the project.	Reject new clause (b)

¹⁰ Closing legal submissions of Requiring Authority, dated 9 August 2024, at [21.14] to [21.18].



ea referenced in (e)(iv) for the reasons detailed in [°] In particular:

o 200m would encompass additional wetlands that ed in the ecological impact assessment and odiversity Areas.

Dotterel Guidelines (which were used to define the ractice for this type of assessment and a range of

d amendments of the Panel to simplify the rest of ed wording to improve drafting and ensure the

f wording.

g a new clause (b) that requires the low noise retain the noise reduction performance of the ne Panel has recommended deletion of the Future loRs 6-13 (only retaining it for NoR 5) which is iscussed in the row below.

of a new clause (b) for all NoRs except NoR 5, maintain the low noise road surface applies to its requirement is subject to the Future Resurfacing ith this, AT amends a similarly drafted existing ed below) to avoid duplication and clarify that the e low noise road surface are set out in new

by the Detailed Mitigation Options shall be n their noise reduction performance as far as

with that existing traffic noise condition, AT ed clause (b) to add "as far as practicable".

Designation	Relevant Condition	Modifications made by Auckland Transport to conditions recommended by the Hearing Commissioners (additions to conditions are in bold and <u>underlined</u> and rejections are in bold and <u>strikethrough</u>)	Reason for modifications (or reje
		(
		(b) The asphaltic concrete surface shall be maintained to retain the noise reduction performance of the surface established in accordance with (a), unless condition 34 applies.	AT rejects the insertion of clause (b for this corridor as the requirement sufficient alongside the requirement
<u>All</u> NoR 5	Future Resurfacing Work	 (a) Any future resurfacing works of the Project shall be undertaken in accordance with the Auckland Transport Reseal Guidelines, Asset Management and Systems 2013 or any updated version and asphaltic concrete surfacing (or equivalent low noise road surface) shall be implemented where: (i) the volume of traffic exceeds 10,000 vehicles per day; or (ii) the road is subject to high wear and tear (such as cul de sac heads, roundabouts and main road intersections); or (iii) it is in an industrial or commercial area where there is a high concentration of truck traffic; or (iv) it is subject to high usage by pedestrians, such as town centres, hospitals, shopping centres and schools. (b) Prior to commencing any future resurfacing works, the Requiring Authority shall advise the Manager if any of the triggers in Condition 34(a)(i) – (iv) are not met by the road or a section of it and therefore where the application of asphaltic concrete surfacing (or equivalent low noise road surface) is no longer required on the road or a section of it. Such advice shall also indicate when any resealing is to occur. 	Reject Panel recommendation The Panel recommends deleting th NoRs (all but NoR 5) on the basis to new wording in the Low Noise Re recommendation and has reinstate As explained in Closing Legal Subr when the low noise road surface w from the AT Reseal Guidelines. If to in the condition, then the condition of in asphaltic concrete (or equivaler adequate. The condition also reflects AT's
			particular, resurfacing decisions m assets, as well as ensuring equita responsibility to future residents, a also take into account cost to rate on AT corridors are more likely to ra (rather than just the road surface, a
All	Traffic Noise	Notwithstanding the above applying to the PPFs in Schedule 4, conditions 36, 37, 39 and 40 shall be read as also including a requirement for the future BPO assessment to determine the BPO for the environment (including any dwellings to be retained within the designation) that is present prior to construction starting (in terms of road surface, barriers, or other source noise mitigation), noting that the Requiring Authority is not responsible for acoustically treating dwellings that are constructed following the lodgement of the NoR.	Reject new condition The Panel has proposed a new trat a future best practicable option (I present prior to construction startin that the recommendation is incons be constructed with low noise road future receivers. As explained in de have a shared responsibility to ma and Facilities (PPFs) set out in assessed at the time of detailed de
All <u>NoRs 6 – 13</u>	All Traffic Noise Conditions	All Traffic Noise Conditions Prior to <u>the Start of C</u> construction of the Project, a Suitably Qualified Person shall develop the Detailed Mitigation	Amendment by AT AT is removing all traffic noise con PPFs for that corridor and the c amending a specific traffic noise co
NoRs 6 – 13	Traffic Noise	Options for the PPFs identified in Schedule X PPFs Noise Criteria Categories, taking into account the Selected Mitigation Options. Any barriers required by the Detailed Mitigation Options shall be maintained so they retain their noise reduction performance as far as practicable.	Amendment by AT Consequential to AT accepting a m Surface condition, AT amends this and clarify that the maintenance re set out in new clause (b) to the Low

¹¹ Closing legal submissions of Requiring Authority, dated 9 August 2024, at [12.10] – [12.16].



(b) for NoR 5 on the basis that it is unnecessary nt to implement a low noise road surface is ents of the Future Resurfacing Work condition.

the Future Resurfacing Work condition from most s that it is no longer necessary with their proposed Road Surface Condition above. AT **rejects** this ated the condition in full.

ubmissions,¹¹ the condition sets out the criteria for will be implemented and these criteria are drawn If future arterial corridors meet the criteria set out n commits AT to carry out future resurfacing works lent low noise road surface) which is considered

s commercial and operational requirements. In must take into account the whole-of-life cost of uitable resource allocation. AT must consider its , and this goes beyond noise impacts as it must tepayers. It is relevant to note that road surfaces o require the entire road pavement to be upgraded e, as is often the case for NZTA corridors).

raffic noise condition for all AT NoRs that requires (**BPO**) assessment for the environment that is rting. AT **rejects** this new condition on the basis nsistent with NZ6806. In addition, the projects will bad surfaces, which will benefit both existing and detail in Closing Legal Submissions,¹² developers nanage noise and only those Protected Premises n the schedules that currently exist should be design.

conditions from NoR 5, as there are no identified conditions were included in error. AT is also condition to improve clarity, as shown.

a modified new clause (b) on the Low Noise Road his similarly drafted condition to avoid duplication requirements for the low noise road surface are by Noise Road Surface condition only. Aside from

¹² Closing legal submissions of Requiring Authority, dated 9 August 2024, at [12.2] – [12.9].

Designation	Relevant Condition	Modifications made by Auckland Transport to conditions recommended by the Hearing Commissioners (additions to conditions are in bold and <u>underlined</u> and rejections are in bold and <u>strikethrough</u>)	Reason for modifications (or reje
			a low noise road surface, barriers a could form part of the Detailed Mitig
N/A	N/A	N/A	Reject recommendation to distin
			AT has carefully considered the red Requiring Authorities provide a difference designation maps for construction a in the general arrangement plans').
			AT rejects this recommendation fo
			As noted in the primary evidence of a temporary and permanent design the context of a long-term designat that are still required to be advance and construction techniques are als construction for the projects is likely lock in any one design or construct likely to be efficiencies in the future mean a construction yard could be changes in the environment and fut mitigation.
			Given this, the differentiation betwee operation of the projects is not able be confirmed by the Requiring Auth the Public Works Act, closer to the
			Flexibility is also required in the desorregulation of staging configurations and future
			The concept plans included in the c and the design detail shown is very Delineating indicative construction would not mitigate an effect.
			Landowners already have access t notified with the NoRs for potential
			AT notes that there have been other programme where further concept already resulted in the need to use construction area. For example, at been moved to where the construct construction area was moved away



are the only other feasible mitigation option that tigation Option.

inguish temporary construction areas

ecommendation from the Panel that the ifferent delineation within their respective n areas (shown as 'indicative construction areas s').

for the following reasons.

e of Mr Scrafton, ¹³ the suggested identification of gnation boundary is not appropriate or feasible in hations, particularly given the design processes need before implementation. Design standards also very likely to evolve between now and when kely to occur and therefore it is not appropriate to uction methodology at this stage, when there are are. For example, future design changes may become a permanent wetland opportunity due to future requirements for stormwater design or

ween the extent required for the construction and ble to be accurately defined at this stage. This will uthorities and discussed with landowners under ne time of construction.

lesigns and designations to account for a range integration with land use.

e conditions focus on the designation boundary, ery indicative and subject to detailed design. on areas on these plans would be impractical and

s to the General Arrangement plans lodged and al locations of indicative construction areas.

ther examples across the Te Tupu Ngātahi ot design work in response to submissions has se an area initially proposed as an indicative at Spartan Road in Takaanini, an overbridge has uction area was initially indicated and the vay from the bridge.

¹³ Scrafton Primary Evidence, at [10.25] to [10.28].

Yours sincerely

Jame Small

Jane Small Group Manager, Strategic Development Programmes and Property



Appendix A – Auckland Transport's Modifications to NoR 5 conditions (clean)

[XXXX] New State Highway 1 Crossing at Dairy Stream

Designation Number	[XXXX]
Requiring Authority	Auckland Transport
Location	In the vicinity of Dairy Stream, between Top Road in Dairy Flat and East Coast Road in Stillwater
Lapse Date	In accordance with section 184(1)(c) of the RMA, this designation shall lapse if not given effect to within 30 years from the date on which it is included in the AUP.

Purpose

The construction, operation and maintenance of an arterial transport corridor and associated facilities.

Conditions

Abbreviations and definitions

Acronym/Term	Definition
Activity sensitive to noise	Any dwelling, visitor accommodation, boarding house, marae, papakāinga, integrated residential development, retirement village, supported residential care, care centre, lecture theatre in a tertiary Education Facility, classroom in an Education Facility and healthcare facility with an overnight stay facility
AUP	Auckland Unitary Plan
BPO or Best Practicable Option	Has the same meaning as in section 2 of the RMA 1991
CEMP	Construction Environmental Management Plan
Certification of material changes to management plans	 Confirmation from the Manager that a material change to a management plan has been prepared in accordance with the condition to which it relates. A material change to a management plan shall be deemed certified: (a) where the Requiring Authority has received written
	 confirmation from the Manager that the material change to the management plan is certified; or (b) 10 working days from the submission of the material change to the management plan where no written confirmation of certification has been received
СМР	Cultural Monitoring Plan
CNVMP	Construction Noise and Vibration Management Plan
CNVMP Schedule or Schedule	A schedule to the CNVMP
Completion of Construction	When construction of the project (or part of the project) is complete and it is available for use
Confirmed Biodiversity Areas	Areas recorded in the Identified Biodiversity Area Schedule where the ecological values and effects have been confirmed through the ecological survey under Condition 28
Construction Works	Activities undertaken to construct the project excluding Enabling Works
Council	Auckland Council
CTMP	Construction Traffic Management Plan
Developer	Any legal entity that intends to master plan or develop land adjacent to the designation

Development Agency	Public entities involved in development projects
Education Facility	Facility used for education to secondary level. Includes:
	 schools and outdoor education facilities; and accommodation, administrative, cultural, religious, health, retail and communal facilities accessory to the above. Excludes:
	care centres; and
EIANZ Guidelines	 tertiary education facilities. Ecological Impact Assessment: EIANZ Guidelines for use in New Zealand: terrestrial and freshwater ecosystems, second edition, dated May 2018
EMP	Ecological Management Plan
Enabling Works	 Includes, but is not limited to, the following and similar activities: (a) geotechnical investigations (including trial embankments); (b) archaeological site investigations; (c) formation of access for geotechnical investigations; (d) establishment of site yards, site entrances and fencing; (e) constructing and sealing site access roads; (f) demolition or removal of buildings and structures; (g) relocation of services; and (h) establishment of mitigation measures (such as erosion and sediment control measures, temporary noise walls, earth bunds and planting)
ННМР	Historic Heritage Management Plan
HNZPT	Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga
HNZPTA	Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014
Identified Biodiversity Area	Means an area or areas of features of ecological value where the project ecologist has identified that the project will potentially have a moderate or greater level of ecological effect, prior to implementation of impact management measures, as determined in accordance with the EIANZ Guidelines
Manager	The Manager – Resource Consents of the Auckland Council, or authorised delegate
Mana Whenua	 Mana Whenua as referred to in the conditions are considered to be, but not limited to, the following (in no particular order), who at the time of Notice of Requirement expressed a desire to be involved in the project: (a) Ngāti Manuhiri (b) Te Kawerau ā Maki (c) Te Ākitai Waiohua (d) Ngāti Whanaunga (e) Te Runanga o Ngāti Whātua (f) Ngāti Maru (g) Te Patu Kirikiri (h) Ngāti Tamaterā (j) Ngai Tai ki Tāmaki (k) Ngāti Paoa Irust Board Note: other iwi not identified above may have an interest in the project and should be consulted
Network Utility Operator	Has the same meaning as set out in section 166 of the RMA
NIMP	Network Integration Management Plan
NoR	Notice of Requirement

North Growth Area	Land for future urban development in the North of Auckland, including Future Urban zoned areas in Ara Hills, Ōrewa, Wainui East, Silverdale West, Redvale and Dairy Flat			
NUMP	Network Utilities Management Plan			
Outline Plan	An outline plan prepared in accordance with section 176A of the RMA			
Overland Flow Path	Means a low point in terrain, excluding a permanent watercourse or intermittent river or stream, where surface runoff will flow, with an upstream contributing catchment exceeding 4,000m ²			
Project Liaison Person	The person or persons appointed for the duration of the project's Construction Works to be the main point of contact for persons wanting information about the project or affected by the Construction Works			
Protected Premises and Facilities (PPF)	Protected Premises and Facilities as defined in New Zealand Standard NZS 6806:2010: <i>Acoustics – Road-traffic noise – New and</i> <i>altered roads</i>			
Requiring Authority	Has the same meaning as section 166 of the RMA and, for this designation is Auckland Transport			
RMA	Resource Management Act 1991			
SCEMP	Stakeholder Communication and Engagement Management Plan			
Stakeholder	Stakeholders to be identified in accordance with Condition 4, which may include as appropriate:			
	(a) adjacent owners and occupiers;			
	(b) adjacent business owners and operators;			
	(c) central and local government bodies;(d) community groups;			
	(e) developers;			
	(f) development agencies;			
	(g) Education Facilities; and			
	(h) Network Utility Operators.			
Stage of Work	Any physical works that require the development of an Outline Plan			
Start of Construction	The time when Construction Works (excluding Enabling Works) start			
Suitably Qualified Person	A person (or persons) who can provide sufficient evidence to demonstrate their suitability, experience and competence in the relevant field of expertise.			
ULDMP	Urban and Landscape Design Management Plan			

General	cond	itions	
1.	Activity in General Accordance with Plans and Information		
	(a) (b)	Except as provided for in the conditions below, and subject to final design and Outline Plan(s), works within the designation shall be undertaken in general accordance with the project description and concept plan in Schedule 1. Where there is inconsistency between:	
		 (i) the project description and concept plan in Schedule 1 and the requirements of the following conditions, the conditions shall prevail; (ii) the project description and concept plan in Schedule 1, and the management plans under the conditions of the designation, the requirements of the 	
•	Duri	management plans shall prevail.	
2.	(a)	A project website, or equivalent virtual information source, shall be established as soon as reasonably practicable, and within six months of the inclusion of this designation in the AUP. This shall be updated as required so it remains current.	
	(b)	All directly affected owners and occupiers shall be notified in writing as soon as reasonably practicable once the website or equivalent information source has been established. The project website or virtual information source shall include these conditions and shall provide information on:	
		 (i) the status of the project; (ii) anticipated construction timeframes; (iii) contact details for enquiries; 	
		 (iv) the implications of the designation for landowners, occupiers and business owners and operators within the designation and where they can receive additional advice; 	
		 (v) a subscription service to enable receipt of project updates by email; (vi) the types of activities that can be undertaken by landowners without the need for written consent to be obtained under s176(1)(b) of the RMA; and (vii) when and how to apply for consent for works in the designation under 	
		section 176(1)(b) of the RMA.	
	(c)	 At ten yearly intervals from the inclusion of this designation in the AUP until the start of detailed design, the Requiring Authority shall identify appropriate methods with the relevant Local Board(s) to: (i) inform the wider community of the project status; and (ii) raise awareness of the project website. 	
	(d)	At the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, the project website or virtual information source shall be updated to provide information on the likely date for Start of Construction, and any Staging of Works.	

3.	Land use Integration Process		
	(a)	The Requiring Authority shall set up a Land use Integration Process for the period	
		between confirmation of the designation and the Start of Construction. The purpose	
		of this process is to encourage and facilitate the integration of master planning and	
		land use development activity on land directly affected or adjacent to the	
		designation. To achieve this purpose:	
		(i) the Requiring Authority shall include the contact details of a nominated	
		contact on the project website (or equivalent information source) required to be established by Condition 2(b)(iii); and	
		(ii) the nominated contact shall be the main point of contact for a Developer or	
		Development Agency wanting to work with the Requiring Authority to	
		integrate their development plans or master planning with the designation.	
	(b)	At any time prior to the Start of Construction, the nominated contact will be	
	. ,	available to engage with a Developer or Development Agency for the purpose of:	
		(i) responding to requests made to the Requiring Authority for information	
		regarding design details that could assist with land use integration; and	
		(ii) receiving information from a Developer or Development Agency regarding	
		master planning or land development details that could assist with land use	
		integration.	
	(c)	Information requested or provided under Condition 3(b) above may include but not	
		be limited to the following matters:	
		(i) design details including but not limited to:	
		 A. boundary treatment (e.g. the use of retaining walls or batter slopes); B. the horizontal and vertical alignment of the road (levels); 	
		C. potential locations for mid-block crossings;	
		D. integration of stormwater infrastructure; and	
		E. traffic noise modelling contours.	
		(ii) potential modifications to the extent of the designation in response to	
		information received through Condition 3(b)(ii);	
		(iii) a process for the Requiring Authority to undertake a technical review of or	
		provide comments on any master planning or development proposal	
		advanced by the Developer or Development Agency as it relates to	
		integration with the project; and	
		 (iv) details of how to apply for written consent from the Requiring Authority for any development proposal that relates to land that is within the designation 	
		under section 176(1)(b) of the RMA.	
	(d)	Where information is requested from the Requiring Authority and is available, the	
	()	nominated contact shall provide the information unless there are reasonable	
		grounds for not providing it.	
	(e)	The nominated contact shall maintain a record of the engagement between the	
		Requiring Authority and Developers and Development Agencies for the period	
		following the date in which this designation is included in the AUP through to the	
		Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The record shall include:	
		 details of any requests made to the Requiring Authority that could influence detailed design, the results of any engagement and, where such requests 	
		that could influence detailed design are declined, the reasons why the	
		Requiring Authority has declined the requests; and	
		(ii) details of any requests to co-ordinate the forward work programme, where	
		appropriate, with Development Agencies and Network Utility Operators.	
	(f)	The record shall be submitted to Council for information 10 working days prior to	
	. /	the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work	

4.	Stakeholder Communication and Engagement Design		
	(a) At least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, the		
	Requiring Authority shall identify:		
	 (i) a list of Stakeholders; (ii) a list of properties within the designation which the Requiring Authority does 		
	 a list of properties within the designation which the Requiring Authority does not own or have occupation rights to; and 		
	(iii) methods to engage with Stakeholders and the owners and occupiers of		
	properties identified in (a)(i) – (ii) above.		
	(b) A record of (a) shall be submitted to the Manager for information with an Outline		
<i>.</i>	Plan for the relevant Stage of Work.		
5.	Designation Review		
	Pre-construction review		
	If the land adjacent to the designation is re-zoned from Future Urban or any live urban		
	zone to any rural zone (once made operative in the Auckland Unitary Plan), the Requiring		
	Authority shall review the extent of the designation.		
	In carrying out this review, the Requiring Authority shall:		
	(i) Consider the implications of any zoning change and integration of land use		
	with the transport network in the North Growth Area; (ii) Identify whether any areas of designated land are no longer required for the		
	construction, operation, maintenance or mitigation of effects of the project;		
	and		
	(iii) Consider whether the boundaries of the designation require modification in		
	accordance with section 182 of the RMA.		
	Post-construction review		
	As soon as reasonably practicable following Completion of Construction, the Requiring		
	Authority shall:		
	(i) review the extent of the designation to identify any areas of designated land		
	that it no longer requires for the on-going operation, maintenance or mitigation of effects of the project; and		
	(ii) give notice to the Manager in accordance with section 182 of the RMA for		
	the removal of those parts of the designation identified above.		
6.	Lapse		
	In accordance with section 184(1)(c) of the RMA, this designation shall lapse if not given		
	effect to within 30 years from the date on which it is included in the AUP.		
7.	Network Utility Operators (Section 176 Approval)		
	(a) Prior to the Start of Construction, Network Utility Operators with existing		
	infrastructure located within the designation will not require written consent under		
	section 176 of the RMA for the following activities: (i) operation, maintenance and repair works;		
	(ii) minor renewal works to existing network utilities necessary for the on-going		
	provision or security of supply of network utility operations;		
	(iii) minor works such as new service connections; and		
	(iv) the upgrade and replacement of existing network utilities in the same		
	location with the same or similar effects on the works authorised by the		
	designation as the existing utility.		
	(b) To the extent that a record of written approval is required for the activities listed above, this condition shall constitute written approval.		

8.	General Section 176 Approval		
	 (a) Prior to the start of the formal acquisition process under the Public Works Act 1981 for a property, or submission of the Outline Plan, persons on properties zoned Rural or Future Urban will not require written consent under section 176 of the RMA for the following activities: (i) Internal alterations; (ii) Repair of existing utility services; (iii) One extension to an existing structure as at 2023, up to 30m²; and (iv) Temporary or relocatable structures, provided they are removed from the site and the land is reinstated (including closing and capping any associated services) at the landowner's expense prior to the Start of Construction. The landowner shall be responsible for any resource consent required for the structures, their removal or relocation. (b) To the extent that a record of written approval is required for the activities listed above, this condition shall constitute written approval. 		
Pre-con	struction conditions		
9.	Outline Plan		
	(a) An Outline Plan (or Plans) shall be prepared in accordance with section 176A of		
	the RMA.(b) Outline Plans (or Plan) may be submitted in parts or in stages to address particular		
	activities (e.g. design or construction aspects), or a Stage of Work of the project.		
	(c) Outline Plans shall include any management plan or plans that are relevant to the		
	management of effects of those activities or Stage of Work, which may include:		
	 (i) Construction Environmental Management Plan; (ii) Construction Traffic Management Plan; 		
	(iii) Construction Noise and Vibration Management Plan;		
	(iv) Urban and Landscape Design Management Plan;		
	(v) Historic Heritage Management Plan;		
	(vi) Ecological Management Plan;(vii) Network Utilities Management Plan; and		
	(viii) Network Integration Management Plan.		
	Flood Hazard		
	For the purpose of Condition 10:		
	(a) AEP – means Annual Exceedance Probability;		
	(b) Existing Authorised Habitable Floor – means the floor level of any room (floor) in		
	a residential building which is authorised and exists at the time the Outline Plan is submitted, excluding a laundry, bathroom, toilet or any room used solely as an		
	entrance hall, passageway or garage;		
	(c) Flood Prone Area – means potential ponding areas that may flood in a 1% AEP		
	event and commonly comprise of topographical depression areas. The areas can		
	occur naturally or as a result of constructed features. Identification of a potential Flood Prone Area would be by an assessment of residual flood risk in a 1% AEP		
	event (e.g. from blockage of the project stormwater network) on land outside and		
	adjacent to the designation following the application of Conditions (10)(a)(i) - (iv).		
	(d) Maximum Probable Development – is the design case for consideration of future		
	flows allowing for development within a catchment that takes into account the maximum impervious surface limits of the current zone or if the land is zoned		
	Future Urban in the AUP, the probable level of development arising from zone		
	changes;		
	(e) Pre-Project Development – means existing site condition prior to the project		
	(including existing buildings and roadways); and		
	(f) Post-Project Development – means site condition after the project has been completed (including existing and new buildings and roadways).		

10.	Flood Hazard		
	(a) The project shall be designed to achieve the following flood risk outcomes be		
		the boundary of the designation:	
		(i) no increase in flood levels in a 1% AEP event for Existing Authorised	
		Habitable Floors that are already subject to flooding or have a freeboard less than 500mm;	
		(ii) no increase in flood levels in a 1% AEP event for authorised community,	
		commercial, industrial and network utility building floors existing at the time the Outline Plan is submitted that are already subject to flooding or have a freeboard less than 300mm;	
		(iii) maximum of 50mm increase in flood levels in a 1% AEP event outside and adjacent to the designation boundary between the Pre-Project Development	
		and Post-Project Development scenarios;	
		(iv) no increase of Flood Hazard Class for the main access to authorised habitable dwellings existing at the time the Outline Plan is submitted. The assessment shall be undertaken for the 1% AEP rainfall event and reference the hazard class in accordance with Schedule 2 to these conditions; and	
		(v) no new Flood Prone Areas.	
	(b)	Compliance with this condition shall be demonstrated in the Outline Plan, which	
		shall include flood modelling of the Pre-Project Development and Post-Project Development 1% AEP flood levels (for Maximum Probable Development land use	
		with allowances for climate change).	
	(c)	Where:	
		 the flood risk outcomes in (a) can be achieved through alternative measures outside of the designation such as flood stop banks, flood walls, raising Existing Authorised Habitable Floor level and new overland flow paths; or the outcomes are varied at specific location(s) through agreement with the 	
		relevant landowner,	
		confirmation shall be provided to the Manager that any necessary landowner agreement and statutory approvals have been obtained for that alternative measure or varied outcome.	
11.	Overland Flow Paths		
	Whe	re the project modifies an Overland Flow Path by either:	
	• d	liverting the entry or exit point at the designation boundary; or	
	• p	iping, or reducing its capacity;	
	the d poter	esign shall provide for the continued passage of flow in a manner which manages ntial effects upstream and downstream of the modified Overland Flow Path.	
12.	Exist	ting property access	
	and o Outlin	to submission of the Outline Plan, consultation shall be undertaken with landowners occupiers whose vehicle access to their property will be altered by the project. The ne Plan shall demonstrate how safe reconfigured or alternate access will be	
	provi	ded, unless otherwise agreed with the affected landowner.	

13.	Mana	Management Plans		
	(a)	Any management plan shall: (i) be prepared and implemented in accordance with the relevant management		
		plan condition;		
		(ii) be prepared by a Suitably Qualified Person(s);		
		(iii) include sufficient detail relating to the management of effects associated with		
		the relevant activities and/or Stage of Work to which it relates;		
		(iv) be submitted as part of an Outline Plan pursuant to section 176A of the		
		RMA, with the exception of SCEMPs and CNVMP Schedules; and		
		 (v) once finalised, uploaded to the project website or equivalent virtual information source. 		
	(b)	Any management plan developed in accordance with Condition 13 may:		
	(-)	 be submitted in parts or in stages to address particular activities (e.g. design or construction aspects), a Stage of Work of the project, or to address 		
		specific activities authorised by the designation; and		
		(ii) except for material changes, be amended to reflect any changes in design,		
	(a)	construction methods or management of effects without further process; Information shall be submitted with the management plan (or revised plan as		
	(c)	referred to in (d) below) which summarises outcomes of consultation and any input		
		received from Mana Whenua and Stakeholders as required by the relevant		
		management plan condition. The summary shall note how this input has been		
		incorporated or reflected in the management plan, or if not, the reasons why;		
	(d)	If there is a material change required to a management plan which has been		
		submitted with an Outline Plan, the revised part of the plan shall be submitted to		
		the Manager as an update to the Outline Plan or for Certification as soon as		
	(e)	practicable following identification of the need for a revision; and Any material changes to the SCEMP(s) are to be submitted to the Manager for		
	(0)	information.		
14.	Stak	eholder Communication and Engagement Management Plan (SCEMP)		
	(a)	A SCEMP shall be prepared in consultation with relevant Stakeholders prior to the		
		Start of Construction. The objective of the SCEMP is to identify how the public and		
	(h)	Stakeholders will be engaged with throughout Construction Works.		
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the SCEMP shall include: (i) a list of Stakeholders;		
		 (ii) the contact details for the Project Liaison Person. These details shall be on 		
		the project website, or equivalent virtual information source, and prominently		
		displayed at the main entrance(s) to the site(s);		
		(iii) methods for engaging with Mana Whenua, to be developed in consultation		
		with Mana Whenua;(iv) methods and timing to engage with owners and occupiers whose access is		
		directly affected;		
		 (v) methods to communicate key project milestones and the proposed hours of 		
		construction activities including outside of normal working hours and on		
		weekends and public holidays, to the parties identified in (b)(i) above; and		
		(vi) linkages and cross-references to communication and engagement methods		
	(c)	set out in other conditions and management plans where relevant. Any SCEMP prepared for a Stage of Work shall be submitted to the Manager for		
		information a minimum of 10 working days prior to the Start of Construction for a		
		Stage of Work.		

15.	Cultural Advisory Report		
	(a)	At least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, Mana Whenua shall be invited to prepare a Cultural Advisory Report for the project. The objective of the Cultural Advisory Report is to assist in understanding and identifying ngā taonga tuku iho (treasures handed down by our ancestors) affected by the project, to inform their management and protection.	
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the Requiring Authority shall invite Mana Whenua to	
		prepare a Cultural Advisory Report that:	
		 (i) identifies the cultural sites, landscapes and values that have the potential to be affected by the construction and operation of the project; 	
		(ii) sets out the desired outcomes for management of potential effects on	
		cultural sites, landscapes and values; (iii) identifies traditional cultural practices within the area that may be impacted	
		by the project;	
		 (iv) identifies opportunities for restoration and enhancement of identified cultural sites, landscapes and values within the project area; 	
		 (v) taking into account the outcomes of (i) to (iv) above, identify cultural matters and principles that should be considered in the development of the ULDMP (Condition 16) and HHMP (Condition 27) and the CMP referred to in Condition 21; and 	
		 (vi) identifies and (if possible) nominates traditional names along the project alignment. Noting there may be formal statutory processes outside the project required in any decision-making. 	
	(c)	The desired outcomes for management of potential effects on cultural sites, landscapes and values identified in the Cultural Advisory Report shall be discussed with Mana Whenua and those outcomes reflected in the relevant management plans where practicable; and	
	(d)	Conditions 15(b) and (c) will cease to apply if:	
	()	(i) Mana Whenua have been invited to prepare a Cultural Advisory Report by a	
		date at least six months prior to the Start of Construction; and(ii) Mana Whenua have not provided a Cultural Advisory Report within six	
		months prior to the Start of Construction.	
	Urba	n and Landscape Design Management Plan (ULDMP)	
16.	(a)	A ULDMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work.	
		The objective of the ULDMP(s) is to: (i) enable integration of the project's permanent works into the surrounding	
		 enable integration of the project's permanent works into the surrounding landscape and urban context; and 	
		(ii) ensure that the project manages potential adverse landscape and visual	
	4.5	effects as far as practicable and contributes to a quality urban environment.	
	(b)	Mana Whenua shall be invited to participate in the development of the ULDMP(s) to provide input into relevant cultural landscape and design matters including how	
		desired outcomes for management of potential effects on cultural sites, landscapes	
		and values identified and discussed in the Cultural Advisory Report in Condition 15	
	(c)	may be reflected in the ULDMP.	
	(c)	Relevant Stakeholders shall be invited to participate in the development of the ULDMP at least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work.	

17.	(a) To achieve the objective set out in Condition 16, the ULDMP(s) shall provide details
	of how the project:
	 (i) is designed to integrate with the adjacent urban (or proposed urban) and landscape context, including the surrounding existing or proposed topography, urban environment (eg. centres and density of built form), natural environment, landscape character and open space zones;
	 provides appropriate walking and cycling connectivity to, and interfaces with, existing or proposed adjacent land uses, public transport infrastructure and walking and cycling connections;
	(iii) promotes inclusive access (where appropriate);
	 (iv) promotes a sense of personal safety by aligning with best practice guidelines, such as:
	A. Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED) principles;B. Safety in Design (SID) requirements; and
	 Maintenance in Design (MID) requirements and anti-vandalism/anti- graffiti measures;
	 (v) has responded to matters identified through the Land use Integration Process (Condition 3); and
	(b) The ULDMP shall be prepared in general accordance with:
	 Auckland Transport's Urban Roads and Streets Design Guide, or any subsequent or updated version;
	 (ii) New Zealand Transport Agency Urban Design Guidelines: Bridging the Gap (2013) or any subsequent updated version;
	 (iii) New Zealand Transport Agency Landscape Guidelines (2018) or any subsequent updated version;
	(iv) New Zealand Transport Agency P39 Standard Specification for Highway Landscape Treatments (2013) or any subsequent updated version; and
	 (v) Auckland's Urban Ngahere (Forest) Strategy or any subsequent updated version.

18.	The		P(s) shall include:
	(a)	a cor	cept plan – which depicts the overall landscape and urban design concept,
		and e	explain the rationale for the landscape and urban design proposals;
	(b)	deve	loped design concepts, including principles for walking and cycling facilities
		and p	public transport;
	(c)	lands	cape and urban design details – that cover the following:
	. ,	(i)	road design – elements such as intersection form, carriageway gradient and
		()	associated earthworks contouring including cut and fill batters and the
			interface with adjacent land uses and existing roads (including slip lanes),
			benching, spoil disposal sites, median width and treatment, roadside width
			and treatment;
		(ii)	roadside elements – such as lighting, fencing, wayfinding and signage;
		(iii)	architectural and landscape treatment of all major structures, including
		()	bridges and retaining walls;
		(iv)	architectural and landscape treatment of noise barriers;
		(v)	landscape treatment and planting of permanent stormwater control wetlands
		()	and swales;
		(vi)	integration of passenger transport;
		(vii)	pedestrian and cycle facilities including paths, road crossings and dedicated
		()	pedestrian/ cycle bridges or underpasses;
		(viii)	historic heritage places with reference to the HHMP (Condition 27); and
		(ix)	re-instatement of construction and site compound areas; and
		(x)	features disturbed during construction and intended to be reinstated such as:
		()	A. boundary features;
			B. driveways;
			C. accessways; and
			D. fences.
	(d)	the U	LDMP shall also include the following planting and maintenance details:
	. ,	(i)	planting design details including:
			A. identification of existing trees and vegetation that will be retained with
			reference to the EMP (Condition 29). Where practicable, mature trees
			and native vegetation should be retained;
			B. street trees, shrubs and ground cover suitable for the location;
			C. treatment of fill slopes to integrate with adjacent land use, streams,
			riparian margins and open space zones;
			D. identification of any planting requirements under the EMP (Condition
			29);
			E. integration of any planting required by conditions of any resource
			consents for the project; and
			F. re-instatement planting of construction and site compound areas as
			appropriate.
		(ii)	a planting programme including the staging of planting in relation to the
			construction programme which shall, as far as practicable, include provision
			for planting within each planting season following completion of each Stage
			of Work; and
		(iii)	detailed specifications relating to the following:
			A. weed control and clearance;
			 B. pest animal management (to support plant establishment);
			C. ground preparation (top soiling and decompaction);
			D. mulching; and
			E. plant sourcing and planting, including hydroseeding and grassing, and
			use of eco-sourced species.
Constru	uction	condit	tions

19.	Cons	Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP)		
19.	(a)	 A CEMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the CEMP is to set out the management procedures and construction methods to be undertaken to avoid, remedy or mitigate any adverse effects associated with Construction Works as far as practicable. To achieve the objective, the CEMP shall include: (i) the roles and responsibilities of staff and contractors; (ii) details of the site or project manager and the Project Liaison Person, including their contact details (phone and email address); (iii) the Construction Works programmes and the staging approach, and the proposed hours of work; (iv) details of the proposed construction yards including temporary screening when adjacent to residential areas; (v) details of the proposed construction lighting; 		
		 (vi) methods for controlling dust and the removal of debris and demolition of construction materials from public roads or places; (vii) methods for providing for the health and safety of the general public; (viii) measures to mitigate flood hazard effects such as siting stockpiles out of 		
		 floodplains, minimising obstruction to flood flows, actions to respond to warnings of heavy rain; (ix) procedures for incident management; 		
		 (x) location and procedures for the refuelling and maintenance of plant and equipment to avoid discharges of fuels or lubricants to watercourses; (xi) measures to address the storage of fuels, lubricants, hazardous and/or dangerous materials, along with contingency procedures to address 		
		emergency spill response(s) and clean up; (xii) procedures for responding to complaints about Construction Works; and (xiii) methods for amending and updating the CEMP as required.		
20.	Com	plaints Process		
	(a)	 At all times during Construction Works, a record of any complaints received about the Construction Works shall be maintained. The record shall include: (i) the date, time and nature of the complaint; (ii) the name, phone number and address of the complainant (unless the complainant wishes to remain anonymous); (iii) measures taken to respond to the complaint (including a record of the response provided to the complainant) or confirmation of no action if deemed appropriate; (iv) the outcome of the investigation into the complaint; and 		
	(b)	 (v) any other activities in the area, unrelated to the project that may have contributed to the complaint, such as non-project construction, fires, traffic accidents or unusually dusty conditions generally. A copy of the complaints record required by this condition shall be made available 		
	(0)	to the Manager upon request as soon as practicable after the request is made.		

21.	Cultural Monitoring Plan (CMP)		
	(a)	Prior to the Start of Construction, a CMP shall be prepared by a Suitably Qualified Person(s) identified in collaboration with Mana Whenua. The objective of the CMP is to identify methods for undertaking cultural monitoring to assist with management of any cultural effects during Construction Works.	
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the CMP shall include:	
		 requirements for formal dedication or cultural interpretation to be undertaken prior to the Start of Construction in areas identified as having significance to Mana Whenua; 	
		 (ii) requirements and protocols for cultural inductions for contractors and subcontractors; 	
		 (iii) identification of activities, sites and areas where cultural monitoring is required during particular Construction Works; 	
		 (iv) identification of personnel to undertake cultural monitoring, including any geographic definition of their responsibilities; and 	
		 details of personnel to assist with management of any cultural effects identified during cultural monitoring, including implementation of the Accidental Discovery Protocol. 	
	(c)	If Enabling Works involving soil disturbance are undertaken prior to the Start of Construction, an Enabling Works CMP shall be prepared by a Suitably Qualified Person identified in collaboration with Mana Whenua. This plan may be prepared as a standalone Enabling Works CMP or be included in the main Construction Works CMP.	
	Advi	ce note:	
	desig	re appropriate, the CMP shall align with the requirements of other conditions of the gnation and resource consents for the project which require monitoring during struction Works.	

22.	Construction Traffic Management Plan (CTMP)		
	(a)	A CTMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the CTMP is to avoid, remedy or mitigate, as far as practicable, adverse construction traffic effects.	
	(b)	To achieve this objective, the CTMP shall include:	
	(~)	 (i) methods to manage the effects of temporary traffic management activities on traffic; 	
		(ii) measures to ensure the safety of all transport users;	
		(iii) the estimated numbers, frequencies, routes and timing of traffic movements,	
		including any specific non-working or non-movement hours to manage vehicular and pedestrian traffic near Education Facilities or to manage traffic congestion;	
		(iv) site access routes and access points for heavy vehicles, the size and	
		location of parking areas for plant, construction vehicles and the vehicles of workers and visitors;	
		(v) identification of detour routes and other methods to ensure the safe	
		management and maintenance of traffic flows, including public transport, pedestrians and cyclists;	
		 (vi) methods to maintain access to and within property and/or private roads where practicable, or to provide alternative arrangements when it will not be, including details of how access is managed for loading and unloading of goods; 	
		 (vii) the management approach to loads on heavy vehicles, including covering loads of fine material, the use of wheel-wash facilities at site exit points and 	
		the timely removal of any material deposited or spilled on public roads;	
		 (viii) methods that will be undertaken to communicate traffic management measures to affected road users (e.g. residents / public / Stakeholders / emergency services); 	
		(ix) details of minimum network performance parameters during the construction	
		phase, including any measures to monitor compliance with the performance parameters; and	
		 (x) details of any measures proposed to be implemented in the event of thresholds identified in (ix) being exceeded. 	
	(C)	Auditing, monitoring and reporting requirements relating to traffic management	
		activities shall be undertaken in accordance with the New Zealand Guide to	
		Temporary Traffic Management (April 2023) or any subsequent version.	

3.	Construction Nois						
	\ /			ed in accordance with			
	NZS6803:1999 Acoustics – Construction Noise and shall comply with the noise						
	standards set	standards set out in the following table as far as practicable:					
	Table 23-1 Construct	Table 23-1 Construction Noise Standards					
	Day of week Time period LAeq(15min) LAFmax						
	Occupied activity s	ensitive to noise		·			
	Weekday	0630h - 0730h	55 dB	75 dB			
		0730h - 1800h	70 dB	85 dB			
		1800h - 2000h	65 dB	80 dB			
		2000h - 0630h	45 dB	75 dB			
	Saturday	0630h - 0730h	45 dB	75 dB			
		0730h - 1800h	70 dB	85 dB			
		1800h - 2000h	45 dB	75 dB			
		2000h - 0630h	45 dB	75 dB			
	Sunday and Public	0630h - 0730h	45 dB	75 dB			
	Holidays	0730h - 1800h	55 dB	85 dB			
		1800h - 2000h	45 dB	75 dB			
		2000h - 0630h	45 dB	75 dB			
	Other occupied bui	ldings					
	All	0730h – 1800h	70 dB				
		1800h – 0730h	75 dB				
4.	 (b) Where compliance with the noise standards set out in Table 23-1 is not practicable the methodology in Condition 26 shall apply. Construction Vibration Standards 						
27.	 (a) Construction vibration shall be measured in accordance with ISO 4866:2010 Mechanical vibration and shock – Vibration of fixed structures – Guidelines for th measurement of vibrations and evaluation of their effects on structures and shall comply with the vibration standards set out in the following table as far as practicable. 						
	Table 24-1 Construction Vibration Standards						
	Receiver	Details	Category A*	Category B**	_		
	Occupied activities sensitive to noise	Night-time 2000h - 0630h	0.3mm/s ppv	2mm/s ppv	_		
		Daytime 0630h - 2000h	2mm/s ppv	5mm/s ppv			
	Other occupied buildings	Daytime 0630h - 2000h	2mm/s ppv	5mm/s ppv			
	All other buildings At all other times Tables 1 and 3 of DIN4150-3:1999						
		* Category A criteria adopted from Rule E25.6.30.1 of the AUP ** Category B criteria based on DIN 4150-3:1999 building damage criteria for daytime					
					_		

25.	Cons	truction Noise and Vibration Management Plan (CNVMP)
	(a)	A CNVMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for Stage of Work. A CNVMP shall be implemented during the Stage of Work to which it relates. The objective of the CNVMP is to provide a framework for the development and implementation of the Best Practicable Option for the management of construction noise and vibration effects to achieve the construction noise and vibration standards set out in Conditions 23 and 24 to the extent practicable.
	(b)	 To achieve the objective, the CNVMP shall be prepared in accordance with Annex E2 of the New Zealand Standard NZS6803:1999 'Acoustics – Construction Noise' (NZS6803:1999) and shall as a minimum, address the following: (i) description of the works and anticipated equipment/processes; (ii) hours of operation, including times and days when construction activities would occur;
		(iii) the construction noise and vibration standards for the project;
		(iv) identification of receivers where noise and vibration standards apply;
		 (v) a hierarchy of management and mitigation options, including any requirements to limit night works and works during other sensitive times, including Sundays and public holidays as far as practicable;
		(vi) methods and frequency for monitoring and reporting on construction noise and vibration;
		 (vii) procedures for communication and engagement with nearby residents and Stakeholders, including notification of proposed construction activities, the period of construction activities, and management of noise and vibration complaints;
		(viii) contact details of the Project Liaison Person;
		 (ix) procedures for the regular training of the operators of construction equipment to minimise noise and vibration as well as expected construction site behaviours for all workers;
		 (x) procedures and requirements for the preparation of a Schedule to the CNVMP (Schedule) for those areas where compliance with the noise Condition 23 and/or vibration standards Condition 24 Category B will not be practicable;
		(xi) identification of trigger levels for undertaking building condition surveys, which shall be Category B day time levels;
		(xii) procedures and trigger levels for undertaking building condition surveys before and after works to determine whether any cosmetic or structural damage has occurred as a result of construction vibration;
		 (xiii) methodology and programme of desktop and field audits and inspections to be undertaken to ensure that the CNVMP, Schedules and the Best Practicable Option for management of effects are being implemented; and
		(xiv) requirements for review and update of the CNVMP.

26.	Schedule to a CNVMP		
	(a)	 A Schedule to the CNVMP (Schedule) shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction of an activity to which it relates by a Suitably Qualified Person, in consultation with the owners and occupiers of sites subject to the Schedule, when: (i) construction noise is either predicted or measured to exceed the noise standards in Condition 23, except where the exceedance of the L_{Aeq} criteria is no greater than 5 decibels and does not exceed: A. 0630 – 2000: 2 periods of up to 2 consecutive weeks in any 2 months; or B. 2000 - 0630: 1 period of up to 2 consecutive nights in any 10 days; 	
		 (ii) construction vibration is either predicted or measured to exceed the Category B standard at the receivers in Condition 24. 	
	(b)	The objective of the Schedule is to set out the Best Practicable Option measures to manage noise and/or vibration effects of the construction activity beyond those measures set out in the CNVMP.	
	(c)	 To achieve the objective, the Schedule shall include details such as: (i) construction activity location, start and finish dates; (ii) the nearest neighbours to the construction activity; (iii) the predicted noise and/or vibration level for all receivers where the levels are predicted or measured to exceed the applicable standards and predicted duration of the exceedance; (iv) for works proposed between 2000h and 0630h, the reasons why the proposed works must be undertaken during these hours and why they cannot be practicably undertaken during the daytime; (v) the proposed mitigation options that have been selected, and the options that have been discounted as being impracticable and the reasons why; (vi) the consultation undertaken with owners and occupiers of sites subject to the Schedule, and how consultation has and has not been taken into account; and 	
	(d)	(vii) location, times and types of monitoring. The Schedule shall be submitted to the Manager for Certification at least five working days (except in unforeseen circumstances) in advance of Construction Works that are covered by the scope of the Schedule and shall form part of the CNVMP.	
	(e)	The CNVMP Schedule shall be deemed certified five working days from the submission of the CNVMP Schedule where no written confirmation of Certification has been received.	
	(f)	Where material changes are made to a Schedule required by this condition, the Requiring Authority shall consult the owners and/or occupiers of sites subject to the Schedule prior to submitting the amended Schedule to the Manager for Certification in accordance with (d) above. The amended Schedule shall document the consultation undertaken with those owners and occupiers, and how consultation outcomes have and have not been taken into account.	

-	Histo	ic Heritage Management Plan (HHMP)
	(a)	A HHMP shall be prepared in consultation with Council, HNZPT and Mana Whenua prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the HHMP is to protect historic heritage and to remedy and mitigate any residual effects as far as protect historic heritage.
	(h)	practicable.
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the HHMP shall identify:
		(i) any adverse direct and indirect effects on historic heritage sites and
		measures to appropriately avoid, remedy or mitigate any such effects,
		 including a tabulated summary of these effects and measures; (ii) methods for the identification and assessment of potential historic heritage
		places within the designation to inform detailed design;
		(iii) known historic heritage places and potential archaeological sites within the
		designation, including identifying any archaeological sites for which an Archaeological Authority under the HNZPTA will be sought or has been
		granted;
		(iv) any unrecorded archaeological sites or post-1900 heritage sites within the
		designation, which shall also be documented and recorded;
		(v) roles, responsibilities and contact details of project personnel, Council and
		HNZPT representatives, Mana Whenua representatives, and relevant
		agencies involved with heritage and archaeological matters including
		surveys, monitoring of Construction Works, compliance with AUP accidental discovery rule, and monitoring of conditions;
		(vi) specific areas to be investigated, monitored and recorded to the extent these
		are directly affected by the project;
		(vii) the proposed methodology for investigating and recording post-1900 historic
		heritage sites (including buildings) that need to be destroyed, demolished or
		relocated, including details of their condition, measures to mitigate any
		adverse effects and timeframe for implementing the proposed methodology,
		in accordance with the HNZPT Archaeological Guidelines Series No.1:
		Investigation and Recording of Buildings and Standing Structures (November
		2018), or any subsequent version;
		(viii) methods to acknowledge cultural values identified through Condition 15
		where archaeological sites also involve ngā taonga tuku iho (treasures
		handed down by our ancestors) and where feasible and practicable to do so;
		(ix) methods for avoiding, remedying or mitigating adverse effects on historic
		heritage places and sites within the designation during Construction Works
		as far as practicable. These methods shall include, but are not limited to:
		A. security fencing or hoardings around historic heritage places to protect them from domage during construction or unputherized accessor
		them from damage during construction or unauthorised access; B. measures to mitigate adverse effects on historic heritage sites that
		achieve positive historic heritage outcomes such as increased public
		awareness and interpretation signage; and
		C. training requirements and inductions for contractors and
		subcontractors on historic heritage places within the designation, legal
		obligations relating to unexpected discoveries and the AUP Accidental
		Discovery Rule (E11.6.1). The training shall be undertaken prior to the
		Start of Construction, under the guidance of a Suitably Qualified
		Person and Mana Whenua representatives (to the extent the training
		relates to cultural values identified under Condition 15).
	ivhA	e note:
		ental Discoveries
	of the	quirements for accidental discoveries of heritage items are set out in Rule E11.6.1 AUP.

28.	Pre-Construction Ecological Survey		
	 At the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, an updated ecological survey shall be undertaken in the relevant geographic area by a Suitably Qualified Person. The purpose of the survey is to inform ecological management by: (i) confirming whether the species of value within the Identified Biodiversity Areas recorded in the Identified Biodiversity Area Schedule 3 are still present; and (ii) confirming whether the project will or is likely to have a moderate or greater level of ecological effect on species of value (prior to implementation of impact management measures). The level of effect shall be determined in accordance with Table 10 of the EIANZ Guidelines (or subsequent updated version of that table) as included in Schedule 4 of these conditions. b) If the ecological survey confirms the presence of ecological species of value in accordance with Condition 28(a)(i) and that effects are likely in accordance with Condition 28(a)(ii) then an Ecological Management Plan (or Plans) shall be prepared in accordance with Condition 29 for these areas (Confirmed Biodiversity Accordance with Condition 29 for these areas (Confirmed Biodiversity Accordance Accordance With Condition 29 for these areas (Confirmed Biodiversity Accordance Accordance		
29.	Areas).		
29.	 An EMP shall be prepared for any Confirmed Biodiversity Areas (confirmed through Condition 28) prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the EMP is to minimise effects of the project on the ecological features of value in Confirmed Biodiversity Areas as far as practicable. b) If an EMP is required in accordance with (a) for the presence of long tail bats, the EMP may include the following to achieve the objective: (i) measures to minimise as far as practicable, disturbance from construction activities within 50m of any active long tail bat roosts that are discovered through survey until such roosts are confirmed to be vacant of bats; (ii) timing of any Construction Works within 50m of any active maternity long tail bat roosts. Those Construction Works shall be undertaken outside the bat maternity period (between December and March) where reasonably practicable; (iii) details of areas where vegetation is to be retained and where additional planting is proposed to be provided and maintained for the purposes of the connectivity of long tail bat habitats; and 		
	 (iv) details of measures to minimise any operational disturbance from light spill. The EMP shall be consistent with any ecological management measure to be undertaken in compliance with conditions of any regional resource consents granted for the project. 		
	dvice note:		
	 bepending on the potential effects of the project, the regional consents for the project hay include the following monitoring and management plans: (i) stream and/or wetland restoration plans; (ii) vegetation restoration plans; and (iii) fauna management plans (e.g. avifauna). 		

30.	Network Utility Management Plan (NUMP)		
	(a)	A NUMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the NUMP is to set out a framework for protecting, relocating and working in proximity to existing network utilities.	
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the NUMP shall include methods to:	
	()	(i) provide access for maintenance at all reasonable times, or emergency works	
		at all times during construction activities;	
		 (ii) protect and where necessary, relocate existing network utilities; (iii) manage the effects of dust and any other material potentially resulting from construction activities and able to cause material damage, beyond normal wear and tear to overhead transmission lines in the project area; 	
		(iv) demonstrate compliance with relevant standards and Codes of Practice including, where relevant, the NZECP 34:2001 New Zealand Electrical Code of Practice for Electrical Safe Distances 2001; AS/NZS 4853:2012 Electrical hazards on Metallic Pipelines, and AS/NZS 2885 Pipelines – Gas and Liquid Petroleum.	
	(c)	The NUMP shall be prepared in consultation with the relevant Network Utility Operator(s) who have existing assets that are directly affected by the project.	
	(d)	The development of the NUMP shall consider opportunities to coordinate future work programmes with other Network Utility Operator(s) during detailed design where practicable.	
	(e)	The NUMP shall describe how any comments from the Network Utility Operator in relation to its assets have been addressed.	
	(f)	Any comments received from the Network Utility Operator shall be considered when finalising the NUMP.	
	(g)	Any amendments to the NUMP related to the assets of a Network Utility Operator shall be prepared in consultation with that asset owner.	
31.	Netw	vork Integration Management Plan (NIMP)	
	(a)	At least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, the Requiring Authority shall prepare, in collaboration with other relevant road controlling authorities, a NIMP.	
	(b)	The objective of the NIMP is to identify how the project will integrate with the planned transport network in the North Growth Area to achieve an effective, efficient and safe land transport system. To achieve this objective, the NIMP shall include details of the:	
		(i) project implementation approach and any staging of the project, including	
		both design, management and operational matters; and	
		(ii) sequencing of the project with the planned transport network, including both	
Onoroti	onala	design, management and operational matters. onditions	
Operation	unai C		

32.	Low Noise Road Surface		
	(a)	Asphaltic concrete surfacing (or equivalent low noise road surface) shall be implemented within 12 months of Completion of Construction of the project.	
33.	Futu	ire Resurfacing Work	
	(a) (b)	 Any future resurfacing works of the project shall be undertaken in accordance with the Auckland Transport Reseal Guidelines, Asset Management and Systems 2013 or any updated version and asphaltic concrete surfacing (or equivalent low noise road surface) shall be implemented where: (i) the volume of traffic exceeds 10,000 vehicles per day; or (ii) the road is subject to high wear and tear (such as cul de sac heads, roundabouts and main road intersections); or (iii) it is in an industrial or commercial area where there is a high concentration of truck traffic; or (iv) it is subject to high usage by pedestrians, such as town centres, hospitals, shopping centres and schools. Prior to commencing any future resurfacing works, the Requiring Authority shall advise the Manager if any of the triggers in Condition 33(a)(i) – (iv) are not met by the road or a section of it and therefore where the application of asphaltic concrete surfacing (or equivalent low noise road surface) is no longer required on the road or a section of it. Such advice shall also indicate when any resealing is to occur. 	

Attachments

Schedule 1: General Accordance Plans and Information

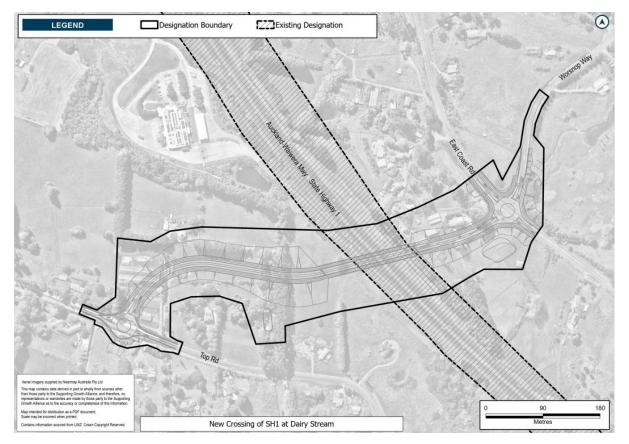
Project Description

The proposed work is the construction, operation and maintenance of a new urban arterial which crosses State Highway 1 in the vicinity of Dairy Stream, between Top Road in Dairy Flat and East Coast Road in Stillwater, including active transport facilities and associated infrastructure.

The proposed work is shown in the following Concept Plan and includes:

- Construction of an urban arterial with walking and cycling facilities.
- Tie-ins with existing roads and localised widening around the existing intersections to accommodate new intersection forms.
- New or upgraded stormwater management systems, bridges and culverts (where applicable).
- Batter slopes, and associated cut and fill activities (earthworks).
- Vegetation removal.
- Other construction related activities required outside the permanent corridor including the regrade of driveways, construction traffic manoeuvring and construction laydown areas.

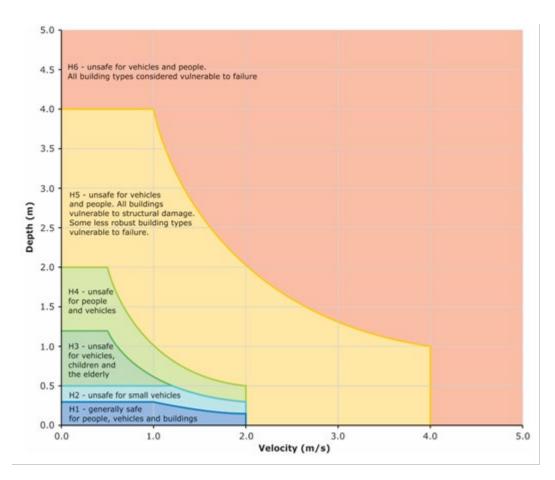
Concept Plan



Schedule 2 – Flood Hazard Class

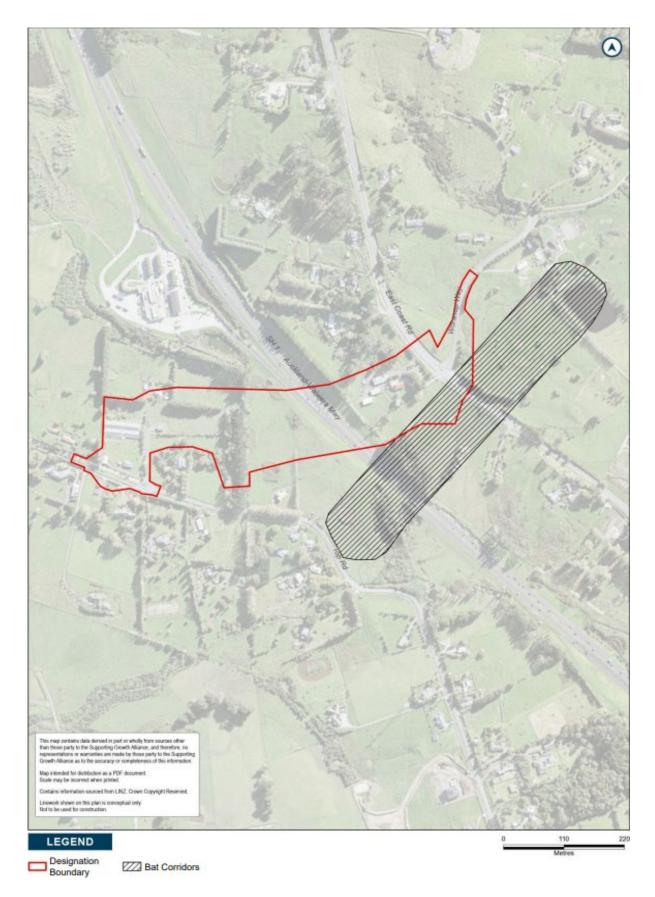
The combined flood hazard curves shown below set hazard thresholds that relate to the vulnerability of the community when interacting with floodwaters. The combined curves are divided into hazard classifications that relate to specific vulnerability thresholds

The vulnerability thresholds identified in the flood hazard curves can be applied to the best description of flood behaviour available for a subject site. In this regard, the hazard curves can be applied equally to flood behaviour estimates from measured data, simpler 1D numerical modelling approaches, through to complex 2D model estimates with the level of accuracy and uncertainty of the flood hazard estimate linked to the method used to derive the flood behaviour estimate.



Source: Australian Rainfall and Runoff, Book 6, 2019

Schedule 3: Identified Biodiversity Areas



Schedule 4: Table 10 of the 2018 EIANZ Guidelines

Criteria for describing level of effects (Adapted from Regini (2000) and Boffa Miskell (2011))

Ecological Value →	Very high	High	Moderate	Low	Negligible
Magnitude ↓					
Very high	Very high	Very high	High	Moderate	Low
High	Very high	Very high	Moderate	Low	Very low
Moderate	High	High	Moderate	Low	Very low
Low	Moderate	Low	Low	Very low	Very low
Negligible	Low	Very low	Very low	Very low	Very low
Positive	Net gain	Net gain	Net gain	Net gain	Net gain

Appendix B – Auckland Transport's Modifications to NoR 6 conditions (clean)

[XXXX] New Connection between Milldale and Grand Drive

Designation Number	[XXXX]
Requiring Authority	Auckland Transport
Location	Between Wainui Road in Milldale and Grand Drive in Upper Ōrewa
Lapse Date	In accordance with section 184(1)(c) of the RMA, this designation shall lapse if not given effect to within 30 years from the date on which it is included in the AUP.

Purpose

The construction, operation and maintenance of an arterial transport corridor and associated facilities.

Conditions

Abbreviations and definitions

Acronym/Term	Definition
Activity sensitive to noise	Any dwelling, visitor accommodation, boarding house, marae, papakāinga, integrated residential development, retirement village, supported residential care, care centre, lecture theatre in a tertiary Education Facility, classroom in an Education Facility and healthcare facility with an overnight stay facility
AUP	Auckland Unitary Plan
BPO or Best Practicable Option	Has the same meaning as in section 2 of the RMA 1991
CEMP	Construction Environmental Management Plan
Certification of material changes to management plans	 Confirmation from the Manager that a material change to a management plan has been prepared in accordance with the condition to which it relates. A material change to a management plan shall be deemed certified: (a) where the Requiring Authority has received written confirmation from the Manager that the material change to the management plan is certified; or (b) 10 working days from the submission of the material change to the management plan where no written confirmation of certification has been received
СМР	Cultural Monitoring Plan
CNVMP	Construction Noise and Vibration Management Plan
CNVMP Schedule or Schedule	A schedule to the CNVMP
Completion of Construction	When construction of the project (or part of the project) is complete and it is available for use
Confirmed Biodiversity Areas	Areas recorded in the Identified Biodiversity Area Schedule where the ecological values and effects have been confirmed through the ecological survey under Condition 28
Construction Works	Activities undertaken to construct the project excluding Enabling Works
Council	Auckland Council
CTMP	Construction Traffic Management Plan
Developer	Any legal entity that intends to master plan or develop land adjacent to the designation
Development Agency	Public entities involved in development projects

Education Facility	 Facility used for education to secondary level. Includes: schools and outdoor education facilities; and accommodation, administrative, cultural, religious, health, retail and communal facilities accessory to the above. Excludes:
	care centres; andtertiary education facilities.
EIANZ Guidelines	Ecological Impact Assessment: EIANZ Guidelines for use in New Zealand: terrestrial and freshwater ecosystems, second edition, dated May 2018
EMP	Ecological Management Plan
Enabling Works	 Includes, but is not limited to, the following and similar activities: (a) geotechnical investigations (including trial embankments); (b) archaeological site investigations; (c) formation of access for geotechnical investigations; (d) establishment of site yards, site entrances and fencing; (e) constructing and sealing site access roads; (f) demolition or removal of buildings and structures; (g) relocation of services; and (h) establishment of mitigation measures (such as erosion and sediment control measures, temporary noise walls, earth bunds and planting)
HHMP	Historic Heritage Management Plan
HNZPT	Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga
HNZPTA	Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014
Identified Biodiversity Area	Means an area or areas of features of ecological value where the project ecologist has identified that the project will potentially have a moderate or greater level of ecological effect, prior to implementation of impact management measures, as determined in accordance with the EIANZ Guidelines
Manager	The Manager – Resource Consents of the Auckland Council, or authorised delegate
Mana Whenua	 Mana Whenua as referred to in the conditions are considered to be, but not limited to, the following (in no particular order), who at the time of Notice of Requirement expressed a desire to be involved in the project: (a) Ngāti Manuhiri (b) Te Kawerau ā Maki (c) Te Ākitai Waiohua (d) Ngāti Whanaunga (e) Te Runanga o Ngāti Whātua (f) Ngāti Maru (g) Te Patu Kirikiri (h) Ngāti Tamaterā (j) Ngāti Tamaterā (j) Ngāti Paoa Iwi Trust (l) Ngāti Paoa Trust Board Note: other iwi not identified above may have an interest in the project and should be consulted
Network Utility Operator	Has the same meaning as set out in section 166 of the RMA
NIMP	Network Integration Management Plan
NoR	Notice of Requirement

North Growth Area	Land for future urban development in the North of Auckland, including Future Urban zoned areas in Ara Hills, Ōrewa, Wainui East, Silverdale West, Redvale and Dairy Flat		
NUMP	Network Utilities Management Plan		
Outline Plan	An outline plan prepared in accordance with section 176A of the RMA		
Overland Flow Path	Means a low point in terrain, excluding a permanent watercourse or intermittent river or stream, where surface runoff will flow, with an upstream contributing catchment exceeding 4,000m ²		
Project Liaison Person	The person or persons appointed for the duration of the project's Construction Works to be the main point of contact for persons wanting information about the project or affected by the Construction Works		
Protected Premises and Facilities (PPF)	Protected Premises and Facilities as defined in New Zealand Standard NZS 6806:2010: <i>Acoustics – Road-traffic noise – New and</i> <i>altered roads</i>		
Requiring Authority	Has the same meaning as section 166 of the RMA and, for this designation is Auckland Transport		
RMA	Resource Management Act 1991		
SCEMP	Stakeholder Communication and Engagement Management Plan		
Stakeholder	Stakeholders to be identified in accordance with Condition 4, which may include as appropriate:		
	(a) adjacent owners and occupiers;		
	(b) adjacent business owners and operators;		
	(c) central and local government bodies;(d) community groups;		
	(e) developers;		
	(f) development agencies;		
	(g) Education Facilities; and		
	(h) Network Utility Operators.		
Stage of Work	Any physical works that require the development of an Outline Plan		
Start of Construction	The time when Construction Works (excluding Enabling Works) start		
Suitably Qualified Person	A person (or persons) who can provide sufficient evidence to demonstrate their suitability, experience and competence in the relevant field of expertise.		
ULDMP	Urban and Landscape Design Management Plan		

General	cond	itions		
1.	Activity in General Accordance with Plans and Information			
	(a) (b)	Except as provided for in the conditions below, and subject to final design and Outline Plan(s), works within the designation shall be undertaken in general accordance with the project description and concept plan in Schedule 1. Where there is inconsistency between:		
		 the project description and concept plan in Schedule 1 and the requirements of the following conditions, the conditions shall prevail; 		
		(ii) the project description and concept plan in Schedule 1, and the management plans under the conditions of the designation, the requirements of the management plans shall prevail.		
2.	Proje	ect Information		
	(a)	A project website, or equivalent virtual information source, shall be established as soon as reasonably practicable, and within six months of the inclusion of this designation in the AUP. This shall be updated as required so it remains current.		
	(b)	All directly affected owners and occupiers shall be notified in writing as soon as reasonably practicable once the website or equivalent information source has been established. The project website or virtual information source shall include these conditions and shall provide information on: (i) the status of the project;		
		 (i) the status of the project; (ii) anticipated construction timeframes; (iii) contact details for enquiries; 		
		(iv) the implications of the designation for landowners, occupiers and business owners and operators within the designation and where they can receive additional advice;		
		 (v) a subscription service to enable receipt of project updates by email; (vi) the types of activities that can be undertaken by landowners without the need for written consent to be obtained under s176(1)(b) of the RMA; and (vii) when and how to apply for consent for works in the designation under 		
		section 176(1)(b) of the RMA.		
	(c)	At ten yearly intervals from the inclusion of this designation in the AUP until the start of detailed design, the Requiring Authority shall identify appropriate methods with the relevant Local Board(s) to: (i) inform the wider community of the project status; and		
		(ii) raise awareness of the project website.		
	(d)	At the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, the project website or virtual information source shall be updated to provide information on the likely date for Start of Construction, and any Staging of Works.		

3.	Land	l use Integration Process
	(a)	The Requiring Authority shall set up a Land use Integration Process for the period
		between confirmation of the designation and the Start of Construction. The purpose
		of this process is to encourage and facilitate the integration of master planning and
		land use development activity on land directly affected or adjacent to the
		designation. To achieve this purpose:
		(i) the Requiring Authority shall include the contact details of a nominated
		contact on the project website (or equivalent information source) required to be established by Condition 2(b)(iii); and
		(ii) the nominated contact shall be the main point of contact for a Developer or
		Development Agency wanting to work with the Requiring Authority to
		integrate their development plans or master planning with the designation.
	(b)	At any time prior to the Start of Construction, the nominated contact will be
	. ,	available to engage with a Developer or Development Agency for the purpose of:
		(i) responding to requests made to the Requiring Authority for information
		regarding design details that could assist with land use integration; and
		(ii) receiving information from a Developer or Development Agency regarding
		master planning or land development details that could assist with land use
		integration.
	(c)	Information requested or provided under Condition 3(b) above may include but not
		be limited to the following matters:
		(i) design details including but not limited to:
		 A. boundary treatment (e.g. the use of retaining walls or batter slopes); B. the horizontal and vertical alignment of the road (levels);
		C. potential locations for mid-block crossings;
		D. integration of stormwater infrastructure; and
		E. traffic noise modelling contours.
		(ii) potential modifications to the extent of the designation in response to
		information received through Condition 3(b)(ii);
		(iii) a process for the Requiring Authority to undertake a technical review of or
		provide comments on any master planning or development proposal
		advanced by the Developer or Development Agency as it relates to
		integration with the project; and
		 (iv) details of how to apply for written consent from the Requiring Authority for any development proposal that relates to land that is within the designation
		under section 176(1)(b) of the RMA.
	(d)	Where information is requested from the Requiring Authority and is available, the
	()	nominated contact shall provide the information unless there are reasonable
		grounds for not providing it.
	(e)	The nominated contact shall maintain a record of the engagement between the
		Requiring Authority and Developers and Development Agencies for the period
		following the date in which this designation is included in the AUP through to the
		Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The record shall include:
		 details of any requests made to the Requiring Authority that could influence detailed design, the results of any engagement and, where such requests
		that could influence detailed design are declined, the reasons why the
		Requiring Authority has declined the requests; and
		(ii) details of any requests to co-ordinate the forward work programme, where
		appropriate, with Development Agencies and Network Utility Operators.
	(f)	The record shall be submitted to Council for information 10 working days prior to
	. /	the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work

4.	Stakeholder Communication and Engagement Design		
	(a) At least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, the		
	Requiring Authority shall identify:		
	 (i) a list of Stakeholders; (ii) a list of properties within the designation which the Requiring Authority does 		
	 a list of properties within the designation which the Requiring Authority does not own or have occupation rights to; and 		
	(iii) methods to engage with Stakeholders and the owners and occupiers of		
	properties identified in (a)(i) – (ii) above.		
	(b) A record of (a) shall be submitted to the Manager for information with an Outline		
<i>.</i>	Plan for the relevant Stage of Work.		
5.	Designation Review		
	Pre-construction review		
	If the land adjacent to the designation is re-zoned from Future Urban or any live urban		
	zone to any rural zone (once made operative in the Auckland Unitary Plan), the Requiring		
	Authority shall review the extent of the designation.		
	In carrying out this review, the Requiring Authority shall:		
	(i) Consider the implications of any zoning change and integration of land use		
	with the transport network in the North Growth Area; (ii) Identify whether any areas of designated land are no longer required for the		
	construction, operation, maintenance or mitigation of effects of the project;		
	and		
	(iii) Consider whether the boundaries of the designation require modification in		
	accordance with section 182 of the RMA.		
	Post-construction review		
	As soon as reasonably practicable following Completion of Construction, the Requiring		
	Authority shall:		
	(i) review the extent of the designation to identify any areas of designated land		
	that it no longer requires for the on-going operation, maintenance or mitigation of effects of the project; and		
	(ii) give notice to the Manager in accordance with section 182 of the RMA for		
	the removal of those parts of the designation identified above.		
6.	Lapse		
	In accordance with section 184(1)(c) of the RMA, this designation shall lapse if not given		
	effect to within 30 years from the date on which it is included in the AUP.		
7.	Network Utility Operators (Section 176 Approval)		
	(a) Prior to the Start of Construction, Network Utility Operators with existing		
	infrastructure located within the designation will not require written consent under		
	section 176 of the RMA for the following activities: (i) operation, maintenance and repair works;		
	(ii) minor renewal works to existing network utilities necessary for the on-going		
	provision or security of supply of network utility operations;		
	(iii) minor works such as new service connections; and		
	(iv) the upgrade and replacement of existing network utilities in the same		
	location with the same or similar effects on the works authorised by the		
	designation as the existing utility.		
	(b) To the extent that a record of written approval is required for the activities listed above, this condition shall constitute written approval.		

8.	General Section 176 Approval		
	 (a) Prior to the start of the formal acquisition process under the Public Works Act 1981 for a property, or submission of the Outline Plan, persons on properties zoned Rural or Future Urban will not require written consent under section 176 of the RMA for the following activities: (i) Internal alterations; (ii) Repair of existing utility services; (iii) One extension to an existing structure as at 2023, up to 30m²; and (iv) Temporary or relocatable structures, provided they are removed from the site and the land is reinstated (including closing and capping any associated services) at the landowner's expense prior to the Start of Construction. The landowner shall be responsible for any resource consent required for the structures, their removal or relocation. (b) To the extent that a record of written approval is required for the activities listed above, this condition shall constitute written approval. 		
Pre-con	struction conditions		
9.	Outline Plan		
	(a) An Outline Plan (or Plans) shall be prepared in accordance with section 176A of		
	the RMA.(b) Outline Plans (or Plan) may be submitted in parts or in stages to address particular		
	activities (e.g. design or construction aspects), or a Stage of Work of the project.		
	(c) Outline Plans shall include any management plan or plans that are relevant to the		
	management of effects of those activities or Stage of Work, which may include:		
	 (i) Construction Environmental Management Plan; (ii) Construction Traffic Management Plan; 		
	(iii) Construction Noise and Vibration Management Plan;		
	(iv) Urban and Landscape Design Management Plan;		
	(v) Historic Heritage Management Plan;		
	(vi) Ecological Management Plan;(vii) Network Utilities Management Plan; and		
	(viii) Network Integration Management Plan.		
	Flood Hazard		
	For the purpose of Condition 10:		
	(a) AEP – means Annual Exceedance Probability;		
	(b) Existing Authorised Habitable Floor – means the floor level of any room (floor) in		
	a residential building which is authorised and exists at the time the Outline Plan is submitted, excluding a laundry, bathroom, toilet or any room used solely as an		
	entrance hall, passageway or garage;		
	(c) Flood Prone Area – means potential ponding areas that may flood in a 1% AEP		
	event and commonly comprise of topographical depression areas. The areas can		
	occur naturally or as a result of constructed features. Identification of a potential Flood Prone Area would be by an assessment of residual flood risk in a 1% AEP		
	event (e.g. from blockage of the project stormwater network) on land outside and		
	adjacent to the designation following the application of Conditions (10)(a)(i) - (iv).		
	(d) Maximum Probable Development – is the design case for consideration of future		
	flows allowing for development within a catchment that takes into account the maximum impervious surface limits of the current zone or if the land is zoned		
	Future Urban in the AUP, the probable level of development arising from zone		
	changes;		
	(e) Pre-Project Development – means existing site condition prior to the project		
	(including existing buildings and roadways); and		
	(f) Post-Project Development – means site condition after the project has been completed (including existing and new buildings and roadways).		

10.	Flood Hazard		
	(a)	The project shall be designed to achieve the following flood risk outcomes beyond	
		the boundary of the designation:	
		(i) no increase in flood levels in a 1% AEP event for Existing Authorised	
		Habitable Floors that are already subject to flooding or have a freeboard less	
		than 500mm;(ii) no increase in flood levels in a 1% AEP event for authorised community,	
		commercial, industrial and network utility building floors existing at the time the Outline Plan is submitted that are already subject to flooding or have a freeboard less than 300mm;	
		 (iii) maximum of 50mm increase in flood levels in a 1% AEP event outside and adjacent to the designation boundary between the Pre-Project Development and Post-Project Development scenarios; 	
		(iv) no increase of Flood Hazard Class for the main access to authorised habitable dwellings existing at the time the Outline Plan is submitted. The assessment shall be undertaken for the 1% AEP rainfall event and reference the hazard class in accordance with Schedule 2 to these conditions; and	
		(v) no new Flood Prone Areas.	
	(b)	Compliance with this condition shall be demonstrated in the Outline Plan, which	
		shall include flood modelling of the Pre-Project Development and Post-Project	
		Development 1% AEP flood levels (for Maximum Probable Development land use with allowances for climate change).	
	(c)	Where:	
	(0)	 the flood risk outcomes in (a) can be achieved through alternative measures outside of the designation such as flood stop banks, flood walls, raising Existing Authorised Habitable Floor level and new overland flow paths; or 	
		 (ii) the outcomes are varied at specific location(s) through agreement with the relevant landowner, 	
		confirmation shall be provided to the Manager that any necessary landowner agreement and statutory approvals have been obtained for that alternative measure or varied outcome.	
11.	Overl	and Flow Paths	
	Where	e the project modifies an Overland Flow Path by either:	
	•	diverting the entry or exit point at the designation boundary; or	
	• the de	piping, or reducing its capacity;	
		esign shall provide for the continued passage of flow in a manner which manages tial effects upstream and downstream of the modified Overland Flow Path.	
12.	Exist	ing property access	
	and o Outlin	to submission of the Outline Plan, consultation shall be undertaken with landowners ccupiers whose vehicle access to their property will be altered by the project. The le Plan shall demonstrate how safe reconfigured or alternate access will be ded, unless otherwise agreed with the affected landowner.	

13.	Management Plans		
	(a)	Any management plan shall:	
		 be prepared and implemented in accordance with the relevant management plan condition; 	
		(ii) be prepared by a Suitably Qualified Person(s);	
		(iii) include sufficient detail relating to the management of effects associated with	
		the relevant activities and/or Stage of Work to which it relates;	
		 (iv) be submitted as part of an Outline Plan pursuant to section 176A of the RMA, with the exception of SCEMPs and CNVMP Schedules; and 	
		(v) once finalised, uploaded to the project website or equivalent virtual	
		information source.	
	(b)	Any management plan developed in accordance with Condition 13 may:	
		 be submitted in parts or in stages to address particular activities (e.g. design or construction aspects), a Stage of Work of the project, or to address 	
		specific activities authorised by the designation; and(ii) except for material changes, be amended to reflect any changes in design,	
		construction methods or management of effects without further process;	
	(c)	Information shall be submitted with the management plan (or revised plan as	
		referred to in (d) below) which summarises outcomes of consultation and any input received from Mana Whenua and Stakeholders as required by the relevant	
		management plan condition. The summary shall note how this input has been	
		incorporated or reflected in the management plan, or if not, the reasons why;	
	(d)	If there is a material change required to a management plan which has been	
		submitted with an Outline Plan, the revised part of the plan shall be submitted to	
		the Manager as an update to the Outline Plan or for Certification as soon as practicable following identification of the need for a revision; and	
	(e)	Any material changes to the SCEMP(s) are to be submitted to the Manager for	
		information.	
14.		eholder Communication and Engagement Management Plan (SCEMP)	
	(a)	A SCEMP shall be prepared in consultation with relevant Stakeholders prior to the Start of Construction. The objective of the SCEMP is to identify how the public and	
		Stakeholders will be engaged with throughout Construction Works.	
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the SCEMP shall include:	
		(i) a list of Stakeholders;	
		 the contact details for the Project Liaison Person. These details shall be on the project website, or equivalent virtual information source, and prominently 	
		displayed at the main entrance(s) to the site(s);	
		(iii) methods for engaging with Mana Whenua, to be developed in consultation	
		with Mana Whenua;(iv) methods and timing to engage with owners and occupiers whose access is	
		 (iv) methods and timing to engage with owners and occupiers whose access is directly affected; 	
		 (v) methods to communicate key project milestones and the proposed hours of 	
		construction activities including outside of normal working hours and on	
		 weekends and public holidays, to the parties identified in (b)(i) above; and (vi) linkages and cross-references to communication and engagement methods 	
		 (vi) linkages and cross-references to communication and engagement methods set out in other conditions and management plans where relevant. 	
	(c)	Any SCEMP prepared for a Stage of Work shall be submitted to the Manager for	
		information a minimum of 10 working days prior to the Start of Construction for a	
	(c)	Any SCEMP prepared for a Stage of Work shall be submitted to the Manager for	

15.	Cultural Advisory Report			
	(a)	At least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, Mana Whenua shall be invited to prepare a Cultural Advisory Report for the project. The objective of the Cultural Advisory Report is to assist in understanding and identifying ngā taonga tuku iho (treasures handed down by our ancestors) affected by the project, to inform their management and protection.		
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the Requiring Authority shall invite Mana Whenua to		
		prepare a Cultural Advisory Report that:		
		 (i) identifies the cultural sites, landscapes and values that have the potential to be affected by the construction and operation of the project; 		
		(ii) sets out the desired outcomes for management of potential effects on		
		cultural sites, landscapes and values;		
		(iii) identifies traditional cultural practices within the area that may be impacted		
		by the project; (iv) identifies opportunities for restoration and enhancement of identified cultural		
		 (iv) identifies opportunities for restoration and enhancement of identified cultural sites, landscapes and values within the project area; 		
		(v) taking into account the outcomes of (i) to (iv) above, identify cultural matters		
		and principles that should be considered in the development of the ULDMP		
		(Condition 16) and HHMP (Condition 27) and the CMP referred to in Condition 21; and		
		(vi) identifies and (if possible) nominates traditional names along the project		
		alignment. Noting there may be formal statutory processes outside the		
	<i>.</i>	project required in any decision-making.		
	(c)	The desired outcomes for management of potential effects on cultural sites, landscapes and values identified in the Cultural Advisory Report shall be discussed		
		with Mana Whenua and those outcomes reflected in the relevant management		
		plans where practicable; and		
	(d)	Conditions 15(b) and (c) will cease to apply if:		
		 Mana Whenua have been invited to prepare a Cultural Advisory Report by a date at least six months prior to the Start of Construction; and 		
		(ii) Mana Whenua have not provided a Cultural Advisory Report within six		
		months prior to the Start of Construction.		
	Urba	in and Landscape Design Management Plan (ULDMP)		
16.	(a)	A ULDMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work.		
		The objective of the ULDMP(s) is to: (i) enable integration of the project's permanent works into the surrounding		
		 enable integration of the project's permanent works into the surrounding landscape and urban context; and 		
		(ii) ensure that the project manages potential adverse landscape and visual		
		effects as far as practicable and contributes to a quality urban environment.		
	(b)	Mana Whenua shall be invited to participate in the development of the ULDMP(s)		
		to provide input into relevant cultural landscape and design matters including how desired outcomes for management of potential effects on cultural sites, landscapes		
		and values identified and discussed in the Cultural Advisory Report in Condition 15		
		may be reflected in the ULDMP.		
	(c)	Relevant Stakeholders shall be invited to participate in the development of the		
		ULDMP at least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work.		

17.	(a) To achieve the objective set out in Condition 16, the ULDMP(s) shall provide details
	of how the project:
	 (i) is designed to integrate with the adjacent urban (or proposed urban) and landscape context, including the surrounding existing or proposed topography, urban environment (eg. centres and density of built form),
	natural environment, landscape character and open space zones;
	 provides appropriate walking and cycling connectivity to, and interfaces with, existing or proposed adjacent land uses, public transport infrastructure and walking and cycling connections;
	(iii) promotes inclusive access (where appropriate);
	(iv) promotes a sense of personal safety by aligning with best practice guidelines, such as:
	 A. Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED) principles; B. Safety in Design (SID) requirements; and
	 Maintenance in Design (MID) requirements and anti-vandalism/anti- graffiti measures;
	 (v) has responded to matters identified through the Land use Integration Process (Condition 3); and
	(b) The ULDMP shall be prepared in general accordance with:
	 (i) Auckland Transport's Urban Roads and Streets Design Guide, or any subsequent or updated version;
	 (ii) New Zealand Transport Agency Urban Design Guidelines: Bridging the Gap (2013) or any subsequent updated version;
	 (iii) New Zealand Transport Agency Landscape Guidelines (2018) or any subsequent updated version;
	(iv) New Zealand Transport Agency P39 Standard Specification for Highway Landscape Treatments (2013) or any subsequent updated version; and
	 (v) Auckland's Urban Ngahere (Forest) Strategy or any subsequent updated version.

18.	The	JLDMP(s) shall include:
	(a)	a concept plan – which depicts the overall landscape and urban design concept,
		and explain the rationale for the landscape and urban design proposals;
	(b)	developed design concepts, including principles for walking and cycling facilities
	. ,	and public transport;
	(c)	landscape and urban design details – that cover the following:
	(-)	(i) road design – elements such as intersection form, carriageway gradient and
		associated earthworks contouring including cut and fill batters and the
		interface with adjacent land uses and existing roads (including slip lanes),
		benching, spoil disposal sites, median width and treatment, roadside width
		and treatment;
		(ii) roadside elements – such as lighting, fencing, wayfinding and signage;
		(iii) architectural and landscape treatment of all major structures, including
		bridges and retaining walls;
		(iv) architectural and landscape treatment of noise barriers;
		(v) landscape treatment and planting of permanent stormwater control wetlands
		and swales;
		(vi) integration of passenger transport;
		(vii) pedestrian and cycle facilities including paths, road crossings and dedicated
		pedestrian/ cycle bridges or underpasses;
		(viii) historic heritage places with reference to the HHMP (Condition 27); and
		(ix) re-instatement of construction and site compound areas; and
		(x) features disturbed during construction and intended to be reinstated such as:
		A. boundary features;
		B. driveways;
		C. accessways; and
		D. fences.
	(d)	the ULDMP shall also include the following planting and maintenance details:
		(i) planting design details including:
		A. identification of existing trees and vegetation that will be retained with
		reference to the EMP (Condition 29). Where practicable, mature trees
		and native vegetation should be retained;
		 B. street trees, shrubs and ground cover suitable for the location;
		C. treatment of fill slopes to integrate with adjacent land use, streams,
		riparian margins and open space zones;
		D. identification of any planting requirements under the EMP (Condition
		29);
		E. integration of any planting required by conditions of any resource
		consents for the project; and
		F. re-instatement planting of construction and site compound areas as
		appropriate.
		(ii) a planting programme including the staging of planting in relation to the
		construction programme which shall, as far as practicable, include provision
		for planting within each planting season following completion of each Stage
		of Work; and
		(iii) detailed specifications relating to the following:
		A. weed control and clearance;
		 B. pest animal management (to support plant establishment);
		C. ground preparation (top soiling and decompaction);
		D. mulching; and
		E. plant sourcing and planting, including hydroseeding and grassing, and
		use of eco-sourced species.
Constru	iction	conditions

19.	Cons	truction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP)
19.	Cons (a) (b)	 A CEMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the CEMP is to set out the management procedures and construction methods to be undertaken to avoid, remedy or mitigate any adverse effects associated with Construction Works as far as practicable. To achieve the objective, the CEMP shall include: (i) the roles and responsibilities of staff and contractors; (ii) details of the site or project manager and the Project Liaison Person, including their contact details (phone and email address); (iii) the Construction Works programmes and the staging approach, and the proposed hours of work; (iv) details of the proposed construction yards including temporary screening when adjacent to residential areas; (v) details of the proposed construction lighting; (vi) methods for controlling dust and the removal of debris and demolition of construction materials from public roads or places; (vii) methods for providing for the health and safety of the general public; (viii) measures to mitigate flood hazard effects such as siting stockpiles out of floodplains, minimising obstruction to flood flows, actions to respond to warnings of heavy rain; (ix) procedures for incident management;
		floodplains, minimising obstruction to flood flows, actions to respond to warnings of heavy rain;
		 (xi) measures to address the storage of fuels, lubricants, hazardous and/or dangerous materials, along with contingency procedures to address emergency spill response(s) and clean up;
		(xii) procedures for responding to complaints about Construction Works; and(xiii) methods for amending and updating the CEMP as required.
20.	Comp	plaints Process
	(a)	 At all times during Construction Works, a record of any complaints received about the Construction Works shall be maintained. The record shall include: (i) the date, time and nature of the complaint; (ii) the name, phone number and address of the complainant (unless the complainant wishes to remain anonymous); (iii) measures taken to respond to the complaint (including a record of the response provided to the complainant) or confirmation of no action if deemed appropriate; (iv) the outcome of the investigation into the complaint; and (v) any other activities in the area, unrelated to the project that may have contributed to the complaint, such as non-project construction, fires, traffic
	(b)	accidents or unusually dusty conditions generally. A copy of the complaints record required by this condition shall be made available to the Manager upon request as soon as practicable after the request is made.

21.	Cult	ural Monitoring Plan (CMP)
	(a)	Prior to the Start of Construction, a CMP shall be prepared by a Suitably Qualified Person(s) identified in collaboration with Mana Whenua. The objective of the CMP is to identify methods for undertaking cultural monitoring to assist with management of any cultural effects during Construction Works.
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the CMP shall include:
		 requirements for formal dedication or cultural interpretation to be undertaken prior to the Start of Construction in areas identified as having significance to Mana Whenua;
		 (ii) requirements and protocols for cultural inductions for contractors and subcontractors;
		 (iii) identification of activities, sites and areas where cultural monitoring is required during particular Construction Works;
		 (iv) identification of personnel to undertake cultural monitoring, including any geographic definition of their responsibilities; and
		 details of personnel to assist with management of any cultural effects identified during cultural monitoring, including implementation of the Accidental Discovery Protocol
	(c)	If Enabling Works involving soil disturbance are undertaken prior to the Start of Construction, an Enabling Works CMP shall be prepared by a Suitably Qualified Person identified in collaboration with Mana Whenua. This plan may be prepared as a standalone Enabling Works CMP or be included in the main Construction Works CMP.
	Advi	ice note:
	desig	re appropriate, the CMP shall align with the requirements of other conditions of the gnation and resource consents for the project which require monitoring during struction Works.

22.	Cons	Construction Traffic Management Plan (CTMP)		
	(a)	A CTMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the CTMP is to avoid, remedy or mitigate, as far as practicable, adverse construction traffic effects.		
	(b)	To achieve this objective, the CTMP shall include:		
	(~)	 (i) methods to manage the effects of temporary traffic management activities on traffic; 		
		(ii) measures to ensure the safety of all transport users;		
		(iii) the estimated numbers, frequencies, routes and timing of traffic movements,		
		including any specific non-working or non-movement hours to manage vehicular and pedestrian traffic near Education Facilities or to manage traffic congestion;		
		(iv) site access routes and access points for heavy vehicles, the size and		
		location of parking areas for plant, construction vehicles and the vehicles of workers and visitors;		
		(v) identification of detour routes and other methods to ensure the safe		
		management and maintenance of traffic flows, including public transport, pedestrians and cyclists;		
		 (vi) methods to maintain access to and within property and/or private roads where practicable, or to provide alternative arrangements when it will not be, including details of how access is managed for loading and unloading of goods; 		
		 (vii) the management approach to loads on heavy vehicles, including covering loads of fine material, the use of wheel-wash facilities at site exit points and 		
		the timely removal of any material deposited or spilled on public roads;		
		 (viii) methods that will be undertaken to communicate traffic management measures to affected road users (e.g. residents / public / Stakeholders / emergency services); 		
		(ix) details of minimum network performance parameters during the construction		
		phase, including any measures to monitor compliance with the performance parameters; and		
		 (x) details of any measures proposed to be implemented in the event of thresholds identified in (ix) being exceeded. 		
	(c)	Auditing, monitoring and reporting requirements relating to traffic management		
		activities shall be undertaken in accordance with the New Zealand Guide to		
		Temporary Traffic Management (April 2023) or any subsequent version.		

、 /			ed in accordance with				
			d shall comply with the	e noise			
standards set	out in the following	table as far as pr	acticable:				
Table 23-1 Construct	tion Noise Standards	5					
Day of week Time period LAeq(15min) LAFmax							
Occupied activity sensitive to noise							
Weekday	0630h - 0730h	55 dB	75 dB				
	0730h - 1800h	70 dB	85 dB				
	1800h - 2000h	65 dB	80 dB				
	2000h - 0630h	45 dB	75 dB				
Saturday	0630h - 0730h	45 dB	75 dB				
	0730h - 1800h	70 dB	85 dB				
	1800h - 2000h	45 dB	75 dB				
	2000h - 0630h	45 dB	75 dB				
Sunday and Public	0630h - 0730h	45 dB	75 dB				
Holidays	0730h - 1800h	55 dB	85 dB				
	1800h - 2000h	45 dB	75 dB				
	2000h - 0630h	45 dB	75 dB				
Other occupied bui	ldings						
All	0730h – 1800h	70 dB					
	1800h – 0730h	75 dB					
(b) Where compl	iance with the noise	standards set ou	it in Table 23-1 is not p	oracticab			
the methodole Construction Vibra	ogy in Condition 26 Ition Standards	shall apply.	It in Table 23-1 is not p				
the methodolo Construction Vibra (a) Construction Mechanical vi measurement comply with the	bgy in Condition 26 Ition Standards vibration shall be m ibration and shock - t of vibrations and e	shall apply. easured in accord - Vibration of fixed valuation of their	it in Table 23-1 is not p dance with ISO 4866:2 d structures – Guideline effects on structures a ollowing table as far as	010 es for th nd shall			
the methodolo Construction Vibra (a) Construction Mechanical vi measurement comply with th practicable. Table 24-1 Construct	bgy in Condition 26 ation Standards vibration shall be m ibration and shock - t of vibrations and e ne vibration standar	shall apply. easured in accord - Vibration of fixed valuation of their ds set out in the f ards	dance with ISO 4866:2 d structures – Guidelin effects on structures a ollowing table as far as	010 es for th nd shall			
the methodolo Construction Vibra (a) Construction Mechanical vi measurement comply with th practicable. Table 24-1 Construct Receiver	bgy in Condition 26 ation Standards vibration shall be m ibration and shock - t of vibrations and e ne vibration standar tion Vibration Standar Details	shall apply. easured in accord - Vibration of fixed valuation of their ds set out in the f ards Category A*	dance with ISO 4866:2 d structures – Guideling effects on structures a ollowing table as far as Category B* *	010 es for th nd shall			
the methodolo Construction Vibra (a) Construction Mechanical vi measurement comply with th practicable. Table 24-1 Construct	bgy in Condition 26 ation Standards vibration shall be m ibration and shock - t of vibrations and e ne vibration standar tion Vibration Standa Details Night-time 2000h - 0630h	shall apply. easured in accord - Vibration of fixed valuation of their ds set out in the f ards Category A* 0.3mm/s ppv	dance with ISO 4866:2 d structures – Guideling effects on structures a ollowing table as far as Category B** 2mm/s ppv	010 es for th nd shall			
the methodole Construction Vibra (a) Construction 7 Mechanical vi measurement comply with th practicable. Table 24-1 Construct Receiver Occupied activities sensitive to noise	bgy in Condition 26 ation Standards vibration shall be m ibration and shock - t of vibrations and e ne vibration standar tion Vibration Standar Details Night-time 2000h - 0630h Daytime 0630h - 2000h	shall apply. easured in accord - Vibration of fixed valuation of their ds set out in the f ards Category A* 0.3mm/s ppv 2mm/s ppv	dance with ISO 4866:2 d structures – Guideling effects on structures a ollowing table as far as Category B** 2mm/s ppv 5mm/s ppv	010 es for th nd shall			
the methodole Construction Vibra (a) Construction Vibra Mechanical vi measurement comply with th practicable. Table 24-1 Construct Receiver Occupied activities sensitive to noise Other occupied buildings	bgy in Condition 26 ation Standards vibration shall be m ibration and shock - t of vibrations and e ne vibration standar tion Vibration Standar Details Night-time 2000h - 0630h Daytime 0630h - 2000h Daytime 0630h - 2000h	shall apply. easured in accord - Vibration of fixed valuation of their ds set out in the f ards Category A* 0.3mm/s ppv 2mm/s ppv 2mm/s ppv	dance with ISO 4866:2 d structures – Guideline effects on structures a ollowing table as far as Category B** 2mm/s ppv 5mm/s ppv 5mm/s ppv	010 es for th nd shall			
the methodolo Construction Vibra (a) Construction i Mechanical vi measurement comply with th practicable. Table 24-1 Construct Receiver Occupied activities sensitive to noise Other occupied buildings All other buildings	bgy in Condition 26 ation Standards vibration shall be m ibration and shock - t of vibrations and e ne vibration standar tion Vibration Standar Details Night-time 2000h - 0630h Daytime 0630h - 2000h Daytime 0630h - 2000h At all other times	shall apply. easured in accord - Vibration of fixed valuation of their ds set out in the f ards Category A* 0.3mm/s ppv 2mm/s ppv 2mm/s ppv Tables 1 and 3 of	dance with ISO 4866:2 d structures – Guideling effects on structures a ollowing table as far as Category B** 2mm/s ppv 5mm/s ppv	010 es for th nd shall			
the methodolo Construction Vibra (a) Construction i Mechanical vi measurement comply with th practicable. Table 24-1 Construct Receiver Occupied activities sensitive to noise Other occupied buildings All other buildings * Category A criteria a	bgy in Condition 26 ation Standards vibration shall be m ibration and shock - t of vibrations and e ne vibration standar tion Vibration Standar Details Night-time 2000h - 0630h Daytime 0630h - 2000h Daytime 0630h - 2000h At all other times dopted from Rule E25	shall apply. easured in accord - Vibration of fixed valuation of their ds set out in the f ards Category A* 0.3mm/s ppv 2mm/s ppv 2mm/s ppv Tables 1 and 3 of 5.6.30.1 of the AUP	dance with ISO 4866:2 d structures – Guideline effects on structures a ollowing table as far as Category B** 2mm/s ppv 5mm/s ppv 5mm/s ppv	010 es for th nd shall			

25.	Cons	truction Noise and Vibration Management Plan (CNVMP)
	(a)	A CNVMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for Stage of Work. A CNVMP shall be implemented during the Stage of Work to which it relates. The objective of the CNVMP is to provide a framework for the development and implementation of the Best Practicable Option for the management of construction noise and vibration effects to achieve the construction noise and vibration standards set out in Conditions 23 and 24 to the extent practicable.
	(b)	 To achieve the objective, the CNVMP shall be prepared in accordance with Annex E2 of the New Zealand Standard NZS6803:1999 'Acoustics – Construction Noise' (NZS6803:1999) and shall as a minimum, address the following: (i) description of the works and anticipated equipment/processes; (ii) hours of operation, including times and days when construction activities would occur;
		(iii) the construction noise and vibration standards for the project;
		(iv) identification of receivers where noise and vibration standards apply;
		 (v) a hierarchy of management and mitigation options, including any requirements to limit night works and works during other sensitive times, including Sundays and public holidays as far as practicable;
		(vi) methods and frequency for monitoring and reporting on construction noise and vibration;
		 (vii) procedures for communication and engagement with nearby residents and Stakeholders, including notification of proposed construction activities, the period of construction activities, and management of noise and vibration complaints;
		(viii) contact details of the Project Liaison Person;
		 (ix) procedures for the regular training of the operators of construction equipment to minimise noise and vibration as well as expected construction site behaviours for all workers;
		 (x) procedures and requirements for the preparation of a Schedule to the CNVMP (Schedule) for those areas where compliance with the noise Condition 23 and/or vibration standards Condition 24 Category B will not be practicable;
		(xi) identification of trigger levels for undertaking building condition surveys, which shall be Category B day time levels;
		(xii) procedures and trigger levels for undertaking building condition surveys before and after works to determine whether any cosmetic or structural damage has occurred as a result of construction vibration;
		(xiii) methodology and programme of desktop and field audits and inspections to be undertaken to ensure that the CNVMP, Schedules and the Best Practicable Option for management of effects are being implemented; and
		(xiv) requirements for review and update of the CNVMP.

26.	Sche	Schedule to a CNVMP			
	(a)	 A Schedule to the CNVMP (Schedule) shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction of an activity to which it relates by a Suitably Qualified Person, in consultation with the owners and occupiers of sites subject to the Schedule, when: (i) construction noise is either predicted or measured to exceed the noise standards in Condition 23, except where the exceedance of the L_{Aeq} criteria is no greater than 5 decibels and does not exceed: A. 0630 – 2000: 2 periods of up to 2 consecutive weeks in any 2 months; or B. 2000 - 0630: 1 period of up to 2 consecutive nights in any 10 days: 			
		 B. 2000 - 0630: 1 period of up to 2 consecutive nights in any 10 days; (ii) construction vibration is either predicted or measured to exceed the Category B standard at the receivers in Condition 24. 			
	(b)	The objective of the Schedule is to set out the Best Practicable Option measures to manage noise and/or vibration effects of the construction activity beyond those measures set out in the CNVMP.			
	(c)	 To achieve the objective, the Schedule shall include details such as: (i) construction activity location, start and finish dates; (ii) the nearest neighbours to the construction activity; (iii) the predicted noise and/or vibration level for all receivers where the levels are predicted or measured to exceed the applicable standards and predicted duration of the exceedance; (iv) for works proposed between 2000h and 0630h, the reasons why the proposed works must be undertaken during these hours and why they cannot be practicably undertaken during the daytime; (v) the proposed mitigation options that have been selected, and the options that have been discounted as being impracticable and the reasons why; (vi) the consultation undertaken with owners and occupiers of sites subject to the Schedule, and how consultation has and has not been taken into account; and 			
	(d)	(vii) location, times and types of monitoring. The Schedule shall be submitted to the Manager for Certification at least five working days (except in unforeseen circumstances) in advance of Construction Works that are covered by the scope of the Schedule and shall form part of the CNVMP.			
	(e)	The CNVMP Schedule shall be deemed certified five working days from the submission of the CNVMP Schedule where no written confirmation of Certification has been received.			
	(f)	Where material changes are made to a Schedule required by this condition, the Requiring Authority shall consult the owners and/or occupiers of sites subject to the Schedule prior to submitting the amended Schedule to the Manager for Certification in accordance with (d) above. The amended Schedule shall document the consultation undertaken with those owners and occupiers, and how consultation outcomes have and have not been taken into account.			

Histo	Historic Heritage Management Plan (HHMP)		
(a)	A HHMP shall be prepared in consultation with Council, HNZPT and Mana Whenua prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the HHMP is to protect historic heritage and to remedy and mitigate any residual effects as far as		
(h)	practicable.		
(b)	To achieve the objective, the HHMP shall identify:		
	(i) any adverse direct and indirect effects on historic heritage sites and		
	measures to appropriately avoid, remedy or mitigate any such effects,		
	 including a tabulated summary of these effects and measures; (ii) methods for the identification and assessment of potential historic heritage 		
	places within the designation to inform detailed design;		
	(iii) known historic heritage places and potential archaeological sites within the		
	designation, including identifying any archaeological sites for which an Archaeological Authority under the HNZPTA will be sought or has been		
	granted;		
	(iv) any unrecorded archaeological sites or post-1900 heritage sites within the		
	designation, which shall also be documented and recorded;		
	(v) roles, responsibilities and contact details of project personnel, Council and		
	HNZPT representatives, Mana Whenua representatives, and relevant		
	agencies involved with heritage and archaeological matters including		
	surveys, monitoring of Construction Works, compliance with AUP accidental discovery rule, and monitoring of conditions;		
	(vi) specific areas to be investigated, monitored and recorded to the extent these		
	are directly affected by the project;		
	(vii) the proposed methodology for investigating and recording post-1900 historic		
	heritage sites (including buildings) that need to be destroyed, demolished or		
	relocated, including details of their condition, measures to mitigate any		
	adverse effects and timeframe for implementing the proposed methodology,		
	in accordance with the HNZPT Archaeological Guidelines Series No.1:		
	Investigation and Recording of Buildings and Standing Structures (November		
	2018), or any subsequent version;		
	(viii) methods to acknowledge cultural values identified through Condition 15		
	where archaeological sites also involve ngā taonga tuku iho (treasures		
	handed down by our ancestors) and where feasible and practicable to do so;		
	(ix) methods for avoiding, remedying or mitigating adverse effects on historic		
	heritage places and sites within the designation during Construction Works		
	as far as practicable. These methods shall include, but are not limited to:		
	A. security fencing or hoardings around historic heritage places to protect		
	them from damage during construction or unauthorised access; B. measures to mitigate adverse effects on historic heritage sites that		
	achieve positive historic heritage outcomes such as increased public		
	awareness and interpretation signage; and		
	C. training requirements and inductions for contractors and		
	subcontractors on historic heritage places within the designation, legal		
	obligations relating to unexpected discoveries and the AUP Accidental		
	Discovery Rule (E11.6.1). The training shall be undertaken prior to the		
	Start of Construction, under the guidance of a Suitably Qualified		
	Person and Mana Whenua representatives (to the extent the training		
	relates to cultural values identified under Condition 15).		
ivhA	e note:		
	ental Discoveries		
of the	quirements for accidental discoveries of heritage items are set out in Rule E11.6.1 AUP.		

28.	Pre-	Pre-Construction Ecological Survey			
	(a)	 At the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, an updated ecological survey shall be undertaken in the relevant geographic area by a Suitably Qualified Person. The purpose of the survey is to inform ecological management by: (i) confirming whether the species of value within the Identified Biodiversity Areas recorded in the Identified Biodiversity Area Schedule 3 are still present; and 			
	(b)	 (ii) confirming whether the project will or is likely to have a moderate or greater level of ecological effect on species of value (prior to implementation of impact management measures). The level of effect shall be determined in accordance with Table 10 of the EIANZ Guidelines (or subsequent updated version of that table) as included in Schedule 4 of these conditions. If the ecological survey confirms the presence of ecological species of value in accordance with Condition 28(a)(i) and that effects are likely in accordance with Condition 28(a)(ii) then an Ecological Management Plan (or Plans) shall be prepared in accordance with Condition 29 for these areas (Confirmed Biodiversity Areas). 			

29.	Ecol	ogical Management Plan (EMP)
	(a)	An EMP shall be prepared for any Confirmed Biodiversity Areas (confirmed through Condition 28) prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the EMP is to minimise effects of the project on the ecological features of value in Confirmed Biodiversity Areas as far as practicable.
	(b)	If an EMP is required in accordance with (a) for the presence of long tail bats, the EMP may include the following to achieve the objective:
		 measures to minimise as far as practicable, disturbance from construction activities within 50m of any active long tail bat roosts that are discovered through survey until such roosts are confirmed to be vacant of bats;
		 (ii) timing of any Construction Works within 50m of any active maternity long tail bat roosts. Those Construction Works shall be undertaken outside the bat maternity period (between December and March) where reasonably practicable;
		 details of areas where vegetation is to be retained and where additional planting is proposed to be provided and maintained for the purposes of the connectivity of long tail bat habitats; and
	(c)	(iv) details of measures to minimise any operational disturbance from light spill. If an EMP is required in accordance with (a) for the presence of Threatened or At- Risk birds (excluding wetland birds), the EMP may include the following to achieve
		the objective:
		 timing of any Construction Works which may have adverse effects on Threatened or At-Risk birds (excluding wetland birds). Those Construction Works shall be undertaken outside the bird breeding season (September to February) where practicable; and
		 (ii) where works are required within the area identified in the Confirmed Biodiversity Area during the bird breeding season, methods to minimise adverse effects on Threatened or At-Risk birds.
	(d)	 If an EMP is required in accordance with (a) for the presence of Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds, the EMP may include the following to achieve the objective: (i) details of any nesting bird surveys of Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds. Nesting bird surveys shall be undertaken within any wetland that is both within a Confirmed Biodiversity Area and located within a 50m radius of Construction Works. Surveys shall be undertaken prior to any such works taking place and repeated at the beginning of each wetland bird breeding season until the Completion of Construction;
		 timing of any Construction Works which may have adverse effects on Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds. Those Construction Works shall be undertaken outside of the bird breeding season (September to February) where practicable;
		 (iii) where works are required within the Confirmed Biodiversity Area during the bird breeding season, methods to minimise adverse effects on Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds; and
		 (iv) details of what protection and buffer measures are proposed to manage effects on nesting Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds identified through a survey undertaken in accordance with Condition (d)(i). Proposed measures
		 shall address: A. the type, intensity and duration of construction activity; B. the likely sensitivity of the nesting bird species to the construction
		activity; and C. any environmental features (e.g., vegetation and contour) that could
		influence the extent of potential adverse effects on the Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds; and
	(e)	 (v) details of measures to minimise any operational disturbance from light spill. The EMP shall be consistent with any ecological management measures to be
		undertaken in compliance with conditions of any regional resource consents granted for the project.
	Advi	ce note:

	Depending on the potential effects of the project, the regional consents for the project		
	may include the following monitoring and management plans: (i) stream and/or wetland restoration plans;		
	(ii) vegetation restoration plans; and		
	(iii) fauna management plans (e.g. avifauna).		
30.	Network Utility Management Plan (NUMP)		
	 (a) A NUMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the NUMP is to set out a framework for protecting, relocating and working in proximity to existing network utilities. 		
	 (b) To achieve the objective, the NUMP shall include methods to: (i) provide access for maintenance at all reasonable times, or emergency works at all times during construction activities; (ii) protect and where necessary, relocate existing network utilities; (iii) manage the effects of dust and any other material potentially resulting from 		
	 construction activities and able to cause material damage, beyond normal wear and tear to overhead transmission lines in the project area; (iv) demonstrate compliance with relevant standards and Codes of Practice including, where relevant, the NZECP 34:2001 New Zealand Electrical Code of Practice for Electrical Safe Distances 2001; AS/NZS 4853:2012 Electrical 		
	hazards on Metallic Pipelines, and AS/NZS 2885 Pipelines – Gas and Liquid Petroleum.		
	(c) The NUMP shall be prepared in consultation with the relevant Network Utility Operator(s) who have existing assets that are directly affected by the project.		
	(d) The development of the NUMP shall consider opportunities to coordinate future work programmes with other Network Utility Operator(s) during detailed design where practicable.		
	(e) The NUMP shall describe how any comments from the Network Utility Operator in relation to its assets have been addressed.		
	(f) Any comments received from the Network Utility Operator shall be considered when finalising the NUMP.		
	(g) Any amendments to the NUMP related to the assets of a Network Utility Operator shall be prepared in consultation with that asset owner.		
31.	Network Integration Management Plan (NIMP)		
	(a) At least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, the Requiring Authority shall prepare, in collaboration with other relevant road controlling authorities, a NIMP.		
	 (b) The objective of the NIMP is to identify how the project will integrate with the planned transport network in the North Growth Area to achieve an effective, efficient and safe land transport system. To achieve this objective, the NIMP shall include details of the: 		
	 project implementation approach and any staging of the project, including both design, management and operational matters; and 		
	 sequencing of the project with the planned transport network, including both design, management and operational matters. 		
Operati	onal conditions		

32.	Low Noise Road Surface				
	(a) Asphaltic concrete surfacing (or equivalent low noise road surface) shall be				
	implemented within 12 months of Completion of Construction of the project.				
	(b) The asphaltic concrete surface shall be maintained as far as practicable to retain				
	the noise reduction performance of the surface established in accordance with (a),				
33.	unless Condition 33 applies.				
55.	 Future Resurfacing Work (a) Any future resurfacing works of the project shall be undertaken in accordance with 				
	(a) Any future resurfacing works of the project shall be undertaken in accordance with the Auckland Transport Reseal Guidelines, Asset Management and Systems 2013				
	or any updated version and asphaltic concrete surfacing (or equivalent low noise				
	road surface) shall be implemented where:				
	the volume of traffic exceeds 10,000 vehicles per day;				
	(ii) the road is subject to high wear and tear (such as cul de sac heads,				
	roundabouts and main road intersections);				
	 (iii) it is in an industrial or commercial area where there is a high concentration of truck traffic; or 				
	(iv) it is subject to high usage by pedestrians, such as town centres, hospitals,				
	shopping centres and schools.				
	(b) Prior to commencing any future resurfacing works, the Requiring Authority shall				
	advise the Manager if any of the triggers in Condition $33(a)(i) - (iv)$ are not met by				
	the road or a section of it and therefore where the application of asphaltic concrete				
	surfacing (or equivalent low noise road surface) is no longer required on the road or				
	a section of it. Such advice shall also indicate when any resealing is to occur. Traffic Noise				
	For the purposes of Conditions 34 to 39: (a) Building-Modification Mitigation – has the same meaning as in NZS 6806;				
	(a) Design year has the same meaning as in NZS 6806;				
	(c) Detailed Mitigation Options – means the fully detailed design of the Selected				
	Mitigation Options, with all practical issues addressed;				
	(d) Habitable Space – has the same meaning as in NZS 6806;				
	(e) Identified Noise Criteria Category – means the Noise Criteria Category for a PPF				
	identified in Schedule 5: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories; (f) Mitigation – has the same meaning as in NZS 6806:2010 Acoustics – Road-traffic				
	noise – New and altered roads;				
	(g) Noise Criteria Categories – means the groups of preference for sound levels				
	established in accordance with NZS 6806 when determining the Best Practicable				
	Option for noise mitigation (i.e. Categories A, B and C);				
	(h) NZS 6806 – means New Zealand Standard NZS 6806:2010 Acoustics – Road-				
	traffic noise – New and altered roads; (i) Protected Premises and Facilities (PPFs) – means only the premises and				
	facilities identified in Schedule 5: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories;				
	(j) Selected Mitigation Options – means the preferred mitigation option resulting				
	from a Best Practicable Option assessment undertaken in accordance with NZS				
	6806 taking into account any low noise road surface to be implemented in				
	accordance with Condition 32; and				
	(k) Structural Mitigation – has the same meaning as in NZS 6806. The Noise Criteria Categories identified in Schedule 5: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria				
34.	Categories at each of the PPFs shall be achieved where practicable and subject to				
	Conditions 34 to 39 (all traffic noise conditions).				
	The Noise Criteria Categories do not need to be complied with at a PPF where:				
	(a) the PPF no longer exists; or				
	(b) agreement of the landowner has been obtained confirming that the Noise Criteria				
	Category does not need to be met.				
	Achievement of the Noise Criteria Categories for PPFs shall be by reference to a traffic				
	forecast for a high growth scenario in a design year at least 10 years after the				
	programmed opening of the project.				

35.	As part of the detailed design of the project, a Suitably Qualified Person shall determine the Selected Mitigation Options for the PPFs identified on Schedule 5: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories.
	For the avoidance of doubt, the low noise road surface implemented in accordance with Condition 32 may be (or be part of) the Selected Mitigation Option(s).
36.	Prior to the Start of Construction of the project, a Suitably Qualified Person shall develop the Detailed Mitigation Options for the PPFs identified in Schedule 5: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories, taking into account the Selected Mitigation Options.
37.	If the Detailed Mitigation Options would result in the Identified Noise Criteria Category changing to a less stringent Category, e.g. from Category A to B or Category B to C, at any relevant PPF, a Suitably Qualified Person shall provide confirmation to the Manager that the Detailed Mitigation Option would be consistent with adopting the Best Practicable Option in accordance with NZS 6806 prior to implementation.
38.	The Detailed Mitigation Options shall be implemented prior to Completion of Construction of the project, with the exception of any low-noise road surfaces, which shall be implemented within 12 months of Completion of Construction.
39.	Any barriers required by the Detailed Mitigation Options shall be maintained so they retain their noise reduction performance as far as practicable.

Attachments

Schedule 1: General Accordance Plans and Information

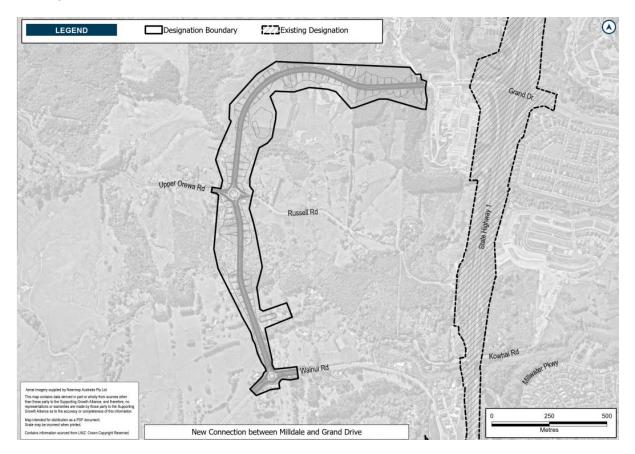
Project Description

The proposed work is the construction, operation and maintenance of an urban arterial corridor between Wainui Road in Milldale and Grand Drive in Upper Ōrewa, including active transport facilities and associated infrastructure.

The proposed work is shown in the following Concept Plan and includes:

- Construction of an urban arterial corridor with walking and cycling facilities.
- Tie-ins with existing roads and localised widening around the existing intersections to accommodate new intersection forms.
- New or upgraded stormwater management systems, bridges and culverts (where applicable).
- Batter slopes, and associated cut and fill activities (earthworks).
- Vegetation removal.
- Other construction related activities required outside the permanent corridor including the regrade of driveways, construction traffic manoeuvring and construction laydown areas.

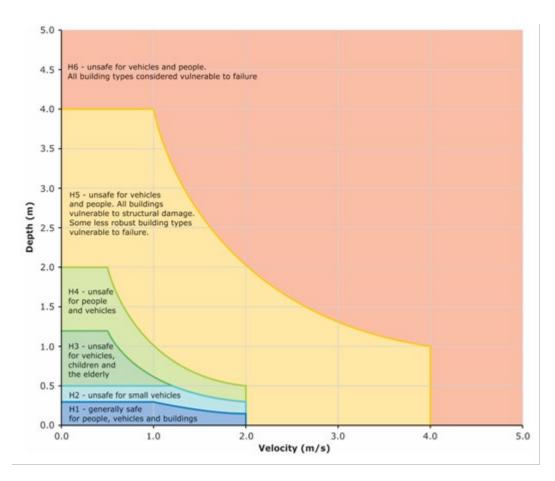
Concept Plan



Schedule 2 – Flood Hazard Class

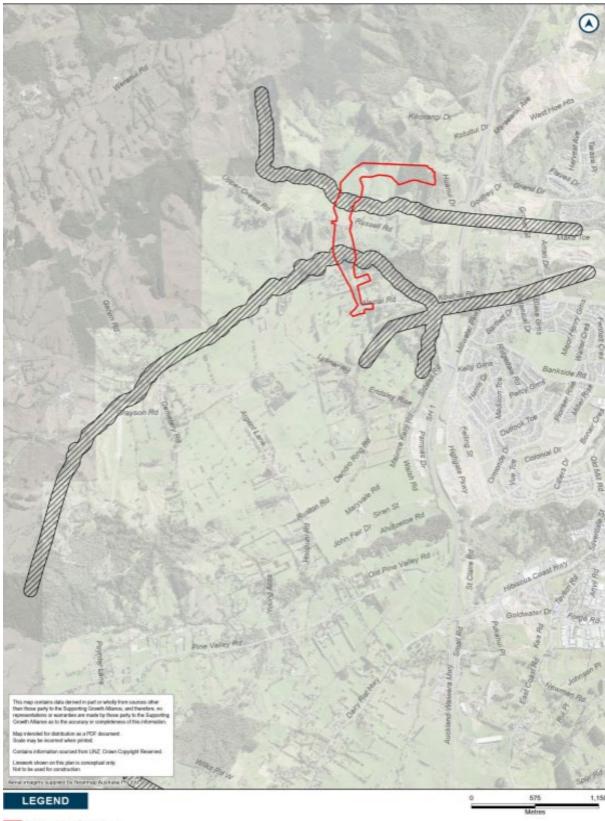
The combined flood hazard curves shown below set hazard thresholds that relate to the vulnerability of the community when interacting with floodwaters. The combined curves are divided into hazard classifications that relate to specific vulnerability thresholds

The vulnerability thresholds identified in the flood hazard curves can be applied to the best description of flood behaviour available for a subject site. In this regard, the hazard curves can be applied equally to flood behaviour estimates from measured data, simpler 1D numerical modelling approaches, through to complex 2D model estimates with the level of accuracy and uncertainty of the flood hazard estimate linked to the method used to derive the flood behaviour estimate.



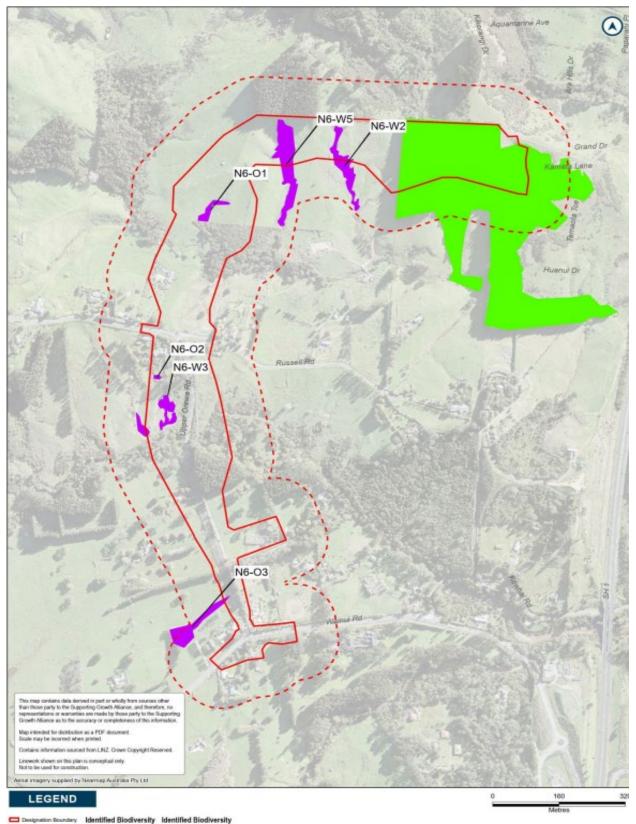
Source: Australian Rainfall and Runoff, Book 6, 2019

Schedule 3: Identified Biodiversity Areas



Designation Boundary

Bat Corridors



Designation B

Identified Biodiversity Areas for Wetland Avitauna Named Wetlands Named Wetlands

Non-wetland Vegetation

Schedule 4: Table 10 of the 2018 EIANZ Guidelines

Criteria for describing level of effects (Adapted from Regini (2000) and Boffa Miskell (2011))

Ecological Value →	Very high	High	Moderate	Low	Negligible
Magnitude ↓					
Very high	Very high	Very high	High	Moderate	Low
High	Very high	Very high	Moderate	Low	Very low
Moderate	High	High	Moderate	Low	Very low
Low	Moderate	Low	Low	Very low	Very low
Negligible	Low	Very low	Very low	Very low	Very low
Positive	Net gain	Net gain	Net gain	Net gain	Net gain

Schedule 5: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories

Address	New or Altered Road	Noise Criteria Category
85 Upper Orewa Road	Altered road	A
406 Wainui Road	Altered road	A
411 Wainui Road	Altered road	A
11 Russell Road	Altered road	A
90 Upper Orewa Road	Altered road	A
24 Upper Orewa Road	Altered road	A
29 Upper Orewa Road	Altered road	A
100 Upper Orewa Road	Altered road	A
392 Wainui Road	Altered road	A
411 Wainui Road	Altered road	A
379 Wainui Road	Altered road	A
427 Wainui Road	Altered road	A

Appendix C – Auckland Transport's Modifications to NoR 7 conditions (clean)

[XXXX] Upgrade to Pine Valley Road

Designation Number	[XXXX]
Requiring Authority	Auckland Transport
Location	Pine Valley Road between Poynter Lane in Dairy Flat and the Argent Lane and Old Pine Valley Road intersection
Lapse Date	In accordance with section 184(1)(c) of the RMA, this designation shall lapse if not given effect to within 30 years from the date on which it is included in the AUP.

Purpose

The construction, operation and maintenance of an upgrade to Pine Valley Road to an arterial transport corridor and associated facilities.

Conditions

Abbreviations and definitions

Acronym/Term	Definition
Activity sensitive to noise	Any dwelling, visitor accommodation, boarding house, marae, papakāinga, integrated residential development, retirement village, supported residential care, care centre, lecture theatre in a tertiary Education Facility, classroom in an Education Facility and healthcare facility with an overnight stay facility
AUP	Auckland Unitary Plan
BPO or Best Practicable Option	Has the same meaning as in section 2 of the RMA 1991
CEMP	Construction Environmental Management Plan
Certification of material changes to management plans	 Confirmation from the Manager that a material change to a management plan has been prepared in accordance with the condition to which it relates. A material change to a management plan shall be deemed certified: (a) where the Requiring Authority has received written confirmation from the Manager that the material change to the management plan is certified; or (b) 10 working days from the submission of the material change to the management plan where no written confirmation of certification has been received
СМР	Cultural Monitoring Plan
CNVMP	Construction Noise and Vibration Management Plan
CNVMP Schedule or Schedule	A schedule to the CNVMP
Completion of Construction	When construction of the project (or part of the project) is complete and it is available for use
Confirmed Biodiversity Areas	Areas recorded in the Identified Biodiversity Area Schedule where the ecological values and effects have been confirmed through the ecological survey under Condition 27
Construction Works	Activities undertaken to construct the project excluding Enabling Works
Council	Auckland Council
СТМР	Construction Traffic Management Plan

Developer	Any legal entity that intends to master plan or develop land adjacent to the designation
Development Agency	Public entities involved in development projects
Education Facility	 Facility used for education to secondary level. Includes: schools and outdoor education facilities; and accommodation, administrative, cultural, religious, health, retail and communal facilities accessory to the above. Excludes: care centres; and tertiary education facilities.
EIANZ Guidelines	Ecological Impact Assessment: EIANZ Guidelines for use in New Zealand: terrestrial and freshwater ecosystems, second edition, dated May 2018
EMP	Ecological Management Plan
Enabling Works	 Includes, but is not limited to, the following and similar activities: (a) geotechnical investigations (including trial embankments); (b) archaeological site investigations; (c) formation of access for geotechnical investigations; (d) establishment of site yards, site entrances and fencing; (e) constructing and sealing site access roads; (f) demolition or removal of buildings and structures; (g) relocation of services; and (h) establishment of mitigation measures (such as erosion and sediment control measures, temporary noise walls, earth bunds and planting)
HHMP	Historic Heritage Management Plan
HNZPT	Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga
HNZPTA	Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014
Identified Biodiversity Area	Means an area or areas of features of ecological value where the project ecologist has identified that the project will potentially have a moderate or greater level of ecological effect, prior to implementation of impact management measures, as determined in accordance with the EIANZ Guidelines
Manager	The Manager – Resource Consents of the Auckland Council, or authorised delegate
Mana Whenua	 Mana Whenua as referred to in the conditions are considered to be, but not limited to, the following (in no particular order), who at the time of Notice of Requirement expressed a desire to be involved in the project: (a) Ngāti Manuhiri (b) Te Kawerau ā Maki (c) Te Ākitai Waiohua (d) Ngāti Whanaunga (e) Te Runanga o Ngāti Whātua (f) Ngāti Maru (g) Te Patu Kirikiri (h) Ngāti Tamaterā (j) Ngai Tai ki Tāmaki (k) Ngāti Paoa Irust Board Note: other iwi not identified above may have an interest in the project and should be consulted
Network Utility Operator	Has the same meaning as set out in section 166 of the RMA
NIMP	Network Integration Management Plan

NoR	Notice of Requirement
North Growth Area	Land for future urban development in the North of Auckland, including Future Urban zoned areas in Ara Hills, Ōrewa, Wainui East, Silverdale West, Redvale and Dairy Flat
NUMP	Network Utilities Management Plan
Outline Plan	An outline plan prepared in accordance with section 176A of the RMA
Project Liaison Person	The person or persons appointed for the duration of the project's Construction Works to be the main point of contact for persons wanting information about the project or affected by the Construction Works
Protected Premises and Facilities (PPF)	Protected Premises and Facilities as defined in New Zealand Standard NZS 6806:2010: <i>Acoustics – Road-traffic noise – New and</i> <i>altered roads</i>
Requiring Authority	Has the same meaning as section 166 of the RMA and, for this designation is Auckland Transport
RMA	Resource Management Act 1991
SCEMP	Stakeholder Communication and Engagement Management Plan
Stakeholder	Stakeholders to be identified in accordance with Condition 4, which may include as appropriate:
	(a) adjacent owners and occupiers;(b) adjacent business owners and operators;
	(c) central and local government bodies;
	(d) community groups;
	(e) developers;
	(f) development agencies;(g) Education Facilities; and
	(h) Network Utility Operators.
Stage of Work	Any physical works that require the development of an Outline Plan
Start of Construction	The time when Construction Works (excluding Enabling Works) start
Suitably Qualified Person	A person (or persons) who can provide sufficient evidence to demonstrate their suitability, experience and competence in the relevant field of expertise.
ULDMP	Urban and Landscape Design Management Plan

General conditions			
1.	Activ	Activity in General Accordance with Plans and Information	
	(a) (b)	Except as provided for in the conditions below, and subject to final design and Outline Plan(s), works within the designation shall be undertaken in general accordance with the project description and concept plan in Schedule 1. Where there is inconsistency between:	
		(i) the project description and concept plan in Schedule 1 and the requirements of the following conditions, the conditions shall prevail;	
		 (ii) the project description and concept plan in Schedule 1, and the management plans under the conditions of the designation, the requirements of the management plans shall prevail. 	
2.	Proje	ect Information	
	(a)	A project website, or equivalent virtual information source, shall be established as soon as reasonably practicable, and within six months of the inclusion of this designation in the AUP. This shall be updated as required so it remains current.	
	(b)	All directly affected owners and occupiers shall be notified in writing as soon as reasonably practicable once the website or equivalent information source has been established. The project website or virtual information source shall include these conditions and shall provide information on: (i) the status of the project;	
		 (i) the status of the project; (ii) anticipated construction timeframes; (iii) contact details for enquiries; 	
		 (iv) the implications of the designation for landowners, occupiers and business owners and operators within the designation and where they can receive additional advice; 	
		 (v) a subscription service to enable receipt of project updates by email; (vi) the types of activities that can be undertaken by landowners without the need for written consent to be obtained under s176(1)(b) of the RMA; and (vii) when and how to apply for consent for works in the designation under 	
		section 176(1)(b) of the RMA.	
	(c)	At ten yearly intervals from the inclusion of this designation in the AUP until the start of detailed design, the Requiring Authority shall identify appropriate methods with the relevant Local Board(s) to: (i) inform the wider community of the project status; and	
	(d)	 raise awareness of the project website. At the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, the project website or virtual 	
	(d)	information source shall be updated to provide information on the likely date for Start of Construction, and any Staging of Works.	

3.	Land	l use Integration Process
	(a)	The Requiring Authority shall set up a Land use Integration Process for the period
		between confirmation of the designation and the Start of Construction. The purpose
		of this process is to encourage and facilitate the integration of master planning and
		land use development activity on land directly affected or adjacent to the
		designation. To achieve this purpose:
		(i) the Requiring Authority shall include the contact details of a nominated
		contact on the project website (or equivalent information source) required to be established by Condition 2(b)(iii); and
		(ii) the nominated contact shall be the main point of contact for a Developer or
		Development Agency wanting to work with the Requiring Authority to
		integrate their development plans or master planning with the designation.
	(b)	At any time prior to the Start of Construction, the nominated contact will be
	. ,	available to engage with a Developer or Development Agency for the purpose of:
		(i) responding to requests made to the Requiring Authority for information
		regarding design details that could assist with land use integration; and
		(ii) receiving information from a Developer or Development Agency regarding
		master planning or land development details that could assist with land use
		integration.
	(c)	Information requested or provided under Condition 3(b) above may include but not
		be limited to the following matters:
		 design details including but not limited to: A. boundary treatment (e.g. the use of retaining walls or batter slopes);
		B. the horizontal and vertical alignment of the road (levels);
		C. potential locations for mid-block crossings;
		D. integration of stormwater infrastructure; and
		E. traffic noise modelling contours.
		(ii) potential modifications to the extent of the designation in response to
		information received through Condition 3(b)(ii);
		(iii) a process for the Requiring Authority to undertake a technical review of or
		provide comments on any master planning or development proposal
		advanced by the Developer or Development Agency as it relates to
		integration with the project; and(iv) details of how to apply for written consent from the Requiring Authority for
		any development proposal that relates to land that is within the designation
		under section 176(1)(b) of the RMA.
	(d)	Where information is requested from the Requiring Authority and is available, the
	. ,	nominated contact shall provide the information unless there are reasonable
		grounds for not providing it.
	(e)	The nominated contact shall maintain a record of the engagement between the
		Requiring Authority and Developers and Development Agencies for the period
		following the date in which this designation is included in the AUP through to the
		Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The record shall include: (i) details of any requests made to the Requiring Authority that could influence
		 details of any requests made to the Requiring Authority that could influence detailed design, the results of any engagement and, where such requests
		that could influence detailed design are declined, the reasons why the
		Requiring Authority has declined the requests; and
		(ii) details of any requests to co-ordinate the forward work programme, where
		appropriate, with Development Agencies and Network Utility Operators.
	(f)	The record shall be submitted to Council for information 10 working days prior to
		the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work.

4.	Stakeholder Communication and Engagement Design
	(a) At least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, the
	Requiring Authority shall identify:
	(i) a list of Stakeholders;
	(ii) a list of properties within the designation which the Requiring Authority does
	not own or have occupation rights to; and
	(iii) methods to engage with Stakeholders and the owners and occupiers of
	properties identified in (a)(i) – (ii) above. (b) A record of (a) shall be submitted to the Manager for information with an Outline
	(b) A record of (a) shall be submitted to the Manager for information with an Outline Plan for the relevant Stage of Work.
5.	Designation Review
J.	As soon as reasonably practicable following Completion of Construction, the Requiring
	As soon as reasonably practicable following completion of construction, the Requiring Authority shall:
	(i) review the extent of the designation to identify any areas of designated land
	that it no longer requires for the on-going operation, maintenance or
	mitigation of effects of the project; and
	(ii) give notice to the Manager in accordance with section 182 of the RMA for
	the removal of those parts of the designation identified above.
6.	Lapse
	In accordance with section 184(1)(c) of the RMA, this designation shall lapse if not given
	effect to within 30 years from the date on which it is included in the AUP.
7.	Network Utility Operators and Auckland Council Parks (Section 176 Approval)
	(a) Prior to the Start of Construction, Network Utility Operators with existing
	infrastructure and Auckland Council in relation to parks located within the
	designation will not require written consent under section 176 of the RMA for the
	following activities:
	(i) operation, maintenance and repair works;
	(ii) minor renewal works to existing network utilities or parks necessary for the
	on-going provision or security of supply of network utility or parks
	operations; (iii) minor works such as new service connections; and
	 (iii) minor works such as new service connections; and (iv) the upgrade and replacement of existing network utilities in the same
	location with the same or similar effects on the works authorised by the
	designation as the existing utility.
	(b) To the extent that a record of written approval is required for the activities listed
	above, this condition shall constitute written approval.
8.	General Section 176 Approval
	(a) Prior to the start of the formal acquisition process under the Public Works Act 1981
	for a property, or submission of the Outline Plan, persons on properties zoned
	Rural or Future Urban will not require written consent under section 176 of the
	RMA for the following activities:
	(i) Internal alterations;
	(ii) Repair of existing utility services;
	(iii) One extension to an existing structure as at 2023, up to 30m ² ; and
	 (iv) Temporary or relocatable structures, provided they are removed from the site and the land is reinstated (including closing and capping any associated
	services) at the landowner's expense prior to the Start of Construction. The
	landowner shall be responsible for any resource consent required for the
	structures, their removal or relocation.
	(b) To the extent that a record of written approval is required for the activities listed
	above, this condition shall constitute written approval.
Pre-con	struction conditions

9.	Outline Plan		
	(a) An Outline Plan (or Plans) shall be prepared in accordance with section 176A of the RMA.		
	(b) Outline Plans (or Plan) may be submitted in parts or in stages to address particular		
	 activities (e.g. design or construction aspects), or a Stage of Work of the project. (c) Outline Plans shall include any management plan or plans that are relevant to the management of effects of those activities or Stage of Work, which may include: (i) Construction Environmental Management Plan; (ii) Construction Traffic Management Plan; (iii) Construction Noise and Vibration Management Plan; (iv) Urban and Landscape Design Management Plan; (v) Historic Heritage Management Plan; (vi) Ecological Management Plan; (vii) Network Utilities Management Plan; and (viii) Network Integration Management Plan. 		
	Flood Hazard		
	For the purpose of Condition 10:		
	 (a) AEP – means Annual Exceedance Probability; (b) Existing Authorised Habitable Floor – means the floor level of any room (floor) in a residential building which is authorised and exists at the time the Outline Plan is submitted, excluding a laundry, bathroom, toilet or any room used solely as an entrance hall, passageway or garage; (c) Flood Prone Area – means potential ponding areas that may flood in a 1% AEP event and commonly comprise of topographical depression areas. The areas can 		
	occur naturally or as a result of constructed features. Identification of a potential Flood Prone Area would be by an assessment of residual flood risk in a 1% AEP event (e.g. from blockage of the project stormwater network) on land outside and adjacent to the designation following the application of Conditions $(10)(a)(i) - (iv)$.		
	(d) Maximum Probable Development – is the design case for consideration of future flows allowing for development within a catchment that takes into account the maximum impervious surface limits of the current zone or if the land is zoned Future Urban in the AUP, the probable level of development arising from zone changes;		
	 (e) Pre-Project Development – means existing site condition prior to the project (including existing buildings and roadways); and 		
	 (f) Post-Project Development – means site condition after the project has been completed (including existing and new buildings and roadways). 		

10.	Flood Hazard		
	(a)	The project shall be designed to achieve the following flood risk outcomes beyond the boundary of the designation:	
		 (i) no increase in flood levels in a 1% AEP event for Existing Authorised Habitable Floors that are already subject to flooding or have a freeboard less than 500mm; 	
		 (ii) no increase in flood levels in a 1% AEP event for authorised community, commercial, industrial and network utility building floors existing at the time the Outline Plan is submitted that are already subject to flooding or have a freeboard less than 300mm; 	
		 (iii) maximum of 50mm increase in flood levels in a 1% AEP event outside and adjacent to the designation boundary between the Pre-Project Development and Post-Project Development scenarios; 	
		(iv) no increase of Flood Hazard Class for the main access to authorised habitable dwellings existing at the time the Outline Plan is submitted. The assessment shall be undertaken for the 1% AEP rainfall event and reference the hazard class in accordance with Schedule 2 to these conditions; and	
		(v) no new Flood Prone Areas.	
	(b)	Compliance with this condition shall be demonstrated in the Outline Plan, which shall include flood modelling of the Pre-Project Development and Post-Project Development 1% AEP flood levels (for Maximum Probable Development land use with ellowance for elimete change)	
	(c)	with allowances for climate change). Where:	
	(0)	 the flood risk outcomes in (a) can be achieved through alternative measures outside of the designation such as flood stop banks, flood walls, raising Existing Authorised Habitable Floor level and new overland flow paths; or 	
		 the outcomes are varied at specific location(s) through agreement with the relevant landowner, 	
		confirmation shall be provided to the Manager that any necessary landowner agreement and statutory approvals have been obtained for that alternative measure or varied outcome.	
11.	Exist	ting property access	
	and o	to submission of the Outline Plan, consultation shall be undertaken with landowners occupiers whose vehicle access to their property will be altered by the project. The ne Plan shall demonstrate how safe reconfigured or alternate access will be	
	provi	ded, unless otherwise agreed with the affected landowner.	

12.	Management Plans	
	(a)	Any management plan shall:
		(i) be prepared and implemented in accordance with the relevant management
		plan condition;
		 (ii) be prepared by a Suitably Qualified Person(s); (iii) include sufficient detail relating to the management of effects appeariated with
		(iii) include sufficient detail relating to the management of effects associated with
		the relevant activities and/or Stage of Work to which it relates;(iv) be submitted as part of an Outline Plan pursuant to section 176A of the
		RMA, with the exception of SCEMPs and CNVMP Schedules; and
		(v) once finalised, uploaded to the project website or equivalent virtual
		information source.
	(b)	Any management plan developed in accordance with Condition 12 may:
		(i) be submitted in parts or in stages to address particular activities (e.g. design
		or construction aspects), a Stage of Work of the project, or to address
		specific activities authorised by the designation; and
		(ii) except for material changes, be amended to reflect any changes in design,
	(c)	construction methods or management of effects without further process; Information shall be submitted with the management plan (or revised plan as
	(0)	referred to in (d) below) which summarises outcomes of consultation and any input
		received from Mana Whenua and Stakeholders as required by the relevant
		management plan condition. The summary shall note how this input has been
		incorporated or reflected in the management plan, or if not, the reasons why;
	(d)	If there is a material change required to a management plan which has been
		submitted with an Outline Plan, the revised part of the plan shall be submitted to
		the Manager as an update to the Outline Plan or for Certification as soon as
		practicable following identification of the need for a revision; and
	(e)	Any material changes to the SCEMP(s) are to be submitted to the Manager for
40	<u> </u>	information.
13.		eholder Communication and Engagement Management Plan (SCEMP)
	(a)	A SCEMP shall be prepared in consultation with relevant Stakeholders prior to the Start of Construction. The objective of the SCEMP is to identify how the public and
		State of Construction. The objective of the SCEMP is to identify how the public and Stakeholders will be engaged with throughout Construction Works.
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the SCEMP shall include:
	()	(i) a list of Stakeholders;
		(ii) the contact details for the Project Liaison Person. These details shall be on
		the project website, or equivalent virtual information source, and prominently
		displayed at the main entrance(s) to the site(s);
		 (iii) methods for engaging with Mana Whenua, to be developed in consultation with Mana Whenua;
		 (iv) methods and timing to engage with owners and occupiers whose access is
		directly affected;
		 (v) methods to communicate key project milestones and the proposed hours of
		construction activities including outside of normal working hours and on
		weekends and public holidays, to the parties identified in (b)(i) above; and
		(vi) linkages and cross-references to communication and engagement methods
	(α)	set out in other conditions and management plans where relevant. Any SCEMP prepared for a Stage of Work shall be submitted to the Manager for
	(c)	information a minimum of 10 working days prior to the Start of Construction for a
		Stage of Work.

14.	Cultural Advisory Report		
	(a)	At least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, Mana Whenua shall be invited to prepare a Cultural Advisory Report for the project. The	
		objective of the Cultural Advisory Report is to assist in understanding and	
		identifying ngā taonga tuku iho (treasures handed down by our ancestors) affected by the project, to inform their management and protection.	
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the Requiring Authority shall invite Mana Whenua to	
	. ,	prepare a Cultural Advisory Report that:	
		 (i) identifies the cultural sites, landscapes and values that have the potential to be affected by the construction and operation of the project; 	
		 sets out the desired outcomes for management of potential effects on cultural sites, landscapes and values; 	
		(iii) identifies traditional cultural practices within the area that may be impacted	
		by the project;	
		 (iv) identifies opportunities for restoration and enhancement of identified cultural sites, landscapes and values within the project area; 	
		 (v) taking into account the outcomes of (i) to (iv) above, identify cultural matters and principles that should be considered in the development of the ULDMP (Condition 15) and HHMP (Condition 26) and the CMP referred to in 	
		Condition 13) and HIMP (Condition 20) and the CMP referred to in Condition 20; and	
		(vi) identifies and (if possible) nominates traditional names along the project	
		alignment. Noting there may be formal statutory processes outside the	
	(c)	project required in any decision-making. The desired outcomes for management of potential effects on cultural sites,	
	(0)	landscapes and values identified in the Cultural Advisory Report shall be discussed	
		with Mana Whenua and those outcomes reflected in the relevant management	
	(1)	plans where practicable; and	
	(d)	Conditions 14(b) and (c) will cease to apply if: (i) Mana Whenua have been invited to prepare a Cultural Advisory Report by a	
		date at least six months prior to the Start of Construction; and	
		(ii) Mana Whenua have not provided a Cultural Advisory Report within six	
		months prior to the Start of Construction.	
		in and Landscape Design Management Plan (ULDMP)	
15.	(a)	A ULDMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the ULDMP(s) is to:	
		(i) enable integration of the project's permanent works into the surrounding	
		landscape and urban context; and	
		(ii) ensure that the project manages potential adverse landscape and visual	
	(1-)	effects as far as practicable and contributes to a quality urban environment.	
	(b)	Mana Whenua shall be invited to participate in the development of the ULDMP(s) to provide input into relevant cultural landscape and design matters including how	
		desired outcomes for management of potential effects on cultural sites, landscapes	
		and values identified and discussed in the Cultural Advisory Report in Condition 14	
	(-)	may be reflected in the ULDMP.	
	(c)	Relevant Stakeholders shall be invited to participate in the development of the ULDMP at least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work.	
I	1	element at least six months phones are start of detailed design for a stage of Work.	

16.	(a) To achieve the objective set out in Condition 15, the ULDMP(s) shall provide details	
	of how the project:	
	 (i) is designed to integrate with the adjacent urban (or proposed urban) and landscape context, including the surrounding existing or proposed topography, urban environment (eg. centres and density of built form), natural environment, landscape character and open space zones; 	
	 provides appropriate walking and cycling connectivity to, and interfaces with, existing or proposed adjacent land uses, public transport infrastructure and walking and cycling connections; 	
	(iii) promotes inclusive access (where appropriate);	
	 (iv) promotes a sense of personal safety by aligning with best practice guidelines, such as: 	
	A. Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED) principles;B. Safety in Design (SID) requirements; and	
	 Maintenance in Design (MID) requirements and anti-vandalism/anti- graffiti measures; 	
	 (v) has responded to matters identified through the Land use Integration Process (Condition 3); and 	
	(b) The ULDMP shall be prepared in general accordance with:	
	 Auckland Transport's Urban Roads and Streets Design Guide, or any subsequent or updated version; 	
	 (ii) New Zealand Transport Agency Urban Design Guidelines: Bridging the Gap (2013) or any subsequent updated version; 	
	 (iii) New Zealand Transport Agency Landscape Guidelines (2018) or any subsequent updated version; 	
	(iv) New Zealand Transport Agency P39 Standard Specification for Highway Landscape Treatments (2013) or any subsequent updated version; and	
	 (v) Auckland's Urban Ngahere (Forest) Strategy or any subsequent updated version. 	

The ULDMP(s) shall include:
(a) a concept plan – which depicts the overall landscape and urban design concept,
and explain the rationale for the landscape and urban design proposals;
(b) developed design concepts, including principles for walking and cycling facilities
and public transport;
(c) landscape and urban design details – that cover the following:
(i) road design – elements such as intersection form, carriageway gradient and
associated earthworks contouring including cut and fill batters and the
interface with adjacent land uses and existing roads (including slip lanes),
benching, spoil disposal sites, median width and treatment, roadside width
and treatment;
(ii) roadside elements – such as lighting, fencing, wayfinding and signage;
(iii) architectural and landscape treatment of all major structures, including
bridges and retaining walls;
(iv) architectural and landscape treatment of noise barriers;
(v) landscape treatment and planting of permanent stormwater control wetlands
and swales;
(vi) integration of passenger transport;
(vii) pedestrian and cycle facilities including paths, road crossings and dedicated
pedestrian/ cycle bridges or underpasses;
(viii) historic heritage places with reference to the HHMP (Condition 26); and
(ix) re-instatement of construction and site compound areas; and
(x) features disturbed during construction and intended to be reinstated such as:
A. boundary features;
B. driveways;
C. accessways; and
D. fences.
(d) the ULDMP shall also include the following planting and maintenance details:
(i) planting design details including:
A. identification of existing trees and vegetation that will be retained with
reference to the EMP (Condition 28). Where practicable, mature trees
and native vegetation should be retained;
B. street trees, shrubs and ground cover suitable for the location;
C. treatment of fill slopes to integrate with adjacent land use, streams,
riparian margins and open space zones;
D. identification of any planting requirements under the EMP (Condition
28);
E. integration of any planting required by conditions of any resource
consents for the project; and
F. re-instatement planting of construction and site compound areas as
appropriate.
(ii) a planting programme including the staging of planting in relation to the
construction programme which shall, as far as practicable, include provision
for planting within each planting season following completion of each Stage
of Work; and
(iii) detailed specifications relating to the following:
A. weed control and clearance;
B. pest animal management (to support plant establishment);
C. ground preparation (top soiling and decompaction);
D. mulching; and
E. plant sourcing and planting, including hydroseeding and grassing, and
use of eco-sourced species.
onstruction conditions

18.	Cons	Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP)		
18.	Cons (a) (b)	 struction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP) A CEMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the CEMP is to set out the management procedures and construction methods to be undertaken to avoid, remedy or mitigate any adverse effects associated with Construction Works as far as practicable. To achieve the objective, the CEMP shall include: (i) the roles and responsibilities of staff and contractors; (ii) details of the site or project manager and the Project Liaison Person, including their contact details (phone and email address); (iii) the Construction Works programmes and the staging approach, and the proposed hours of work; (iv) details of the proposed construction yards including temporary screening when adjacent to residential areas; (v) details of the proposed construction lighting; (vi) methods for controlling dust and the removal of debris and demolition of construction materials from public roads or places; (vii) methods for providing for the health and safety of the general public; (viii) measures to mitigate flood hazard effects such as siting stockpiles out of 		
		 (viii) measures to mitigate nood nazard enects such as sking stockplies out of floodplains, minimising obstruction to flood flows, actions to respond to warnings of heavy rain; (ix) procedures for incident management; 		
		 (x) location and procedures for the refuelling and maintenance of plant and equipment to avoid discharges of fuels or lubricants to watercourses; 		
		 (xi) measures to address the storage of fuels, lubricants, hazardous and/or dangerous materials, along with contingency procedures to address emergency spill response(s) and clean up; 		
		(xii) procedures for responding to complaints about Construction Works; and(xiii) methods for amending and updating the CEMP as required.		
19.	Com	plaints Process		
	(a)	 At all times during Construction Works, a record of any complaints received about the Construction Works shall be maintained. The record shall include: (i) the date, time and nature of the complaint; (ii) the name, phone number and address of the complainant (unless the complainant wishes to remain anonymous); (iii) measures taken to respond to the complaint (including a record of the response provided to the complainant) or confirmation of no action if deemed appropriate; (iv) the outcome of the investigation into the complaint; and 		
		 (v) any other activities in the area, unrelated to the project that may have contributed to the complaint, such as non-project construction, fires, traffic accidents or unusually dusty conditions generally. 		
	(b)	A copy of the complaints record required by this condition shall be made available to the Manager upon request as soon as practicable after the request is made.		

20.	Cult	ural Monitoring Plan (CMP)
	(a)	Prior to the Start of Construction, a CMP shall be prepared by a Suitably Qualified Person(s) identified in collaboration with Mana Whenua. The objective of the CMP is to identify methods for undertaking cultural monitoring to assist with management of any cultural effects during Construction Works.
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the CMP shall include:
		 requirements for formal dedication or cultural interpretation to be undertaken prior to the Start of Construction in areas identified as having significance to Mana Whenua;
		 (ii) requirements and protocols for cultural inductions for contractors and subcontractors;
		 (iii) identification of activities, sites and areas where cultural monitoring is required during particular Construction Works;
		 (iv) identification of personnel to undertake cultural monitoring, including any geographic definition of their responsibilities; and
		 (v) details of personnel to assist with management of any cultural effects identified during cultural monitoring, including implementation of the Accidental Discovery Protocol.
	(c)	If Enabling Works involving soil disturbance are undertaken prior to the Start of Construction, an Enabling Works CMP shall be prepared by a Suitably Qualified Person identified in collaboration with Mana Whenua. This plan may be prepared as a standalone Enabling Works CMP or be included in the main Construction Works CMP.
	Advi	ice note:
	desig	re appropriate, the CMP shall align with the requirements of other conditions of the gnation and resource consents for the project which require monitoring during struction Works.

21.	Construction Traffic Management Plan (CTMP)					
	(a)	A CTMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the CTMP is to avoid, remedy or mitigate, as far as practicable, adverse construction traffic effects.				
	(b)	To achieve this objective, the CTMP shall include:				
	(5)	 (i) methods to manage the effects of temporary traffic management activities on traffic; 				
		(ii) measures to ensure the safety of all transport users;				
		(iii) the estimated numbers, frequencies, routes and timing of traffic movements,				
		including any specific non-working or non-movement hours to manage vehicular and pedestrian traffic near Education Facilities or to manage traffic congestion;				
		(iv) site access routes and access points for heavy vehicles, the size and				
		location of parking areas for plant, construction vehicles and the vehicles of workers and visitors;				
		(v) identification of detour routes and other methods to ensure the safe				
		management and maintenance of traffic flows, including public transport, pedestrians and cyclists;				
		 (vi) methods to maintain access to and within property and/or private roads where practicable, or to provide alternative arrangements when it will not be, including details of how access is managed for loading and unloading of goods; 				
		 (vii) the management approach to loads on heavy vehicles, including covering loads of fine material, the use of wheel-wash facilities at site exit points and 				
		the timely removal of any material deposited or spilled on public roads; (viii) methods that will be undertaken to communicate traffic management				
		measures to affected road users (e.g. residents / public / Stakeholders / emergency services);				
		(ix) details of minimum network performance parameters during the construction				
		phase, including any measures to monitor compliance with the performance parameters; and				
		 (x) details of any measures proposed to be implemented in the event of thresholds identified in (ix) being exceeded. 				
	(C)	Auditing, monitoring and reporting requirements relating to traffic management				
		activities shall be undertaken in accordance with the New Zealand Guide to				
		Temporary Traffic Management (April 2023) or any subsequent version.				

22.	Construction Noise	e Standards					
	(a) Construction noise shall be measured and assessed in accordance with						
				d shall comply with th	e noise		
	standards set	out in the following	table as far as pi	racticable:			
	Table 22-1 Construct	tion Noise Standards	6				
	Day of week	Time period	L _{Aeq(15min)}	LAFmax			
	Occupied activity s	ensitive to noise					
	Weekday	0630h - 0730h	55 dB	75 dB			
		0730h - 1800h	70 dB	85 dB			
		1800h - 2000h	65 dB	80 dB			
		2000h - 0630h	45 dB	75 dB			
	Saturday	0630h - 0730h	45 dB	75 dB			
		0730h - 1800h	70 dB	85 dB			
		1800h - 2000h	45 dB	75 dB			
		2000h - 0630h	45 dB	75 dB			
	Sunday and Public	0630h - 0730h	45 dB	75 dB			
	Holidays	0730h - 1800h	55 dB	85 dB			
		1800h - 2000h	45 dB	75 dB			
		2000h - 0630h	45 dB	75 dB			
	Other occupied bui						
	All	0730h – 1800h	70 dB				
		1800h – 0730h	75 dB				
23.	. ,	ogy in Condition 25		It in Table 22-1 is not			
	 (a) Construction vibration shall be measured in accordance with ISO 4866:2010 Mechanical vibration and shock – Vibration of fixed structures – Guidelines for the measurement of vibrations and evaluation of their effects on structures and shall comply with the vibration standards set out in the following table as far as practicable. 						
	Table 23-1 Construct				-		
	Receiver	Details	Category A*	Category B**	_		
	Occupied activities sensitive to noise	Night-time 2000h - 0630h	0.3mm/s ppv	2mm/s ppv			
		Daytime 0630h - 2000h	2mm/s ppv	5mm/s ppv			
	Other occupied buildings	Daytime 0630h - 2000h	2mm/s ppv	5mm/s ppv			
	All other buildings	At all other times		f DIN4150-3:1999			
		* Category A criteria adopted from Rule E25.6.30.1 of the AUP ** Category B criteria based on DIN 4150-3:1999 building damage criteria for daytime					

24.	Cons	truction Noise and Vibration Management Plan (CNVMP)
	(a)	A CNVMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for Stage of Work. A CNVMP shall be implemented during the Stage of Work to which it relates. The objective of the CNVMP is to provide a framework for the development and implementation of the Best Practicable Option for the management of construction noise and vibration effects to achieve the construction noise and vibration standards set out in Conditions 22 and 23 to the extent practicable.
	(b)	 To achieve the objective, the CNVMP shall be prepared in accordance with Annex E2 of the New Zealand Standard NZS6803:1999 'Acoustics – Construction Noise' (NZS6803:1999) and shall as a minimum, address the following: (i) description of the works and anticipated equipment/processes; (ii) hours of operation, including times and days when construction activities would occur;
		(iii) the construction noise and vibration standards for the project;
		(iv) identification of receivers where noise and vibration standards apply;
		 (v) a hierarchy of management and mitigation options, including any requirements to limit night works and works during other sensitive times, including Sundays and public holidays as far as practicable;
		 (vi) methods and frequency for monitoring and reporting on construction noise and vibration;
		 (vii) procedures for communication and engagement with nearby residents and Stakeholders, including notification of proposed construction activities, the period of construction activities, and management of noise and vibration complaints;
		(viii) contact details of the Project Liaison Person;
		 (ix) procedures for the regular training of the operators of construction equipment to minimise noise and vibration as well as expected construction site behaviours for all workers;
		 (x) procedures and requirements for the preparation of a Schedule to the CNVMP (Schedule) for those areas where compliance with the noise Condition 22 and/or vibration standards Condition 23 Category B will not be practicable;
		(xi) identification of trigger levels for undertaking building condition surveys, which shall be Category B day time levels;
		(xii) procedures and trigger levels for undertaking building condition surveys before and after works to determine whether any cosmetic or structural damage has occurred as a result of construction vibration;
		(xiii) methodology and programme of desktop and field audits and inspections to be undertaken to ensure that the CNVMP, Schedules and the Best Practicable Option for management of effects are being implemented; and
		(xiv) requirements for review and update of the CNVMP.

25.	Sche	edule to a CNVMP
	(a)	 A Schedule to the CNVMP (Schedule) shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction of an activity to which it relates by a Suitably Qualified Person, in consultation with the owners and occupiers of sites subject to the Schedule, when: (i) construction noise is either predicted or measured to exceed the noise standards in Condition 22, except where the exceedance of the L_{Aeq} criteria is no greater than 5 decibels and does not exceed: A. 0630 – 2000: 2 periods of up to 2 consecutive weeks in any 2 months; or B. 2000 - 0630: 1 period of up to 2 consecutive nights in any 10 days;
		 B. 2000 - 0630: 1 period of up to 2 consecutive nights in any 10 days; (ii) construction vibration is either predicted or measured to exceed the Category B standard at the receivers in Condition 23.
	(b)	The objective of the Schedule is to set out the Best Practicable Option measures to manage noise and/or vibration effects of the construction activity beyond those measures set out in the CNVMP.
	(c)	 To achieve the objective, the Schedule shall include details such as: (i) construction activity location, start and finish dates; (ii) the nearest neighbours to the construction activity; (iii) the predicted noise and/or vibration level for all receivers where the levels are predicted or measured to exceed the applicable standards and predicted duration of the exceedance; (iv) for works proposed between 2000h and 0630h, the reasons why the proposed works must be undertaken during these hours and why they cannot be practicably undertaken during the daytime; (v) the proposed mitigation options that have been selected, and the options that have been discounted as being impracticable and the reasons why; (vi) the consultation undertaken with owners and occupiers of sites subject to the Schedule, and how consultation has and has not been taken into account; and
	(d)	(vii) location, times and types of monitoring. The Schedule shall be submitted to the Manager for Certification at least five working days (except in unforeseen circumstances) in advance of Construction Works that are covered by the scope of the Schedule and shall form part of the CNVMP.
	(e)	The CNVMP Schedule shall be deemed certified five working days from the submission of the CNVMP Schedule where no written confirmation of Certification has been received.
	(f)	Where material changes are made to a Schedule required by this condition, the Requiring Authority shall consult the owners and/or occupiers of sites subject to the Schedule prior to submitting the amended Schedule to the Manager for Certification in accordance with (d) above. The amended Schedule shall document the consultation undertaken with those owners and occupiers, and how consultation outcomes have and have not been taken into account.

6.	Histo	pric Heritage Management Plan (HHMP)
	(a)	A HHMP shall be prepared in consultation with Council, HNZPT and Mana Whenua prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the HHMP is to protect historic heritage and to remedy and mitigate any residual effects as far as
	(b)	practicable. To achieve the objective, the HHMP shall identify:
	(0)	(i) any adverse direct and indirect effects on historic heritage sites and
		measures to appropriately avoid, remedy or mitigate any such effects,
		including a tabulated summary of these effects and measures;
		(ii) methods for the identification and assessment of potential historic heritage
		places within the designation to inform detailed design;
		(iii) known historic heritage places and potential archaeological sites within the
		designation, including identifying any archaeological sites for which an Archaeological Authority under the HNZPTA will be sought or has been
		granted;
		(iv) any unrecorded archaeological sites or post-1900 heritage sites within the
		designation, which shall also be documented and recorded;
		(v) roles, responsibilities and contact details of project personnel, Council and HNZPT representatives, Mana Whenua representatives, and relevant agencies involved with heritage and archaeological matters including surveys, monitoring of Construction Works, compliance with AUP accidental
		discovery rule, and monitoring of conditions;
		(vi) specific areas to be investigated, monitored and recorded to the extent these
		are directly affected by the project; (vii) the proposed methodology for investigating and recording post-1900 historic
		 (vii) the proposed methodology for investigating and recording post-1900 historic heritage sites (including buildings) that need to be destroyed, demolished or
		relocated, including details of their condition, measures to mitigate any adverse effects and timeframe for implementing the proposed methodology, in accordance with the HNZPT Archaeological Guidelines Series No.1: Investigation and Recording of Buildings and Standing Structures (November
		2018), or any subsequent version;
		(viii) methods to acknowledge cultural values identified through Condition 14
		where archaeological sites also involve ngā taonga tuku iho (treasures handed down by our ancestors) and where feasible and practicable to do so;
		 (ix) methods for avoiding, remedying or mitigating adverse effects on historic heritage places and sites within the designation during Construction Works as far as practicable. These methods shall include, but are not limited to: A. security fencing or hoardings around historic heritage places to protect them from damage during construction or unauthorised access; B. measures to mitigate adverse effects on historic heritage sites that achieve positive historic heritage outcomes such as increased public awareness and interpretation signage; and
		C. training requirements and inductions for contractors and
		subcontractors on historic heritage places within the designation, legal obligations relating to unexpected discoveries and the AUP Accidental Discovery Rule (E11.6.1). The training shall be undertaken prior to the Start of Construction, under the guidance of a Suitably Qualified Person and Mana Whenua representatives (to the extent the training relates to cultural values identified under Condition 14).
	Advi	ce note:
	Acci	dental Discoveries
		equirements for accidental discoveries of heritage items are set out in Rule E11.6.1 AUP.

27.	Pre-Construction Ecological Survey				
	 (a) At the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, an updated ecological survey shall be undertaken in the relevant geographic area by a Suitably Qualified Person. The purpose of the survey is to inform ecological management by: (i) confirming whether the species of value within the Identified Biodiversity Areas recorded in the Identified Biodiversity Area Schedule 3 are still present; and 				
	 (ii) confirming whether the project will or is likely to have a moderate or greater level of ecological effect on species of value (prior to implementation of impact management measures). The level of effect shall be determined in accordance with Table 10 of the EIANZ Guidelines (or subsequent updated version of that table) as included in Schedule 4 of these conditions. (b) If the ecological survey confirms the presence of ecological species of value in accordance with Condition 27(a)(i) and that effects are likely in accordance with Condition 27(a)(ii) then an Ecological Management Plan (or Plans) shall be prepared in accordance with Condition 28 for these areas (Confirmed Biodiversity Areas). 				

28.	Ecol	ogical Management Plan (EMP)
	(a)	An EMP shall be prepared for any Confirmed Biodiversity Areas (confirmed through Condition 27) prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the EMP is to minimise effects of the project on the ecological features of value in Confirmed Biodiversity Areas as far as practicable.
	(b)	If an EMP is required in accordance with (a) for the presence of long tail bats, the EMP may include the following to achieve the objective: (i) measures to minimise as far as practicable, disturbance from construction
		 activities within 50m of any active long tail bat roosts that are discovered through survey until such roosts are confirmed to be vacant of bats; (ii) timing of any Construction Works within 50m of any active maternity long tail bat roosts. Those Construction Works shall be undertaken outside the bat maternity period (between December and March) where reasonably
		practicable; (iii) details of areas where vegetation is to be retained and where additional planting is proposed to be provided and maintained for the purposes of the connectivity of long tail bat habitats; and
	(c)	 (iv) details of measures to minimise any operational disturbance from light spill. If an EMP is required in accordance with (a) for the presence of Threatened or At- Risk birds (excluding wetland birds), the EMP may include the following to achieve the objective:
		 timing of any Construction Works which may have adverse effects on Threatened or At-Risk birds (excluding wetland birds). Those Construction Works shall be undertaken outside the bird breeding season (September to February) where practicable; and
		 where works are required within the area identified in the Confirmed Biodiversity Area during the bird breeding season, methods to minimise adverse effects on Threatened or At-Risk birds.
	(d)	 If an EMP is required in accordance with (a) for the presence of Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds, the EMP may include the following to achieve the objective: (i) details of any nesting bird surveys of Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds. Nesting bird surveys shall be undertaken within any wetland that is both within a Confirmed Biodiversity Area and located within a 50m radius of Construction Works. Surveys shall be undertaken prior to any such works taking place and repeated at the beginning of each wetland bird breeding season until the Completion of Construction;
		 timing of any Construction Works which may have adverse effects on Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds. Those Construction Works shall be undertaken outside of the bird breeding season (September to February) where practicable;
		 (iii) where works are required within the Confirmed Biodiversity Area during the bird breeding season, methods to minimise adverse effects on Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds; and
		 (iv) details of what protection and buffer measures are proposed to manage effects on nesting Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds identified through a survey undertaken in accordance with Condition (d)(i). Proposed measures shall address:
		 A. the type, intensity and duration of construction activity; B. the likely sensitivity of the nesting bird species to the construction activity; and C. any environmental features (e.g., vegetation and contour) that could influence the extent of potential adverse effects on the Threatened or
		At-Risk wetland birds.
	(e)	The EMP shall be consistent with any ecological management measures to be undertaken in compliance with conditions of any regional resource consents granted for the project.
	Advi	ice note:

	Depending on the potential effects of the project, the regional consents for the project may include the following monitoring and management plans: (i) stream and/or wetland restoration plans; (ii) vegetation restoration plans; and						
	(iii) fauna management plans (e.g. avifauna).						
29.	Network Utility Management Plan (NUMP)						
	 (a) A NUMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the NUMP is to set out a framework for protecting, relocating and working in proximity to existing network utilities. 						
	 (b) To achieve the objective, the NUMP shall include methods to: (i) provide access for maintenance at all reasonable times, or emergency works at all times during construction activities; (ii) protect and where necessary, relocate existing network utilities; (iii) manage the effects of dust and any other material potentially resulting from construction activities and able to cause material damage, beyond normal wear and tear to overhead transmission lines in the project area; 						
	(iv) demonstrate compliance with relevant standards and Codes of Practice including, where relevant, the NZECP 34:2001 New Zealand Electrical Code of Practice for Electrical Safe Distances 2001; AS/NZS 4853:2012 Electrical hazards on Metallic Pipelines, and AS/NZS 2885 Pipelines – Gas and Liquid Petroleum.						
	(c) The NUMP shall be prepared in consultation with the relevant Network Utility Operator(s) who have existing assets that are directly affected by the project.						
	 (d) The development of the NUMP shall consider opportunities to coordinate future work programmes with other Network Utility Operator(s) during detailed design where practicable. 						
	(e) The NUMP shall describe how any comments from the Network Utility Operator in relation to its assets have been addressed.						
	(f) Any comments received from the Network Utility Operator shall be considered when finalising the NUMP.						
	(g) Any amendments to the NUMP related to the assets of a Network Utility Operator shall be prepared in consultation with that asset owner.						
30.	Network Integration Management Plan (NIMP)						
	(a) At least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, the Requiring Authority shall prepare, in collaboration with other relevant road controlling authorities, a NIMP.						
	(b) The objective of the NIMP is to identify how the project will integrate with the planned transport network in the North Growth Area to achieve an effective, efficient and safe land transport system. To achieve this objective, the NIMP shall include details of the:						
	 project implementation approach and any staging of the project, including both design, management and operational matters; and 						
	(ii) sequencing of the project with the planned transport network, including both design, management and operational matters.						
Operati	ional conditions						

31.	Low Noise Road Surface			
	(a) Asphaltic concrete surfacing (or equivalent low noise road surface) shall be			
	implemented within 12 months of Completion of Construction of the project.			
	(b) The asphaltic concrete surface shall be maintained as far as practicable to retain			
	the noise reduction performance of the surface established in accordance with (a), unless Condition 32 applies.			
32.	Future Resurfacing Work			
52.	(a) Any future resurfacing works of the project shall be undertaken in accordance with			
	the Auckland Transport Reseal Guidelines, Asset Management and Systems 2013			
	or any updated version and asphaltic concrete surfacing (or equivalent low noise			
	road surface) shall be implemented where:			
	the volume of traffic exceeds 10,000 vehicles per day;			
	(ii) the road is subject to high wear and tear (such as cul de sac heads,			
	roundabouts and main road intersections);			
	(iii) it is in an industrial or commercial area where there is a high concentration of			
	truck traffic; or (iv) it is subject to high usage by pedestrians, such as town centres, hospitals,			
	shopping centres and schools.			
	(b) Prior to commencing any future resurfacing works, the Requiring Authority shall			
	advise the Manager if any of the triggers in Condition 32(a)(i) – (iv) are not met by			
	the road or a section of it and therefore where the application of asphaltic concrete			
	surfacing (or equivalent low noise road surface) is no longer required on the road or			
	a section of it. Such advice shall also indicate when any resealing is to occur.			
	Traffic Noise			
	For the purposes of Conditions 33 to 38:			
	 (a) Building-Modification Mitigation – has the same meaning as in NZS 6806; (b) Design year has the same meaning as in NZS 6806; 			
	(c) Detailed Mitigation Options – means the fully detailed design of the Selected			
	Mitigation Options, with all practical issues addressed;			
	(d) Habitable Space – has the same meaning as in NZS 6806;			
	(e) Identified Noise Criteria Category – means the Noise Criteria Category for a PPF			
	identified in Schedule 5: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories;			
	 (f) Mitigation – has the same meaning as in NZS 6806:2010 Acoustics – Road-traffic noise – New and altered roads; 			
	(g) Noise Criteria Categories – means the groups of preference for sound levels			
	established in accordance with NZS 6806 when determining the Best Practica			
	Option for noise mitigation (i.e. Categories A, B and C);			
	(h) NZS 6806 – means New Zealand Standard NZS 6806:2010 Acoustics – Roa			
	traffic noise – New and altered roads;			
	(i) Protected Premises and Facilities (PPFs) – means only the premises and			
	facilities identified in Schedule 5: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories; (j) Selected Mitigation Options – means the preferred mitigation option resulting			
	from a Best Practicable Option assessment undertaken in accordance with NZS			
	6806 taking into account any low noise road surface to be implemented in			
	accordance with Condition 31; and			
	(k) Structural Mitigation – has the same meaning as in NZS 6806.			
33.	The Noise Criteria Categories identified in Schedule 5: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria			
	Categories at each of the PPFs shall be achieved where practicable and subject to			
	Conditions 33 to 38 (all traffic noise conditions).			
	The Noise Criteria Categories do not need to be complied with at a PPF where:			
	(a) the PPF no longer exists; or			
	(b) agreement of the landowner has been obtained confirming that the Noise Criteria			
	Category does not need to be met.			
	Achievement of the Noise Criteria Categories for PPFs shall be by reference to a traffic			
	forecast for a high growth scenario in a design year at least 10 years after the programmed opening of the project.			
	programmed opening of the project.			

34.	As part of the detailed design of the project, a Suitably Qualified Person shall determine the Selected Mitigation Options for the PPFs identified on Schedule 5: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories.
	For the avoidance of doubt, the low noise road surface implemented in accordance with Condition 31 may be (or be part of) the Selected Mitigation Option(s).
35.	Prior to the Start of Construction of the project, a Suitably Qualified Person shall develop the Detailed Mitigation Options for the PPFs identified in Schedule 5: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories, taking into account the Selected Mitigation Options.
36.	If the Detailed Mitigation Options would result in the Identified Noise Criteria Category changing to a less stringent Category, e.g. from Category A to B or Category B to C, at any relevant PPF, a Suitably Qualified Person shall provide confirmation to the Manager that the Detailed Mitigation Option would be consistent with adopting the Best Practicable Option in accordance with NZS 6806 prior to implementation.
37.	The Detailed Mitigation Options shall be implemented prior to Completion of Construction of the project, with the exception of any low-noise road surfaces, which shall be implemented within 12 months of Completion of Construction.
38.	Any barriers required by the Detailed Mitigation Options shall be maintained so they retain their noise reduction performance as far as practicable.

Attachments

Schedule 1: General Accordance Plans and Information

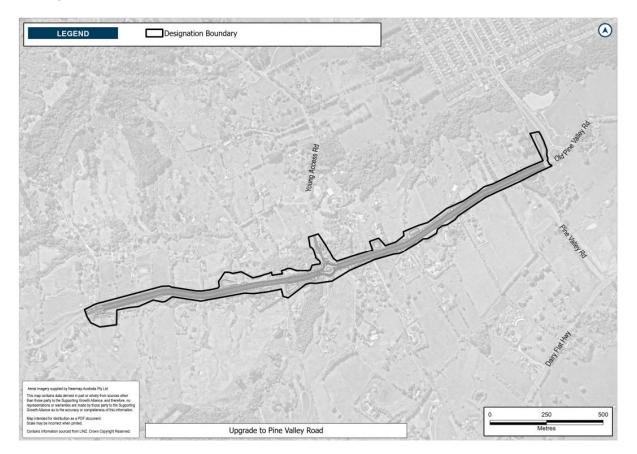
Project Description

The proposed work is the construction, operation and maintenance of an upgrade to Pine Valley Road in Dairy Flat to an urban arterial corridor between Argent Lane and the rural-urban boundary, including active transport facilities and associated infrastructure.

The proposed work is shown in the following Concept Plan and includes:

- Upgrading the corridor to an urban arterial with walking and cycling facilities.
- Tie-ins with existing roads and localised widening around the existing intersections to accommodate new intersection forms.
- New or upgraded stormwater management systems, bridges and culverts (where applicable).
- Batter slopes, and associated cut and fill activities (earthworks).
- Vegetation removal.
- Other construction related activities required outside the permanent corridor including the regrade of driveways, construction traffic manoeuvring and construction laydown areas.

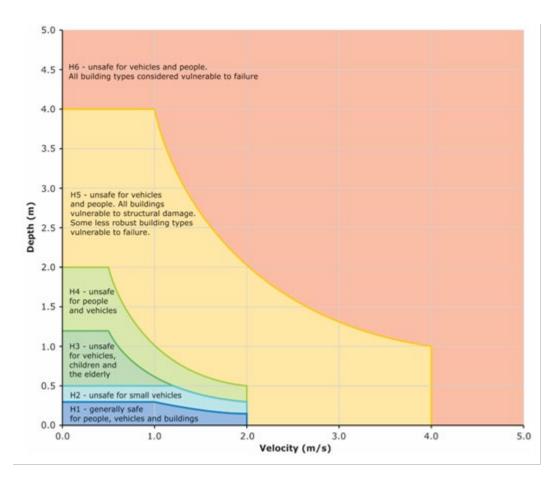
Concept Plan



Schedule 2 – Flood Hazard Class

The combined flood hazard curves shown below set hazard thresholds that relate to the vulnerability of the community when interacting with floodwaters. The combined curves are divided into hazard classifications that relate to specific vulnerability thresholds

The vulnerability thresholds identified in the flood hazard curves can be applied to the best description of flood behaviour available for a subject site. In this regard, the hazard curves can be applied equally to flood behaviour estimates from measured data, simpler 1D numerical modelling approaches, through to complex 2D model estimates with the level of accuracy and uncertainty of the flood hazard estimate linked to the method used to derive the flood behaviour estimate.



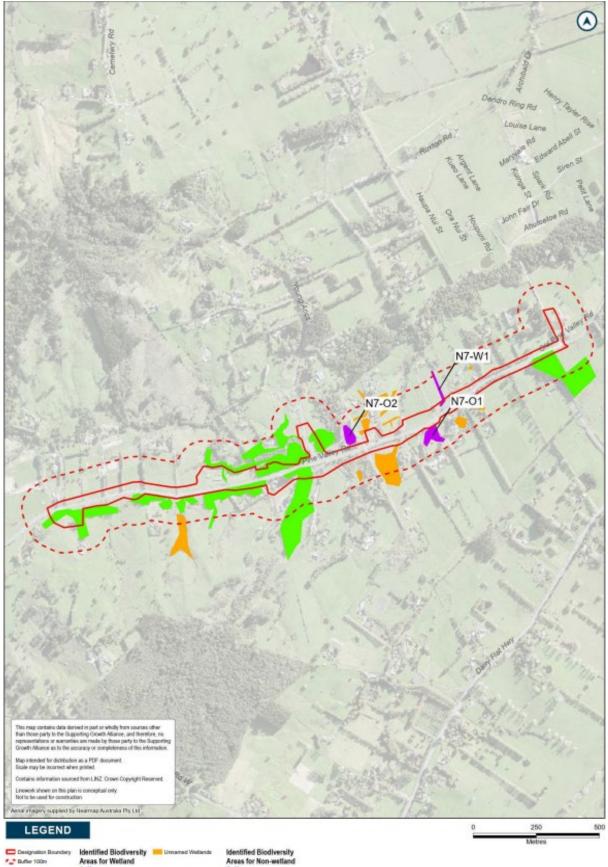
Source: Australian Rainfall and Runoff, Book 6, 2019

Schedule 3: Identified Biodiversity Areas



Designation Boundary

ZZ Bat Corridors



Identified Biodiversity Areas for Wetland Avitauna Named Wetlands

Identified Biodiversity Areas for Non-wetland Avifauna Non-weba

Schedule 4: Table 10 of the 2018 EIANZ Guidelines

Criteria for describing level of effects (Adapted from Regini (2000) and Boffa Miskell (2011))

Ecological Value →	Very high	High	Moderate	Low	Negligible
Magnitude ↓					
Very high	Very high	Very high	High	Moderate	Low
High	Very high	Very high	Moderate	Low	Very low
Moderate	High	High	Moderate	Low	Very low
Low	Moderate	Low	Low	Very low	Very low
Negligible	Low	Very low	Very low	Very low	Very low
Positive	Net gain	Net gain	Net gain	Net gain	Net gain

Schedule 5: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories

Address	New or Altered Road	Noise Criteria Category	
10 Old Pine Valley Road	Altered	A	
195 Pine Valley Road	Altered	A	
223 Pine Valley Road	Altered	A	
212 Pine Valley Road	Altered	A	
21 Young Access	Altered	A	
211 Pine Valley Road	Altered	A	
165 Pine Valley Road	Altered	A	
1 Old Pine Valley Road	Altered	A	
210 Pine Valley Road	Altered	A	
146 Pine Valley Road	Altered	A	
231 Pine Valley Road	Altered	A	
37 Old Pine Valley Road	Altered	A	
175 Pine Valley Road	Altered	A	
189 Pine Valley Road	Altered	A	
19 Young Access	Altered	A	
36 Old Pine Valley Road	Altered	A	
180 Pine Valley Road	Altered	A	

Appendix D – Auckland Transport's Modifications to NoR 8 conditions (clean)

Designation Number	[XXXX]
Requiring Authority	Auckland Transport
Location	Dairy Flat Highway between Silverdale Interchange and Durey Road in Dairy Flat
Lapse Date	In accordance with section 184(1)(c) of the RMA, this designation shall lapse if not given effect to within 20 years from the date on which it is included in the AUP.

[XXXX] Upgrade to Dairy Flat Highway between Silverdale and Dairy Flat

Purpose

The construction, operation and maintenance of an upgrade to Dairy Flat Highway to an arterial transport corridor and associated facilities.

Conditions

Abbreviations and definitions

Acronym/Term	Definition
Activity sensitive to noise	Any dwelling, visitor accommodation, boarding house, marae, papakāinga, integrated residential development, retirement village, supported residential care, care centre, lecture theatre in a tertiary Education Facility, classroom in an Education Facility and healthcare facility with an overnight stay facility
AUP	Auckland Unitary Plan
BPO or Best Practicable Option	Has the same meaning as in section 2 of the RMA 1991
CEMP	Construction Environmental Management Plan
Certification of material changes to management plans	 Confirmation from the Manager that a material change to a management plan has been prepared in accordance with the condition to which it relates. A material change to a management plan shall be deemed certified: (a) where the Requiring Authority has received written confirmation from the Manager that the material change to the management plan is certified; or (b) 10 working days from the submission of the material change to the management plan where no written confirmation of certification has been received
CMP	Cultural Monitoring Plan
CNVMP	Construction Noise and Vibration Management Plan
CNVMP Schedule or Schedule	A schedule to the CNVMP
Completion of Construction	When construction of the project (or part of the project) is complete and it is available for use
Confirmed Biodiversity Areas	Areas recorded in the Identified Biodiversity Area Schedule where the ecological values and effects have been confirmed through the ecological survey under Condition 27
Construction Works	Activities undertaken to construct the project excluding Enabling Works
Council	Auckland Council
СТМР	Construction Traffic Management Plan

Developer	Any legal entity that intends to master plan or develop land adjacent to the designation
Development Agency	Public entities involved in development projects
Education Facility	 Facility used for education to secondary level. Includes: schools and outdoor education facilities; and accommodation, administrative, cultural, religious, health, retail and communal facilities accessory to the above. Excludes: care centres; and tertiary education facilities.
EIANZ Guidelines	Ecological Impact Assessment: EIANZ Guidelines for use in New Zealand: terrestrial and freshwater ecosystems, second edition, dated May 2018
EMP	Ecological Management Plan
Enabling Works	 Includes, but is not limited to, the following and similar activities: (a) geotechnical investigations (including trial embankments); (b) archaeological site investigations; (c) formation of access for geotechnical investigations; (d) establishment of site yards, site entrances and fencing; (e) constructing and sealing site access roads; (f) demolition or removal of buildings and structures; (g) relocation of services; and (h) establishment of mitigation measures (such as erosion and sediment control measures, temporary noise walls, earth bunds and planting)
HHMP	Historic Heritage Management Plan
HNZPT	Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga
HNZPTA	Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014
Identified Biodiversity Area	Means an area or areas of features of ecological value where the project ecologist has identified that the project will potentially have a moderate or greater level of ecological effect, prior to implementation of impact management measures, as determined in accordance with the EIANZ Guidelines
Manager	The Manager – Resource Consents of the Auckland Council, or authorised delegate
Mana Whenua	 Mana Whenua as referred to in the conditions are considered to be, but not limited to, the following (in no particular order), who at the time of Notice of Requirement expressed a desire to be involved in the project: (a) Ngāti Manuhiri (b) Te Kawerau ā Maki (c) Te Ākitai Waiohua (d) Ngāti Whanaunga (e) Te Runanga o Ngāti Whātua (f) Ngāti Maru (g) Te Patu Kirikiri (h) Ngāti Tamaterā (j) Ngai Tai ki Tāmaki (k) Ngāti Paoa Irust Board Note: other iwi not identified above may have an interest in the project and should be consulted
Network Utility Operator	Has the same meaning as set out in section 166 of the RMA
NIMP	Network Integration Management Plan

NoR	Notice of Requirement	
North Growth Area	Land for future urban development in the North of Auckland, including Future Urban zoned areas in Ara Hills, Ōrewa, Wainui East, Silverdale West, Redvale and Dairy Flat	
NUMP	Network Utilities Management Plan	
Outline Plan	An outline plan prepared in accordance with section 176A of the RMA	
Project Liaison Person	The person or persons appointed for the duration of the project's Construction Works to be the main point of contact for persons wanting information about the project or affected by the Construction Works	
Protected Premises and Facilities (PPF)	Protected Premises and Facilities as defined in New Zealand Standard NZS 6806:2010: <i>Acoustics – Road-traffic noise – New and altered roads</i>	
Requiring Authority	Has the same meaning as section 166 of the RMA and, for this designation is Auckland Transport	
RMA	Resource Management Act 1991	
SCEMP	Stakeholder Communication and Engagement Management Plan	
Stakeholder	Stakeholders to be identified in accordance with Condition 4, which may include as appropriate:	
	 (a) adjacent owners and occupiers; (b) adjacent business owners and operators; (c) central and local government bodies; (d) community groups; (e) developers; (f) development agencies; (g) Education Facilities; and (h) Network Utility Operators. 	
Stage of Work	Any physical works that require the development of an Outline Plan	
Start of Construction	The time when Construction Works (excluding Enabling Works) start	
Suitably Qualified Person	A person (or persons) who can provide sufficient evidence to demonstrate their suitability, experience and competence in the relevant field of expertise.	
ТМР	Tree Management Plan	
ULDMP	Urban and Landscape Design Management Plan	

General	General conditions		
1.	Activity in General Accordance with Plans and Information		
	(a) (b)	Except as provided for in the conditions below, and subject to final design and Outline Plan(s), works within the designation shall be undertaken in general accordance with the project description and concept plan in Schedule 1. Where there is inconsistency between:	
		 the project description and concept plan in Schedule 1 and the requirements of the following conditions, the conditions shall prevail; 	
		 (ii) the project description and concept plan in Schedule 1, and the management plans under the conditions of the designation, the requirements of the management plans shall prevail. 	
2.	Proje	ect Information	
	(a)	A project website, or equivalent virtual information source, shall be established as soon as reasonably practicable, and within six months of the inclusion of this designation in the AUP. This shall be updated as required so it remains current.	
	(b)	All directly affected owners and occupiers shall be notified in writing as soon as reasonably practicable once the website or equivalent information source has been established. The project website or virtual information source shall include these conditions and shall provide information on:	
		 (i) the status of the project; (ii) anticipated construction timeframes; 	
		(iii) contact details for enquiries;	
		 (iv) the implications of the designation for landowners, occupiers and business owners and operators within the designation and where they can receive additional advice; 	
		 (v) a subscription service to enable receipt of project updates by email; (vi) the types of activities that can be undertaken by landowners without the need for written consent to be obtained under s176(1)(b) of the RMA; and (vii) when and how to apply for consent for works in the designation under 	
		section 176(1)(b) of the RMA.	
	(c)	 At ten yearly intervals from the inclusion of this designation in the AUP until the start of detailed design, the Requiring Authority shall identify appropriate methods with the relevant Local Board(s) to: (i) inform the wider community of the project status; and (ii) raise awareness of the project website. 	
	(d)	At the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, the project website or virtual information source shall be updated to provide information on the likely date for Start of Construction, and any Staging of Works.	

3.	Land use Integration Process	
	(a)	The Requiring Authority shall set up a Land use Integration Process for the period
		between confirmation of the designation and the Start of Construction. The purpose
		of this process is to encourage and facilitate the integration of master planning and
		land use development activity on land directly affected or adjacent to the
		designation. To achieve this purpose:
		(i) the Requiring Authority shall include the contact details of a nominated
		contact on the project website (or equivalent information source) required to
		be established by Condition 2(b)(iii); and(ii) the nominated contact shall be the main point of contact for a Developer or
		Development Agency wanting to work with the Requiring Authority to
		integrate their development plans or master planning with the designation.
	(b)	At any time prior to the Start of Construction, the nominated contact will be
	(~)	available to engage with a Developer or Development Agency for the purpose of:
		(i) responding to requests made to the Requiring Authority for information
		regarding design details that could assist with land use integration; and
		(ii) receiving information from a Developer or Development Agency regarding
		master planning or land development details that could assist with land use
		integration.
	(c)	Information requested or provided under Condition 3(b) above may include but not
		be limited to the following matters:
		(i) design details including but not limited to:
		A. boundary treatment (e.g. the use of retaining walls or batter slopes);
		B. the horizontal and vertical alignment of the road (levels);
		C. potential locations for mid-block crossings;D. integration of stormwater infrastructure; and
		E. traffic noise modelling contours.
		(ii) potential modifications to the extent of the designation in response to
		information received through Condition 3(b)(ii);
		(iii) a process for the Requiring Authority to undertake a technical review of or
		provide comments on any master planning or development proposal
		advanced by the Developer or Development Agency as it relates to
		integration with the project; and
		(iv) details of how to apply for written consent from the Requiring Authority for
		any development proposal that relates to land that is within the designation under eaction $176(4)$ (b) of the DMA
	(d)	under section 176(1)(b) of the RMA. Where information is requested from the Requiring Authority and is available, the
	(u)	nominated contact shall provide the information unless there are reasonable
		grounds for not providing it.
	(e)	The nominated contact shall maintain a record of the engagement between the
	()	Requiring Authority and Developers and Development Agencies for the period
		following the date in which this designation is included in the AUP through to the
		Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The record shall include:
		(i) details of any requests made to the Requiring Authority that could influence
		detailed design, the results of any engagement and, where such requests
		that could influence detailed design are declined, the reasons why the
		 Requiring Authority has declined the requests; and (ii) details of any requests to co-ordinate the forward work programme, where
		 details of any requests to co-ordinate the forward work programme, where appropriate, with Development Agencies and Network Utility Operators.
	(f)	The record shall be submitted to Council for information 10 working days prior to
	(י)	the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work.

4.	Stakeholder Communication and Engagement Design
	(a) At least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, the
	Requiring Authority shall identify:
	(i) a list of Stakeholders;
	 a list of properties within the designation which the Requiring Authority does not own or have occupation rights to; and
	(iii) methods to engage with Stakeholders and the owners and occupiers of
	properties identified in (a)(i) – (ii) above.
	(b) A record of (a) shall be submitted to the Manager for information with an Outline
	Plan for the relevant Stage of Work.
5.	Designation Review
	As soon as reasonably practicable following Completion of Construction, the Requiring Authority shall:
	(i) review the extent of the designation to identify any areas of designated land
	that it no longer requires for the on-going operation, maintenance or
	mitigation of effects of the project; and
	 give notice to the Manager in accordance with section 182 of the RMA for the removal of those parts of the designation identified above.
6.	Lapse
	In accordance with section 184(1)(c) of the RMA, this designation shall lapse if not given
	effect to within 20 years from the date on which it is included in the AUP.
7.	Network Utility Operators and Auckland Council Parks (Section 176 Approval)
	(a) Prior to the Start of Construction, Network Utility Operators with existing
	infrastructure and Auckland Council in relation to parks located within the
	designation will not require written consent under section 176 of the RMA for the
	following activities:
	(i) operation, maintenance and repair works;
	(ii) minor renewal works to existing network utilities or parks necessary for the
	on-going provision or security of supply of network utility or parks operations;
	(iii) minor works such as new service connections; and
	(iv) the upgrade and replacement of existing network utilities in the same
	location with the same or similar effects on the works authorised by the
	designation as the existing utility.
	(b) To the extent that a record of written approval is required for the activities listed
	above, this condition shall constitute written approval.
8.	General Section 176 Approval
	(a) Prior to the start of the formal acquisition process under the Public Works Act 1981
	for a property, or submission of the Outline Plan, persons on properties zoned
	Rural or Future Urban will not require written consent under section 176 of the
	RMA for the following activities: (i) Internal alterations;
	(ii) Repair of existing utility services;
	(iii) One extension to an existing structure as at 2023, up to 30m ² ; and
	(iv) Temporary or relocatable structures, provided they are removed from the site
	and the land is reinstated (including closing and capping any associated
	services) at the landowner's expense prior to the Start of Construction. The
	landowner shall be responsible for any resource consent required for the
	structures, their removal or relocation.
	(b) To the extent that a record of written approval is required for the activities listed
Dur	above, this condition shall constitute written approval.
Pre-con	struction conditions

9.	Outline Plan		
	 (a) An Outline Plan (or Plans) shall be prepared in accordance with section 176A of the RMA. 		
	(b) Outline Plans (or Plan) may be submitted in parts or in stages to address particular		
	activities (e.g. design or construction aspects), or a Stage of Work of the project.		
	(c) Outline Plans shall include any management plan or plans that are relevant to the		
	management of effects of those activities or Stage of Work, which may include:		
	 (i) Construction Environmental Management Plan; (ii) Construction Traffic Management Plan; 		
	(iii) Construction Noise and Vibration Management Plan;		
	(iv) Urban and Landscape Design Management Plan;		
	(v) Historic Heritage Management Plan;		
	(vi) Ecological Management Plan;		
	(vii) Tree Management Plan;		
	 (viii) Network Utilities Management Plan; and (ix) Network Integration Management Plan. 		
	Flood Hazard		
	For the purpose of Condition 10:		
	(a) AEP – means Annual Exceedance Probability;(b) Existing Authorised Habitable Floor – means the floor level of any room (floor) in		
	a residential building which is authorised and exists at the time the Outline Plan is submitted, excluding a laundry, bathroom, toilet or any room used solely as an entrance hall, passageway or garage;		
	(c) Flood Prone Area – means potential ponding areas that may flood in a 1% AEP		
	event and commonly comprise of topographical depression areas. The areas can occur naturally or as a result of constructed features. Identification of a potential Flood Prone Area would be by an assessment of residual flood risk in a 1% AEP event (e.g. from blockage of the project stormwater network) on land outside and		
	adjacent to the designation following the application of Conditions $(10)(a)(i) - (iv)$.		
	(d) Maximum Probable Development – is the design case for consideration of future flows allowing for development within a catchment that takes into account the		
	maximum impervious surface limits of the current zone or if the land is zoned		
	Future Urban in the AUP, the probable level of development arising from zone		
	changes;		
	(e) Pre-Project Development – means existing site condition prior to the project		
	(including existing buildings and roadways); and		
	(f) Post-Project Development – means site condition after the project has been		
	completed (including existing and new buildings and roadways).		

10.	Flood Hazard			
	(a)	The project shall be designed to achieve the following flood risk outcomes beyond the boundary of the designation:		
		 no increase in flood levels in a 1% AEP event for Existing Authorised Habitable Floors that are already subject to flooding or have a freeboard less than 500mm; 		
		 (ii) no increase in flood levels in a 1% AEP event for authorised community, commercial, industrial and network utility building floors existing at the time the Outline Plan is submitted that are already subject to flooding or have a freeboard less than 300mm; 		
		 (iii) maximum of 50mm increase in flood levels in a 1% AEP event outside and adjacent to the designation boundary between the Pre-Project Development and Post-Project Development scenarios; 		
		(iv) no increase of Flood Hazard Class for the main access to authorised habitable dwellings existing at the time the Outline Plan is submitted. The assessment shall be undertaken for the 1% AEP rainfall event and reference the hazard class in accordance with Schedule 2 to these conditions; and		
		(v) no new Flood Prone Areas.		
	(b)	Compliance with this condition shall be demonstrated in the Outline Plan, which shall include flood modelling of the Pre-Project Development and Post-Project Development 1% AEP flood levels (for Maximum Probable Development land use with ellowers for elimete change)		
	(c)	with allowances for climate change). Where:		
	(0)	 the flood risk outcomes in (a) can be achieved through alternative measures outside of the designation such as flood stop banks, flood walls, raising Existing Authorised Habitable Floor level and new overland flow paths; or 		
		 the outcomes are varied at specific location(s) through agreement with the relevant landowner, 		
		confirmation shall be provided to the Manager that any necessary landowner agreement and statutory approvals have been obtained for that alternative measure or varied outcome.		
11.	Exist	ting property access		
	and o	to submission of the Outline Plan, consultation shall be undertaken with landowners occupiers whose vehicle access to their property will be altered by the project. The ne Plan shall demonstrate how safe reconfigured or alternate access will be		
		ded, unless otherwise agreed with the affected landowner.		

12.	Management Plans		
	(a)	Any management plan shall:	
		(i) be prepared and implemented in accordance with the relevant management	
		plan condition;	
		 (ii) be prepared by a Suitably Qualified Person(s); (iii) include sufficient detail relating to the management of effects appeariated with 	
		(iii) include sufficient detail relating to the management of effects associated with	
		the relevant activities and/or Stage of Work to which it relates;(iv) be submitted as part of an Outline Plan pursuant to section 176A of the	
		RMA, with the exception of SCEMPs and CNVMP Schedules; and	
		(v) once finalised, uploaded to the project website or equivalent virtual	
		information source.	
	(b)	Any management plan developed in accordance with Condition 12 may:	
		(i) be submitted in parts or in stages to address particular activities (e.g. design	
		or construction aspects), a Stage of Work of the project, or to address	
		specific activities authorised by the designation; and	
		(ii) except for material changes, be amended to reflect any changes in design,	
	(c)	construction methods or management of effects without further process; Information shall be submitted with the management plan (or revised plan as	
	(0)	referred to in (d) below) which summarises outcomes of consultation and any input	
		received from Mana Whenua and Stakeholders as required by the relevant	
		management plan condition. The summary shall note how this input has been	
		incorporated or reflected in the management plan, or if not, the reasons why;	
	(d)	If there is a material change required to a management plan which has been	
		submitted with an Outline Plan, the revised part of the plan shall be submitted to	
		the Manager as an update to the Outline Plan or for Certification as soon as	
		practicable following identification of the need for a revision; and	
	(e)	Any material changes to the SCEMP(s) are to be submitted to the Manager for	
40	<u> </u>	information.	
13.		eholder Communication and Engagement Management Plan (SCEMP)	
	(a)	A SCEMP shall be prepared in consultation with relevant Stakeholders prior to the Start of Construction. The objective of the SCEMP is to identify how the public and	
		State of Construction. The objective of the SCEMP is to identify how the public and Stakeholders will be engaged with throughout Construction Works.	
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the SCEMP shall include:	
	()	(i) a list of Stakeholders;	
		(ii) the contact details for the Project Liaison Person. These details shall be on	
		the project website, or equivalent virtual information source, and prominently	
		displayed at the main entrance(s) to the site(s);	
		 (iii) methods for engaging with Mana Whenua, to be developed in consultation with Mana Whenua; 	
		 (iv) methods and timing to engage with owners and occupiers whose access is 	
		directly affected;	
		 (v) methods to communicate key project milestones and the proposed hours of 	
		construction activities including outside of normal working hours and on	
		weekends and public holidays, to the parties identified in (b)(i) above; and	
		(vi) linkages and cross-references to communication and engagement methods	
	(α)	set out in other conditions and management plans where relevant. Any SCEMP prepared for a Stage of Work shall be submitted to the Manager for	
	(c)	information a minimum of 10 working days prior to the Start of Construction for a	
		Stage of Work.	

14.	Cultural Advisory Report			
	(a)	At least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, Mana Whenua shall be invited to prepare a Cultural Advisory Report for the project. The		
		objective of the Cultural Advisory Report is to assist in understanding and		
		identifying ngā taonga tuku iho (treasures handed down by our ancestors) affected by the project, to inform their management and protection.		
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the Requiring Authority shall invite Mana Whenua to		
	. ,	prepare a Cultural Advisory Report that:		
		 (i) identifies the cultural sites, landscapes and values that have the potential to be affected by the construction and operation of the project; 		
		 sets out the desired outcomes for management of potential effects on cultural sites, landscapes and values; 		
		(iii) identifies traditional cultural practices within the area that may be impacted		
		by the project;		
		 (iv) identifies opportunities for restoration and enhancement of identified cultural sites, landscapes and values within the project area; 		
		 (v) taking into account the outcomes of (i) to (iv) above, identify cultural matters and principles that should be considered in the development of the ULDMP (Condition 15) and HHMP (Condition 26) and the CMP referred to in 		
		Condition 13) and HIMP (Condition 20) and the CMP referred to in Condition 20; and		
		(vi) identifies and (if possible) nominates traditional names along the project		
		alignment. Noting there may be formal statutory processes outside the		
	(c)	project required in any decision-making. The desired outcomes for management of potential effects on cultural sites,		
	(0)	landscapes and values identified in the Cultural Advisory Report shall be discussed		
		with Mana Whenua and those outcomes reflected in the relevant management		
	(1)	plans where practicable; and		
	(d)	Conditions 14(b) and (c) will cease to apply if: (i) Mana Whenua have been invited to prepare a Cultural Advisory Report by a		
		date at least six months prior to the Start of Construction; and		
		(ii) Mana Whenua have not provided a Cultural Advisory Report within six		
		months prior to the Start of Construction.		
	Urban and Landscape Design Management Plan (ULDMP)			
15.	(a)	A ULDMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the ULDMP(s) is to:		
		(i) enable integration of the project's permanent works into the surrounding		
		landscape and urban context; and		
		(ii) ensure that the project manages potential adverse landscape and visual		
	(1-)	effects as far as practicable and contributes to a quality urban environment.		
	(b)	Mana Whenua shall be invited to participate in the development of the ULDMP(s) to provide input into relevant cultural landscape and design matters including how		
		desired outcomes for management of potential effects on cultural sites, landscapes		
		and values identified and discussed in the Cultural Advisory Report in Condition 14		
	(-)	may be reflected in the ULDMP.		
	(c)	Relevant Stakeholders shall be invited to participate in the development of the ULDMP at least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work.		
I	1	element at least six months phones are start of detailed design for a stage of Work.		

16.	(a)	 To achieve the objective set out in Condition 15, the ULDMP(s) shall provide details of how the project: (i) is designed to integrate with the adjacent urban (or proposed urban) and landscape context, including the surrounding existing or proposed topography, urban environment (eg. centres and density of built form), natural environment, landscape character and open space zones; (ii) provides appropriate walking and cycling connectivity to, and interfaces with, existing or proposed adjacent land uses, public transport infrastructure and walking and cycling connections; (iii) promotes inclusive access (where appropriate); (iv) promotes a sense of personal safety by aligning with best practice
		 guidelines, such as: A. Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED) principles; B. Safety in Design (SID) requirements; and C. Maintenance in Design (MID) requirements and anti-vandalism/anti-graffiti measures; (v) has responded to matters identified through the Land use Integration Process (Condition 3); and
	(b)	 The ULDMP shall be prepared in general accordance with: (i) Auckland Transport's Urban Roads and Streets Design Guide, or any subsequent or updated version; (ii) New Zealand Transport Agency Urban Design Guidelines: Bridging the Gap (2013) or any subsequent updated version; (iii) New Zealand Transport Agency Landscape Guidelines (2018) or any subsequent updated version; (iv) New Zealand Transport Agency P39 Standard Specification for Highway Landscape Treatments (2013) or any subsequent updated version; and (v) Auckland's Urban Ngahere (Forest) Strategy or any subsequent updated version.

17.	The	DMP(s) shall include:			
	(a)				
		and explain the rationale for the landscape and urban design proposals;			
	(b)	leveloped design concepts, including principles for walking and cycling facilities			
		and public transport;			
	(c)	andscape and urban design details – that cover the following:			
		i) road design – elements such as intersection form, carriageway gradient and			
		associated earthworks contouring including cut and fill batters and the			
		interface with adjacent land uses and existing roads (including slip lanes),			
		benching, spoil disposal sites, median width and treatment, roadside width			
		and treatment;			
		ii) roadside elements – such as lighting, fencing, wayfinding and signage;			
		iii) architectural and landscape treatment of all major structures, including			
		bridges and retaining walls;			
		iv) architectural and landscape treatment of noise barriers;			
		v) landscape treatment and planting of permanent stormwater control wetlands			
		and swales;			
		vi) integration of passenger transport;			
		vii) pedestrian and cycle facilities including paths, road crossings and dedicated pedestrian/ cycle bridges or underpasses;			
		viii) historic heritage places with reference to the HHMP (Condition 26); and			
		ix) re-instatement of construction and site compound areas; and			
		 features disturbed during construction and intended to be reinstated such as: 			
		A. boundary features;			
		B. driveways;			
		C. accessways; and			
		D. fences.			
	(d)	he ULDMP shall also include the following planting and maintenance details:			
		i) planting design details including:			
		A. identification of existing trees and vegetation that will be retained with			
		reference to the TMP (Condition 29) (where relevant) and EMP			
		(Condition 28). Where practicable, mature trees and native vegetation			
		should be retained;			
		B. street trees, shrubs and ground cover suitable for the location;C. treatment of fill slopes to integrate with adjacent land use, streams,			
		riparian margins and open space zones;			
		D. identification of any planting requirements under the EMP (Condition			
		28) and TMP (Condition 29);			
		E. integration of any planting required by conditions of any resource			
		consents for the project; and			
		F. re-instatement planting of construction and site compound areas as			
		appropriate.			
		ii) a planting programme including the staging of planting in relation to the			
		construction programme which shall, as far as practicable, include provision			
		for planting within each planting season following completion of each Stage			
		of Work; and			
		iii) detailed specifications relating to the following:			
		 A. weed control and clearance; B. pest animal management (to support plant establishment); 			
		C. ground preparation (top soiling and decompaction);			
		D. mulching; and			
		E. plant sourcing and planting, including hydroseeding and grassing, and			
		use of eco-sourced species.			
		·			
Constru	uction	onditions			

18.	Cons	Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP)			
18.	Cons (a) (b)	 A CEMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the CEMP is to set out the management procedures and construction methods to be undertaken to avoid, remedy or mitigate any adverse effects associated with Construction Works as far as practicable. To achieve the objective, the CEMP shall include: (i) the roles and responsibilities of staff and contractors; (ii) details of the site or project manager and the Project Liaison Person, including their contact details (phone and email address); (iii) the Construction Works programmes and the staging approach, and the proposed hours of work; (iv) details of the proposed construction yards including temporary screening when adjacent to residential areas; (v) details of the proposed construction lighting; (vi) methods for controlling dust and the removal of debris and demolition of construction materials from public roads or places; (vii) methods for providing for the health and safety of the general public; (viii) measures to mitigate flood hazard effects such as siting stockpiles out of floodplains, minimising obstruction to flood flows, actions to respond to 			
		 (ix) procedures for incident management; 			
		 (x) location and procedures for the refuelling and maintenance of plant and equipment to avoid discharges of fuels or lubricants to watercourses; 			
		 (xi) measures to address the storage of fuels, lubricants, hazardous and/or dangerous materials, along with contingency procedures to address emergency spill response(s) and clean up; 			
		(xii) procedures for responding to complaints about Construction Works; and(xiii) methods for amending and updating the CEMP as required.			
19.	Comp	olaints Process			
	(a)	 At all times during Construction Works, a record of any complaints received about the Construction Works shall be maintained. The record shall include: (i) the date, time and nature of the complaint; (ii) the name, phone number and address of the complainant (unless the complainant wishes to remain anonymous); (iii) measures taken to respond to the complaint (including a record of the response provided to the complainant) or confirmation of no action if deemed appropriate; 			
		 (iv) the outcome of the investigation into the complaint; and (v) any other activities in the area, unrelated to the project that may have contributed to the complaint, such as non-project construction, fires, traffic accidents or unusually dusty conditions generally. 			
	(b)	A copy of the complaints record required by this condition shall be made available to the Manager upon request as soon as practicable after the request is made.			

20.	Cultural Monitoring Plan (CMP)				
	(a)	Prior to the Start of Construction, a CMP shall be prepared by a Suitably Qualified Person(s) identified in collaboration with Mana Whenua. The objective of the CMP is to identify methods for undertaking cultural monitoring to assist with management of any cultural effects during Construction Works.			
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the CMP shall include:			
		 requirements for formal dedication or cultural interpretation to be undertaken prior to the Start of Construction in areas identified as having significance to Mana Whenua; 			
		 (ii) requirements and protocols for cultural inductions for contractors and subcontractors; 			
		 (iii) identification of activities, sites and areas where cultural monitoring is required during particular Construction Works; 			
		 (iv) identification of personnel to undertake cultural monitoring, including any geographic definition of their responsibilities; and 			
		 (v) details of personnel to assist with management of any cultural effects identified during cultural monitoring, including implementation of the Accidental Discovery Protocol. 			
	(c)	If Enabling Works involving soil disturbance are undertaken prior to the Start of Construction, an Enabling Works CMP shall be prepared by a Suitably Qualified Person identified in collaboration with Mana Whenua. This plan may be prepared as a standalone Enabling Works CMP or be included in the main Construction Works CMP.			
	Advi	ice note:			
	desig	re appropriate, the CMP shall align with the requirements of other conditions of the gnation and resource consents for the project which require monitoring during struction Works.			

21.	Construction Traffic Management Plan (CTMP)			
	(a)	A CTMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the CTMP is to avoid, remedy or mitigate, as far as practicable, adverse construction traffic effects.		
	(b)	To achieve this objective, the CTMP shall include:		
	(5)	 (i) methods to manage the effects of temporary traffic management activities on traffic; 		
		(ii) measures to ensure the safety of all transport users;		
		(iii) the estimated numbers, frequencies, routes and timing of traffic movements,		
		including any specific non-working or non-movement hours to manage vehicular and pedestrian traffic near Education Facilities or to manage traffic congestion;		
		(iv) site access routes and access points for heavy vehicles, the size and		
		location of parking areas for plant, construction vehicles and the vehicles of workers and visitors;		
		(v) identification of detour routes and other methods to ensure the safe		
		management and maintenance of traffic flows, including public transport, pedestrians and cyclists;		
		 (vi) methods to maintain access to and within property and/or private roads where practicable, or to provide alternative arrangements when it will not be, including details of how access is managed for loading and unloading of goods; 		
		 (vii) the management approach to loads on heavy vehicles, including covering loads of fine material, the use of wheel-wash facilities at site exit points and 		
		the timely removal of any material deposited or spilled on public roads; (viii) methods that will be undertaken to communicate traffic management		
		measures to affected road users (e.g. residents / public / Stakeholders / emergency services);		
		(ix) details of minimum network performance parameters during the construction		
		phase, including any measures to monitor compliance with the performance parameters; and		
		 details of any measures proposed to be implemented in the event of thresholds identified in (ix) being exceeded. 		
	(C)	Auditing, monitoring and reporting requirements relating to traffic management		
		activities shall be undertaken in accordance with the New Zealand Guide to		
		Temporary Traffic Management (April 2023) or any subsequent version.		

22.	Construction Noise Standards								
	(a) Construction noise shall be measured and assessed in accordance with								
	NZS6803:199	9 Acoustics – Cons	struction Noise an	nd shall comply with the	e noise				
	standards set	out in the following	table as far as p	racticable:					
	Table 22 1 Construct	Table 22-1 Construction Noise Standards							
	Day of week	Time period	LAeq(15min)	LAFmax					
	Occupied activity s	1							
	Weekday	0630h - 0730h	55 dB	75 dB					
		0730h - 1800h	70 dB	85 dB					
		1800h - 2000h	65 dB	80 dB					
		2000h - 0630h	45 dB	75 dB					
	Saturday	0630h - 0730h	45 dB	75 dB					
		0730h - 1800h	70 dB	85 dB					
		1800h - 2000h	45 dB	75 dB					
		2000h - 0630h	45 dB	75 dB					
	Sunday and Public	0630h - 0730h	45 dB	75 dB					
	Holidays	0730h - 1800h	55 dB	85 dB					
		1800h - 2000h	45 dB	75 dB					
		2000h - 0630h	45 dB	75 dB					
	Other occupied bui	-							
	All	0730h – 1800h 1800h – 0730h	70 dB 75 dB						
	(b) Where compliance with the noise standards set out in Table 22-1 is not practicable the methodology in Condition 25 shall apply.								
23.	Mechanical vi measurement	vibration shall be m bration and shock - t of vibrations and e	- Vibration of fixed valuation of their	dance with ISO 4866:2 d structures – Guidelin effects on structures a following table as far a	es for the nd shall				
	Table 23-1 Construct				7				
	Receiver	Details	Category A*	Category B**	-				
	Occupied activities sensitive to noise	Night-time 2000h - 0630h	0.3mm/s ppv	2mm/s ppv					
		Daytime 0630h - 2000h	2mm/s ppv	5mm/s ppv					
	Other occupied buildings	Daytime 0630h - 2000h	2mm/s ppv	5mm/s ppv					
	All other buildings	At all other times		f DIN4150-3:1999					
	* Category A criteria a ** Category B criteria	-		age criteria for daytime					
	(b) Where compl practicable, th		tion standards se	t out in Table 23-1 is n	ot				

24.	Const	truction Noise and Vibration Management Plan (CNVMP)
	(a)	A CNVMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for Stage of Work. A CNVMP shall be implemented during the Stage of Work to which it relates. The objective of the CNVMP is to provide a framework for the development and implementation of the Best Practicable Option for the management of construction noise and vibration effects to achieve the construction noise and vibration standards set out in Conditions 22 and 23 to the extent practicable.
	(b)	 To achieve the objective, the CNVMP shall be prepared in accordance with Annex E2 of the New Zealand Standard NZS6803:1999 'Acoustics – Construction Noise' (NZS6803:1999) and shall as a minimum, address the following: (i) description of the works and anticipated equipment/processes; (ii) hours of operation, including times and days when construction activities would occur;
		(iii) the construction noise and vibration standards for the project;
		(iv) identification of receivers where noise and vibration standards apply;
		 (v) a hierarchy of management and mitigation options, including any requirements to limit night works and works during other sensitive times, including Sundays and public holidays as far as practicable;
		 (vi) methods and frequency for monitoring and reporting on construction noise and vibration;
		 (vii) procedures for communication and engagement with nearby residents and Stakeholders, including notification of proposed construction activities, the period of construction activities, and management of noise and vibration complaints;
		(viii) contact details of the Project Liaison Person;
		 (ix) procedures for the regular training of the operators of construction equipment to minimise noise and vibration as well as expected construction site behaviours for all workers;
		 (x) procedures and requirements for the preparation of a Schedule to the CNVMP (Schedule) for those areas where compliance with the noise Condition 22 and/or vibration standards Condition 23 Category B will not be practicable;
		(xi) identification of trigger levels for undertaking building condition surveys, which shall be Category B day time levels;
		(xii) procedures and trigger levels for undertaking building condition surveys before and after works to determine whether any cosmetic or structural damage has occurred as a result of construction vibration;
		(xiii) methodology and programme of desktop and field audits and inspections to be undertaken to ensure that the CNVMP, Schedules and the Best Practicable Option for management of effects are being implemented; and
		(xiv) requirements for review and update of the CNVMP.

25.	Schedule to a CNVMP		
	(a)	 A Schedule to the CNVMP (Schedule) shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction of an activity to which it relates by a Suitably Qualified Person, in consultation with the owners and occupiers of sites subject to the Schedule, when: (i) construction noise is either predicted or measured to exceed the noise standards in Condition 22, except where the exceedance of the L_{Aeq} criteria is no greater than 5 decibels and does not exceed: A. 0630 – 2000: 2 periods of up to 2 consecutive weeks in any 2 months; or B. 2000 - 0630: 1 period of up to 2 consecutive nights in any 10 days; 	
		 B. 2000 - 0630: 1 period of up to 2 consecutive nights in any 10 days; (ii) construction vibration is either predicted or measured to exceed the Category B standard at the receivers in Condition 23. 	
	(b)	The objective of the Schedule is to set out the Best Practicable Option measures to manage noise and/or vibration effects of the construction activity beyond those measures set out in the CNVMP.	
	(c)	 To achieve the objective, the Schedule shall include details such as: (i) construction activity location, start and finish dates; (ii) the nearest neighbours to the construction activity; (iii) the predicted noise and/or vibration level for all receivers where the levels are predicted or measured to exceed the applicable standards and predicted duration of the exceedance; (iv) for works proposed between 2000h and 0630h, the reasons why the proposed works must be undertaken during these hours and why they cannot be practicably undertaken during the daytime; (v) the proposed mitigation options that have been selected, and the options that have been discounted as being impracticable and the reasons why; (vi) the consultation undertaken with owners and occupiers of sites subject to the Schedule, and how consultation has and has not been taken into account; and 	
	(d)	(vii) location, times and types of monitoring. The Schedule shall be submitted to the Manager for Certification at least five working days (except in unforeseen circumstances) in advance of Construction Works that are covered by the scope of the Schedule and shall form part of the CNVMP.	
	(e)	The CNVMP Schedule shall be deemed certified five working days from the submission of the CNVMP Schedule where no written confirmation of Certification has been received.	
	(f)	Where material changes are made to a Schedule required by this condition, the Requiring Authority shall consult the owners and/or occupiers of sites subject to the Schedule prior to submitting the amended Schedule to the Manager for Certification in accordance with (d) above. The amended Schedule shall document the consultation undertaken with those owners and occupiers, and how consultation outcomes have and have not been taken into account.	

6.	Histo	Historic Heritage Management Plan (HHMP)			
	(a)	A HHMP shall be prepared in consultation with Council, HNZPT and Mana Whenua prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the HHMP is to protect historic heritage and to remedy and mitigate any residual effects as far as			
	(b)	practicable. To achieve the objective, the HHMP shall identify:			
	(0)	(i) any adverse direct and indirect effects on historic heritage sites and			
		measures to appropriately avoid, remedy or mitigate any such effects,			
		including a tabulated summary of these effects and measures;			
		(ii) methods for the identification and assessment of potential historic heritage			
		places within the designation to inform detailed design;			
		(iii) known historic heritage places and potential archaeological sites within the			
		designation, including identifying any archaeological sites for which an Archaeological Authority under the HNZPTA will be sought or has been			
		granted;			
		(iv) any unrecorded archaeological sites or post-1900 heritage sites within the			
		designation, which shall also be documented and recorded;			
		(v) roles, responsibilities and contact details of project personnel, Council and HNZPT representatives, Mana Whenua representatives, and relevant agencies involved with heritage and archaeological matters including surveys, monitoring of Construction Works, compliance with AUP accidental			
		discovery rule, and monitoring of conditions;			
		(vi) specific areas to be investigated, monitored and recorded to the extent these			
		are directly affected by the project; (vii) the proposed methodology for investigating and recording post-1900 historic			
		 (vii) the proposed methodology for investigating and recording post-1900 historic heritage sites (including buildings) that need to be destroyed, demolished or 			
		relocated, including details of their condition, measures to mitigate any adverse effects and timeframe for implementing the proposed methodology, in accordance with the HNZPT Archaeological Guidelines Series No.1: Investigation and Recording of Buildings and Standing Structures (November			
		2018), or any subsequent version;			
		(viii) methods to acknowledge cultural values identified through Condition 14			
		where archaeological sites also involve ngā taonga tuku iho (treasures handed down by our ancestors) and where feasible and practicable to do so;			
		 (ix) methods for avoiding, remedying or mitigating adverse effects on historic heritage places and sites within the designation during Construction Works as far as practicable. These methods shall include, but are not limited to: A. security fencing or hoardings around historic heritage places to protect them from damage during construction or unauthorised access; B. measures to mitigate adverse effects on historic heritage sites that achieve positive historic heritage outcomes such as increased public awareness and interpretation signage; and 			
		C. training requirements and inductions for contractors and			
		subcontractors on historic heritage places within the designation, legal obligations relating to unexpected discoveries and the AUP Accidental Discovery Rule (E11.6.1). The training shall be undertaken prior to the Start of Construction, under the guidance of a Suitably Qualified Person and Mana Whenua representatives (to the extent the training relates to cultural values identified under Condition 14).			
	Advi	ce note:			
	Acci	dental Discoveries			
		equirements for accidental discoveries of heritage items are set out in Rule E11.6.1 AUP.			

27.	Pre-Construction Ecological Survey			
	 (a) At the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, an updated ecological survey shall be undertaken in the relevant geographic area by a Suitably Qualified Person. The purpose of the survey is to inform ecological management by: (i) confirming whether the species of value within the Identified Biodiversity Areas recorded in the Identified Biodiversity Area Schedule 3 are still present; and 			
	 (ii) confirming whether the project will or is likely to have a moderate or greater level of ecological effect on species of value (prior to implementation of impact management measures). The level of effect shall be determined in accordance with Table 10 of the EIANZ Guidelines (or subsequent updated version of that table) as included in Schedule 4 of these conditions. (b) If the ecological survey confirms the presence of ecological species of value in accordance with Condition 27(a)(i) and that effects are likely in accordance with Condition 27(a)(ii) then an Ecological Management Plan (or Plans) shall be prepared in accordance with Condition 28 for these areas (Confirmed Biodiversity Areas). 			

28.	Ecol	Ecological Management Plan (EMP)			
	(a)	An EMP shall be prepared for any Confirmed Biodiversity Areas (confirmed through Condition 27) prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the EMP is to minimise effects of the project on the ecological features of value in Confirmed Biodiversity Areas as far as practicable.			
	(b)	If an EMP is required in accordance with (a) for the presence of long tail bats, the EMP may include the following to achieve the objective: (i) measures to minimise as far as practicable, disturbance from construction			
		 activities within 50m of any active long tail bat roosts that are discovered through survey until such roosts are confirmed to be vacant of bats; (ii) timing of any Construction Works within 50m of any active maternity long tail bat roosts. Those Construction Works shall be undertaken outside the bat maternity period (between December and March) where reasonably 			
		 (iii) details of areas where vegetation is to be retained and where additional planting is proposed to be provided and maintained for the purposes of the 			
		connectivity of long tail bat habitats; and			
	(c)	(iv) details of measures to minimise any operational disturbance from light spill.If an EMP is required in accordance with (a) for the presence of Threatened or At-			
		 Risk wetland birds, the EMP may include the following to achieve the objective: (i) details of any nesting bird surveys of Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds. Nesting bird surveys shall be undertaken within any wetland that is both within a Confirmed Biodiversity Area and located within a 50m radius of Construction Works. Surveys shall be undertaken prior to any such works taking place and repeated at the beginning of each wetland bird breeding season until the Completion of Construction; 			
		 timing of any Construction Works which may have adverse effects on Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds. Those Construction Works shall be undertaken outside of the bird breeding season (September to February) where practicable; 			
		 (iii) where works are required within the Confirmed Biodiversity Area during the bird breeding season, methods to minimise adverse effects on Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds; and 			
		 (iv) details of what protection and buffer measures are proposed to manage effects on nesting Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds identified through a survey undertaken in accordance with Condition (c)(i). Proposed measures shall address: 			
		 A. the type, intensity and duration of construction activity; B. the likely sensitivity of the nesting bird species to the construction activity; and 			
		C. any environmental features (e.g., vegetation and contour) that could influence the extent of potential adverse effects on the Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds.			
	(d)	The EMP shall be consistent with any ecological management measures to be undertaken in compliance with conditions of any regional resource consents granted for the project.			
		ce note:			
	may	ending on the potential effects of the project, the regional consents for the project include the following monitoring and management plans: i) stream and/or wetland restoration plans;			
	(ii) vegetation restoration plans; and iii) fauna management plans (e.g. avifauna). 			

29.	Tree Management Plan (TMP)				
	(a)	Prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work, a TMP shall be prepared.			
	()	The objective of the TMP is to avoid, remedy or mitigate effects of construction			
		activities on trees identified in Schedule 5.			
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the TMP shall:			
	. ,	(i) confirm that the trees listed in Schedule 5 still exist;			
		(ii) demonstrate how the design and location of project works has avoided,			
		remedied or mitigated any effects on any tree listed in Schedule 5. This may			
		include:			
		A. any opportunities to relocate listed trees where practicable;			
		B. planting to replace trees that require removal (with reference to the			
		ULDMP planting design details in Condition 17);			
		C. tree protection zones and tree protection measures such as protective			
		fencing, ground protection and physical protection of roots, trunks and			
		branches; and			
		D. methods for work within the rootzone of trees that are to be retained in			
		line with accepted arboricultural standards including provision of kauri			
		dieback management measures; and			
		(iii) demonstrate how the tree management measures (outlined in A – D above)			
		are consistent with any relevant conditions of resource consents granted for			
		the project.			
	(c)	Where replacement planting of any tree listed in Schedule 5 is required under			
		(b)(ii)(B) it shall be at a ratio of 2:1 for Single Trees and a minimum of like for like			
		(in m ²) for Group of Trees.			
30.		vork Utility Management Plan (NUMP)			
	(a)	A NUMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work.			
		The objective of the NUMP is to set out a framework for protecting, relocating and			
	(1.)	working in proximity to existing network utilities.			
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the NUMP shall include methods to:			
		(i) provide access for maintenance at all reasonable times, or emergency works			
		at all times during construction activities;			
		 (ii) protect and where necessary, relocate existing network utilities; (iii) manage the effects of dust and any other material potentially resulting from 			
		 (iii) manage the effects of dust and any other material potentially resulting from construction activities and able to cause material damage, beyond normal 			
		wear and tear to overhead transmission lines in the project area;			
		(iv) demonstrate compliance with relevant standards and Codes of Practice			
		including, where relevant, the NZECP 34:2001 New Zealand Electrical Code			
		of Practice for Electrical Safe Distances 2001; AS/NZS 4853:2012 Electrical			
		hazards on Metallic Pipelines, and AS/NZS 2885 Pipelines – Gas and Liquid			
		Petroleum.			
	(c)	The NUMP shall be prepared in consultation with the relevant Network Utility			
	()	Operator(s) who have existing assets that are directly affected by the project.			
	(d)	The development of the NUMP shall consider opportunities to coordinate future			
	. ,	work programmes with other Network Utility Operator(s) during detailed design			
		where practicable.			
	(e)	The NUMP shall describe how any comments from the Network Utility Operator in			
		relation to its assets have been addressed.			
	(f)	Any comments received from the Network Utility Operator shall be considered			
		when finalising the NUMP.			
	(g)	Any amendments to the NUMP related to the assets of a Network Utility Operator			
		shall be prepared in consultation with that asset owner.			

Network Integration Management Plan (NIMP)			
(a) At least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, the Requiring Authority shall prepare, in collaboration with other relevant road			
controlling authorities, a NIMP.			
(b) The objective of the NIMP is to identify how the project will integrate with the planned transport network in the North Growth Area to achieve an effective, efficient and safe land transport system. To achieve this objective, the NIMP shall include details of the:			
 project implementation approach and any staging of the project, including both design, management and operational matters; and 			
 sequencing of the project with the planned transport network, including both design, management and operational matters. 			
onal conditions			

32.	Low Noise Road Surface				
	(a) Asphaltic concrete surfacing (or equivalent low noise road surface) shall be				
	implemented within 12 months of Completion of Construction of the project.				
	(b) The asphaltic concrete surface shall be maintained as far as practicable to retain				
	the noise reduction performance of the surface established in accordance with (a), unless Condition 33 applies.				
33.	Future Resurfacing Work				
55.	•				
	(a) Any future resurfacing works of the project shall be undertaken in accordance with the Auckland Transport Reseal Guidelines, Asset Management and Systems 2013				
	or any updated version and asphaltic concrete surfacing (or equivalent low noise				
	road surface) shall be implemented where:				
	the volume of traffic exceeds 10,000 vehicles per day;				
	(ii) the road is subject to high wear and tear (such as cul de sac heads,				
	roundabouts and main road intersections);				
	 (iii) it is in an industrial or commercial area where there is a high concentration of truck traffic; or 				
	(iv) it is subject to high usage by pedestrians, such as town centres, hospitals,				
	shopping centres and schools.				
	(b) Prior to commencing any future resurfacing works, the Requiring Authority shall				
	advise the Manager if any of the triggers in Condition $33(a)(i) - (iv)$ are not met by the road or a section of it and therefore where the application of asphaltic concrete				
	surfacing (or equivalent low noise road surface) is no longer required on the road or				
	a section of it. Such advice shall also indicate when any resealing is to occur.				
	Traffic Noise				
	For the purposes of Conditions 34 to 39:				
	(a) Building-Modification Mitigation – has the same meaning as in NZS 6806;				
	(b) Design year has the same meaning as in NZS 6806;				
	(c) Detailed Mitigation Options – means the fully detailed design of the Selected				
	Mitigation Options, with all practical issues addressed;				
	 (d) Habitable Space – has the same meaning as in NZS 6806; (e) Identified Noise Criteria Category – means the Noise Criteria Category for a PPF 				
	identified in Schedule 6: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories;				
	(f) Mitigation – has the same meaning as in NZS 6806:2010 Acoustics – Road-traffic				
	noise – New and altered roads; (g) Noise Criteria Categories – means the groups of preference for sound levels				
	established in accordance with NZS 6806 when determining the Best Practicable				
	Option for noise mitigation (i.e. Categories A, B and C);				
	(h) NZS 6806 – means New Zealand Standard NZS 6806:2010 Acoustics – Road-traffic				
	noise – New and altered roads;				
	 Protected Premises and Facilities (PPFs) – means only the premises and facilities identified in Schedule 6: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories; 				
	(j) Selected Mitigation Options – means the preferred mitigation option resulting from a				
	Best Practicable Option assessment undertaken in accordance with NZS 6806 taking				
	into account any low noise road surface to be implemented in accordance with				
	Condition 32; and				
34.	 (k) Structural Mitigation – has the same meaning as in NZS 6806. The Noise Criteria Categories identified in Schedule 6: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria 				
34.	Categories at each of the PPFs shall be achieved where practicable and subject to				
	Conditions 34 to 39 (all traffic noise conditions).				
	The Nation Orithmic Octomotion do not mond to be seen it is built to DDE of the				
	The Noise Criteria Categories do not need to be complied with at a PPF where:				
	 (a) the PPF no longer exists; or (b) agreement of the landowner has been obtained confirming that the Noise Criteria 				
	Category does not need to be met.				
	Achievement of the Noise Criteria Categories for PPFs shall be by reference to a traffic				
	forecast for a high growth scenario in a design year at least 10 years after the				
	programmed opening of the project.				

35.	As part of the detailed design of the project, a Suitably Qualified Person shall determine the Selected Mitigation Options for the PPFs identified on Schedule 6: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories.
	For the avoidance of doubt, the low noise road surface implemented in accordance with Condition 32 may be (or be part of) the Selected Mitigation Option(s).
36.	Prior to the Start of Construction of the project, a Suitably Qualified Person shall develop the Detailed Mitigation Options for the PPFs identified in Schedule 6: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories, taking into account the Selected Mitigation Options.
37.	If the Detailed Mitigation Options would result in the Identified Noise Criteria Category changing to a less stringent Category, e.g. from Category A to B or Category B to C, at any relevant PPF, a Suitably Qualified Person shall provide confirmation to the Manager that the Detailed Mitigation Option would be consistent with adopting the Best Practicable Option in accordance with NZS 6806 prior to implementation.
38.	The Detailed Mitigation Options shall be implemented prior to Completion of Construction of the project, with the exception of any low-noise road surfaces, which shall be implemented within 12 months of Completion of Construction.
39.	Any barriers required by the Detailed Mitigation Options shall be maintained so they retain their noise reduction performance as far as practicable.

Attachments

Schedule 1: General Accordance Plans and Information

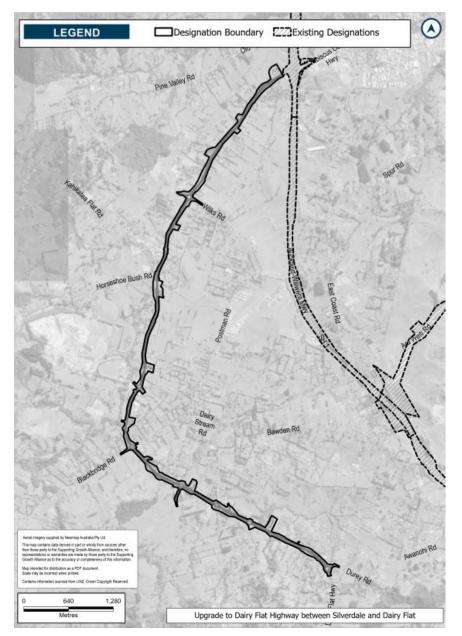
Project Description

The proposed work is the construction, operation and maintenance of an upgrade to Dairy Flat Highway to an urban arterial corridor between Silverdale Interchange and Durey Road, Dairy Flat, including public transport and active transport facilities and associated infrastructure.

The proposed work is shown in the following Concept Plan and includes:

- Upgrading the corridor to an urban arterial with public transport and walking and cycling facilities.
- Tie-ins with existing roads and localised widening around the existing intersections to accommodate new intersection forms.
- New or upgraded stormwater management systems, bridges and culverts (where applicable).
- Batter slopes, and associated cut and fill activities (earthworks).
- Vegetation removal.
- Other construction related activities required outside the permanent corridor including the regrade of driveways, construction traffic manoeuvring and construction laydown areas.

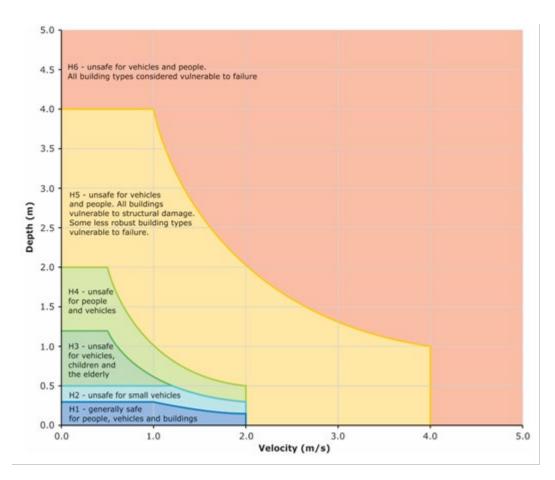
Concept Plan



Schedule 2 – Flood Hazard Class

The combined flood hazard curves shown below set hazard thresholds that relate to the vulnerability of the community when interacting with floodwaters. The combined curves are divided into hazard classifications that relate to specific vulnerability thresholds

The vulnerability thresholds identified in the flood hazard curves can be applied to the best description of flood behaviour available for a subject site. In this regard, the hazard curves can be applied equally to flood behaviour estimates from measured data, simpler 1D numerical modelling approaches, through to complex 2D model estimates with the level of accuracy and uncertainty of the flood hazard estimate linked to the method used to derive the flood behaviour estimate.

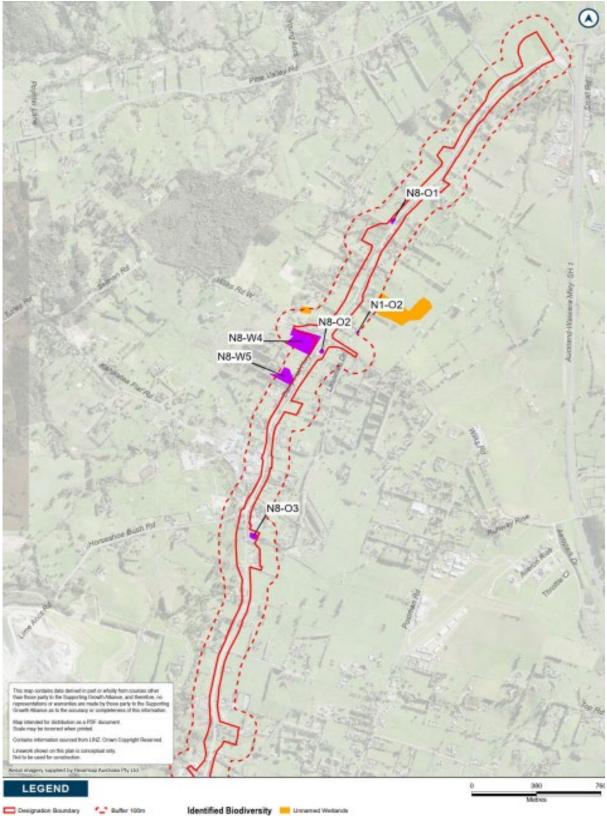


Source: Australian Rainfall and Runoff, Book 6, 2019

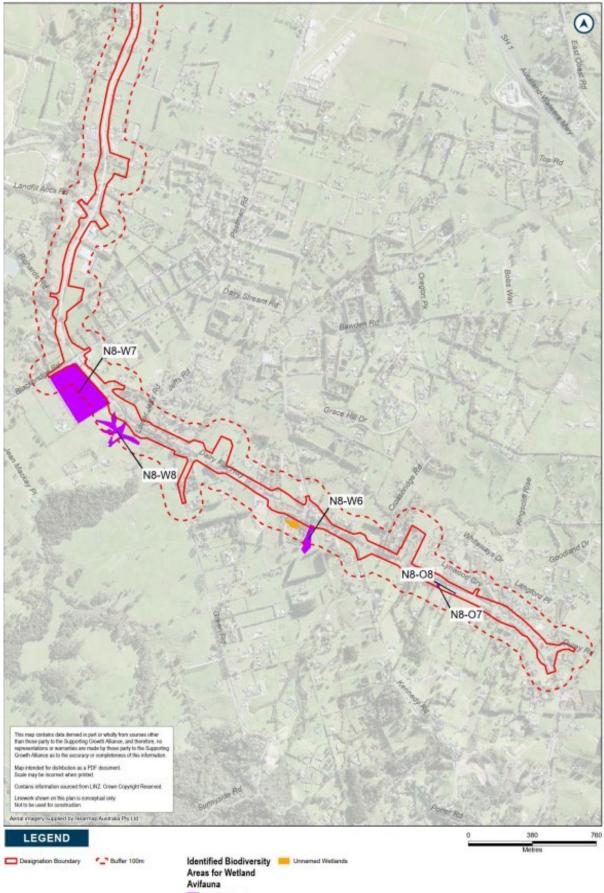
Schedule 3: Identified Biodiversity Areas



ZZ Bat Corridors



Identified Biodiversity unsamed Wetwork Areas for Wetland Avifauna New Wetwork



Named Wetlands

Schedule 4: Table 10 of the 2018 EIANZ Guidelines

Criteria for describing level of effects (Adapted from Regini (2000) and Boffa Miskell (2011))

Ecological Value →	Very high	High	Moderate	Low	Negligible
Magnitude ↓					
Very high	Very high	Very high	High	Moderate	Low
High	Very high	Very high	Moderate	Low	Very low
Moderate	High	High	Moderate	Low	Very low
Low	Moderate	Low	Low	Very low	Very low
Negligible	Low	Very low	Very low	Very low	Very low
Positive	Net gain	Net gain	Net gain	Net gain	Net gain

Tree number	Vegetation type	Protection	Location	Species	Age
805	Single tree	Open space	4 Postman Road	Chinese Poplar (<i>Populus chinensis</i>)	Semi- mature
806	Hedge	Open space	4 Postman Road	Titoki (<i>Alectryon</i> <i>excelsus),</i> Tarata (<i>Pittosporum</i> <i>tenuifolium</i>) Bottlebrush (<i>Callistemon sp.</i>) Oleander	Semi- mature
807	Hedge	Open space	4 Postman Road	Leyland Cypress (<i>Cupressus x</i> <i>leylandii)</i> , weed species	Semi- mature



Tree/Group of Trees

Designation Boundary

Schedule 6: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories

Address	New or Altered Road	Noise Criteria Category
1686 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1680 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1321 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1349 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1338 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1008 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
12 Durey Road	Altered	A
1564A Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1570 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1258 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1306 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1284 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1286 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
2 Horseshoe Bush Road	Altered	A
1285 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
957 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1731 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1424 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1361 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1452 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
41 Durey Road	Altered	A
1315 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1182 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
11 Durey Road	Altered	A
1700 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
825 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1355 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A

1584 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
5 Postman Road	Altered	A
4 Lascelles Drive	Altered	A
25 Lynwood Grove	Altered	A
1 Richards Road	Altered	A
1636 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1596 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1646 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
17 Lower Jeffs Road	Altered	A
1550 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
859 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1215 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
16 Durey Road	Altered	A
1016 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
18 Wilks Road West	Altered	A
1005A Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
956 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
15 Wilks Road	Altered	A
1615 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
12 Postman Road	Altered	A
1153 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1564 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1006 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1250 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
18 Langford Place	Altered	A
27 Green Road	Altered	A
22 Langford Place	Altered	A
18 Green Road	Altered	A
20 Jeffs Road	Altered	A
L	1	1

883 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
792 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1617 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
9 Lower Jeffs Road	Altered	A
6 Lynwood Grove	Altered	A
6 Kennedy Road	Altered	A
7 Lower Jeffs Road	Altered	A
851 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
16 Langford Place	Altered	A
55 Kennedy Road	Altered	A
1327 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
2 Lynwood Grove	Altered	A
1412 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
22 Lynwood Grove	Altered	A
1579A Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
31 Green Road	Altered	A
1602A Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1660 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
16 Lynwood Grove	Altered	A
38 Jeffs Road	Altered	A
26 Langford Place	Altered	A
20 Langford Place	Altered	A
987 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1349A Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
6 Langford Place	Altered	A
823 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1236 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1623 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
19 Richards Road	Altered	A
L	I	

21 Postman Road	Altered	A
28 Lynwood Grove	Altered	A
785 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1005 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
841 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
32 Jeffs Road	Altered	A
26 Lynwood Grove	Altered	A
1602 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
918 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1414 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1270B Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
807 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
14 Blackbridge Road	Altered	A
18 Kennedy Road	Altered	A
22 Postman Road	Altered	A
15 Lower Jeffs Road	Altered	A
851B Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1491 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1326 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
30 Wilks Road	Altered	A
11 Lascelles Drive	Altered	A
1687 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1509 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
10 Lascelles Drive	Altered	A
1248 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1487 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1667 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
17 Kahikatea Flat Road	Altered	A
19 Kennedy Road	Altered	A
L		

958 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
11 Jeffs Road	Altered	A
28 Blackbridge Road	Altered	A
1198A Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
10 Bawden Road	Altered	A
34 Lascelles Drive	Altered	A
1448 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
989 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
785 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
24 Goodland Drive	Altered	A
8 Kennedy Road	Altered	A
934 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
37 Whiteways Drive	Altered	A
1416 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1256 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
28 Lascelles Drive	Altered	A
20 Kennedy Road	Altered	A
1428 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1455 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
32 Langford Place	Altered	A
9 Goodland Drive	Altered	A
31 Wilks Road West	Altered	A
25 Postman Road	Altered	A
19 Langford Place	Altered	A
1014 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
36 Blackbridge Road	Altered	A
9 Langford Place	Altered	A
24 Lynwood Grove	Altered	A
29 Langford Place	Altered	A

1198C Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
38 Wilks Road West	Altered	A
30 Wilks Road West	Altered	A
1440 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
783 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1444 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
26 Postman Road	Altered	A
12 Kahikatea Flat Road	Altered	A
1432 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
10 Kahikatea Flat Road	Altered	A
16 Kahikatea Flat Road	Altered	A

Appendix E – Auckland Transport's Modifications to NoR 9 conditions (clean)

Designation Number	[XXXX]
Requiring Authority	Auckland Transport
Location	Dairy Flat Highway between Durey Road in Dairy Flat and Albany village

[XXXX] Upgrade to Dairy Flat Highway between Dairy Flat and Albany

Lapse Date In accordance with section 184(1)(c) of the RMA, this designation shall lapse if not given effect to within 30 years from the date on which it is included in the AUP.

Purpose

The construction, operation and maintenance of an upgrade to Dairy Flat Highway for active mode facilities, safety improvements and associated facilities.

Conditions

Abbreviations and definitions

Acronym/Term	Definition
Activity sensitive to noise	Any dwelling, visitor accommodation, boarding house, marae, papakāinga, integrated residential development, retirement village, supported residential care, care centre, lecture theatre in a tertiary Education Facility, classroom in an Education Facility and healthcare facility with an overnight stay facility
AUP	Auckland Unitary Plan
BPO or Best Practicable Option	Has the same meaning as in section 2 of the RMA 1991
CEMP	Construction Environmental Management Plan
Certification of material changes to management plans	 Confirmation from the Manager that a material change to a management plan has been prepared in accordance with the condition to which it relates. A material change to a management plan shall be deemed certified: (a) where the Requiring Authority has received written confirmation from the Manager that the material change to the management plan is certified; or (b) 10 working days from the submission of the material change to the management plan where no written confirmation of certification has been received
CMP	Cultural Monitoring Plan
CNVMP	Construction Noise and Vibration Management Plan
CNVMP Schedule or Schedule	A schedule to the CNVMP
Completion of Construction	When construction of the project (or part of the project) is complete and it is available for use
Confirmed Biodiversity Areas	Areas recorded in the Identified Biodiversity Area Schedule where the ecological values and effects have been confirmed through the ecological survey under Condition 27
Construction Works	Activities undertaken to construct the project excluding Enabling Works
Council	Auckland Council
CTMP	Construction Traffic Management Plan

Developer	Any legal entity that intends to master plan or develop land adjacent to the designation
Development Agency	Public entities involved in development projects
Education Facility	 Facility used for education to secondary level. Includes: schools and outdoor education facilities; and accommodation, administrative, cultural, religious, health, retail and communal facilities accessory to the above. Excludes: care centres; and tertiary education facilities.
EIANZ Guidelines	Ecological Impact Assessment: EIANZ Guidelines for use in New Zealand: terrestrial and freshwater ecosystems, second edition, dated May 2018
EMP	Ecological Management Plan
Enabling Works	 Includes, but is not limited to, the following and similar activities: (a) geotechnical investigations (including trial embankments); (b) archaeological site investigations; (c) formation of access for geotechnical investigations; (d) establishment of site yards, site entrances and fencing; (e) constructing and sealing site access roads; (f) demolition or removal of buildings and structures; (g) relocation of services; and (h) establishment of mitigation measures (such as erosion and sediment control measures, temporary noise walls, earth bunds and planting)
HHMP	Historic Heritage Management Plan
HNZPT	Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga
HNZPTA	Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014
Identified Biodiversity Area	Means an area or areas of features of ecological value where the project ecologist has identified that the project will potentially have a moderate or greater level of ecological effect, prior to implementation of impact management measures, as determined in accordance with the EIANZ Guidelines
Manager	The Manager – Resource Consents of the Auckland Council, or authorised delegate
Mana Whenua	 Mana Whenua as referred to in the conditions are considered to be, but not limited to, the following (in no particular order), who at the time of Notice of Requirement expressed a desire to be involved in the project: (a) Ngāti Manuhiri (b) Te Kawerau ā Maki (c) Te Ākitai Waiohua (d) Ngāti Whanaunga (e) Te Runanga o Ngāti Whātua (f) Ngāti Maru (g) Te Patu Kirikiri (h) Ngāti Tamaterā (j) Ngāti Tamaterā (j) Ngāti Paoa Irust Board Note: other iwi not identified above may have an interest in the project and should be consulted
Network Utility Operator	Has the same meaning as set out in section 166 of the RMA
NIMP	Network Integration Management Plan

NoR	Notice of Requirement	
North Growth Area	Land for future urban development in the North of Auckland, including Future Urban zoned areas in Ara Hills, Ōrewa, Wainui East, Silverdale West, Redvale and Dairy Flat	
NUMP	Network Utilities Management Plan	
Outline Plan	An outline plan prepared in accordance with section 176A of the RMA	
Project Liaison Person	The person or persons appointed for the duration of the project's Construction Works to be the main point of contact for persons wanting information about the project or affected by the Construction Works	
Protected Premises and Facilities (PPF)	Protected Premises and Facilities as defined in New Zealand Standard NZS 6806:2010: <i>Acoustics – Road-traffic noise – New and</i> <i>altered roads</i>	
Requiring Authority	Has the same meaning as section 166 of the RMA and, for this designation is Auckland Transport	
RMA	Resource Management Act 1991	
SCEMP	Stakeholder Communication and Engagement Management Plan	
Stakeholder	Stakeholders to be identified in accordance with Condition 4, which may include as appropriate:	
	 (a) adjacent owners and occupiers; (b) adjacent business owners and operators; (c) central and local government bodies; (d) community groups; (e) developers; (f) development agencies; (g) Education Facilities; and (h) Network Utility Operators. 	
Stage of Work	Any physical works that require the development of an Outline Plan	
Start of Construction	The time when Construction Works (excluding Enabling Works) start	
Suitably Qualified Person	A person (or persons) who can provide sufficient evidence to demonstrate their suitability, experience and competence in the relevant field of expertise.	
TMP	Tree Management Plan	
ULDMP	Urban and Landscape Design Management Plan	

General	ral conditions			
1.	Activity in General Accordance with Plans and Information			
	(a) (b)	Except as provided for in the conditions below, and subject to final design and Outline Plan(s), works within the designation shall be undertaken in general accordance with the project description and concept plan in Schedule 1. Where there is inconsistency between:		
		 (i) the project description and concept plan in Schedule 1 and the requirements of the following conditions, the conditions shall prevail; (ii) the project description and concept plan in Schedule 1, and the management plans under the conditions of the designation, the requirements of the 		
•	Duri	management plans shall prevail.		
2.	(a)	A project website, or equivalent virtual information source, shall be established as soon as reasonably practicable, and within six months of the inclusion of this designation in the AUP. This shall be updated as required so it remains current.		
	(b)	All directly affected owners and occupiers shall be notified in writing as soon as reasonably practicable once the website or equivalent information source has been established. The project website or virtual information source shall include these conditions and shall provide information on:		
		 (i) the status of the project; (ii) anticipated construction timeframes; (iii) contact details for enquiries; 		
		 (iv) the implications of the designation for landowners, occupiers and business owners and operators within the designation and where they can receive additional advice; 		
		 (v) a subscription service to enable receipt of project updates by email; (vi) the types of activities that can be undertaken by landowners without the need for written consent to be obtained under s176(1)(b) of the RMA; and (vii) when and how to apply for consent for works in the designation under 		
		section 176(1)(b) of the RMA.		
	(c)	 At ten yearly intervals from the inclusion of this designation in the AUP until the start of detailed design, the Requiring Authority shall identify appropriate methods with the relevant Local Board(s) to: (i) inform the wider community of the project status; and (ii) raise awareness of the project website. 		
	(d)	At the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, the project website or virtual information source shall be updated to provide information on the likely date for Start of Construction, and any Staging of Works.		

3.	Land use Integration Process		
	(a)	The Requiring Authority shall set up a Land use Integration Process for the period	
		between confirmation of the designation and the Start of Construction. The purpose	
		of this process is to encourage and facilitate the integration of master planning and	
		land use development activity on land directly affected or adjacent to the	
		designation. To achieve this purpose:	
		(i) the Requiring Authority shall include the contact details of a nominated	
		contact on the project website (or equivalent information source) required to	
		be established by Condition 2(b)(iii); and(ii) the nominated contact shall be the main point of contact for a Developer or	
		Development Agency wanting to work with the Requiring Authority to	
		integrate their development plans or master planning with the designation.	
	(b)	At any time prior to the Start of Construction, the nominated contact will be	
	(~)	available to engage with a Developer or Development Agency for the purpose of:	
		(i) responding to requests made to the Requiring Authority for information	
		regarding design details that could assist with land use integration; and	
		(ii) receiving information from a Developer or Development Agency regarding	
		master planning or land development details that could assist with land use	
		integration.	
	(c)	Information requested or provided under Condition 3(b) above may include but not	
		be limited to the following matters:	
		(i) design details including but not limited to:	
		A. boundary treatment (e.g. the use of retaining walls or batter slopes);	
		B. the horizontal and vertical alignment of the road (levels);	
		C. potential locations for mid-block crossings;D. integration of stormwater infrastructure; and	
		E. traffic noise modelling contours.	
		(ii) potential modifications to the extent of the designation in response to	
		information received through Condition 3(b)(ii);	
		(iii) a process for the Requiring Authority to undertake a technical review of or	
		provide comments on any master planning or development proposal	
		advanced by the Developer or Development Agency as it relates to	
		integration with the project; and	
		(iv) details of how to apply for written consent from the Requiring Authority for	
		any development proposal that relates to land that is within the designation under eaction $176(4)$ (b) of the DMA	
	(d)	under section 176(1)(b) of the RMA. Where information is requested from the Requiring Authority and is available, the	
	(u)	nominated contact shall provide the information unless there are reasonable	
		grounds for not providing it.	
	(e)	The nominated contact shall maintain a record of the engagement between the	
	()	Requiring Authority and Developers and Development Agencies for the period	
		following the date in which this designation is included in the AUP through to the	
		Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The record shall include:	
		(i) details of any requests made to the Requiring Authority that could influence	
		detailed design, the results of any engagement and, where such requests	
		that could influence detailed design are declined, the reasons why the	
		 Requiring Authority has declined the requests; and details of any requests to co-ordinate the forward work programme, where 	
		 details of any requests to co-ordinate the forward work programme, where appropriate, with Development Agencies and Network Utility Operators. 	
	(f)	The record shall be submitted to Council for information 10 working days prior to	
	(י)	the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work.	

4.	Stakeholder Communication and Engagement Design
	(a) At least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, the
	Requiring Authority shall identify:
	(i) a list of Stakeholders;
	 (ii) a list of properties within the designation which the Requiring Authority does not own or have occupation rights to; and
	(iii) methods to engage with Stakeholders and the owners and occupiers of
	properties identified in $(a)(i) - (ii)$ above.
	(b) A record of (a) shall be submitted to the Manager for information with an Outline
	Plan for the relevant Stage of Work.
5.	Designation Review
	As soon as reasonably practicable following Completion of Construction, the Requiring
	Authority shall:
	(i) review the extent of the designation to identify any areas of designated land
	that it no longer requires for the on-going operation, maintenance or
	mitigation of effects of the project; and
	(ii) give notice to the Manager in accordance with section 182 of the RMA for
	the removal of those parts of the designation identified above.
6.	Lapse
	In accordance with section 184(1)(c) of the RMA, this designation shall lapse if not given
	effect to within 30 years from the date on which it is included in the AUP.
7.	Network Utility Operators and Auckland Council Parks (Section 176 Approval)
	(a) Prior to the Start of Construction, Network Utility Operators with existing
	infrastructure and Auckland Council in relation to parks located within the
	designation will not require written consent under section 176 of the RMA for the
	following activities:
	(i) operation, maintenance and repair works;
	(ii) minor renewal works to existing network utilities or parks necessary for the
	on-going provision or security of supply of network utility or parks
	operations;
	(iii) minor works such as new service connections; and
	(iv) the upgrade and replacement of existing network utilities in the same
	location with the same or similar effects on the works authorised by the
	designation as the existing utility.
	(b) To the extent that a record of written approval is required for the activities listed above, this condition shall constitute written approval.
8.	
0.	General Section 176 Approval
	(a) Prior to the start of the formal acquisition process under the Public Works Act 1981 for a property, or submission of the Outline Plan, persons on properties zoned
	Rural or Future Urban will not require written consent under section 176 of the
	RMA for the following activities:
	(i) Internal alterations;
	(ii) Repair of existing utility services;
	(iii) One extension to an existing structure as at 2023, up to 30m ² ; and
	(iv) Temporary or relocatable structures, provided they are removed from the site
	and the land is reinstated (including closing and capping any associated
	services) at the landowner's expense prior to the Start of Construction. The
	landowner shall be responsible for any resource consent required for the
	structures, their removal or relocation.
	(b) To the extent that a record of written approval is required for the activities listed
	above, this condition shall constitute written approval.
Pre-con	struction conditions

9.	Outline Plan		
	 (a) An Outline Plan (or Plans) shall be prepared in accordance with section 176A of the RMA. 		
	(b) Outline Plans (or Plan) may be submitted in parts or in stages to address particular		
	activities (e.g. design or construction aspects), or a Stage of Work of the project.		
	(c) Outline Plans shall include any management plan or plans that are relevant to the		
	management of effects of those activities or Stage of Work, which may include:		
	 (i) Construction Environmental Management Plan; (ii) Construction Traffic Management Plan; 		
	(iii) Construction Noise and Vibration Management Plan;		
	(iv) Urban and Landscape Design Management Plan;		
	(v) Historic Heritage Management Plan;		
	(vi) Ecological Management Plan;		
	(vii) Tree Management Plan;		
	 (viii) Network Utilities Management Plan; and (ix) Network Integration Management Plan. 		
	Flood Hazard		
	For the purpose of Condition 10:		
	(a) AEP – means Annual Exceedance Probability;(b) Existing Authorised Habitable Floor – means the floor level of any room (floor) in		
	a residential building which is authorised and exists at the time the Outline Plan is submitted, excluding a laundry, bathroom, toilet or any room used solely as an entrance hall, passageway or garage;		
	(c) Flood Prone Area – means potential ponding areas that may flood in a 1% AEP		
	event and commonly comprise of topographical depression areas. The areas can occur naturally or as a result of constructed features. Identification of a potential Flood Prone Area would be by an assessment of residual flood risk in a 1% AEP event (e.g. from blockage of the project stormwater network) on land outside and		
	adjacent to the designation following the application of Conditions $(10)(a)(i) - (iv)$.		
	(d) Maximum Probable Development – is the design case for consideration of future flows allowing for development within a catchment that takes into account the		
	maximum impervious surface limits of the current zone or if the land is zoned		
	Future Urban in the AUP, the probable level of development arising from zone		
	changes;		
	(e) Pre-Project Development – means existing site condition prior to the project		
	(including existing buildings and roadways); and		
	(f) Post-Project Development – means site condition after the project has been		
	completed (including existing and new buildings and roadways).		

 (a) The project shall be designed to achieve the following flood risk outcomes beyond the boundary of the designation: (i) no increase in flood levels in a 1% AEP event for Existing Authorised Habitable Floors that are already subject to flooding or have a freeboard less than 500mm; (ii) no increase in flood levels in a 1% AEP event for authorised community, commercial, industrial and network utility building floors existing at the time the Outline Plan is submitted that are already subject to flooding or have a freeboard less than 300mm; (iii) maximum of 50mm increase in flood levels in a 1% AEP event outside and adjacent to the designation boundary between the Pre-Project Development and Post-Project Development scenarios; (iv) no increase of Flood Hazard Class for the main access to authorised habitable dwellings existing at the time the Outline Plan is submitted. The assessment shall be undertaken for the 1% AEP rainfall event and reference the hazard class in accordance with Schedule 2 to these conditions; and (v) no new Flood Prone Areas. (b) Compliance with this condition shall be demonstrated in the Outline Plan, which shall include flood modelling of the Pre-Project Development and Post-Project Development Project Development Project Development and Post-Project Development		
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with allowers as far alignets abage ()	;	
with allowances for climate change). (c) Where:		
 (i) the flood risk outcomes in (a) can be achieved through alternative measures outside of the designation such as flood stop banks, flood walls, raising Existing Authorised Habitable Floor level and new overland flow paths; or 	S	
(ii) the outcomes are varied at specific location(s) through agreement with the relevant landowner,		
confirmation shall be provided to the Manager that any necessary landowner agreement and statutory approvals have been obtained for that alternative measure or varied outcome.		
11. Existing property access		
Prior to submission of the Outline Plan, consultation shall be undertaken with landowners and occupiers whose vehicle access to their property will be altered by the project. The Outline Plan shall demonstrate how safe reconfigured or alternate access will be provided, unless otherwise agreed with the affected landowner.	or to submission of the Outline Plan, consultation shall be undertaken with landowners I occupiers whose vehicle access to their property will be altered by the project. The	

12.	Mana	Management Plans		
	(a)	Any management plan shall:		
		(i) be prepared and implemented in accordance with the relevant management		
		plan condition;		
		 (ii) be prepared by a Suitably Qualified Person(s); (iii) include sufficient detail relating to the management of effects appeariated with 		
		(iii) include sufficient detail relating to the management of effects associated with		
		the relevant activities and/or Stage of Work to which it relates;(iv) be submitted as part of an Outline Plan pursuant to section 176A of the		
		RMA, with the exception of SCEMPs and CNVMP Schedules; and		
		(v) once finalised, uploaded to the project website or equivalent virtual		
		information source.		
	(b)	Any management plan developed in accordance with Condition 12 may:		
		(i) be submitted in parts or in stages to address particular activities (e.g. design		
		or construction aspects), a Stage of Work of the project, or to address		
		specific activities authorised by the designation; and		
		(ii) except for material changes, be amended to reflect any changes in design,		
	(c)	construction methods or management of effects without further process; Information shall be submitted with the management plan (or revised plan as		
	(0)	referred to in (d) below) which summarises outcomes of consultation and any input		
		received from Mana Whenua and Stakeholders as required by the relevant		
		management plan condition. The summary shall note how this input has been		
		incorporated or reflected in the management plan, or if not, the reasons why;		
	(d)	If there is a material change required to a management plan which has been		
		submitted with an Outline Plan, the revised part of the plan shall be submitted to		
		the Manager as an update to the Outline Plan or for Certification as soon as		
		practicable following identification of the need for a revision; and		
	(e)	Any material changes to the SCEMP(s) are to be submitted to the Manager for		
40	<u> </u>	information.		
13.		eholder Communication and Engagement Management Plan (SCEMP)		
	(a)	A SCEMP shall be prepared in consultation with relevant Stakeholders prior to the Start of Construction. The objective of the SCEMP is to identify how the public and		
		State of Construction. The objective of the SCEMP is to identify how the public and Stakeholders will be engaged with throughout Construction Works.		
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the SCEMP shall include:		
	()	(i) a list of Stakeholders;		
		(ii) the contact details for the Project Liaison Person. These details shall be on		
		the project website, or equivalent virtual information source, and prominently		
		displayed at the main entrance(s) to the site(s);		
		 (iii) methods for engaging with Mana Whenua, to be developed in consultation with Mana Whenua; 		
		 (iv) methods and timing to engage with owners and occupiers whose access is 		
		directly affected;		
		 (v) methods to communicate key project milestones and the proposed hours of 		
		construction activities including outside of normal working hours and on		
		weekends and public holidays, to the parties identified in (b)(i) above; and		
		(vi) linkages and cross-references to communication and engagement methods		
	(α)	set out in other conditions and management plans where relevant. Any SCEMP prepared for a Stage of Work shall be submitted to the Manager for		
	(c)	information a minimum of 10 working days prior to the Start of Construction for a		
		Stage of Work.		

14.	Cultu	Cultural Advisory Report		
	(a)	At least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, Mana Whenua shall be invited to prepare a Cultural Advisory Report for the project. The		
		objective of the Cultural Advisory Report is to assist in understanding and		
		identifying ngā taonga tuku iho (treasures handed down by our ancestors) affected by the project, to inform their management and protection.		
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the Requiring Authority shall invite Mana Whenua to		
	. ,	prepare a Cultural Advisory Report that:		
		 (i) identifies the cultural sites, landscapes and values that have the potential to be affected by the construction and operation of the project; 		
		 sets out the desired outcomes for management of potential effects on cultural sites, landscapes and values; 		
		(iii) identifies traditional cultural practices within the area that may be impacted		
		by the project;		
		 (iv) identifies opportunities for restoration and enhancement of identified cultural sites, landscapes and values within the project area; 		
		 (v) taking into account the outcomes of (i) to (iv) above, identify cultural matters and principles that should be considered in the development of the ULDMP (Condition 15) and HHMP (Condition 26) and the CMP referred to in 		
		Condition 13) and HIMP (Condition 20) and the CMP referred to in Condition 20; and		
		(vi) identifies and (if possible) nominates traditional names along the project		
		alignment. Noting there may be formal statutory processes outside the		
	(c)	project required in any decision-making. The desired outcomes for management of potential effects on cultural sites,		
	(0)	landscapes and values identified in the Cultural Advisory Report shall be discussed		
		with Mana Whenua and those outcomes reflected in the relevant management		
	(1)	plans where practicable; and		
	(d)	Conditions 14(b) and (c) will cease to apply if: (i) Mana Whenua have been invited to prepare a Cultural Advisory Report by a		
		date at least six months prior to the Start of Construction; and		
		(ii) Mana Whenua have not provided a Cultural Advisory Report within six		
		months prior to the Start of Construction.		
		in and Landscape Design Management Plan (ULDMP)		
15.	(a)	A ULDMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the ULDMP(s) is to:		
		(i) enable integration of the project's permanent works into the surrounding		
		landscape and urban context; and		
		(ii) ensure that the project manages potential adverse landscape and visual		
	(1-)	effects as far as practicable and contributes to a quality urban environment.		
	(b)	Mana Whenua shall be invited to participate in the development of the ULDMP(s) to provide input into relevant cultural landscape and design matters including how		
		desired outcomes for management of potential effects on cultural sites, landscapes		
		and values identified and discussed in the Cultural Advisory Report in Condition 14		
	(-)	may be reflected in the ULDMP.		
	(c)	Relevant Stakeholders shall be invited to participate in the development of the ULDMP at least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work.		
I	1	element at least six months phones are start of detailed design for a stage of Work.		

16.	(a)	To achie	eve the objective set out in Condition 15, the ULDMP(s) shall provide details
		of how the	ne project:
		(i)	is designed to integrate with the adjacent urban (or proposed urban) and landscape context, including the surrounding existing or proposed topography, urban environment (eg. centres and density of built form), natural environment, landscape character and open space zones;
			provides appropriate walking and cycling connectivity to, and interfaces with, existing or proposed adjacent land uses, public transport infrastructure and walking and cycling connections;
			promotes inclusive access (where appropriate);
			promotes a sense of personal safety by aligning with best practice guidelines, such as:
			A. Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED) principles;B. Safety in Design (SID) requirements; and
			C. Maintenance in Design (MID) requirements and anti-vandalism/anti- graffiti measures;
		(v)	has responded to matters identified through the Land use Integration Process (Condition 3); and
	(b)		LDMP shall be prepared in general accordance with:
		(i)	Auckland Transport's Urban Roads and Streets Design Guide, or any subsequent or updated version;
		(ii)	New Zealand Transport Agency Urban Design Guidelines: Bridging the Gap (2013) or any subsequent updated version;
			New Zealand Transport Agency Landscape Guidelines (2018) or any subsequent updated version;
			New Zealand Transport Agency P39 Standard Specification for Highway Landscape Treatments (2013) or any subsequent updated version; and
		. ,	Auckland's Urban Ngahere (Forest) Strategy or any subsequent updated version.

17.	The	DMP(s) shall include:	
	(a)	concept plan – which depicts the overall landscape and urban design concept,	
		nd explain the rationale for the landscape and urban design proposals;	
	(b)	leveloped design concepts, including principles for walking and cycling facilities	
		nd public transport;	
	(c)	andscape and urban design details – that cover the following:	
		i) road design – elements such as intersection form, carriageway gradient and	
		associated earthworks contouring including cut and fill batters and the	
		interface with adjacent land uses and existing roads (including slip lanes),	
		benching, spoil disposal sites, median width and treatment, roadside width	
		and treatment;	
		ii) roadside elements – such as lighting, fencing, wayfinding and signage;	
		iii) architectural and landscape treatment of all major structures, including	
		bridges and retaining walls;	
		iv) architectural and landscape treatment of noise barriers;	
		v) landscape treatment and planting of permanent stormwater control wetlands	
		and swales;	
		vi) integration of passenger transport;	
		vii) pedestrian and cycle facilities including paths, road crossings and dedicated pedestrian/ cycle bridges or underpasses;	
		viii) historic heritage places with reference to the HHMP (Condition 26); and	
		ix) re-instatement of construction and site compound areas; and	
		 features disturbed during construction and intended to be reinstated such as: 	
		A. boundary features;	-
		B. driveways;	
		C. accessways; and	
		D. fences.	
	(d)	ne ULDMP shall also include the following planting and maintenance details:	
		i) planting design details including:	
		A. identification of existing trees and vegetation that will be retained with	
		reference to the TMP (Condition 29) (where relevant) and EMP	
		(Condition 28). Where practicable, mature trees and native vegetation	
		should be retained;	
		B. street trees, shrubs and ground cover suitable for the location;C. treatment of fill slopes to integrate with adjacent land use, streams,	
		riparian margins and open space zones;	
		D. identification of any planting requirements under the EMP (Condition	
		28) and TMP (Condition 29);	
		E. integration of any planting required by conditions of any resource	
		consents for the project; and	
		F. re-instatement planting of construction and site compound areas as	
		appropriate.	
		ii) a planting programme including the staging of planting in relation to the	
		construction programme which shall, as far as practicable, include provision	
		for planting within each planting season following completion of each Stage	
		of Work; and	
		iii) detailed specifications relating to the following:	
		 A. weed control and clearance; B. pest animal management (to support plant establishment); 	
		C. ground preparation (top soiling and decompaction);	
		D. mulching; and	
		E. plant sourcing and planting, including hydroseeding and grassing, and	I
		use of eco-sourced species.	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Constru	uction	nditions	

18.	Cons	struction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP)
18.	(a)	 A CEMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the CEMP is to set out the management procedures and construction methods to be undertaken to avoid, remedy or mitigate any adverse effects associated with Construction Works as far as practicable. To achieve the objective, the CEMP shall include: (i) the roles and responsibilities of staff and contractors; (ii) details of the site or project manager and the Project Liaison Person, including their contact details (phone and email address); (iii) the Construction Works programmes and the staging approach, and the proposed hours of work; (iv) details of the proposed construction yards including temporary screening when adjacent to residential areas; (v) details of the proposed construction lighting; (vi) methods for controlling dust and the removal of debris and demolition of construction materials from public roads or places;
		 (vii) methods for providing for the health and safety of the general public; (viii) measures to mitigate flood hazard effects such as siting stockpiles out of floodplains, minimising obstruction to flood flows, actions to respond to warnings of heavy rain;
		 (ix) procedures for incident management; (x) location and procedures for the refuelling and maintenance of plant and equipment to avoid discharges of fuels or lubricants to watercourses;
		 (xi) measures to address the storage of fuels, lubricants, hazardous and/or dangerous materials, along with contingency procedures to address emergency spill response(s) and clean up;
		(xii) procedures for responding to complaints about Construction Works; and(xiii) methods for amending and updating the CEMP as required.
19.	Com	plaints Process
	(a)	 At all times during Construction Works, a record of any complaints received about the Construction Works shall be maintained. The record shall include: (i) the date, time and nature of the complaint; (ii) the name, phone number and address of the complainant (unless the complainant wishes to remain anonymous); (iii) measures taken to respond to the complaint (including a record of the response provided to the complainant) or confirmation of no action if deemed appropriate; (iv) the outcome of the investigation into the complaint; and (v) any other activities in the area, unrelated to the project that may have
		contributed to the complaint, such as non-project construction, fires, traffic
	(b)	accidents or unusually dusty conditions generally. A copy of the complaints record required by this condition shall be made available
		to the Manager upon request as soon as practicable after the request is made.

20.	Cult	ural Monitoring Plan (CMP)
	(a)	Prior to the Start of Construction, a CMP shall be prepared by a Suitably Qualified Person(s) identified in collaboration with Mana Whenua. The objective of the CMP is to identify methods for undertaking cultural monitoring to assist with management of any cultural effects during Construction Works.
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the CMP shall include:
		 requirements for formal dedication or cultural interpretation to be undertaken prior to the Start of Construction in areas identified as having significance to Mana Whenua;
		 (ii) requirements and protocols for cultural inductions for contractors and subcontractors;
		 (iii) identification of activities, sites and areas where cultural monitoring is required during particular Construction Works;
		 (iv) identification of personnel to undertake cultural monitoring, including any geographic definition of their responsibilities; and
		 (v) details of personnel to assist with management of any cultural effects identified during cultural monitoring, including implementation of the Accidental Discovery Protocol.
	(c)	If Enabling Works involving soil disturbance are undertaken prior to the Start of Construction, an Enabling Works CMP shall be prepared by a Suitably Qualified Person identified in collaboration with Mana Whenua. This plan may be prepared as a standalone Enabling Works CMP or be included in the main Construction Works CMP.
	Advi	ice note:
	desig	re appropriate, the CMP shall align with the requirements of other conditions of the gnation and resource consents for the project which require monitoring during struction Works.

21.	Construction Traffic Management Plan (CTMP)	
	(a)	A CTMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the CTMP is to avoid, remedy or mitigate, as far as practicable, adverse construction traffic effects.
	(b)	To achieve this objective, the CTMP shall include:
	(-)	 (i) methods to manage the effects of temporary traffic management activities on traffic;
		(ii) measures to ensure the safety of all transport users;
		(iii) the estimated numbers, frequencies, routes and timing of traffic movements, including any specific non-working or non-movement hours to manage vehicular and pedestrian traffic near Education Facilities or to manage traffic congestion;
		 (iv) site access routes and access points for heavy vehicles, the size and location of parking areas for plant, construction vehicles and the vehicles of workers and visitors;
		 (v) identification of detour routes and other methods to ensure the safe management and maintenance of traffic flows, including public transport, pedestrians and cyclists;
		 (vi) methods to maintain access to and within property and/or private roads where practicable, or to provide alternative arrangements when it will not be, including details of how access is managed for loading and unloading of goods;
		 (vii) the management approach to loads on heavy vehicles, including covering loads of fine material, the use of wheel-wash facilities at site exit points and the timely removal of any material deposited or spilled on public roads;
		 (viii) methods that will be undertaken to communicate traffic management measures to affected road users (e.g. residents / public / Stakeholders / emergency services);
		 (ix) details of minimum network performance parameters during the construction phase, including any measures to monitor compliance with the performance parameters; and
		 details of any measures proposed to be implemented in the event of thresholds identified in (ix) being exceeded.
	(C)	Auditing, monitoring and reporting requirements relating to traffic management
		activities shall be undertaken in accordance with the New Zealand Guide to
		Temporary Traffic Management (April 2023) or any subsequent version.

22.	Construction Noise	e Standards							
	(a) Construction	noise shall be meas	sured and assess	ed in accordance with					
	NZS6803:199	9 Acoustics – Cons	struction Noise an	nd shall comply with the	e noise				
	standards set	out in the following	table as far as p	racticable:					
	Table 22 1 Construct								
	Table 22-1 Construction Noise Standards								
	Day of week	Time period	LAeq(15min)	LAFmax					
	Occupied activity sensitive to noise								
	Weekday	0630h - 0730h	55 dB	75 dB					
		0730h - 1800h	70 dB	85 dB					
		1800h - 2000h	65 dB	80 dB					
		2000h - 0630h	45 dB	75 dB					
	Saturday	0630h - 0730h	45 dB	75 dB					
		0730h - 1800h	70 dB	85 dB					
		1800h - 2000h	45 dB	75 dB					
		2000h - 0630h	45 dB	75 dB					
	Sunday and Public	0630h - 0730h	45 dB	75 dB					
	Holidays	0730h - 1800h	55 dB	85 dB					
		1800h - 2000h	45 dB	75 dB					
		2000h - 0630h	45 dB	75 dB					
	Other occupied bui	-							
	All	0730h – 1800h 1800h – 0730h	70 dB 75 dB						
	(b) Where compliance with the noise standards set out in Table 22-1 is not practicable the methodology in Condition 25 shall apply.								
23.	Mechanical vi measurement	vibration shall be m bration and shock - t of vibrations and e	- Vibration of fixed valuation of their	dance with ISO 4866:2 d structures – Guidelin effects on structures a following table as far a	es for the nd shall				
	Table 23-1 Construction Vibration Standards								
	Receiver	Details	Category A*	Category B**	-				
	Occupied activities sensitive to noise	Night-time 2000h - 0630h	0.3mm/s ppv	2mm/s ppv					
		Daytime 0630h - 2000h	2mm/s ppv	5mm/s ppv					
	Other occupied buildings	Daytime 0630h - 2000h	2mm/s ppv	5mm/s ppv					
	All other buildings	At all other times		f DIN4150-3:1999					
	* Category A criteria adopted from Rule E25.6.30.1 of the AUP ** Category B criteria based on DIN 4150-3:1999 building damage criteria for daytime								
	(b) Where compl practicable, th		tion standards se	t out in Table 23-1 is n	ot				

24.	Cons	truction Noise and Vibration Management Plan (CNVMP)
	(a)	A CNVMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for Stage of Work. A CNVMP shall be implemented during the Stage of Work to which it relates. The objective of the CNVMP is to provide a framework for the development and implementation of the Best Practicable Option for the management of construction noise and vibration effects to achieve the construction noise and vibration standards set out in Conditions 22 and 23 to the extent practicable.
	(b)	 To achieve the objective, the CNVMP shall be prepared in accordance with Annex E2 of the New Zealand Standard NZS6803:1999 'Acoustics – Construction Noise' (NZS6803:1999) and shall as a minimum, address the following: (i) description of the works and anticipated equipment/processes; (ii) hours of operation, including times and days when construction activities would occur;
		(iii) the construction noise and vibration standards for the project;
		(iv) identification of receivers where noise and vibration standards apply;
		 (v) a hierarchy of management and mitigation options, including any requirements to limit night works and works during other sensitive times, including Sundays and public holidays as far as practicable;
		 (vi) methods and frequency for monitoring and reporting on construction noise and vibration;
		 (vii) procedures for communication and engagement with nearby residents and Stakeholders, including notification of proposed construction activities, the period of construction activities, and management of noise and vibration complaints;
		(viii) contact details of the Project Liaison Person;
		 (ix) procedures for the regular training of the operators of construction equipment to minimise noise and vibration as well as expected construction site behaviours for all workers;
		 (x) procedures and requirements for the preparation of a Schedule to the CNVMP (Schedule) for those areas where compliance with the noise Condition 22 and/or vibration standards Condition 23 Category B will not be practicable;
		(xi) identification of trigger levels for undertaking building condition surveys, which shall be Category B day time levels;
		(xii) procedures and trigger levels for undertaking building condition surveys before and after works to determine whether any cosmetic or structural damage has occurred as a result of construction vibration;
		(xiii) methodology and programme of desktop and field audits and inspections to be undertaken to ensure that the CNVMP, Schedules and the Best Practicable Option for management of effects are being implemented; and
		(xiv) requirements for review and update of the CNVMP.

25.	Sche	edule to a CNVMP
	(a)	 A Schedule to the CNVMP (Schedule) shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction of an activity to which it relates by a Suitably Qualified Person, in consultation with the owners and occupiers of sites subject to the Schedule, when: (i) construction noise is either predicted or measured to exceed the noise standards in Condition 22, except where the exceedance of the L_{Aeq} criteria is no greater than 5 decibels and does not exceed: A. 0630 – 2000: 2 periods of up to 2 consecutive weeks in any 2 months; or B. 2000 - 0630: 1 period of up to 2 consecutive nights in any 10 days;
		 B. 2000 - 0630: 1 period of up to 2 consecutive nights in any 10 days; (ii) construction vibration is either predicted or measured to exceed the Category B standard at the receivers in Condition 23.
	(b)	The objective of the Schedule is to set out the Best Practicable Option measures to manage noise and/or vibration effects of the construction activity beyond those measures set out in the CNVMP.
	(c)	 To achieve the objective, the Schedule shall include details such as: (i) construction activity location, start and finish dates; (ii) the nearest neighbours to the construction activity; (iii) the predicted noise and/or vibration level for all receivers where the levels are predicted or measured to exceed the applicable standards and predicted duration of the exceedance; (iv) for works proposed between 2000h and 0630h, the reasons why the proposed works must be undertaken during these hours and why they cannot be practicably undertaken during the daytime; (v) the proposed mitigation options that have been selected, and the options that have been discounted as being impracticable and the reasons why; (vi) the consultation undertaken with owners and occupiers of sites subject to the Schedule, and how consultation has and has not been taken into account; and
	(d)	(vii) location, times and types of monitoring. The Schedule shall be submitted to the Manager for Certification at least five working days (except in unforeseen circumstances) in advance of Construction Works that are covered by the scope of the Schedule and shall form part of the CNVMP.
	(e)	The CNVMP Schedule shall be deemed certified five working days from the submission of the CNVMP Schedule where no written confirmation of Certification has been received.
	(f)	Where material changes are made to a Schedule required by this condition, the Requiring Authority shall consult the owners and/or occupiers of sites subject to the Schedule prior to submitting the amended Schedule to the Manager for Certification in accordance with (d) above. The amended Schedule shall document the consultation undertaken with those owners and occupiers, and how consultation outcomes have and have not been taken into account.

6.	Histo	oric Her	itage Management Plan (HHMP)
	(a)	prior to to prot	IP shall be prepared in consultation with Council, HNZPT and Mana Whenua the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the HHMP is ect historic heritage and to remedy and mitigate any residual effects as far as
		practic	
	(b)		nieve the objective, the HHMP shall identify:
		()	any adverse direct and indirect effects on historic heritage sites and
			measures to appropriately avoid, remedy or mitigate any such effects,
			including a tabulated summary of these effects and measures;
			methods for the identification and assessment of potential historic heritage
			places within the designation to inform detailed design;
			known historic heritage places and potential archaeological sites within the designation, including identifying any archaeological sites for which an Archaeological Authority under the HNZPTA will be sought or has been
			granted;
			any unrecorded archaeological sites or post-1900 heritage sites within the
			designation, which shall also be documented and recorded;
			roles, responsibilities and contact details of project personnel, Council and
			HNZPT representatives, Mana Whenua representatives, and relevant
			agencies involved with heritage and archaeological matters including
			surveys, monitoring of Construction Works, compliance with AUP accidental
			discovery rule, and monitoring of conditions;
			specific areas to be investigated, monitored and recorded to the extent these
			are directly affected by the project;
			the proposed methodology for investigating and recording post-1900 historic
			heritage sites (including buildings) that need to be destroyed, demolished or relocated, including details of their condition, measures to mitigate any
			adverse effects and timeframe for implementing the proposed methodology,
			in accordance with the HNZPT Archaeological Guidelines Series No.1:
			Investigation and Recording of Buildings and Standing Structures (November
			2018), or any subsequent version;
			methods to acknowledge cultural values identified through Condition 14
			where archaeological sites also involve ngā taonga tuku iho (treasures
			handed down by our ancestors) and where feasible and practicable to do so;
			methods for avoiding, remedying or mitigating adverse effects on historic
			heritage places and sites within the designation during Construction Works
		;	as far as practicable. These methods shall include, but are not limited to:
			A. security fencing or hoardings around historic heritage places to protect
			them from damage during construction or unauthorised access;
			B. measures to mitigate adverse effects on historic heritage sites that
			achieve positive historic heritage outcomes such as increased public
			awareness and interpretation signage; and
			C. training requirements and inductions for contractors and
			subcontractors on historic heritage places within the designation, legal
			obligations relating to unexpected discoveries and the AUP Accidental
			Discovery Rule (E11.6.1). The training shall be undertaken prior to the
			Start of Construction, under the guidance of a Suitably Qualified
			Person and Mana Whenua representatives (to the extent the training
			relates to cultural values identified under Condition 14).
	A		
		ce note	
			Discoveries
		requirem e AUP	nents for accidental discoveries of heritage items are set out in Rule E11.6.1

27.	Pre-Construction Ecological Survey			
	 (a) At the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, an updated ecological survey shall be undertaken in the relevant geographic area by a Suitably Qualified Person. The purpose of the survey is to inform ecological management by: (i) confirming whether the species of value within the Identified Biodiversity Areas recorded in the Identified Biodiversity Area Schedule 3 are still present; and 			
	 (ii) confirming whether the project will or is likely to have a moderate or greater level of ecological effect on species of value (prior to implementation of impact management measures). The level of effect shall be determined in accordance with Table 10 of the EIANZ Guidelines (or subsequent updated version of that table) as included in Schedule 4 of these conditions. (b) If the ecological survey confirms the presence of ecological species of value in accordance with Condition 27(a)(i) and that effects are likely in accordance with Condition 27(a)(ii) then an Ecological Management Plan (or Plans) shall be prepared in accordance with Condition 28 for these areas (Confirmed Biodiversity Areas). 			

28.	Ecological Management Plan (EMP)			
	Co	n EMP shall be prepared for any Confirmed Biodiversity Areas (confirmed through ondition 27) prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the EMP is to minimise effects of the project on the ecological features of value in onfirmed Biodiversity Areas as far as practicable.		
		an EMP is required in accordance with (a) for the presence of long tail bats, the MP may include the following to achieve the objective: measures to minimise as far as practicable, disturbance from construction		
	(ii	 activities within 50m of any active long tail bat roosts that are discovered through survey until such roosts are confirmed to be vacant of bats; timing of any Construction Works within 50m of any active maternity long tail bat roosts. Those Construction Works shall be undertaken outside the bat maternity period (between December and March) where reasonably 		
	(iii	planting is proposed to be provided and maintained for the purposes of the connectivity of long tail bat habitats; and		
		an EMP is required in accordance with (a) for the presence of Threatened or At- isk wetland birds, the EMP may include the following to achieve the objective:		
	(ii	i) timing of any Construction Works which may have adverse effects on Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds. Those Construction Works shall be undertaken outside of the bird breeding season (September to February) where practicable;		
	(iii	 where works are required within the Confirmed Biodiversity Area during the bird breeding season, methods to minimise adverse effects on Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds; and 		
	(iv			
		 A. the type, intensity and duration of construction activity; B. the likely sensitivity of the nesting bird species to the construction activity; and 		
		C. any environmental features (e.g., vegetation and contour) that could influence the extent of potential adverse effects on the Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds.		
	he (i)	relocation of lizards rescued;		
	(ii)	 A. any measures to ensure the relocation site remains available; and B. any weed and pest management to ensure the relocation site is maintained as appropriate habitat; 		
	ur			
	Advice I	note:		

Depending on the potential effects of the project, the regional consents for the project
may include the following monitoring and management plans:
(i) stream and/or wetland restoration plans;
(ii) vegetation restoration plans; and
(iii) fauna management plans (e.g. avifauna).

29.	Tree Management Plan (TMP)				
	(a)	Prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work, a TMP shall be prepared.			
	· · /	The objective of the TMP is to avoid, remedy or mitigate effects of construction			
		activities on trees identified in Schedule 5.			
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the TMP shall:			
	. ,	(i) confirm that the trees listed in Schedule 5 still exist; and			
		(ii) demonstrate how the design and location of project works has avoided,			
		remedied or mitigated any effects on any tree listed in Schedule 5. This may			
		include:			
		 A. any opportunities to relocate listed trees where practicable; 			
		B. planting to replace trees that require removal (with reference to the			
		ULDMP planting design details in Condition 17);			
		C. tree protection zones and tree protection measures such as protective			
		fencing, ground protection and physical protection of roots, trunks and			
		branches; and			
		D. methods for work within the rootzone of trees that are to be retained in			
		line with accepted arboricultural standards including provision of kauri			
		dieback management measures.			
		(iii) demonstrate how the tree management measures (outlined in A – D above)			
		are consistent with any relevant conditions of resource consents granted for			
	<i>(</i>)	the project.			
	(c)	Where replacement planting of any tree listed in Schedule 5 is required under			
		(b)(ii)(B) it shall be at a ratio of 2:1 for Single Trees and a minimum of like for like			
		(in m ²) for Group of Trees.			
30.		rork Utility Management Plan (NUMP)			
	(a)	A NUMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work.			
		The objective of the NUMP is to set out a framework for protecting, relocating and			
		working in proximity to existing network utilities.			
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the NUMP shall include methods to:			
		(i) provide access for maintenance at all reasonable times, or emergency works			
		at all times during construction activities;			
		(ii) protect and where necessary, relocate existing network utilities;			
		 (iii) manage the effects of dust and any other material potentially resulting from construction activities and able to cause material damage, beyond normal 			
		wear and tear to overhead transmission lines in the project area;			
	 (iv) demonstrate compliance with relevant standards and Codes of Practice including, where relevant, the NZECP 34:2001 New Zealand Electrical Code 				
		of Practice for Electrical Safe Distances 2001; AS/NZS 4853:2012 Electrical			
		hazards on Metallic Pipelines, and AS/NZS 2885 Pipelines – Gas and Liquid			
		Petroleum.			
	(c)	The NUMP shall be prepared in consultation with the relevant Network Utility			
	(-)	Operator(s) who have existing assets that are directly affected by the project.			
	(d)	The development of the NUMP shall consider opportunities to coordinate future			
	· · /	work programmes with other Network Utility Operator(s) during detailed design			
		where practicable.			
	(e)	The NUMP shall describe how any comments from the Network Utility Operator in			
		relation to its assets have been addressed.			
	(f)	Any comments received from the Network Utility Operator shall be considered			
		when finalising the NUMP.			
	(g)	Any amendments to the NUMP related to the assets of a Network Utility Operator			
	1	shall be prepared in consultation with that asset owner.			

31.	Network Integration Management Plan (NIMP)				
	(a) At least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, the Requiring Authority shall prepare, in collaboration with other relevant road				
	 controlling authorities, a NIMP. (b) The objective of the NIMP is to identify how the project will integrate with the planned transport network in the North Growth Area to achieve an effective, efficient and safe land transport system. To achieve this objective, the NIMP shall include details of the: 				
	 (i) project implementation approach and any staging of the project, including both design, management and operational matters; and (ii) sequencing of the project with the planned transport network, including both 				
	design, management and operational matters.				
Operat	Operational conditions				

32.	Low Noise Road Surface		
	(a) Asphaltic concrete surfacing (or equivalent low noise road surface) shall be		
	implemented within 12 months of Completion of Construction of the project.		
	(b) The asphaltic concrete surface shall be maintained as far as practicable to retain		
	the noise reduction performance of the surface established in accordance with (a), unless Condition 33 applies.		
22			
33.	Future Resurfacing Work		
	(a) Any future resurfacing works of the project shall be undertaken in accordance with the Auckland Transport Reseal Guidelines, Asset Management and Systems 2013		
	or any updated version and asphaltic concrete surfacing (or equivalent low noise		
	road surface) shall be implemented where:		
	(i) the volume of traffic exceeds 10,000 vehicles per day;		
	(ii) the road is subject to high wear and tear (such as cul de sac heads,		
	roundabouts and main road intersections);		
	 (iii) it is in an industrial or commercial area where there is a high concentration of truck traffic; or 		
	(iv) it is subject to high usage by pedestrians, such as town centres, hospitals,		
	shopping centres and schools.		
	(b) Prior to commencing any future resurfacing works, the Requiring Authority shall		
	advise the Manager if any of the triggers in Condition $33(a)(i) - (iv)$ are not met by		
	the road or a section of it and therefore where the application of asphaltic concrete surfacing (or equivalent low noise road surface) is no longer required on the road or		
	a section of it. Such advice shall also indicate when any resealing is to occur.		
	Traffic Noise		
	For the purposes of Conditions 34 to 39:		
	(a) Building-Modification Mitigation – has the same meaning as in NZS 6806;		
	(b) Design year has the same meaning as in NZS 6806;		
	(c) Detailed Mitigation Options – means the fully detailed design of the Selected		
	Mitigation Options, with all practical issues addressed;		
	 (d) Habitable Space – has the same meaning as in NZS 6806; (e) Identified Noise Criteria Category – means the Noise Criteria Category for a PPF 		
	identified in Schedule 6: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories;		
	(f) Mitigation – has the same meaning as in NZS 6806:2010 Acoustics – Road-traffic		
	noise – New and altered roads;		
	(g) Noise Criteria Categories – means the groups of preference for sound levels		
	established in accordance with NZS 6806 when determining the Best Practicable Option for noise mitigation (i.e. Categories A, B and C);		
	(h) NZS 6806 – means New Zealand Standard NZS 6806:2010 Acoustics – Road-traffic		
	noise – New and altered roads;		
	(i) Protected Premises and Facilities (PPFs) – means only the premises and facilities		
	identified in Schedule 6: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories;		
	 Selected Mitigation Options – means the preferred mitigation option resulting from a Best Practicable Option assessment undertaken in accordance with NZS 6806 taking 		
	into account any low noise road surface to be implemented in accordance with		
	Condition 32; and		
	(k) Structural Mitigation – has the same meaning as in NZS 6806.		
34.	The Noise Criteria Categories identified in Schedule 6: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories at each of the PPFs shall be achieved where practicable and subject to		
	Conditions 34 to 39 (all traffic noise conditions).		
	The Noise Criteria Categories do not need to be complied with at a PPF where:		
	(a) the PPF no longer exists; or		
	(b) agreement of the landowner has been obtained confirming that the Noise Criteria		
	Category does not need to be met.		
	Achievement of the Noise Criteria Categories for PPFs shall be by reference to a traffic		
	forecast for a high growth scenario in a design year at least 10 years after the		
	programmed opening of the project.		

35.	As part of the detailed design of the project, a Suitably Qualified Person shall determine the Selected Mitigation Options for the PPFs identified on Schedule 6: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories.
	For the avoidance of doubt, the low noise road surface implemented in accordance with Condition 32 may be (or be part of) the Selected Mitigation Option(s).
36.	Prior to the Start of Construction of the project, a Suitably Qualified Person shall develop the Detailed Mitigation Options for the PPFs identified in Schedule 6: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories, taking into account the Selected Mitigation Options.
37.	If the Detailed Mitigation Options would result in the Identified Noise Criteria Category changing to a less stringent Category, e.g. from Category A to B or Category B to C, at any relevant PPF, a Suitably Qualified Person shall provide confirmation to the Manager that the Detailed Mitigation Option would be consistent with adopting the Best Practicable Option in accordance with NZS 6806 prior to implementation.
38.	The Detailed Mitigation Options shall be implemented prior to Completion of Construction of the project, with the exception of any low-noise road surfaces, which shall be implemented within 12 months of Completion of Construction.
39.	Any barriers required by the Detailed Mitigation Options shall be maintained so they retain their noise reduction performance as far as practicable.

Attachments

Schedule 1: General Accordance Plans and Information

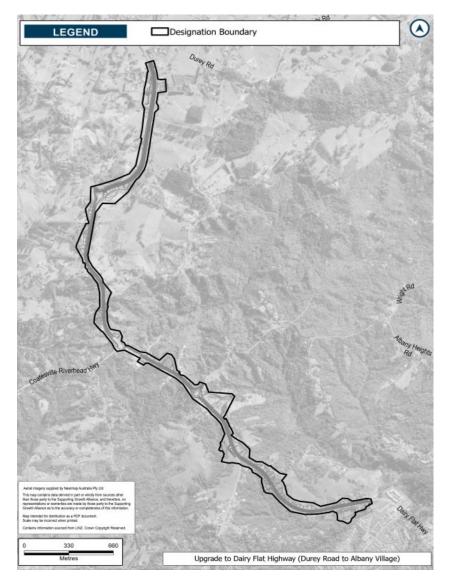
Project Description

The proposed work is the construction, operation and maintenance of an upgrade to Dairy Flat Highway between Durey Road, Dairy Flat and Albany village, including active mode facilities, safety improvements and associated infrastructure.

The proposed work is shown in the following Concept Plan and includes:

- Upgrading the corridor with walking and cycling facilities and safety improvements.
- Tie-ins with existing roads and localised widening around the existing intersections to accommodate new intersection forms.
- New or upgraded stormwater management systems, bridges and culverts (where applicable).
- Batter slopes, and associated cut and fill activities (earthworks).
- Vegetation removal.
- Other construction related activities required outside the permanent corridor including the regrade of driveways, construction traffic manoeuvring and construction laydown areas.

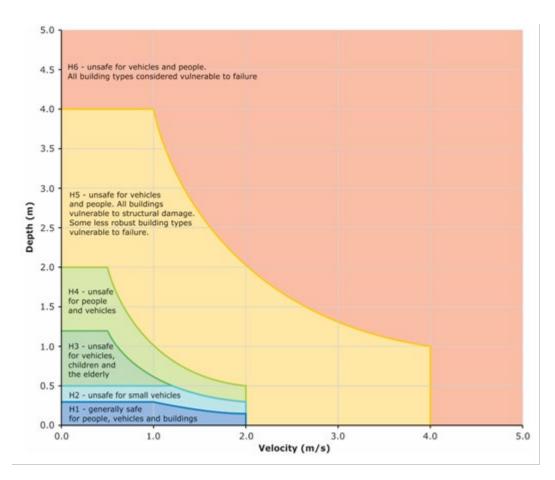
Concept Plan



Schedule 2 – Flood Hazard Class

The combined flood hazard curves shown below set hazard thresholds that relate to the vulnerability of the community when interacting with floodwaters. The combined curves are divided into hazard classifications that relate to specific vulnerability thresholds

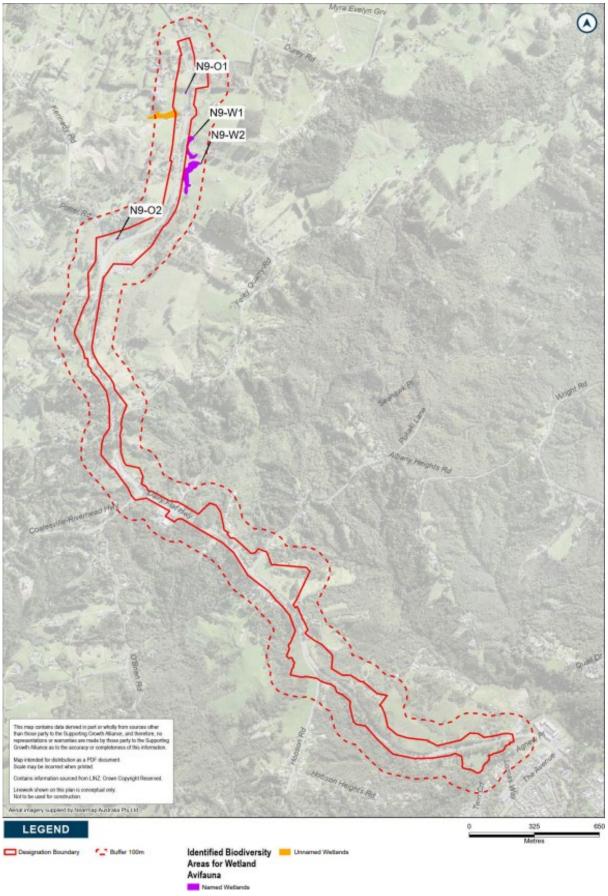
The vulnerability thresholds identified in the flood hazard curves can be applied to the best description of flood behaviour available for a subject site. In this regard, the hazard curves can be applied equally to flood behaviour estimates from measured data, simpler 1D numerical modelling approaches, through to complex 2D model estimates with the level of accuracy and uncertainty of the flood hazard estimate linked to the method used to derive the flood behaviour estimate.



Source: Australian Rainfall and Runoff, Book 6, 2019

Schedule 3: Identified Biodiversity Areas







District Plan Trees

Schedule 4: Table 10 of the 2018 EIANZ Guidelines

Criteria for describing level of effects (Adapted from Regini (2000) and Boffa Miskell (2011))

Ecological Value →	Very high	High	Moderate	Low	Negligible
Magnitude ↓					
Very high	Very high	Very high	High	Moderate	Low
High	Very high	Very high	Moderate	Low	Very low
Moderate	High	High	Moderate	Low	Very low
Low	Moderate	Low	Low	Very low	Very low
Negligible	Low	Very low	Very low	Very low	Very low
Positive	Net gain	Net gain	Net gain	Net gain	Net gain

Schedule 5: Trees to be included in the Tree Management Plan

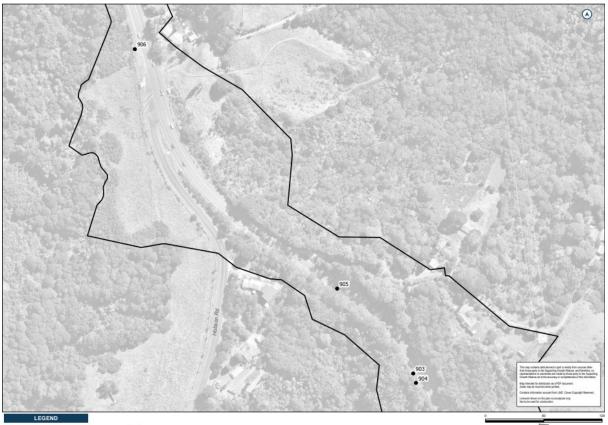
Tree number	Vegetation type	Protection	Location	Species	Age
901	Row/group of vegetation	Road reserve	Adjacent to R335 Dairy Flat Highway	Privet, Crack Willow (<i>Salix fragilis</i>), Wattle, Ti Kouka (<i>Cordyline australis</i>), Taupata, Mahoe, Ponga, Manuka, Puriri (<i>Vitex lucens</i>) and other weed and pioneer indigenous species	Semi- mature
902	Mixed indigenous and exotic vegetation	Road reserve	Adjacent to R357 Dairy Flat Highway	Monterey Pine (<i>Pinus radiata</i>) and <i>Pinus pinaster</i> . The balance of trees includes a largely continuous stand of Manuka and Kanuka (<i>Kunzea ericoides</i>)	Semi- mature to mature
903	Single Tree (Notable tree)	Road Reserve/Private property	Adjacent to 19 Hobson Road/partially on road reserve	Kauri (Aga <i>thus</i> australis)	Mature
904	Mixed Kauri and remnant indigenous	Private/Road Reserve (not protected under DP)	19 Hobson Road	Kauri (<i>Agathus</i> <i>australis</i>), Rimu (<i>Dacrydium</i> <i>cupressinum</i>), Tanekaha Manuka (<i>Leptospernum</i> <i>scoparium</i>), Kanuka (<i>Kunzea</i> <i>ericoides</i>), Taupata (<i>Coprosma</i> <i>repens</i>)	Semi- mature to mature
905	Manuka & Pine	No protection, adjacent to Rural zone	1 Hobson Road	Manuka (Leptospernum scoparium), Kanuka (Kunzea ericoides), Pinus radiata, Pinus pinaster	Semi- mature to mature
906	Manuka row	Road reserve	Adjacent to Open space zoned land (463 Dairy Flat Highway)	Manuka (Leptospernum scoparium)	Semi- mature
907	Monterey Pine and Kauri	Road reserve	Adjacent to Open space zoned land (R497 Dairy Flat Highway)	Manuka (Leptospernum scoparium), Kauri (Agathus australis),	Semi- mature to mature

	Taupata (<i>Coprosma</i> <i>repens),</i> Monterey Pine (<i>Pinus radiata),</i>
	Pinus pinaster



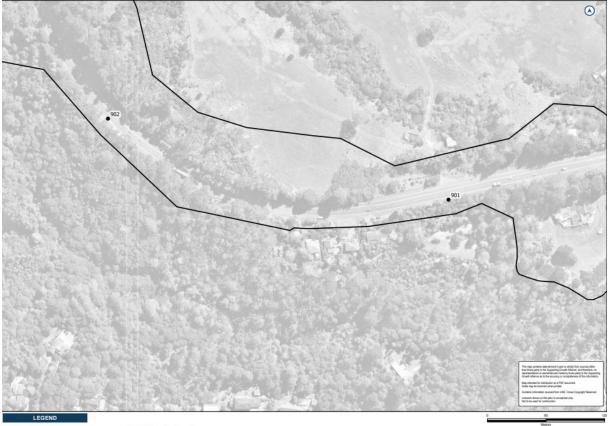
Tree/Group of Trees

Designation Boundary



Tree/Group of Trees

Designation Boundary



Tree/Group of Trees

Designation Boundary

Schedule 6: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories

Address	New or Altered Road	Noise Criteria Category
624 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
623 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
473 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
2 Potter Road	Altered	A
452 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
615 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
341 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
614 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
449 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
2 Foley Quarry Road	Altered	A
430 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
508 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
349 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
664 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
652 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
328 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
501 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
2A Foley Quarry Road	Altered	A
540 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1 Potter Road	Altered	A
461 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1 Hobson Road	Altered	A
2 Stevensons Crescent	Altered	A
792 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
459 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
668 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
448 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A

345 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
347 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
310 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	А
641 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	А
316 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
4 Foley Quarry Road	Altered	А
11 Hobson Road	Altered	А
785 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
530 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	А
442 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
507 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	А
10 Potter Road	Altered	A
733 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
12 Agnew Place	Altered	A
23 Agnew Place	Altered	А
12 Coatesville-Riverhead Highway	Altered	A
8 Stevensons Crescent	Altered	A
481 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
528 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
619 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
655 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
6 Agnew Place	Altered	А
406 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
738 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
169 Foley Quarry Road	Altered	A
770 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
4 Agnew Place	Altered	A
783 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
L	1	

505 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
8 Agnew Place	Altered	A
761A Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
2 Agnew Place	Altered	A
471 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
121 Foley Quarry Road	Altered	A
17 Lomas Way	Altered	A
3 Potter Road	Altered	A
3 Foley Quarry Road	Altered	A
748 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
18 Albany Heights Road	Altered	A
16 Hobson Heights Road	Altered	A
18 Hobson Heights Road	Altered	A
33 Foley Quarry Road	Altered	A
19 Lomas Way	Altered	A
10 Hobson Heights Road	Altered	A
26 Coatesville-Riverhead Highway	Altered	A
557 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
21 Agnew Place	Altered	A
38 Lomas Way	Altered	A
508B Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
10 Agnew Place	Altered	A
16 Durey Road	Altered	A
555 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
30 Coatesville-Riverhead Highway	Altered	A
508A Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
731 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
785 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A

12 Durey Road	Altered	A
623A Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
185 Kennedy Road	Altered	A
807 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
41 Durey Road	Altered	A
823 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
11 Durey Road	Altered	A

Appendix F – Auckland Transport's Modifications to NoR 10 conditions (clean)

[XXXX] Upgrade to Wainui Road

Designation Number	[XXXX]	
Requiring Authority	Auckland Transport	
Location	Wainui Road between Lysnar Road in Wainui and the State Highway 1 northbound Wainui Road offramp	
Lapse Date	In accordance with section 184(1)(c) of the RMA, this designation shall lapse if not given effect to within 20 years from the date on which it is included in the AUP.	

Purpose

The construction, operation and maintenance of an upgrade to Wainui Road to an arterial transport corridor and associated facilities.

Conditions

Abbreviations and definitions

Acronym/Term	Definition
Activity sensitive to noise	Any dwelling, visitor accommodation, boarding house, marae, papakāinga, integrated residential development, retirement village, supported residential care, care centre, lecture theatre in a tertiary Education Facility, classroom in an Education Facility and healthcare facility with an overnight stay facility
AUP	Auckland Unitary Plan
BPO or Best Practicable Option	Has the same meaning as in section 2 of the RMA 1991
CEMP	Construction Environmental Management Plan
Certification of material changes to management plans	 Confirmation from the Manager that a material change to a management plan has been prepared in accordance with the condition to which it relates. A material change to a management plan shall be deemed certified: (a) where the Requiring Authority has received written confirmation from the Manager that the material change to the management plan is certified; or (b) 10 working days from the submission of the material change to the management plan where no written confirmation of certification has been received
CMP	Cultural Monitoring Plan
CNVMP	Construction Noise and Vibration Management Plan
CNVMP Schedule or Schedule	A schedule to the CNVMP
Completion of Construction	When construction of the project (or part of the project) is complete and it is available for use
Confirmed Biodiversity Areas	Areas recorded in the Identified Biodiversity Area Schedule where the ecological values and effects have been confirmed through the ecological survey under Condition 27
Construction Works	Activities undertaken to construct the project excluding Enabling Works
Council	Auckland Council
CTMP	Construction Traffic Management Plan

Developer	Any legal entity that intends to master plan or develop land adjacent to the designation
Development Agency	Public entities involved in development projects
Education Facility	 Facility used for education to secondary level. Includes: schools and outdoor education facilities; and accommodation, administrative, cultural, religious, health, retail and communal facilities accessory to the above. Excludes: care centres; and tertiary education facilities.
EIANZ Guidelines	Ecological Impact Assessment: EIANZ Guidelines for use in New Zealand: terrestrial and freshwater ecosystems, second edition, dated May 2018
EMP	Ecological Management Plan
Enabling Works	 Includes, but is not limited to, the following and similar activities: (a) geotechnical investigations (including trial embankments); (b) archaeological site investigations; (c) formation of access for geotechnical investigations; (d) establishment of site yards, site entrances and fencing; (e) constructing and sealing site access roads; (f) demolition or removal of buildings and structures; (g) relocation of services; and (h) establishment of mitigation measures (such as erosion and sediment control measures, temporary noise walls, earth bunds and planting)
HHMP	Historic Heritage Management Plan
HNZPT	Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga
HNZPTA	Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014
Identified Biodiversity Area	Means an area or areas of features of ecological value where the project ecologist has identified that the project will potentially have a moderate or greater level of ecological effect, prior to implementation of impact management measures, as determined in accordance with the EIANZ Guidelines
Manager	The Manager – Resource Consents of the Auckland Council, or authorised delegate
Mana Whenua	 Mana Whenua as referred to in the conditions are considered to be, but not limited to, the following (in no particular order), who at the time of Notice of Requirement expressed a desire to be involved in the project: (a) Ngāti Manuhiri (b) Te Kawerau ā Maki (c) Te Ākitai Waiohua (d) Ngāti Whanaunga (e) Te Runanga o Ngāti Whātua (f) Ngāti Maru (g) Te Patu Kirikiri (h) Ngāti Tamaterā (j) Ngai Tai ki Tāmaki (k) Ngāti Paoa Iwi Trust (l) Ngāti Paoa Trust Board Note: other iwi not identified above may have an interest in the project and should be consulted
Network Utility Operator	Has the same meaning as set out in section 166 of the RMA
NIMP	Network Integration Management Plan

NoR	Notice of Requirement
North Growth Area	Land for future urban development in the North of Auckland, including Future Urban zoned areas in Ara Hills, Ōrewa, Wainui East, Silverdale West, Redvale and Dairy Flat
NUMP	Network Utilities Management Plan
Outline Plan	An outline plan prepared in accordance with section 176A of the RMA
Project Liaison Person	The person or persons appointed for the duration of the project's Construction Works to be the main point of contact for persons wanting information about the project or affected by the Construction Works
Protected Premises and Facilities (PPF)	Protected Premises and Facilities as defined in New Zealand Standard NZS 6806:2010: <i>Acoustics – Road-traffic noise – New and</i> <i>altered roads</i>
Requiring Authority	Has the same meaning as section 166 of the RMA and, for this designation is Auckland Transport
RMA	Resource Management Act 1991
SCEMP	Stakeholder Communication and Engagement Management Plan
Stakeholder	Stakeholders to be identified in accordance with Condition 4, which may include as appropriate:
	 (a) adjacent owners and occupiers; (b) adjacent business owners and operators; (c) central and local government bodies; (d) community groups; (e) developers; (f) development agencies; (g) Education Facilities; and (h) Network Utility Operators.
Stage of Work	Any physical works that require the development of an Outline Plan
Start of Construction	The time when Construction Works (excluding Enabling Works) start
Suitably Qualified Person	A person (or persons) who can provide sufficient evidence to demonstrate their suitability, experience and competence in the relevant field of expertise.
ТМР	Tree Management Plan
ULDMP	Urban and Landscape Design Management Plan

General	General conditions		
1.	Activ	vity in General Accordance with Plans and Information	
	(a) (b)	Except as provided for in the conditions below, and subject to final design and Outline Plan(s), works within the designation shall be undertaken in general accordance with the project description and concept plan in Schedule 1. Where there is inconsistency between:	
		 (i) the project description and concept plan in Schedule 1 and the requirements of the following conditions, the conditions shall prevail; (ii) the project description and concept plan in Schedule 1, and the management plans under the conditions of the designation, the requirements of the 	
•	Duri	management plans shall prevail.	
2.	(a)	A project website, or equivalent virtual information source, shall be established as soon as reasonably practicable, and within six months of the inclusion of this designation in the AUP. This shall be updated as required so it remains current.	
	(b)	All directly affected owners and occupiers shall be notified in writing as soon as reasonably practicable once the website or equivalent information source has been established. The project website or virtual information source shall include these conditions and shall provide information on:	
		 (i) the status of the project; (ii) anticipated construction timeframes; (iii) contact details for enquiries; 	
		 (iv) the implications of the designation for landowners, occupiers and business owners and operators within the designation and where they can receive additional advice; 	
		 (v) a subscription service to enable receipt of project updates by email; (vi) the types of activities that can be undertaken by landowners without the need for written consent to be obtained under s176(1)(b) of the RMA; and (vii) when and how to apply for consent for works in the designation under 	
		section 176(1)(b) of the RMA.	
	(c)	 At ten yearly intervals from the inclusion of this designation in the AUP until the start of detailed design, the Requiring Authority shall identify appropriate methods with the relevant Local Board(s) to: (i) inform the wider community of the project status; and (ii) raise awareness of the project website. 	
	(d)	At the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, the project website or virtual information source shall be updated to provide information on the likely date for Start of Construction, and any Staging of Works.	

3.	Land	I use Integration Process
	(a)	The Requiring Authority shall set up a Land use Integration Process for the period
		between confirmation of the designation and the Start of Construction. The purpose
		of this process is to encourage and facilitate the integration of master planning and
		land use development activity on land directly affected or adjacent to the
		designation. To achieve this purpose:
		(i) the Requiring Authority shall include the contact details of a nominated
		contact on the project website (or equivalent information source) required to
		be established by Condition 2(b)(iii); and(ii) the nominated contact shall be the main point of contact for a Developer or
		Development Agency wanting to work with the Requiring Authority to
		integrate their development plans or master planning with the designation.
	(b)	At any time prior to the Start of Construction, the nominated contact will be
	(~)	available to engage with a Developer or Development Agency for the purpose of:
		(i) responding to requests made to the Requiring Authority for information
		regarding design details that could assist with land use integration; and
		(ii) receiving information from a Developer or Development Agency regarding
		master planning or land development details that could assist with land use
		integration.
	(c)	Information requested or provided under Condition 3(b) above may include but not
		be limited to the following matters:
		(i) design details including but not limited to:
		A. boundary treatment (e.g. the use of retaining walls or batter slopes);
		B. the horizontal and vertical alignment of the road (levels);
		C. potential locations for mid-block crossings;D. integration of stormwater infrastructure; and
		E. traffic noise modelling contours.
		(ii) potential modifications to the extent of the designation in response to
		information received through Condition 3(b)(ii);
		(iii) a process for the Requiring Authority to undertake a technical review of or
		provide comments on any master planning or development proposal
		advanced by the Developer or Development Agency as it relates to
		integration with the project; and
		(iv) details of how to apply for written consent from the Requiring Authority for
		any development proposal that relates to land that is within the designation under eaction $176(4)$ (b) of the DMA
	(d)	under section 176(1)(b) of the RMA. Where information is requested from the Requiring Authority and is available, the
	(u)	nominated contact shall provide the information unless there are reasonable
		grounds for not providing it.
	(e)	The nominated contact shall maintain a record of the engagement between the
	()	Requiring Authority and Developers and Development Agencies for the period
		following the date in which this designation is included in the AUP through to the
		Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The record shall include:
		(i) details of any requests made to the Requiring Authority that could influence
		detailed design, the results of any engagement and, where such requests
		that could influence detailed design are declined, the reasons why the
		 Requiring Authority has declined the requests; and (ii) details of any requests to co-ordinate the forward work programme, where
		 details of any requests to co-ordinate the forward work programme, where appropriate, with Development Agencies and Network Utility Operators.
	(f)	The record shall be submitted to Council for information 10 working days prior to
	(י)	the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work.

4.	Stakeholder Communication and Engagement Design		
	(a) A	At least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, the	
	F	Requiring Authority shall identify:	
		(i) a list of Stakeholders;	
	(a list of properties within the designation which the Requiring Authority does not own or have occupation rights to; and 	
	((iii) methods to engage with Stakeholders and the owners and occupiers of	
	,	properties identified in (a)(i) – (ii) above.	
	(b) A	A record of (a) shall be submitted to the Manager for information with an Outline	
	F	Plan for the relevant Stage of Work.	
5.	Design	nation Review	
	As soo	n as reasonably practicable following Completion of Construction, the Requiring	
		ity shall:	
	((i) review the extent of the designation to identify any areas of designated land	
		that it no longer requires for the on-going operation, maintenance or	
	((ii) mitigation of effects of the project; and give notice to the Manager in accordance with section 182 of the RMA for	
	(give notice to the Manager in accordance with section 182 of the RMA for the removal of those parts of the designation identified above. 	
6.	Lapse		
0.	-	ordance with section 184(1)(c) of the RMA, this designation shall lapse if not given	
		o within 20 years from the date on which it is included in the AUP.	
7.		rk Utility Operators (Section 176 Approval)	
<i>'</i> .		Prior to the Start of Construction, Network Utility Operators with existing	
		nfrastructure located within the designation will not require written consent under	
		section 176 of the RMA for the following activities:	
		(i) operation, maintenance and repair works;	
		(ii) minor renewal works to existing network utilities necessary for the on-going	
		provision or security of supply of network utility operations;	
		(iii) minor works such as new service connections; and	
	((iv) the upgrade and replacement of existing network utilities in the same	
		location with the same or similar effects on the works authorised by the	
	(1.)	designation as the existing utility.	
	· · /	To the extent that a record of written approval is required for the activities listed	
8.		above, this condition shall constitute written approval.	
0.		al Section 176 Approval	
		Prior to the start of the formal acquisition process under the Public Works Act 1981 for a property, or submission of the Outline Plan, persons on properties zoned	
		Rural or Future Urban will not require written consent under section 176 of the	
		RMA for the following activities:	
		(i) Internal alterations;	
		(ii) Repair of existing utility services;	
		(iii) One extension to an existing structure as at 2023, up to 30m ² ;	
	((iv) Temporary or relocatable structures, provided they are removed from the site	
		and the land is reinstated (including closing and capping any associated	
		services) at the landowner's expense prior to the Start of Construction. The landowner shall be responsible for any resource consent required for the	
		structures, their removal or relocation.	
	(b) 7	To the extent that a record of written approval is required for the activities listed	
		above, this condition shall constitute written approval.	
Pre-con		n conditions	

9.	Outline Plan		
	 (a) An Outline Plan (or Plans) shall be prepared in accordance with section 176A of the RMA. 		
	(b) Outline Plans (or Plan) may be submitted in parts or in stages to address particular		
	activities (e.g. design or construction aspects), or a Stage of Work of the project.		
	(c) Outline Plans shall include any management plan or plans that are relevant to the		
	management of effects of those activities or Stage of Work, which may include:		
	 (i) Construction Environmental Management Plan; (ii) Construction Traffic Management Plan; 		
	(iii) Construction Noise and Vibration Management Plan;		
	(iv) Urban and Landscape Design Management Plan;		
	(v) Historic Heritage Management Plan;		
	(vi) Ecological Management Plan;		
	(vii) Tree Management Plan;		
	 (viii) Network Utilities Management Plan; and (ix) Network Integration Management Plan. 		
	Flood Hazard		
	For the purpose of Condition 10:		
	(a) AEP – means Annual Exceedance Probability;(b) Existing Authorised Habitable Floor – means the floor level of any room (floor) in		
	a residential building which is authorised and exists at the time the Outline Plan is submitted, excluding a laundry, bathroom, toilet or any room used solely as an entrance hall, passageway or garage;		
	(c) Flood Prone Area – means potential ponding areas that may flood in a 1% AEP		
	event and commonly comprise of topographical depression areas. The areas can occur naturally or as a result of constructed features. Identification of a potential Flood Prone Area would be by an assessment of residual flood risk in a 1% AEP event (e.g. from blockage of the project stormwater network) on land outside and		
	adjacent to the designation following the application of Conditions $(10)(a)(i) - (iv)$.		
	(d) Maximum Probable Development – is the design case for consideration of future flows allowing for development within a catchment that takes into account the		
	maximum impervious surface limits of the current zone or if the land is zoned		
	Future Urban in the AUP, the probable level of development arising from zone		
	changes;		
	(e) Pre-Project Development – means existing site condition prior to the project		
	(including existing buildings and roadways); and		
	(f) Post-Project Development – means site condition after the project has been		
	completed (including existing and new buildings and roadways).		

10.	Flood Hazard	
	(a)	The project shall be designed to achieve the following flood risk outcomes beyond the boundary of the designation:
		 no increase in flood levels in a 1% AEP event for Existing Authorised Habitable Floors that are already subject to flooding or have a freeboard less than 500mm;
		 (ii) no increase in flood levels in a 1% AEP event for authorised community, commercial, industrial and network utility building floors existing at the time the Outline Plan is submitted that are already subject to flooding or have a freeboard less than 300mm;
		 (iii) maximum of 50mm increase in flood levels in a 1% AEP event outside and adjacent to the designation boundary between the Pre-Project Development and Post-Project Development scenarios;
		(iv) no increase of Flood Hazard Class for the main access to authorised habitable dwellings existing at the time the Outline Plan is submitted. The assessment shall be undertaken for the 1% AEP rainfall event and reference the hazard class in accordance with Schedule 2 to these conditions; and
		(v) no new Flood Prone Areas.
	(b)	Compliance with this condition shall be demonstrated in the Outline Plan, which shall include flood modelling of the Pre-Project Development and Post-Project Development 1% AEP flood levels (for Maximum Probable Development land use with ellowers for elimete change)
	(c)	with allowances for climate change). Where:
	(0)	 the flood risk outcomes in (a) can be achieved through alternative measures outside of the designation such as flood stop banks, flood walls, raising Existing Authorised Habitable Floor level and new overland flow paths; or
		 the outcomes are varied at specific location(s) through agreement with the relevant landowner,
		confirmation shall be provided to the Manager that any necessary landowner agreement and statutory approvals have been obtained for that alternative measure or varied outcome.
11.	Exist	ting property access
	and o	to submission of the Outline Plan, consultation shall be undertaken with landowners occupiers whose vehicle access to their property will be altered by the project. The ne Plan shall demonstrate how safe reconfigured or alternate access will be
	provi	ded, unless otherwise agreed with the affected landowner.

12.	Mana	Management Plans	
	(a)	Any management plan shall:	
		(i) be prepared and implemented in accordance with the relevant management	
		plan condition;	
		 (ii) be prepared by a Suitably Qualified Person(s); (iii) include sufficient detail relating to the management of effects appeariated with 	
		(iii) include sufficient detail relating to the management of effects associated with	
		the relevant activities and/or Stage of Work to which it relates;(iv) be submitted as part of an Outline Plan pursuant to section 176A of the	
		RMA, with the exception of SCEMPs and CNVMP Schedules; and	
		(v) once finalised, uploaded to the project website or equivalent virtual	
		information source.	
	(b)	Any management plan developed in accordance with Condition 12 may:	
		(i) be submitted in parts or in stages to address particular activities (e.g. design	
		or construction aspects), a Stage of Work of the project, or to address	
		specific activities authorised by the designation; and	
		(ii) except for material changes, be amended to reflect any changes in design,	
	(c)	construction methods or management of effects without further process; Information shall be submitted with the management plan (or revised plan as	
	(0)	referred to in (d) below) which summarises outcomes of consultation and any input	
		received from Mana Whenua and Stakeholders as required by the relevant	
		management plan condition. The summary shall note how this input has been	
		incorporated or reflected in the management plan, or if not, the reasons why;	
	(d)	If there is a material change required to a management plan which has been	
		submitted with an Outline Plan, the revised part of the plan shall be submitted to	
		the Manager as an update to the Outline Plan or for Certification as soon as	
		practicable following identification of the need for a revision; and	
	(e)	Any material changes to the SCEMP(s) are to be submitted to the Manager for	
40	<u> </u>	information.	
13.		eholder Communication and Engagement Management Plan (SCEMP)	
	(a)	A SCEMP shall be prepared in consultation with relevant Stakeholders prior to the Start of Construction. The objective of the SCEMP is to identify how the public and	
		State of Construction. The objective of the SCEMP is to identify how the public and Stakeholders will be engaged with throughout Construction Works.	
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the SCEMP shall include:	
	()	(i) a list of Stakeholders;	
		(ii) the contact details for the Project Liaison Person. These details shall be on	
		the project website, or equivalent virtual information source, and prominently	
		displayed at the main entrance(s) to the site(s);	
		 (iii) methods for engaging with Mana Whenua, to be developed in consultation with Mana Whenua; 	
		 (iv) methods and timing to engage with owners and occupiers whose access is 	
		directly affected;	
		 (v) methods to communicate key project milestones and the proposed hours of 	
		construction activities including outside of normal working hours and on	
		weekends and public holidays, to the parties identified in (b)(i) above; and	
		(vi) linkages and cross-references to communication and engagement methods	
	(α)	set out in other conditions and management plans where relevant. Any SCEMP prepared for a Stage of Work shall be submitted to the Manager for	
	(c)	information a minimum of 10 working days prior to the Start of Construction for a	
		Stage of Work.	

14.	Cultu	Cultural Advisory Report		
	(a)	At least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, Mana Whenua shall be invited to prepare a Cultural Advisory Report for the project. The		
		objective of the Cultural Advisory Report is to assist in understanding and		
		identifying ngā taonga tuku iho (treasures handed down by our ancestors) affected by the project, to inform their management and protection.		
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the Requiring Authority shall invite Mana Whenua to		
	. ,	prepare a Cultural Advisory Report that:		
		 (i) identifies the cultural sites, landscapes and values that have the potential to be affected by the construction and operation of the project; 		
		 sets out the desired outcomes for management of potential effects on cultural sites, landscapes and values; 		
		(iii) identifies traditional cultural practices within the area that may be impacted		
		by the project;		
		 (iv) identifies opportunities for restoration and enhancement of identified cultural sites, landscapes and values within the project area; 		
		 (v) taking into account the outcomes of (i) to (iv) above, identify cultural matters and principles that should be considered in the development of the ULDMP (Condition 15) and HHMP (Condition 26) and the CMP referred to in 		
		Condition 13) and HIMP (Condition 20) and the CMP referred to in Condition 20; and		
		(vi) identifies and (if possible) nominates traditional names along the project		
		alignment. Noting there may be formal statutory processes outside the		
	(c)	project required in any decision-making. The desired outcomes for management of potential effects on cultural sites,		
	(0)	landscapes and values identified in the Cultural Advisory Report shall be discussed		
		with Mana Whenua and those outcomes reflected in the relevant management		
	(1)	plans where practicable; and		
	(d)	Conditions 14(b) and (c) will cease to apply if: (i) Mana Whenua have been invited to prepare a Cultural Advisory Report by a		
		date at least six months prior to the Start of Construction; and		
		(ii) Mana Whenua have not provided a Cultural Advisory Report within six		
		months prior to the Start of Construction.		
		in and Landscape Design Management Plan (ULDMP)		
15.	(a)	A ULDMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the ULDMP(s) is to:		
		(i) enable integration of the project's permanent works into the surrounding		
		landscape and urban context; and		
		(ii) ensure that the project manages potential adverse landscape and visual		
	(1-)	effects as far as practicable and contributes to a quality urban environment.		
	(b)	Mana Whenua shall be invited to participate in the development of the ULDMP(s) to provide input into relevant cultural landscape and design matters including how		
		desired outcomes for management of potential effects on cultural sites, landscapes		
		and values identified and discussed in the Cultural Advisory Report in Condition 14		
	(-)	may be reflected in the ULDMP.		
	(c)	Relevant Stakeholders shall be invited to participate in the development of the ULDMP at least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work.		
I	1	element at least six months phones are start of detailed design for a stage of Work.		

16.	(a) To achieve the objective set out in Condition 15, the ULDMP(s) shall provide details
	of how the project:
	 (i) is designed to integrate with the adjacent urban (or proposed urban) and landscape context, including the surrounding existing or proposed topography, urban environment (eg. centres and density of built form), natural environment, landscape character and open space zones;
	 provides appropriate walking and cycling connectivity to, and interfaces with, existing or proposed adjacent land uses, public transport infrastructure and walking and cycling connections;
	(iii) promotes inclusive access (where appropriate);
	 (iv) promotes a sense of personal safety by aligning with best practice guidelines, such as:
	A. Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED) principles;B. Safety in Design (SID) requirements; and
	 Maintenance in Design (MID) requirements and anti-vandalism/anti- graffiti measures;
	 (v) has responded to matters identified through the Land use Integration Process (Condition 3); and
	(b) The ULDMP shall be prepared in general accordance with:
	 Auckland Transport's Urban Roads and Streets Design Guide, or any subsequent or updated version;
	 (ii) New Zealand Transport Agency Urban Design Guidelines: Bridging the Gap (2013) or any subsequent updated version;
	 (iii) New Zealand Transport Agency Landscape Guidelines (2018) or any subsequent updated version;
	(iv) New Zealand Transport Agency P39 Standard Specification for Highway Landscape Treatments (2013) or any subsequent updated version; and
	 (v) Auckland's Urban Ngahere (Forest) Strategy or any subsequent updated version.

17.	The	.DMP(s) shall include:
	(a)	a concept plan – which depicts the overall landscape and urban design concept,
		and explain the rationale for the landscape and urban design proposals;
	(b)	developed design concepts, including principles for walking and cycling facilities
		and public transport;
	(c)	andscape and urban design details – that cover the following:
		i) road design – elements such as intersection form, carriageway gradient and
		associated earthworks contouring including cut and fill batters and the
		interface with adjacent land uses and existing roads (including slip lanes),
		benching, spoil disposal sites, median width and treatment, roadside width
		and treatment;
		ii) roadside elements – such as lighting, fencing, wayfinding and signage;
		(iii) architectural and landscape treatment of all major structures, including
		bridges and retaining walls;
		(iv) architectural and landscape treatment of noise barriers;
		(v) landscape treatment and planting of permanent stormwater control wetlands
		and swales;
		(vi) integration of passenger transport;
		 (vii) pedestrian and cycle facilities including paths, road crossings and dedicated pedestrian/ cycle bridges or underpasses;
		viii) historic heritage places with reference to the HHMP (Condition 26); and
		(ix) re-instatement of construction and site compound areas; and
		(x) features disturbed during construction and intended to be reinstated such as:
		A. boundary features;
		B. driveways;
		C. accessways; and
		D. fences.
	(d)	he ULDMP shall also include the following planting and maintenance details:
		i) planting design details including:
		A. identification of existing trees and vegetation that will be retained with
		reference to the TMP (Condition 29) (where relevant) and EMP
		(Condition 28). Where practicable, mature trees and native vegetation
		should be retained;
		 B. street trees, shrubs and ground cover suitable for the location; C. treatment of fill slopes to integrate with adjacent land use, streams,
		riparian margins and open space zones;
		D. identification of any planting requirements under the EMP (Condition
		28) and TMP (Condition 29);
		E. integration of any planting required by conditions of any resource
		consents for the project; and
		F. re-instatement planting of construction and site compound areas as
		appropriate.
		(ii) a planting programme including the staging of planting in relation to the
		construction programme which shall, as far as practicable, include provision
		for planting within each planting season following completion of each Stage
		of Work; and
		(iii) detailed specifications relating to the following:
		 A. weed control and clearance; B. pest animal management (to support plant establishment);
		C. ground preparation (top soiling and decompaction);
		D. mulching; and
		E. plant sourcing and planting, including hydroseeding and grassing, and
		use of eco-sourced species.
		·
Constru	uction	onditions

18.	Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP)		
18.	 (a) A CEMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of The objective of the CEMP is to set out the management procedures and construction methods to be undertaken to avoid, remedy or mitigate any ad effects associated with Construction Works as far as practicable. (b) To achieve the objective, the CEMP shall include: (i) the roles and responsibilities of staff and contractors; (ii) details of the site or project manager and the Project Liaison Person including their contact details (phone and email address); (iii) the Construction Works programmes and the staging approach, and proposed hours of work; (iv) details of the proposed construction lighting; (v) details of the proposed construction lighting; (vi) methods for controlling dust and the removal of debris and demolitio construction materials from public roads or places; (vii) methods for providing for the health and safety of the general public; 		
		 (viii) measures to mitigate nood mazard enects such as sking stockplies out of floodplains, minimising obstruction to flood flows, actions to respond to warnings of heavy rain; (ix) procedures for incident management; 	
		 (x) location and procedures for the refuelling and maintenance of plant and equipment to avoid discharges of fuels or lubricants to watercourses; 	
		 (xi) measures to address the storage of fuels, lubricants, hazardous and/or dangerous materials, along with contingency procedures to address emergency spill response(s) and clean up; 	
		(xii) procedures for responding to complaints about Construction Works; and(xiii) methods for amending and updating the CEMP as required.	
19.	Com	plaints Process	
	(a)	 At all times during Construction Works, a record of any complaints received about the Construction Works shall be maintained. The record shall include: (i) the date, time and nature of the complaint; (ii) the name, phone number and address of the complainant (unless the complainant wishes to remain anonymous); (iii) measures taken to respond to the complaint (including a record of the response provided to the complainant) or confirmation of no action if deemed appropriate; (iv) the outcome of the investigation into the complaint; and 	
		 (v) any other activities in the area, unrelated to the project that may have contributed to the complaint, such as non-project construction, fires, traffic accidents or unusually dusty conditions generally. 	
	(b)	A copy of the complaints record required by this condition shall be made available to the Manager upon request as soon as practicable after the request is made.	

20.	Cultural Monitoring Plan (CMP)				
	(a)	Prior to the Start of Construction, a CMP shall be prepared by a Suitably Qualified Person(s) identified in collaboration with Mana Whenua. The objective of the CMP is to identify methods for undertaking cultural monitoring to assist with management of any cultural effects during Construction Works.			
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the CMP shall include:			
		 requirements for formal dedication or cultural interpretation to be undertaken prior to the Start of Construction in areas identified as having significance to Mana Whenua; 			
		 (ii) requirements and protocols for cultural inductions for contractors and subcontractors; 			
		 (iii) identification of activities, sites and areas where cultural monitoring is required during particular Construction Works; 			
		 (iv) identification of personnel to undertake cultural monitoring, including any geographic definition of their responsibilities; and 			
		 (v) details of personnel to assist with management of any cultural effects identified during cultural monitoring, including implementation of the Accidental Discovery Protocol. 			
	(c)	If Enabling Works involving soil disturbance are undertaken prior to the Start of Construction, an Enabling Works CMP shall be prepared by a Suitably Qualified Person identified in collaboration with Mana Whenua. This plan may be prepared as a standalone Enabling Works CMP or be included in the main Construction Works CMP.			
	Advi	ice note:			
	desig	re appropriate, the CMP shall align with the requirements of other conditions of the gnation and resource consents for the project which require monitoring during struction Works.			

21.	Construction Traffic Management Plan (CTMP)		
	(a)	A CTMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the CTMP is to avoid, remedy or mitigate, as far as practicable, adverse construction traffic effects.	
	(b)	To achieve this objective, the CTMP shall include:	
	(5)	 (i) methods to manage the effects of temporary traffic management activities on traffic; 	
		(ii) measures to ensure the safety of all transport users;	
		(iii) the estimated numbers, frequencies, routes and timing of traffic movements,	
		including any specific non-working or non-movement hours to manage vehicular and pedestrian traffic near Education Facilities or to manage traffic congestion;	
		(iv) site access routes and access points for heavy vehicles, the size and	
		location of parking areas for plant, construction vehicles and the vehicles of workers and visitors;	
		(v) identification of detour routes and other methods to ensure the safe	
		management and maintenance of traffic flows, including public transport, pedestrians and cyclists;	
		 (vi) methods to maintain access to and within property and/or private roads where practicable, or to provide alternative arrangements when it will not be, including details of how access is managed for loading and unloading of goods; 	
		 (vii) the management approach to loads on heavy vehicles, including covering loads of fine material, the use of wheel-wash facilities at site exit points and 	
		the timely removal of any material deposited or spilled on public roads; (viii) methods that will be undertaken to communicate traffic management	
		measures to affected road users (e.g. residents / public / Stakeholders / emergency services);	
		(ix) details of minimum network performance parameters during the construction	
		phase, including any measures to monitor compliance with the performance parameters; and	
		 details of any measures proposed to be implemented in the event of thresholds identified in (ix) being exceeded. 	
	(C)	Auditing, monitoring and reporting requirements relating to traffic management	
		activities shall be undertaken in accordance with the New Zealand Guide to	
		Temporary Traffic Management (April 2023) or any subsequent version.	

22.	Construction Noise	Construction Noise Standards							
	 (a) Construction noise shall be measured and assessed in accordance with NZS6803:1999 Acoustics – Construction Noise and shall comply with the noise 								
					e noise				
	standards set	out in the following	table as far as p	racticable:					
	Table 22-1 Construct	tion Noise Standards	6						
	Day of week Time period LAeq(15min) LAFmax								
	Occupied activity s	ensitive to noise							
	Weekday	0630h - 0730h	55 dB	75 dB					
		0730h - 1800h	70 dB	85 dB					
		1800h - 2000h	65 dB	80 dB					
		2000h - 0630h	45 dB	75 dB					
	Saturday	0630h - 0730h	45 dB	75 dB					
		0730h - 1800h	70 dB	85 dB					
		1800h - 2000h	45 dB	75 dB					
		2000h - 0630h	45 dB	75 dB					
	Sunday and Public	0630h - 0730h	45 dB	75 dB					
	Holidays	0730h - 1800h	55 dB	85 dB					
		1800h - 2000h	45 dB	75 dB					
		2000h - 0630h	45 dB	75 dB					
	Other occupied bui								
	All	0730h – 1800h	70 dB						
		1800h – 0730h	75 dB						
23.	. ,	ogy in Condition 25		It in Table 22-1 is not					
	Mechanical vi measurement	ibration and shock - t of vibrations and e	- Vibration of fixed valuation of their	dance with ISO 4866:2 d structures – Guidelir effects on structures a ollowing table as far a	ies for the and shall				
	Table 23-1 Construction Vibration Standards								
	Receiver	Details	Category A*	Category B**	_				
	Occupied activities sensitive to noise	Night-time 2000h - 0630h	0.3mm/s ppv	2mm/s ppv					
		Daytime 0630h - 2000h	2mm/s ppv	5mm/s ppv					
	Other occupied buildings	Daytime 0630h - 2000h	2mm/s ppv	5mm/s ppv					
	All other buildings	At all other times		f DIN4150-3:1999					
	* Category A criteria a ** Category B criteria	-		age criteria for daytime	_				

24.	Cons	truction Noise and Vibration Management Plan (CNVMP)
	(a)	A CNVMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for Stage of Work. A CNVMP shall be implemented during the Stage of Work to which it relates. The objective of the CNVMP is to provide a framework for the development and implementation of the Best Practicable Option for the management of construction noise and vibration effects to achieve the construction noise and vibration standards set out in Conditions 22 and 23 to the extent practicable.
	(b)	 To achieve the objective, the CNVMP shall be prepared in accordance with Annex E2 of the New Zealand Standard NZS6803:1999 'Acoustics – Construction Noise' (NZS6803:1999) and shall as a minimum, address the following: (i) description of the works and anticipated equipment/processes; (ii) hours of operation, including times and days when construction activities would occur;
		(iii) the construction noise and vibration standards for the project;
		(iv) identification of receivers where noise and vibration standards apply;
		 (v) a hierarchy of management and mitigation options, including any requirements to limit night works and works during other sensitive times, including Sundays and public holidays as far as practicable;
		 (vi) methods and frequency for monitoring and reporting on construction noise and vibration;
		 (vii) procedures for communication and engagement with nearby residents and Stakeholders, including notification of proposed construction activities, the period of construction activities, and management of noise and vibration complaints;
		(viii) contact details of the Project Liaison Person;
		 (ix) procedures for the regular training of the operators of construction equipment to minimise noise and vibration as well as expected construction site behaviours for all workers;
		 (x) procedures and requirements for the preparation of a Schedule to the CNVMP (Schedule) for those areas where compliance with the noise Condition 22 and/or vibration standards Condition 23 Category B will not be practicable;
		(xi) identification of trigger levels for undertaking building condition surveys, which shall be Category B day time levels;
		(xii) procedures and trigger levels for undertaking building condition surveys before and after works to determine whether any cosmetic or structural damage has occurred as a result of construction vibration;
		(xiii) methodology and programme of desktop and field audits and inspections to be undertaken to ensure that the CNVMP, Schedules and the Best Practicable Option for management of effects are being implemented; and
		(xiv) requirements for review and update of the CNVMP.

25.	Sche	edule to a CNVMP
	(a)	 A Schedule to the CNVMP (Schedule) shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction of an activity to which it relates by a Suitably Qualified Person, in consultation with the owners and occupiers of sites subject to the Schedule, when: (i) construction noise is either predicted or measured to exceed the noise standards in Condition 22, except where the exceedance of the L_{Aeq} criteria is no greater than 5 decibels and does not exceed: A. 0630 – 2000: 2 periods of up to 2 consecutive weeks in any 2 months; or
		 B. 2000 - 0630: 1 period of up to 2 consecutive nights in any 10 days; (ii) construction vibration is either predicted or measured to exceed the Category B standard at the receivers in Condition 23.
	(b)	The objective of the Schedule is to set out the Best Practicable Option measures to manage noise and/or vibration effects of the construction activity beyond those measures set out in the CNVMP.
	(c)	 To achieve the objective, the Schedule shall include details such as: (i) construction activity location, start and finish dates; (ii) the nearest neighbours to the construction activity; (iii) the predicted noise and/or vibration level for all receivers where the levels are predicted or measured to exceed the applicable standards and predicted duration of the exceedance; (iv) for works proposed between 2000h and 0630h, the reasons why the proposed works must be undertaken during these hours and why they cannot be practicably undertaken during the daytime; (v) the proposed mitigation options that have been selected, and the options that have been discounted as being impracticable and the reasons why; (vi) the consultation undertaken with owners and occupiers of sites subject to the Schedule, and how consultation has and has not been taken into account; and
	(d)	(vii) location, times and types of monitoring. The Schedule shall be submitted to the Manager for Certification at least five working days (except in unforeseen circumstances) in advance of Construction Works that are covered by the scope of the Schedule and shall form part of the CNVMP.
	(e)	The CNVMP Schedule shall be deemed certified five working days from the submission of the CNVMP Schedule where no written confirmation of Certification has been received.
	(f)	Where material changes are made to a Schedule required by this condition, the Requiring Authority shall consult the owners and/or occupiers of sites subject to the Schedule prior to submitting the amended Schedule to the Manager for Certification in accordance with (d) above. The amended Schedule shall document the consultation undertaken with those owners and occupiers, and how consultation outcomes have and have not been taken into account.

Histo	oric Heritage Management Plan (HHMP)
(a)	A HHMP shall be prepared in consultation with Council, HNZPT and Mana Whenua prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the HHMP is to protect historic heritage and to remedy and mitigate any residual effects as far as practicable.
(b)	To achieve the objective, the HHMP shall identify:
(0)	
	 (i) any adverse direct and indirect effects on historic heritage sites and measures to appropriately avoid, remedy or mitigate any such effects,
	including a tabulated summary of these effects and measures;
	(ii) methods for the identification and assessment of potential historic heritage
	places within the designation to inform detailed design;
	(iii) known historic heritage places and potential archaeological sites within the
	designation, including identifying any archaeological sites for which an Archaeological Authority under the HNZPTA will be sought or has been
	granted;
	(iv) any unrecorded archaeological sites or post-1900 heritage sites within the
	designation, which shall also be documented and recorded;
	 (v) roles, responsibilities and contact details of project personnel, Council and HNZPT representatives, Mana Whenua representatives, and relevant agencies involved with heritage and archaeological matters including surveys, monitoring of Construction Works, compliance with AUP accidental discovery rule, and monitoring of conditions;
	(vi) specific areas to be investigated, monitored and recorded to the extent these
	are directly affected by the project;
	(vii) the proposed methodology for investigating and recording post-1900 historic
	heritage sites (including buildings) that need to be destroyed, demolished or relocated, including details of their condition, measures to mitigate any adverse effects and timeframe for implementing the proposed methodology, in accordance with the HNZPT Archaeological Guidelines Series No.1: Investigation and Recording of Buildings and Standing Structures (November 2018), or any subsequent version;
	(viii) methods to acknowledge cultural values identified through Condition 14
	where archaeological sites also involve ngā taonga tuku iho (treasures
	 handed down by our ancestors) and where feasible and practicable to do so; (ix) methods for avoiding, remedying or mitigating adverse effects on historic heritage places and sites within the designation during Construction Works as far as practicable. These methods shall include, but are not limited to: A. security fencing or hoardings around historic heritage places to protect them from damage during construction or unauthorised access; B. measures to mitigate adverse effects on historic heritage sites that
	achieve positive historic heritage outcomes such as increased public awareness and interpretation signage; and
	 C. training requirements and inductions for contractors and subcontractors on historic heritage places within the designation, legal obligations relating to unexpected discoveries and the AUP Accidental Discovery Rule (E11.6.1). The training shall be undertaken prior to the Start of Construction, under the guidance of a Suitably Qualified Person and Mana Whenua representatives (to the extent the training relates to cultural values identified under Condition 14).
Accie The r	ce note: dental Discoveries equirements for accidental discoveries of heritage items are set out in Rule E11.6.1 e AUP.

27.	Pre-Construction Ecological Survey		
	 (a) At the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, an updated ecological survey shall be undertaken in the relevant geographic area by a Suitably Qualified Person. The purpose of the survey is to inform ecological management by: (i) confirming whether the species of value within the Identified Biodiversity Areas recorded in the Identified Biodiversity Area Schedule 3 are still present; and 		
	 (ii) confirming whether the project will or is likely to have a moderate or greater level of ecological effect on species of value (prior to implementation of impact management measures). The level of effect shall be determined in accordance with Table 10 of the EIANZ Guidelines (or subsequent updated version of that table) as included in Schedule 4 of these conditions. (b) If the ecological survey confirms the presence of ecological species of value in accordance with Condition 27(a)(i) and that effects are likely in accordance with Condition 27(a)(ii) then an Ecological Management Plan (or Plans) shall be prepared in accordance with Condition 28 for these areas (Confirmed Biodiversity Areas). 		

28.	Ecol	ogical Management Plan (EMP)
	(a)	An EMP shall be prepared for any Confirmed Biodiversity Areas (confirmed through Condition 27) prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the EMP is to minimise effects of the project on the ecological features of value in Confirmed Biodiversity Areas as far as practicable.
	(b)	If an EMP is required in accordance with (a) for the presence of long tail bats, the EMP may include the following to achieve the objective:
		 measures to minimise as far as practicable, disturbance from construction activities within 50m of any active long tail bat roosts that are discovered through survey until such roosts are confirmed to be vacant of bats;
		 (ii) timing of any Construction Works within 50m of any active maternity long tail bat roosts. Those Construction Works shall be undertaken outside the bat maternity period (between December and March) where reasonably practicable;
		 (iii) details of areas where vegetation is to be retained and where additional planting is proposed to be provided and maintained for the purposes of the connectivity of long tail bat habitats; and
	(c)	 (iv) details of measures to minimise any operational disturbance from light spill. If an EMP is required in accordance with (a) for the presence of Threatened or At- Risk birds (excluding wetland birds), the EMP may include the following to achieve
		the objective:
		 timing of any Construction Works which may have adverse effects on Threatened or At-Risk birds (excluding wetland birds). Those Construction Works shall be undertaken outside the bird breeding season (September to February) where practicable; and
		 (ii) where works are required within the area identified in the Confirmed Biodiversity Area during the bird breeding season, methods to minimise adverse effects on Threatened or At-Risk birds.
	(d)	 If an EMP is required in accordance with (a) for the presence of Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds, the EMP may include the following to achieve the objective: (i) details of any nesting bird surveys of Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds. Nesting bird surveys shall be undertaken within any wetland that is both within a Confirmed Biodiversity Area and located within a 50m radius of Construction Works. Surveys shall be undertaken prior to any such works taking place and repeated at the beginning of each wetland bird breeding season until the Completion of Construction;
		 timing of any Construction Works which may have adverse effects on Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds. Those Construction Works shall be undertaken outside of the bird breeding season (September to February) where practicable;
		 (iii) where works are required within the Confirmed Biodiversity Area during the bird breeding season, methods to minimise adverse effects on Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds; and
		 (iv) details of what protection and buffer measures are proposed to manage effects on nesting Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds identified through a survey undertaken in accordance with Condition (d)(i). Proposed measures shall address:
		 A. the type, intensity and duration of construction activity; B. the likely sensitivity of the nesting bird species to the construction activity; and
		C. any environmental features (e.g., vegetation and contour) that could influence the extent of potential adverse effects on the Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds.
	(e)	(v) details of measures to minimise any operational disturbance from light spill. The EMP shall be consistent with any ecological management measures to be undertaken in compliance with conditions of any regional resource consents granted for the project.
	Advi	ce note:

Depending on the potential effects of the project, the regional consents for the project
may include the following monitoring and management plans:
(i) stream and/or wetland restoration plans;
(ii) vegetation restoration plans; and
(iii) fauna management plans (e.g. avifauna).

29.	Tree Management Plan (TMP)			
	(a)	Prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work, a TMP shall be prepared.		
	()	The objective of the TMP is to avoid, remedy or mitigate effects of construction		
		activities on trees identified in Schedule 5.		
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the TMP shall:		
	. ,	(i) confirm that the trees listed in Schedule 5 still exist; and		
		(ii) demonstrate how the design and location of project works has avoided,		
		remedied or mitigated any effects on any tree listed in Schedule 5. This may		
		include:		
		 A. any opportunities to relocate listed trees where practicable; 		
		B. planting to replace trees that require removal (with reference to the		
		ULDMP planting design details in Condition 17);		
		C. tree protection zones and tree protection measures such as protective		
		fencing, ground protection and physical protection of roots, trunks and		
		branches; and		
		D. methods for work within the rootzone of trees that are to be retained in		
		line with accepted arboricultural standards including provision of kauri		
		dieback management measures.		
		(iii) demonstrate how the tree management measure (outlined in A – D above)		
		are consistent with any relevant conditions of resource consents granted for		
		the project.		
	(c)	Where replacement planting of any tree listed in Schedule 5 is required under		
		(b)(ii)(B) it shall be at a ratio of 2:1 for Single Trees and a minimum of like for like		
		(in m ²) for Group of Trees.		
30.		etwork Utility Management Plan (NUMP)		
	(a)	A NUMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work.		
		The objective of the NUMP is to set out a framework for protecting, relocating and		
	(1.)	working in proximity to existing network utilities.		
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the NUMP shall include methods to:		
		(i) provide access for maintenance at all reasonable times, or emergency works		
		at all times during construction activities;		
		 (ii) protect and where necessary, relocate existing network utilities; (iii) manage the effects of dust and any other material potentially resulting from 		
		construction activities and able to cause material damage, beyond normal		
		wear and tear to overhead transmission lines in the project area;		
		(iv) demonstrate compliance with relevant standards and Codes of Practice		
		including, where relevant, the NZECP 34:2001 New Zealand Electrical Code		
		of Practice for Electrical Safe Distances 2001; AS/NZS 4853:2012 Electrical		
		hazards on Metallic Pipelines, and AS/NZS 2885 Pipelines – Gas and Liquid		
		Petroleum.		
	(c)	The NUMP shall be prepared in consultation with the relevant Network Utility		
	()	Operator(s) who have existing assets that are directly affected by the project.		
	(d)	The development of the NUMP shall consider opportunities to coordinate future		
	. ,	work programmes with other Network Utility Operator(s) during detailed design		
		where practicable.		
	(e)	The NUMP shall describe how any comments from the Network Utility Operator in		
		relation to its assets have been addressed.		
	(f)	Any comments received from the Network Utility Operator shall be considered		
		when finalising the NUMP.		
	(g)	Any amendments to the NUMP related to the assets of a Network Utility Operator		
		shall be prepared in consultation with that asset owner.		

Network Integration Management Plan (NIMP)
(a) At least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, the Requiring Authority shall prepare, in collaboration with other relevant road
controlling authorities, a NIMP.
(b) The objective of the NIMP is to identify how the project will integrate with the planned transport network in the North Growth Area to achieve an effective, efficient and safe land transport system. To achieve this objective, the NIMP shall include details of the:
 project implementation approach and any staging of the project, including both design, management and operational matters; and
 sequencing of the project with the planned transport network, including both design, management and operational matters.
onal conditions

32.	Low Noise Road Surface				
	(a) Asphaltic concrete surfacing (or equivalent low noise road surface) shall be				
	implemented within 12 months of Completion of Construction of the project.				
	(b) The asphaltic concrete surface shall be maintained as far as practicable to retain				
	the noise reduction performance of the surface established in accordance with (a), unless Condition 33 applies.				
33.					
55.	Future Resurfacing Work(a)Any future resurfacing works of the project shall be undertaken in accordance with				
	the Auckland Transport Reseal Guidelines, Asset Management and Systems 2013				
	or any updated version and asphaltic concrete surfacing (or equivalent low noise				
	road surface) shall be implemented where:				
	the volume of traffic exceeds 10,000 vehicles per day;				
	(ii) the road is subject to high wear and tear (such as cul de sac heads,				
	roundabouts and main road intersections);				
	 (iii) it is in an industrial or commercial area where there is a high concentration of truck traffic; or 				
	(iv) it is subject to high usage by pedestrians, such as town centres, hospitals,				
	shopping centres and schools.				
	(b) Prior to commencing any future resurfacing works, the Requiring Authority shall				
	advise the Manager if any of the triggers in Condition $33(a)(i) - (iv)$ are not met by the road or a section of it and therefore where the application of asphaltic concrete				
	surfacing (or equivalent low noise road surface) is no longer required on the road or				
	a section of it. Such advice shall also indicate when any resealing is to occur.				
	Traffic Noise				
	For the purposes of Conditions 34 to 39:				
	(a) Building-Modification Mitigation – has the same meaning as in NZS 6806;				
	(b) Design year has the same meaning as in NZS 6806;				
	(c) Detailed Mitigation Options – means the fully detailed design of the Selected				
	Mitigation Options, with all practical issues addressed; (d) Habitable Space – has the same meaning as in NZS 6806;				
	(e) Identified Noise Criteria Category – means the Noise Criteria Category for a PPF				
	identified in Schedule 6: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories;				
	(f) Mitigation – has the same meaning as in NZS 6806:2010 Acoustics – Road-traffic				
	noise – New and altered roads; (g) Noise Criteria Categories – means the groups of preference for sound levels				
	established in accordance with NZS 6806 when determining the Best Practicable				
	Option for noise mitigation (i.e. Categories A, B and C);				
	(h) NZS 6806 – means New Zealand Standard NZS 6806:2010 Acoustics – Road-traffic				
	noise – New and altered roads;				
	 Protected Premises and Facilities (PPFs) – means only the premises and facilities identified in Schedule 6: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories; 				
	(j) Selected Mitigation Options – means the preferred mitigation option resulting from a				
	Best Practicable Option assessment undertaken in accordance with NZS 6806 taking				
	into account any low noise road surface to be implemented in accordance with				
	Condition 32; and				
24	 (k) Structural Mitigation – has the same meaning as in NZS 6806. The Noise Criteria Categories identified in Schedule 6: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria 				
34.	Categories at each of the PPFs shall be achieved where practicable and subject to				
	Conditions 34 to 39 (all traffic noise conditions).				
	The Noise Criteria Categories do not need to be complied with at a PPF where:				
	 (a) the PPF no longer exists; or (b) agreement of the landowner has been obtained confirming that the Noise Criteria 				
	Category does not need to be met.				
	Achievement of the Noise Criteria Categories for PPFs shall be by reference to a traffic				
	forecast for a high growth scenario in a design year at least 10 years after the				
	programmed opening of the project.				

35.	As part of the detailed design of the project, a Suitably Qualified Person shall determine the Selected Mitigation Options for the PPFs identified on Schedule 6: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories.
	For the avoidance of doubt, the low noise road surface implemented in accordance with Condition 32 may be (or be part of) the Selected Mitigation Option(s).
36.	Prior to the Start of Construction of the project, a Suitably Qualified Person shall develop the Detailed Mitigation Options for the PPFs identified in Schedule 6: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories, taking into account the Selected Mitigation Options.
37.	If the Detailed Mitigation Options would result in the Identified Noise Criteria Category changing to a less stringent Category, e.g. from Category A to B or Category B to C, at any relevant PPF, a Suitably Qualified Person shall provide confirmation to the Manager that the Detailed Mitigation Option would be consistent with adopting the Best Practicable Option in accordance with NZS 6806 prior to implementation.
38.	The Detailed Mitigation Options shall be implemented prior to Completion of Construction of the project, with the exception of any low-noise road surfaces, which shall be implemented within 12 months of Completion of Construction.
39.	Any barriers required by the Detailed Mitigation Options shall be maintained so they retain their noise reduction performance as far as practicable.

Attachments

Schedule 1: General Accordance Plans and Information

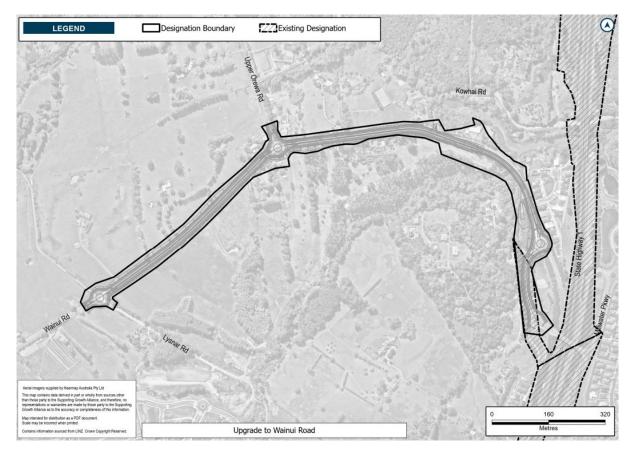
Project Description

The proposed work is the construction, operation and maintenance of an upgrade to Wainui Road to an urban arterial corridor between Lysnar Road, Wainui, and the State Highway 1 northbound Wainui Road offramp, including active mode facilities and associated infrastructure.

The proposed work is shown in the following Concept Plan and includes:

- Upgrading the corridor to an urban arterial with walking and cycling facilities.
- Tie-ins with existing roads and localised widening around the existing intersections to accommodate new intersection forms.
- New or upgraded stormwater management systems, bridges and culverts (where applicable).
- Batter slopes, and associated cut and fill earthworks.
- Vegetation removal.
- Other construction related activities required outside the permanent corridor including the regrade of driveways, construction traffic manoeuvring and construction laydown areas.

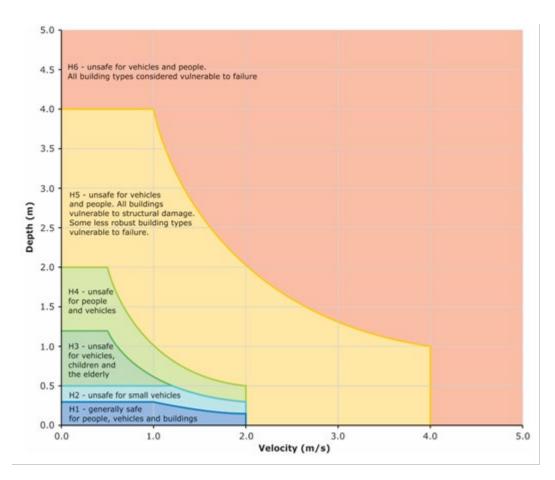
Concept Plan



Schedule 2 – Flood Hazard Class

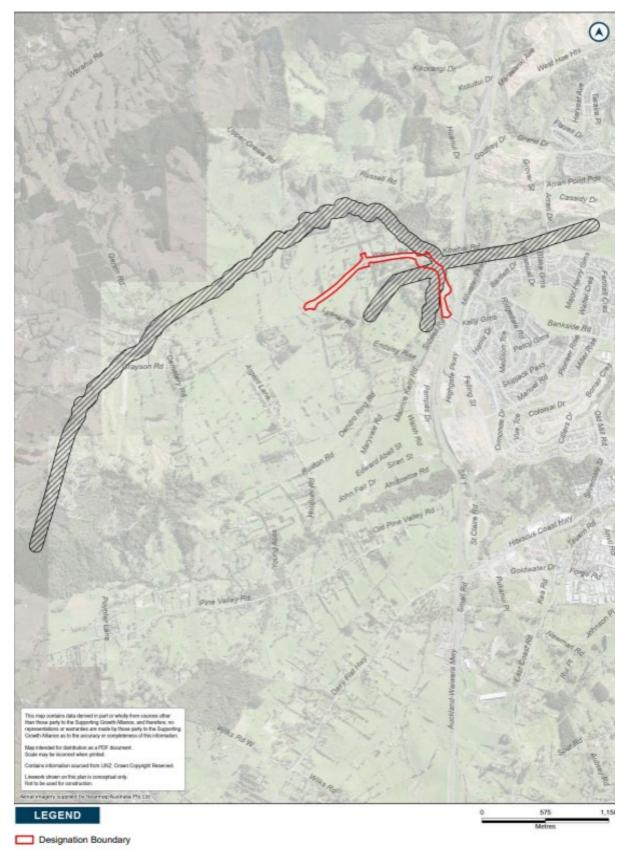
The combined flood hazard curves shown below set hazard thresholds that relate to the vulnerability of the community when interacting with floodwaters. The combined curves are divided into hazard classifications that relate to specific vulnerability thresholds

The vulnerability thresholds identified in the flood hazard curves can be applied to the best description of flood behaviour available for a subject site. In this regard, the hazard curves can be applied equally to flood behaviour estimates from measured data, simpler 1D numerical modelling approaches, through to complex 2D model estimates with the level of accuracy and uncertainty of the flood hazard estimate linked to the method used to derive the flood behaviour estimate.

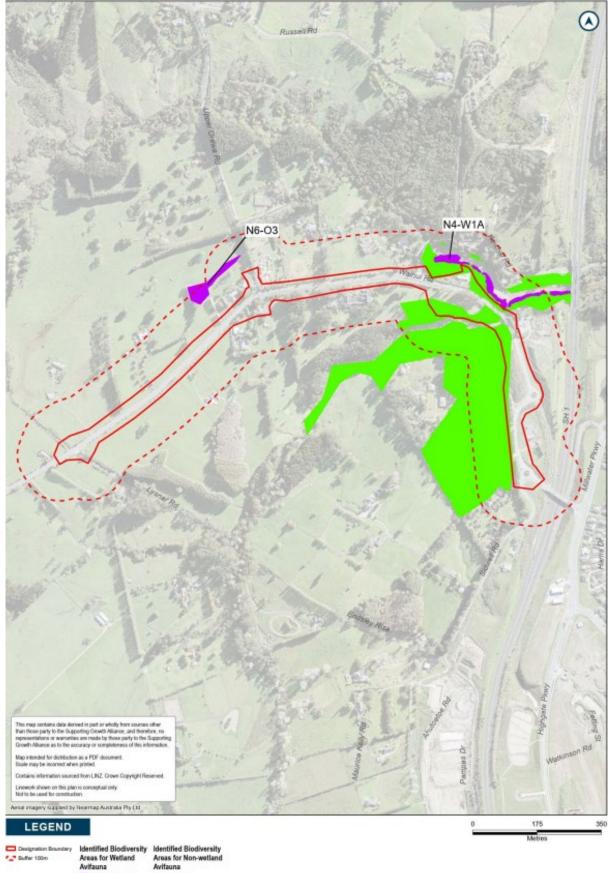


Source: Australian Rainfall and Runoff, Book 6, 2019

Schedule 3: Identified Biodiversity Areas



ZZZ Bat Corridors





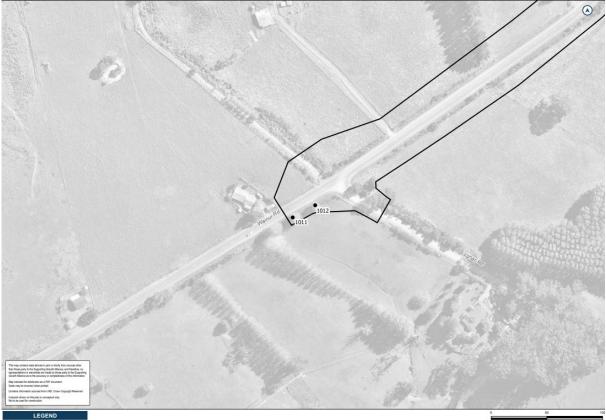
Non-web

Schedule 4: Table 10 of the 2018 EIANZ Guidelines

Criteria for describing level of effects (Adapted from Regini (2000) and Boffa Miskell (2011))

Ecological Value →	Very high	High	Moderate	Low	Negligible
Magnitude ↓					
Very high	Very high	Very high	High	Moderate	Low
High	Very high	Very high	Moderate	Low	Very low
Moderate	High	High	Moderate	Low	Very low
Low	Moderate	Low	Low	Very low	Very low
Negligible	Low	Very low	Very low	Very low	Very low
Positive	Net gain	Net gain	Net gain	Net gain	Net gain

Tree number	Vegetation type	Protection	Location	Species	Age
1011	Poplar	Road Reserve (adjacent to open space)	Corner of Wainui Road and Lysnar Road	Hybrid Poplar (<i>Populus sp.)</i>	Semi- mature
1012	Poplar	Road Reserve (adjacent to open space)	Corner of Wainui Road and Lysnar Road	Hybrid Poplar (<i>Populus sp.)</i>	Semi- mature



Tree/Group of Trees

Designation Boundary

Address	New or Altered Road	Noise Criteria Category
379 Wainui Road	Altered	A
411 Wainui Road	Altered	A
406 Wainui Road	Altered	A
480 Wainui Road	Altered	A
330 Wainui Road	Altered	A
315 Wainui Road	Altered	A
362 Wainui Road	Altered	A
20 Kowhai Road	Altered	A
440 Wainui Road	Altered	A
42 Kowhai Road	Altered	A
411 Wainui Road	Altered	A
37 Kowhai Road	Altered	A
427 Wainui Road	Altered	A
295 Wainui Road	Altered	A
392 Wainui Road	Altered	A
297 Wainui Road	Altered	A
16 Lysnar Road	Altered	A
293A Wainui Road	Altered	A
500 Wainui Road	Altered	A
293B Wainui Road	Altered	A
293 Wainui Road	Altered	Α

Appendix G – Auckland Transport's Modifications to NoR 11 conditions (clean)

Designation Number	[XXXX]
Requiring Authority	Auckland Transport
Location	Between Dairy Flat Highway (at the intersection of Kahikatea Flat Road) and Wilks Road, Dairy Flat
Lapse Date	In accordance with section 184(1)(c) of the RMA, this designation shall lapse if not given effect to within 25 years from the date on which it is included in the AUP.

Purpose

The construction, operation and maintenance of an arterial transport corridor and associated facilities.

Conditions

Abbreviations and definitions

Acronym/Term	Definition
Activity sensitive to noise	Any dwelling, visitor accommodation, boarding house, marae, papakāinga, integrated residential development, retirement village, supported residential care, care centre, lecture theatre in a tertiary Education Facility, classroom in an Education Facility and healthcare facility with an overnight stay facility
AUP	Auckland Unitary Plan
BPO or Best Practicable Option	Has the same meaning as in section 2 of the RMA 1991
CEMP	Construction Environmental Management Plan
Certification of material changes to management plans	Confirmation from the Manager that a material change to a management plan has been prepared in accordance with the condition to which it relates. A material change to a management plan shall be deemed certified: (a) where the Requiring Authority has received written
	 confirmation from the Manager that the material change to the management plan is certified; or (b) 10 working days from the submission of the material change to the management plan where no written confirmation of certification has been received
СМР	Cultural Monitoring Plan
CNVMP	Construction Noise and Vibration Management Plan
CNVMP Schedule or Schedule	A schedule to the CNVMP
Completion of Construction	When construction of the project (or part of the project) is complete and it is available for use
Confirmed Biodiversity Areas	Areas recorded in the Identified Biodiversity Area Schedule where the ecological values and effects have been confirmed through the ecological survey under Condition 29
Construction Works	Activities undertaken to construct the project excluding Enabling Works
Council	Auckland Council
CTMP	Construction Traffic Management Plan
Developer	Any legal entity that intends to master plan or develop land adjacent to the designation

Development Agency	Public entities involved in development projects
Education Facility	Facility used for education to secondary level. Includes:
	 schools and outdoor education facilities; and accommodation, administrative, cultural, religious, health, retail and communal facilities accessory to the above. Excludes:
	care centres; and
	tertiary education facilities.
EIANZ Guidelines	Ecological Impact Assessment: EIANZ Guidelines for use in New Zealand: terrestrial and freshwater ecosystems, second edition, dated May 2018
EMP	Ecological Management Plan
Enabling Works	 Includes, but is not limited to, the following and similar activities: (a) geotechnical investigations (including trial embankments); (b) archaeological site investigations; (c) formation of access for geotechnical investigations; (d) establishment of site yards, site entrances and fencing; (e) constructing and sealing site access roads; (f) demolition or removal of buildings and structures; (g) relocation of services; and (h) establishment of mitigation measures (such as erosion and sediment control measures, temporary noise walls, earth bunds and planting)
HHMP	Historic Heritage Management Plan
HNZPT	Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga
HNZPTA	Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014
Identified Biodiversity Area	Means an area or areas of features of ecological value where the project ecologist has identified that the project will potentially have a moderate or greater level of ecological effect, prior to implementation of impact management measures, as determined in accordance with the EIANZ Guidelines
Manager	The Manager – Resource Consents of the Auckland Council, or authorised delegate
Mana Whenua	 Mana Whenua as referred to in the conditions are considered to be, but not limited to, the following (in no particular order), who at the time of Notice of Requirement expressed a desire to be involved in the project: (a) Ngāti Manuhiri (b) Te Kawerau ā Maki (c) Te Ākitai Waiohua (d) Ngāti Whanaunga (e) Te Runanga o Ngāti Whātua (f) Ngāti Maru (g) Te Patu Kirikiri (h) Ngāti Tamaterā (j) Ngai Tai ki Tāmaki (k) Ngāti Paoa lwi Trust (l) Ngāti Paoa Trust Board Note: other iwi not identified above may have an interest in the project and should be consulted
Network Utility Operator	Has the same meaning as set out in section 166 of the RMA
NIMP	Network Integration Management Plan
NoR	Notice of Requirement

North Growth Area	Land for future urban development in the North of Auckland, including Future Urban zoned areas in Ara Hills, Ōrewa, Wainui East, Silverdale West, Redvale and Dairy Flat		
NUMP	Network Utilities Management Plan		
Outline Plan	An outline plan prepared in accordance with section 176A of the RMA		
Overland Flow Path	Means a low point in terrain, excluding a permanent watercourse or intermittent river or stream, where surface runoff will flow, with an upstream contributing catchment exceeding 4,000m ²		
Project Liaison Person	The person or persons appointed for the duration of the project's Construction Works to be the main point of contact for persons wanting information about the project or affected by the Construction Works		
Protected Premises and Facilities (PPF)	Protected Premises and Facilities as defined in New Zealand Standard NZS 6806:2010: <i>Acoustics – Road-traffic noise – New and</i> <i>altered roads</i>		
Requiring Authority	Has the same meaning as section 166 of the RMA and, for this designation is Auckland Transport		
RMA	Resource Management Act 1991		
SCEMP	Stakeholder Communication and Engagement Management Plan		
Stakeholder	Stakeholders to be identified in accordance with Condition 4, which may include as appropriate:		
	(a) adjacent owners and occupiers;		
	(b) adjacent business owners and operators;		
	(c) central and local government bodies;(d) community groups;		
	(e) developers;		
	(f) development agencies;		
	(g) Education Facilities; and		
	(h) Network Utility Operators.		
Stage of Work	Any physical works that require the development of an Outline Plan		
Start of Construction	The time when Construction Works (excluding Enabling Works) start		
Suitably Qualified Person	A person (or persons) who can provide sufficient evidence to demonstrate their suitability, experience and competence in the relevant field of expertise.		
ULDMP	Urban and Landscape Design Management Plan		

General	neral conditions			
1.	Activ	Activity in General Accordance with Plans and Information		
	(a) (b)	Except as provided for in the conditions below, and subject to final design and Outline Plan(s), works within the designation shall be undertaken in general accordance with the project description and concept plan in Schedule 1. Where there is inconsistency between:		
		 the project description and concept plan in Schedule 1 and the requirements of the following conditions, the conditions shall prevail; 		
		(ii) the project description and concept plan in Schedule 1, and the management plans under the conditions of the designation, the requirements of the management plans shall prevail.		
2.	Proje	ect Information		
	(a)	A project website, or equivalent virtual information source, shall be established as soon as reasonably practicable, and within six months of the inclusion of this designation in the AUP. This shall be updated as required so it remains current.		
	(b)	All directly affected owners and occupiers shall be notified in writing as soon as reasonably practicable once the website or equivalent information source has been established. The project website or virtual information source shall include these conditions and shall provide information on: (i) the status of the project;		
		 (i) the status of the project; (ii) anticipated construction timeframes; (iii) contact details for enquiries; 		
		(iv) the implications of the designation for landowners, occupiers and business owners and operators within the designation and where they can receive additional advice;		
		 (v) a subscription service to enable receipt of project updates by email; (vi) the types of activities that can be undertaken by landowners without the need for written consent to be obtained under s176(1)(b) of the RMA; and (vii) when and how to apply for consent for works in the designation under 		
		section 176(1)(b) of the RMA.		
	(c)	At ten yearly intervals from the inclusion of this designation in the AUP until the start of detailed design, the Requiring Authority shall identify appropriate methods with the relevant Local Board(s) to: (i) inform the wider community of the project status; and		
		(ii) raise awareness of the project website.		
	(d)	At the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, the project website or virtual information source shall be updated to provide information on the likely date for Start of Construction, and any Staging of Works.		

3.	Land use Integration Process		
	(a)	The Requiring Authority shall set up a Land use Integration Process for the period	
		between confirmation of the designation and the Start of Construction. The purpose	
		of this process is to encourage and facilitate the integration of master planning and	
		land use development activity on land directly affected or adjacent to the	
		designation. To achieve this purpose:	
		(i) the Requiring Authority shall include the contact details of a nominated	
		contact on the project website (or equivalent information source) required to	
		be established by Condition 2(b)(iii); and(ii) the nominated contact shall be the main point of contact for a Developer or	
		Development Agency wanting to work with the Requiring Authority to	
		integrate their development plans or master planning with the designation.	
	(b)	At any time prior to the Start of Construction, the nominated contact will be	
	(~)	available to engage with a Developer or Development Agency for the purpose of:	
		(i) responding to requests made to the Requiring Authority for information	
		regarding design details that could assist with land use integration; and	
		(ii) receiving information from a Developer or Development Agency regarding	
		master planning or land development details that could assist with land use	
		integration.	
	(c)	Information requested or provided under Condition 3(b) above may include but not	
		be limited to the following matters:	
		(i) design details including but not limited to:	
		A. boundary treatment (e.g. the use of retaining walls or batter slopes);	
		B. the horizontal and vertical alignment of the road (levels);	
		C. potential locations for mid-block crossings;D. integration of stormwater infrastructure; and	
		E. traffic noise modelling contours.	
		(ii) potential modifications to the extent of the designation in response to	
		information received through Condition 3(b)(ii);	
		(iii) a process for the Requiring Authority to undertake a technical review of or	
		provide comments on any master planning or development proposal	
		advanced by the Developer or Development Agency as it relates to	
		integration with the project; and	
		(iv) details of how to apply for written consent from the Requiring Authority for	
		any development proposal that relates to land that is within the designation under eaction $176(4)$ (b) of the DMA	
	(d)	under section 176(1)(b) of the RMA. Where information is requested from the Requiring Authority and is available, the	
	(u)	nominated contact shall provide the information unless there are reasonable	
		grounds for not providing it.	
	(e)	The nominated contact shall maintain a record of the engagement between the	
	()	Requiring Authority and Developers and Development Agencies for the period	
		following the date in which this designation is included in the AUP through to the	
		Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The record shall include:	
		(i) details of any requests made to the Requiring Authority that could influence	
		detailed design, the results of any engagement and, where such requests	
		that could influence detailed design are declined, the reasons why the	
		 Requiring Authority has declined the requests; and details of any requests to co-ordinate the forward work programme, where 	
		 details of any requests to co-ordinate the forward work programme, where appropriate, with Development Agencies and Network Utility Operators. 	
	(f)	The record shall be submitted to Council for information 10 working days prior to	
	(י)	the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work.	

4.	Stakeholder Communication and Engagement Design			
	(a) At least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, the			
		Requiring Authority shall identify:		
		(i) a list of Stakeholders;		
		(ii) a list of properties within the designation which the Requiring Authority does not own or have occupation rights to; and		
		(iii) methods to engage with Stakeholders and the owners and occupiers of		
		properties identified in $(a)(i) - (ii)$ above.		
	(b)	A record of (a) shall be submitted to the Manager for information with an Outline		
		Plan for the relevant Stage of Work.		
5.	Designation Review			
	As so	on as reasonably practicable following Completion of Construction, the Requiring		
	Autho	rity shall:		
		(i) review the extent of the designation to identify any areas of designated land		
		that it no longer requires for the on-going operation, maintenance or		
		mitigation of effects of the project; andgive notice to the Manager in accordance with section 182 of the RMA for		
		(ii) give notice to the Manager in accordance with section 182 of the RMA for the removal of those parts of the designation identified above.		
6.	Laps	·		
0.	-	cordance with section 184(1)(c) of the RMA, this designation shall lapse if not given		
		to within 25 years from the date on which it is included in the AUP.		
7.		ork Utility Operators (Section 176 Approval)		
	(a)	Prior to the Start of Construction, Network Utility Operators with existing		
	()	infrastructure located within the designation will not require written consent under		
		section 176 of the RMA for the following activities:		
		(i) operation, maintenance and repair works;		
		(ii) minor renewal works to existing network utilities necessary for the on-going		
		provision or security of supply of network utility operations;		
		 (iii) minor works such as new service connections; and (iv) the upgrade and replacement of existing network utilities in the same 		
		 (iv) the upgrade and replacement of existing network utilities in the same location with the same or similar effects on the works authorised by the 		
		designation as the existing utility.		
	(b)	To the extent that a record of written approval is required for the activities listed		
	(~)	above, this condition shall constitute written approval.		
8.	Gene	ral Section 176 Approval		
	(a)	Prior to the start of the formal acquisition process under the Public Works Act 1981		
	()	for a property, or submission of the Outline Plan, persons on properties zoned		
		Rural or Future Urban will not require written consent under section 176 of the		
		RMA for the following activities:		
		(i) Internal alterations;		
		 (ii) Repair of existing utility services; (iii) One extension to an existing structure as at 2023, up to 30m²; 		
		 (iii) One extension to an existing structure as at 2023, up to 30m²; (iv) Temporary or relocatable structures, provided they are removed from the site 		
		and the land is reinstated (including closing and capping any associated		
		services) at the landowner's expense prior to the Start of Construction. The		
		landowner shall be responsible for any resource consent required for the		
		structures, their removal or relocation.		
	(b)	To the extent that a record of written approval is required for the activities listed		
		above, this condition shall constitute written approval.		
Pre-con	structi	on conditions		

9.	Outline Plan			
	 (a) An Outline Plan (or Plans) shall be prepared in accordance with section 176A of the RMA. 			
	(b) Outline Plans (or Plan) may be submitted in parts or in stages to address particular			
	 activities (e.g. design or construction aspects), or a Stage of Work of the project. (c) Outline Plans shall include any management plan or plans that are relevant to the management of effects of those activities or Stage of Work, which may include: (i) Construction Environmental Management Plan; (ii) Construction Traffic Management Plan; (iii) Construction Noise and Vibration Management Plan; (iv) Urban and Landscape Design Management Plan; (v) Historic Heritage Management Plan; (vi) Ecological Management Plan; (vii) Network Utilities Management Plan; and (viii) Network Integration Management Plan. 			
	Flood Hazard			
	For the purpose of Condition 10:			
	 (a) AEP – means Annual Exceedance Probability; (b) Existing Authorised Habitable Floor – means the floor level of any room (floor) in a residential building which is authorised and exists at the time the Outline Plan is submitted, excluding a laundry, bathroom, toilet or any room used solely as an entrance hall, passageway or garage; (c) Flood Prone Area – means potential ponding areas that may flood in a 1% AEP 			
	event and commonly comprise of topographical depression areas. The areas can occur naturally or as a result of constructed features. Identification of a potential Flood Prone Area would be by an assessment of residual flood risk in a 1% AEP event (e.g. from blockage of the project stormwater network) on land outside and adjacent to the designation following the application of Conditions (10)(a)(i) – (iv).			
	(d) Maximum Probable Development – is the design case for consideration of future flows allowing for development within a catchment that takes into account the maximum impervious surface limits of the current zone or if the land is zoned Future Urban in the AUP, the probable level of development arising from zone changes;			
	 (e) Pre-Project Development – means existing site condition prior to the project (including existing buildings and roadways); and 			
	(f) Post-Project Development – means site condition after the project has been completed (including existing and new buildings and roadways).			

 (a) The project shall be designed to achieve the following flood risk outcomes beyond the boundary of the designation: (i) no increase in flood levels in a 1% AEP event for Existing Authorised Habitable Floors that are already subject to flooding or have a freeboard less than 500mm; (ii) no increase in flood levels in a 1% AEP event for authorised community, commercial, industrial and network utility building floors existing at the time the Outline Plan is submitted that are already subject to flooding or have a freeboard less than 300mm; (iii) maximum of 50mm increase in flood levels in a 1% AEP event outside and adjacent to the designation boundary between the Pre-Project Development and Post-Project Development scenarios; (iv) no increase of Flood Hazard Class for the main access to authorised habitable dwellings existing at the time the Outline Plan is submitted. The assessment shall be undertaken for the 1% AEP rainfall event and reference the hazard class in accordance with Schedule 2 to these conditions; and (v) no new Flood Prone Areas. (b) Compliance with this condition shall be demonstrated in the Outline Plan, which shall include flood modelling of the Pre-Project Development land use with allowances for climate change). (c) Where: (i) the flood risk outcomes in (a) can be achieved through alternative measures outside of the designation such as flood stop banks, flood walls, raising Existing Authorised Habitable Floor level and new overland flow paths; or
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piping, or reducing its capacity;
the design shall provide for the continued passage of flow in a manner which manages
potential effects upstream and downstream of the modified Overland Flow Path.
12. Existing property access
Prior to submission of the Outline Plan, consultation shall be undertaken with landowners
and occupiers whose vehicle access to their property will be altered by the project. The
Outline Plan shall demonstrate how safe reconfigured or alternate access will be
provided, unless otherwise agreed with the affected landowner.
13. Airport Operations
The Outline Plan shall:
 (a) include measures to manage potential glare, lighting and bird hazard effects on adjacent airport operations;
(b) demonstrate how requirements of any applicable airport overlay will be met or how
any temporary infringement will be managed; and
 (c) include details of any feedback received from airport operations in relation to (a) and (b) above.

14.	Man	nagement Plans		
	(a)	 Any management plan shall: (i) be prepared and implemented in accordance with the relevant management plan condition; 		
		 (ii) be prepared by a Suitably Qualified Person(s); (iii) include sufficient detail relating to the management of effects associated with the relevant activities and/or Stage of Work to which it relates; 		
		 (iv) be submitted as part of an Outline Plan pursuant to section 176A of the RMA, with the exception of SCEMPs and CNVMP Schedules; and 		
		 (v) once finalised, uploaded to the project website or equivalent virtual information source. 		
	(b)	 Any management plan developed in accordance with Condition 14 may: (i) be submitted in parts or in stages to address particular activities (e.g. design or construction aspects), a Stage of Work of the project, or to address 		
		 specific activities authorised by the designation; and (ii) except for material changes, be amended to reflect any changes in design, construction methods or management of effects without further process; 		
	(c)	Information shall be submitted with the management plan (or revised plan as referred to in (d) below) which summarises outcomes of consultation and any input received from Mana Whenua and Stakeholders as required by the relevant management plan condition. The summary shall note how this input has been		
	(d)	incorporated or reflected in the management plan, or if not, the reasons why; If there is a material change required to a management plan which has been submitted with an Outline Plan, the revised part of the plan shall be submitted to the Manager as an update to the Outline Plan or for Certification as soon as		
	(e)	practicable following identification of the need for a revision; and Any material changes to the SCEMP(s) are to be submitted to the Manager for information.		
15.	Stak	eholder Communication and Engagement Management Plan (SCEMP)		
	(a)	A SCEMP shall be prepared in consultation with relevant Stakeholders prior to the Start of Construction. The objective of the SCEMP is to identify how the public and Stakeholders will be engaged with throughout Construction Works.		
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the SCEMP shall include: (i) a list of Stakeholders;		
		 the contact details for the Project Liaison Person. These details shall be on the project website, or equivalent virtual information source, and prominently displayed at the main entrance(s) to the site(s); 		
		(iii) methods for engaging with Mana Whenua, to be developed in consultation with Mana Whenua;		
		 (iv) methods and timing to engage with owners and occupiers whose access is directly affected; (v) methods to communicate key project milestones and the proposed hours of 		
		 (v) methods to communicate key project milestones and the proposed hours of construction activities including outside of normal working hours and on weekends and public holidays, to the parties identified in (b)(i) above; and 		
		(vi) linkages and cross-references to communication and engagement methods set out in other conditions and management plans where relevant.		
	(c)	Any SCEMP prepared for a Stage of Work shall be submitted to the Manager for information a minimum of 10 working days prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work.		

16.	Cultural Advisory Report		
	(a)	At least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, Mana Whenua shall be invited to prepare a Cultural Advisory Report for the project. The objective of the Cultural Advisory Report is to assist in understanding and identifying ngā taonga tuku iho (treasures handed down by our ancestors) affected by the project, to inform their management and protection.	
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the Requiring Authority shall invite Mana Whenua to	
		prepare a Cultural Advisory Report that: (i) identifies the cultural sites, landscapes and values that have the potential to	
		be affected by the construction and operation of the project;	
		(ii) sets out the desired outcomes for management of potential effects on	
		cultural sites, landscapes and values; (iii) identifies traditional cultural practices within the area that may be impacted	
		 (iii) identifies traditional cultural practices within the area that may be impacted by the project; 	
		 (iv) identifies opportunities for restoration and enhancement of identified cultural sites, landscapes and values within the project area; 	
		 (v) taking into account the outcomes of (i) to (iv) above, identify cultural matters and principles that should be considered in the development of the ULDMP (Condition 17) and HHMP (Condition 28) and the CMP referred to in Condition 22; and 	
		 (vi) identifies and (if possible) nominates traditional names along the project alignment. Noting there may be formal statutory processes outside the project required in any decision-making. 	
	(c)	The desired outcomes for management of potential effects on cultural sites, landscapes and values identified in the Cultural Advisory Report shall be discussed with Mana Whenua and those outcomes reflected in the relevant management plans where practicable; and	
	(d)	Conditions 16(b) and (c) will cease to apply if:	
		(i) Mana Whenua have been invited to prepare a Cultural Advisory Report by a	
		date at least six months prior to the Start of Construction; and (ii) Mana Whenua have not provided a Cultural Advisory Report within six	
		months prior to the Start of Construction.	
	Urba	in and Landscape Design Management Plan (ULDMP)	
17.	(a)	A ULDMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work.	
		The objective of the ULDMP(s) is to: (i) enable integration of the project's permanent works into the surrounding	
		landscape and urban context; and	
		(ii) ensure that the project manages potential adverse landscape and visual	
	(b)	effects as far as practicable and contributes to a quality urban environment. Mana Whenua shall be invited to participate in the development of the ULDMP(s)	
	(0)	to provide input into relevant cultural landscape and design matters including how	
		desired outcomes for management of potential effects on cultural sites, landscapes	
		and values identified and discussed in the Cultural Advisory Report in Condition 16 may be reflected in the ULDMP.	
	(c)	Relevant Stakeholders shall be invited to participate in the development of the	
		ULDMP at least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work.	

18.	(a) To achieve the objective set out in Condition 17, the ULDMP(s) shall provide details
	of how the project:
	 (i) is designed to integrate with the adjacent urban (or proposed urban) and landscape context, including the surrounding existing or proposed topography, urban environment (e.g. centres and density of built form), natural environment, landscape character and open space zones;
	 provides appropriate walking and cycling connectivity to, and interfaces with, existing or proposed adjacent land uses, public transport infrastructure and walking and cycling connections;
	(iii) promotes inclusive access (where appropriate);
	 (iv) promotes a sense of personal safety by aligning with best practice guidelines, such as:
	A. Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED) principles;B. Safety in Design (SID) requirements; and
	 Maintenance in Design (MID) requirements and anti-vandalism/anti- graffiti measures;
	 (v) has responded to matters identified through the Land use Integration Process (Condition 3); and
	(b) The ULDMP shall be prepared in general accordance with:
	 (i) Auckland Transport's Urban Roads and Streets Design Guide, or any subsequent or updated version;
	 (ii) New Zealand Transport Agency Urban Design Guidelines: Bridging the Gap (2013) or any subsequent updated version;
	 (iii) New Zealand Transport Agency Landscape Guidelines (2018) or any subsequent updated version;
	(iv) New Zealand Transport Agency P39 Standard Specification for Highway Landscape Treatments (2013) or any subsequent updated version; and
	 (v) Auckland's Urban Ngahere (Forest) Strategy or any subsequent updated version.

19.	The	ULDM	P(s) shall include:
	(a)	a cor	ncept plan – which depicts the overall landscape and urban design concept,
		and e	explain the rationale for the landscape and urban design proposals;
	(b)	deve	loped design concepts, including principles for walking and cycling facilities
	. ,		public transport;
	(c)		scape and urban design details – that cover the following:
	(-)	(i)	road design – elements such as intersection form, carriageway gradient and
		(1)	associated earthworks contouring including cut and fill batters and the
			interface with adjacent land uses and existing roads (including slip lanes),
			benching, spoil disposal sites, median width and treatment, roadside width
			and treatment;
		(ii)	roadside elements – such as lighting, fencing, wayfinding and signage;
		(iii)	architectural and landscape treatment of all major structures, including
		(111)	bridges and retaining walls;
		(iv)	architectural and landscape treatment of noise barriers;
			landscape treatment and planting of permanent stormwater control wetlands
		(v)	
		() <i>i</i>)	and swales;
		(vi)	integration of passenger transport;
		(vii)	pedestrian and cycle facilities including paths, road crossings and dedicated
		()	pedestrian/ cycle bridges or underpasses;
		(viii)	historic heritage places with reference to the HHMP (Condition 28); and
		(ix)	re-instatement of construction and site compound areas; and
		(x)	features disturbed during construction and intended to be reinstated such as:
			A. boundary features;
			B. driveways;
			C. accessways; and
	<i>.</i>		D. fences.
	(d)		JLDMP shall also include the following planting and maintenance details:
		(i)	planting design details including:
			A. identification of existing trees and vegetation that will be retained with
			reference to the EMP (Condition 30). Where practicable, mature trees
			and native vegetation should be retained;
			B. street trees, shrubs and ground cover suitable for the location;
			C. treatment of fill slopes to integrate with adjacent land use, streams,
			riparian margins and open space zones;
			D. identification of any planting requirements under the EMP (Condition
			30);
			E. integration of any planting required by conditions of any resource
			consents for the project; and
			F. re-instatement planting of construction and site compound areas as
			appropriate.
		(ii)	a planting programme including the staging of planting in relation to the
			construction programme which shall, as far as practicable, include provision
			for planting within each planting season following completion of each Stage
			of Work; and
		(iii)	detailed specifications relating to the following:
			A. weed control and clearance;
			B. pest animal management (to support plant establishment);
			C. ground preparation (top soiling and decompaction);
			D. mulching; and
			E. plant sourcing and planting, including hydroseeding and grassing, and
			use of eco-sourced species.
Constru	uction	condi	tions

20.	Cons	Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP)		
	(a) (b)	 A CEMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the CEMP is to set out the management procedures and construction methods to be undertaken to avoid, remedy or mitigate any adverse effects associated with Construction Works as far as practicable. To achieve the objective, the CEMP shall include: (i) the roles and responsibilities of staff and contractors; (ii) details of the site or project manager and the Project Liaison Person, including their contact details (phone and email address); 		
		 (iii) the Construction Works programmes and the staging approach, and the proposed hours of work; 		
		 (iv) details of the proposed construction yards including temporary screening when adjacent to residential areas; 		
		 (v) details of the proposed construction lighting; (vi) methods for controlling dust and the removal of debris and demolition of construction materials from public roads or places; 		
		 (vii) methods for providing for the health and safety of the general public; (viii) measures to mitigate flood hazard effects such as siting stockpiles out of floodplains, minimising obstruction to flood flows, actions to respond to warnings of heavy rain; 		
		 (ix) procedures for incident management; (x) location and procedures for the refuelling and maintenance of plant and 		
		 equipment to avoid discharges of fuels or lubricants to watercourses; (xi) measures to address the storage of fuels, lubricants, hazardous and/or dangerous materials, along with contingency procedures to address emergency spill response(s) and clean up; 		
		 (xii) procedures for responding to complaints about Construction Works; and (xiii) methods for amending and updating the CEMP as required. 		
21.	Com	Complaints Process		
	(a)	 At all times during Construction Works, a record of any complaints received about the Construction Works shall be maintained. The record shall include: (i) the date, time and nature of the complaint; (ii) the name, phone number and address of the complainant (unless the complainant wishes to remain anonymous); (iii) measures taken to respond to the complaint (including a record of the response provided to the complainant) or confirmation of no action if deemed appropriate; 		
		 (iv) the outcome of the investigation into the complaint; and (v) any other activities in the area, unrelated to the project that may have contributed to the complaint, such as non-project construction, fires, traffic accidents or unusually dusty conditions generally. 		
	(b)	A copy of the complaints record required by this condition shall be made available to the Manager upon request as soon as practicable after the request is made.		

22.	Cult	Cultural Monitoring Plan (CMP)			
	(a)	Prior to the Start of Construction, a CMP shall be prepared by a Suitably Qualified Person(s) identified in collaboration with Mana Whenua. The objective of the CMP is to identify methods for undertaking cultural monitoring to assist with management of any cultural effects during Construction Works.			
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the CMP shall include:			
		 requirements for formal dedication or cultural interpretation to be undertaken prior to the Start of Construction in areas identified as having significance to Mana Whenua; 			
		 (ii) requirements and protocols for cultural inductions for contractors and subcontractors; 			
		 (iii) identification of activities, sites and areas where cultural monitoring is required during particular Construction Works; 			
		 (iv) identification of personnel to undertake cultural monitoring, including any geographic definition of their responsibilities; and 			
		 details of personnel to assist with management of any cultural effects identified during cultural monitoring, including implementation of the Accidental Discovery Protocol. 			
	(c)	If Enabling Works involving soil disturbance are undertaken prior to the Start of Construction, an Enabling Works CMP shall be prepared by a Suitably Qualified Person identified in collaboration with Mana Whenua. This plan may be prepared as a standalone Enabling Works CMP or be included in the main Construction Works CMP.			
	Advi	ce note:			
	desig	re appropriate, the CMP shall align with the requirements of other conditions of the gnation and resource consents for the project which require monitoring during struction Works.			

23.	Cons	Construction Traffic Management Plan (CTMP)			
	(a)	A CTMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the CTMP is to avoid, remedy or mitigate, as far as practicable, adverse construction traffic effects.			
	(b)	To achieve this objective, the CTMP shall include:			
	(-)	 methods to manage the effects of temporary traffic management activities on traffic; 			
		(ii) measures to ensure the safety of all transport users;			
		(iii) the estimated numbers, frequencies, routes and timing of traffic movements, including any specific non-working or non-movement hours to manage vehicular and pedestrian traffic near Education Facilities or to manage traffic			
		congestion;			
		(iv) site access routes and access points for heavy vehicles, the size and			
		location of parking areas for plant, construction vehicles and the vehicles of workers and visitors;			
		(v) identification of detour routes and other methods to ensure the safe			
		management and maintenance of traffic flows, including public transport, pedestrians and cyclists;			
		 (vi) methods to maintain access to and within property and/or private roads where practicable, or to provide alternative arrangements when it will not be, including details of how access is managed for loading and unloading of goods; 			
		 (vii) the management approach to loads on heavy vehicles, including covering loads of fine material, the use of wheel-wash facilities at site exit points and the timely removal of any material deposited or spilled on public roads; 			
		 (viii) methods that will be undertaken to communicate traffic management measures to affected road users (e.g. residents / public / Stakeholders / emergency services); 			
		 (ix) details of minimum network performance parameters during the construction phase, including any measures to monitor compliance with the performance parameters; and 			
		 (x) details of any measures proposed to be implemented in the event of thresholds identified in (ix) being exceeded. 			
	(c)	Auditing, monitoring and reporting requirements relating to traffic management			
		activities shall be undertaken in accordance with the New Zealand Guide to			
		Temporary Traffic Management (April 2023) or any subsequent version.			

24.	Construction Nois	e Standards						
	(a) Construction noise shall be measured and assessed in accordance with							
	NZS6803:199	NZS6803:1999 Acoustics – Construction Noise and shall comply with the noise						
	standards set	out in the following	table as far as pi	racticable:				
	Table 24-1 Construct	Table 24-1 Construction Noise Standards						
	Day of week Time period LAeq(15min) LAFmax							
	Occupied activity sensitive to noise							
	Weekday	0630h - 0730h	55 dB	75 dB				
		0730h - 1800h	70 dB	85 dB				
		1800h - 2000h	65 dB	80 dB				
		2000h - 0630h	45 dB	75 dB				
	Saturday	0630h - 0730h	45 dB	75 dB				
		0730h - 1800h	70 dB	85 dB				
		1800h - 2000h	45 dB	75 dB				
		2000h - 0630h	45 dB	75 dB				
	Sunday and Public	0630h - 0730h	45 dB	75 dB				
	Holidays	0730h - 1800h	55 dB	85 dB				
		1800h - 2000h	45 dB	75 dB				
		2000h - 0630h	45 dB	75 dB				
	Other occupied bui	ldings		·				
	All	0730h – 1800h	70 dB					
		1800h – 0730h	75 dB					
25.	the methodolo	 (b) Where compliance with the noise standards set out in Table 24-1 is not practicable, the methodology in Condition 27 shall apply. Construction Vibration Standards 						
	(a) Construction vibration shall be measured in accordance with ISO 4866:2010 Mechanical vibration and shock – Vibration of fixed structures – Guidelines for the measurement of vibrations and evaluation of their effects on structures and shall comply with the vibration standards set out in the following table as far as practicable.							
	Table 25-1 Construction Vibration Standards							
	Receiver Occupied activities	Details	Category A* 0.3mm/s ppv	Category B** 2mm/s ppv	-			
	sensitive to noise	Night-time 2000h - 0630h			_			
		Daytime 0630h - 2000h	2mm/s ppv	5mm/s ppv				
	Other occupied buildings	Daytime 0630h - 2000h	2mm/s ppv	5mm/s ppv				
	All other buildings	At all other times		f DIN4150-3:1999				
	* Category A criteria adopted from Rule E25.6.30.1 of the AUP ** Category B criteria based on DIN 4150-3:1999 building damage criteria for daytime							
	(b) Where compl	iance with the vibra	tion standards se	t out in Table 25-1 is n	ot			

26.	Construction Noise and Vibration Management Plan (CNVMP)			
	(a)	A CNVMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for Stage of Work. A CNVMP shall be implemented during the Stage of Work to which it relates. The objective of the CNVMP is to provide a framework for the development and implementation of the Best Practicable Option for the management of construction noise and vibration effects to achieve the construction noise and vibration standards set out in Conditions 24 and 25 to the extent practicable.		
	(b)	 To achieve the objective, the CNVMP shall be prepared in accordance with Annex E2 of the New Zealand Standard NZS6803:1999 'Acoustics – Construction Noise' (NZS6803:1999) and shall as a minimum, address the following: (i) description of the works and anticipated equipment/processes; (ii) hours of operation, including times and days when construction activities would occur; 		
		(iii) the construction noise and vibration standards for the project;		
		(iv) identification of receivers where noise and vibration standards apply;		
		 (v) a hierarchy of management and mitigation options, including any requirements to limit night works and works during other sensitive times, including Sundays and public holidays as far as practicable; 		
		(vi) methods and frequency for monitoring and reporting on construction noise and vibration;		
		 (vii) procedures for communication and engagement with nearby residents and Stakeholders, including notification of proposed construction activities, the period of construction activities, and management of noise and vibration complaints; 		
		(viii) contact details of the Project Liaison Person;		
		 (ix) procedures for the regular training of the operators of construction equipment to minimise noise and vibration as well as expected construction site behaviours for all workers; 		
		 (x) procedures and requirements for the preparation of a Schedule to the CNVMP (Schedule) for those areas where compliance with the noise Condition 24 and/or vibration standards Condition 25 Category B will not be practicable; 		
		(xi) identification of trigger levels for undertaking building condition surveys, which shall be Category B day time levels;		
		(xii) procedures and trigger levels for undertaking building condition surveys before and after works to determine whether any cosmetic or structural damage has occurred as a result of construction vibration;		
		 (xiii) methodology and programme of desktop and field audits and inspections to be undertaken to ensure that the CNVMP, Schedules and the Best Practicable Option for management of effects are being implemented; and 		
		(xiv) requirements for review and update of the CNVMP.		

27.	Sche	Schedule to a CNVMP			
	(a)	 A Schedule to the CNVMP (Schedule) shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction of an activity to which it relates by a Suitably Qualified Person, in consultation with the owners and occupiers of sites subject to the Schedule, when: (i) construction noise is either predicted or measured to exceed the noise standards in Condition 24, except where the exceedance of the L_{Aeq} criteria is no greater than 5 decibels and does not exceed: A. 0630 – 2000: 2 periods of up to 2 consecutive weeks in any 2 months; or B. 2000 - 0630: 1 period of up to 2 consecutive nights in any 10 days; 			
		 (ii) construction vibration is either predicted or measured to exceed the Category B standard at the receivers in Condition 25. 			
	(b)	The objective of the Schedule is to set out the Best Practicable Option measures to manage noise and/or vibration effects of the construction activity beyond those measures set out in the CNVMP.			
	(c)	 To achieve the objective, the Schedule shall include details such as: (i) construction activity location, start and finish dates; (ii) the nearest neighbours to the construction activity; (iii) the predicted noise and/or vibration level for all receivers where the levels are predicted or measured to exceed the applicable standards and predicted duration of the exceedance; (iv) for works proposed between 2000h and 0630h, the reasons why the proposed works must be undertaken during these hours and why they cannot be practicably undertaken during the daytime; (v) the proposed mitigation options that have been selected, and the options that have been discounted as being impracticable and the reasons why; (vi) the consultation undertaken with owners and occupiers of sites subject to the Schedule, and how consultation has and has not been taken into account; and 			
	(d)	(vii) location, times and types of monitoring. The Schedule shall be submitted to the Manager for Certification at least five working days (except in unforeseen circumstances) in advance of Construction Works that are covered by the scope of the Schedule and shall form part of the CNVMP.			
	(e)	The CNVMP Schedule shall be deemed certified five working days from the submission of the CNVMP Schedule where no written confirmation of Certification has been received.			
	(f)	Where material changes are made to a Schedule required by this condition, the Requiring Authority shall consult the owners and/or occupiers of sites subject to the Schedule prior to submitting the amended Schedule to the Manager for Certification in accordance with (d) above. The amended Schedule shall document the consultation undertaken with those owners and occupiers, and how consultation outcomes have and have not been taken into account.			

28.	Historic Heritage Management Plan (HHMP)		
	(a)	A HHMP shall be prepared in consultation with Council, HNZPT and Mana Whenua prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the HHMP is to protect historic heritage and to remedy and mitigate any residual effects as far as	
	(h)	practicable. To achieve the objective, the HHMP shall identify:	
	(b)	(i) any adverse direct and indirect effects on historic heritage sites and	
		measures to appropriately avoid, remedy or mitigate any such effects,	
		including a tabulated summary of these effects and measures;	
		(ii) methods for the identification and assessment of potential historic heritage	
		places within the designation to inform detailed design;	
		(iii) known historic heritage places and potential archaeological sites within the	
		designation, including identifying any archaeological sites for which an Archaeological Authority under the HNZPTA will be sought or has been	
		granted;	
		(iv) any unrecorded archaeological sites or post-1900 heritage sites within the	
		designation, which shall also be documented and recorded;	
		 (v) roles, responsibilities and contact details of project personnel, Council and HNZPT representatives, Mana Whenua representatives, and relevant agencies involved with heritage and archaeological matters including surveys, monitoring of Construction Works, compliance with AUP accidental discovery rule, and monitoring of conditions; 	
		(vi) specific areas to be investigated, monitored and recorded to the extent these	
		are directly affected by the project;	
		(vii) the proposed methodology for investigating and recording post-1900 historic	
		heritage sites (including buildings) that need to be destroyed, demolished or relocated, including details of their condition, measures to mitigate any adverse effects and timeframe for implementing the proposed methodology, in accordance with the HNZPT Archaeological Guidelines Series No.1: Investigation and Recording of Buildings and Standing Structures (November 2018), or any subsequent version;	
		(viii) methods to acknowledge cultural values identified through Condition 16	
		where archaeological sites also involve ngā taonga tuku iho (treasures	
		 handed down by our ancestors) and where feasible and practicable to do so; (ix) methods for avoiding, remedying or mitigating adverse effects on historic heritage places and sites within the designation during Construction Works as far as practicable. These methods shall include, but are not limited to: A. security fencing or hoardings around historic heritage places to protect them from damage during construction or unauthorised access; B. measures to mitigate adverse effects on historic heritage sites that achieve positive historic heritage outcomes such as increased public awareness and interpretation signage; and C. training requirements and inductions for contractors and 	
		subcontractors on historic heritage places within the designation, legal obligations relating to unexpected discoveries and the AUP Accidental Discovery Rule (E11.6.1). The training shall be undertaken prior to the Start of Construction, under the guidance of a Suitably Qualified Person and Mana Whenua representatives (to the extent the training relates to cultural values identified under Condition 16).	
	Advi	ce note:	
		dental Discoveries	
		equirements for accidental discoveries of heritage items are set out in Rule E11.6.1 AUP.	

29.	Pre-Construction Ecological Survey				
	 At the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, an updated ecological survey shall be undertaken in the relevant geographic area by a Suitably Qualified Person. The purpose of the survey is to inform ecological management by: (i) confirming whether the species of value within the Identified Biodiversity Areas recorded in the Identified Biodiversity Area Schedule 3 are still 				
	 present; and (ii) confirming whether the project will or is likely to have a moderate or greater level of ecological effect on species of value (prior to implementation of impact management measures). The level of effect shall be determined in accordance with Table 10 of the EIANZ Guidelines (or subsequent updated version of that table) as included in Schedule 4 of these conditions. 				
	(b) If the ecological survey confirms the presence of ecological species of value in accordance with Condition 29(a)(i) and that effects are likely in accordance with Condition 29(a)(ii) then an Ecological Management Plan (or Plans) shall be prepared in accordance with Condition 30 for these areas (Confirmed Biodiversity Areas).				
30.	Ecological Management Plan (EMP)				
	(a) An EMP shall be prepared for any Confirmed Biodiversity Areas (confirmed through Condition 29) prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the EMP is to minimise effects of the project on the ecological features of value in Confirmed Biodiversity Areas as far as practicable.				
	 b) If an EMP is required in accordance with (a) for the presence of Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds, the EMP may include the following to achieve the objective: (i) details of any nesting bird surveys of Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds. Nesting bird surveys shall be undertaken within any wetland that is both within a Confirmed Biodiversity Area and located within a 50m radius of Construction Works. Surveys shall be undertaken prior to any such works taking place and repeated at the beginning of each wetland bird breeding season until the Completion of Construction; (ii) timing of any Construction Works which may have adverse effects on Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds. Those Construction Works shall be undertaken outside of the bird breeding season (September to February) where practicable; (iii) where works are required within the Confirmed Biodiversity Area during the bird breeding season, methods to minimise adverse effects on Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds; and (iv) details of what protection and buffer measures are proposed to manage effects on nesting Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds identified through a survey undertaken in accordance with Condition (b)(i). Proposed measures shall address: A. the type, intensity and duration of construction activity; B. the likely sensitivity of the nesting bird species to the construction activity; and C. any environmental features (e.g., vegetation and contour) that could influence the extent of potential adverse effects on the Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds. 				
	c) The EMP shall be consistent with any ecological management measures to be undertaken in compliance with conditions of any regional resource consents granted for the project.				
	Advice note:				
	Depending on the potential effects of the project, the regional consents for the project				
	nay include the following monitoring and management plans: (i) stream and/or wetland restoration plans; (ii) vegetation restoration plans; and				
	(iii) fauna management plans (e.g. avifauna).				

31.	Network Utility Management Plan (NUMP)			
	(a)	A NUMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the NUMP is to set out a framework for protecting, relocating and		
	<i></i> .	working in proximity to existing network utilities.		
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the NUMP shall include methods to:		
		 provide access for maintenance at all reasonable times, or emergency works at all times during construction activities; 		
		(ii) protect and where necessary, relocate existing network utilities;		
		(iii) manage the effects of dust and any other material potentially resulting from		
		construction activities and able to cause material damage, beyond normal		
		wear and tear to overhead transmission lines in the project area;		
		(iv) demonstrate compliance with relevant standards and Codes of Practice		
		including, where relevant, the NZECP 34:2001 New Zealand Electrical Code		
		of Practice for Electrical Safe Distances 2001; AS/NZS 4853:2012 Electrical		
		hazards on Metallic Pipelines, and AS/NZS 2885 Pipelines – Gas and Liquid Petroleum.		
	(c)	The NUMP shall be prepared in consultation with the relevant Network Utility		
	(0)	Operator(s) who have existing assets that are directly affected by the project.		
	(d)	The development of the NUMP shall consider opportunities to coordinate future		
	. ,	work programmes with other Network Utility Operator(s) during detailed design		
		where practicable.		
	(e)	The NUMP shall describe how any comments from the Network Utility Operator in		
	(f)	relation to its assets have been addressed.		
	(f)	Any comments received from the Network Utility Operator shall be considered when finalising the NUMP.		
	(g)	Any amendments to the NUMP related to the assets of a Network Utility Operator		
	(3)	shall be prepared in consultation with that asset owner.		
32.	Netw	vork Integration Management Plan (NIMP)		
	(a)	At least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, the		
		Requiring Authority shall prepare, in collaboration with other relevant road		
	(1)	controlling authorities, a NIMP.		
	(b)	The objective of the NIMP is to identify how the project will integrate with the		
		planned transport network in the North Growth Area to achieve an effective, efficient and safe land transport system. To achieve this objective, the NIMP shall		
		include details of the:		
		(i) project implementation approach and any staging of the project, including		
		both design, management and operational matters; and		
		(ii) sequencing of the project with the planned transport network, including both		
		design, management and operational matters.		
Operation	onal c	onditions		

33.	Low Noise Road Surface			
	(a) Asphaltic concrete surfacing (or equivalent low noise road surface) shall be			
	implemented within 12 months of Completion of Construction of the project.			
	(b) The asphaltic concrete surface shall be maintained as far as practicable to retain			
	the noise reduction performance of the surface established in accordance with (a),			
24	unless Condition 34 applies.			
34.	Future Resurfacing Work			
	(a) Any future resurfacing works of the project shall be undertaken in accordance with the Auckland Transport Reseal Guidelines, Asset Management and Systems 2013			
	or any updated version and asphaltic concrete surfacing (or equivalent low noise			
	road surface) shall be implemented where:			
	(i) the volume of traffic exceeds 10,000 vehicles per day;			
	(ii) the road is subject to high wear and tear (such as cul de sac heads,			
	roundabouts and main road intersections);			
	 (iii) it is in an industrial or commercial area where there is a high concentration of truck traffic; or 			
	(iv) it is subject to high usage by pedestrians, such as town centres, hospitals,			
	shopping centres and schools.			
	(b) Prior to commencing any future resurfacing works, the Requiring Authority shall			
	advise the Manager if any of the triggers in Condition $34(a)(i) - (iv)$ are not met by			
	the road or a section of it and therefore where the application of asphaltic concrete			
	surfacing (or equivalent low noise road surface) is no longer required on the road or a section of it. Such advice shall also indicate when any resealing is to occur.			
	Traffic Noise			
	For the purposes of Conditions 35 to 40:			
	(a) Building-Modification Mitigation – has the same meaning as in NZS 6806;			
	(b) Design year has the same meaning as in NZS 6806;			
	(c) Detailed Mitigation Options – means the fully detailed design of the Selected			
	Mitigation Options, with all practical issues addressed; (d) Habitable Space – has the same meaning as in NZS 6806;			
	(d) Habitable Space – has the same meaning as in NZS 6806;			
	 (e) Identified Noise Criteria Category – means the Noise Criteria Category for a PPF identified in Schedule 5: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories; 			
	(f) Mitigation – has the same meaning as in NZS 6806:2010 Acoustics – Road-traffic			
	noise – New and altered roads;			
	(g) Noise Criteria Categories – means the groups of preference for sound levels			
	established in accordance with NZS 6806 when determining the Best Practicable			
	Option for noise mitigation (i.e. Categories A, B and C); (h) NZS 6806 – means New Zealand Standard NZS 6806:2010 Acoustics – Road-traffic			
	noise – New and altered roads;			
	(i) Protected Premises and Facilities (PPFs) – means only the premises and facilities			
	identified in Schedule 5: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories;			
	(j) Selected Mitigation Options – means the preferred mitigation option resulting from a Best Practicable Option assessment undertaken in accordance with NZS 6806 taking			
	into account any low noise road surface to be implemented in accordance with			
	Condition 33; and			
	(k) Structural Mitigation – has the same meaning as in NZS 6806.			
35.	The Noise Criteria Categories identified in Schedule 5: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria			
	Categories at each of the PPFs shall be achieved where practicable and subject to			
	Conditions 35 to 40 (all traffic noise conditions).			
	The Noise Criteria Categories do not need to be complied with at a PPF where:			
	(a) the PPF no longer exists; or			
	(b) agreement of the landowner has been obtained confirming that the Noise Criteria			
	Category does not need to be met.			
	Achievement of the Naise Oritoria Octomories for DDE- shall be been former to a forfi			
	Achievement of the Noise Criteria Categories for PPFs shall be by reference to a traffic forecast for a high growth scenario in a design year at least 10 years after the			
	programmed opening of the project.			

36.	As part of the detailed design of the project, a Suitably Qualified Person shall determine the Selected Mitigation Options for the PPFs identified on Schedule 5: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories.
	For the avoidance of doubt, the low noise road surface implemented in accordance with Condition 33 may be (or be part of) the Selected Mitigation Option(s).
37.	Prior to the Start of Construction of the project, a Suitably Qualified Person shall develop the Detailed Mitigation Options for the PPFs identified in Schedule 5: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories, taking into account the Selected Mitigation Options.
38.	If the Detailed Mitigation Options would result in the Identified Noise Criteria Category changing to a less stringent Category, e.g. from Category A to B or Category B to C, at any relevant PPF, a Suitably Qualified Person shall provide confirmation to the Manager that the Detailed Mitigation Option would be consistent with adopting the Best Practicable Option in accordance with NZS 6806 prior to implementation.
39.	The Detailed Mitigation Options shall be implemented prior to Completion of Construction of the project, with the exception of any low-noise road surfaces, which shall be implemented within 12 months of Completion of Construction.
40.	Any barriers required by the Detailed Mitigation Options shall be maintained so they retain their noise reduction performance as far as practicable.

Attachments

Schedule 1: General Accordance Plans and Information

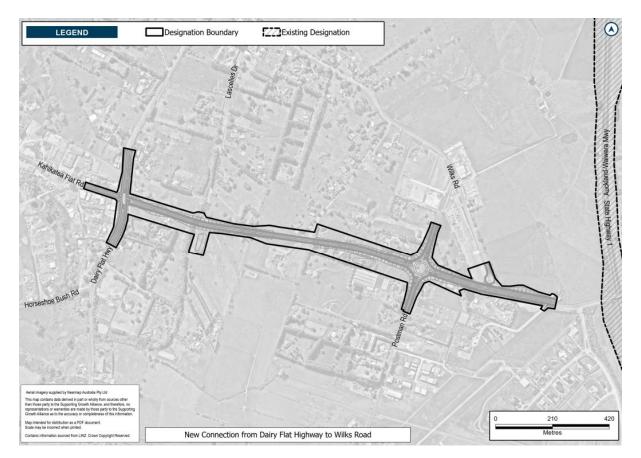
Project Description

The proposed work is the construction, operation and maintenance of an urban arterial corridor between Dairy Flat Highway (at the intersection of Kahikatea Flat Road) and Wilks Road, Dairy Flat, including active mode and public transport facilities and associated infrastructure.

The proposed work is shown in the following Concept Plan and includes:

- Construction of a new urban arterial corridor connection with public transport and active mode facilities.
- Tie-ins with existing roads and localised widening around the existing intersections to accommodate new intersection forms.
- New or upgraded stormwater management systems, bridges and culverts (where applicable).
- Batter slopes, and associated cut and fill activities (earthworks).
- Vegetation removal.
- Other construction related activities required outside the permanent corridor including the regrade of driveways, construction traffic manoeuvring and construction laydown areas.

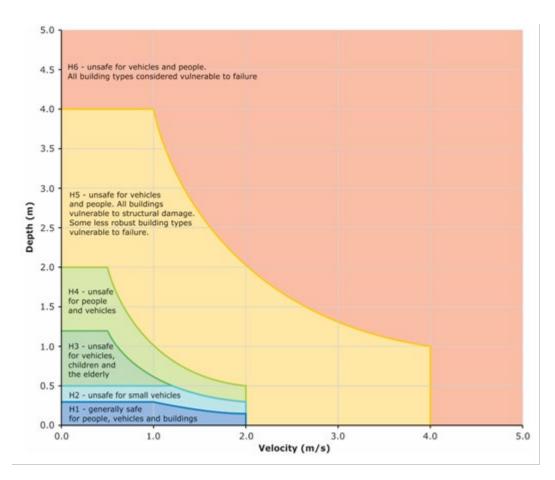
Concept Plan



Schedule 2 – Flood Hazard Class

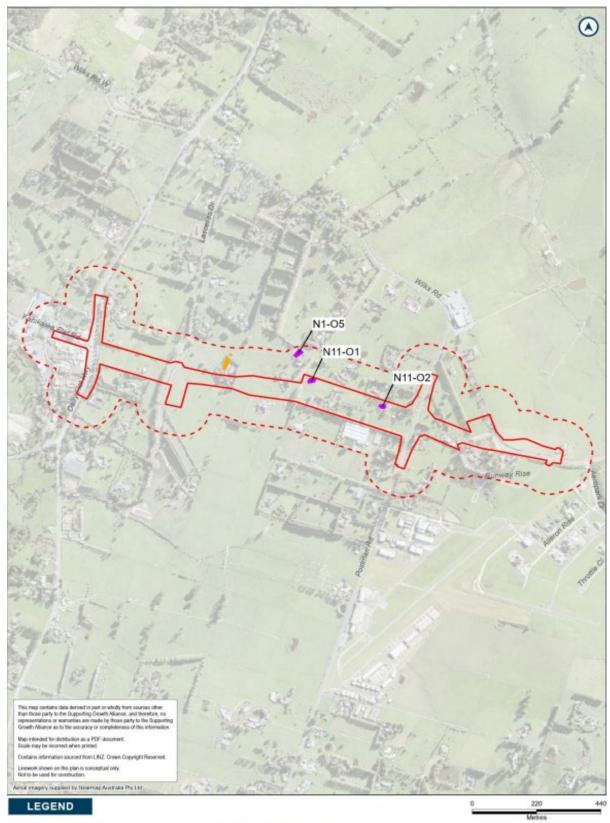
The combined flood hazard curves shown below set hazard thresholds that relate to the vulnerability of the community when interacting with floodwaters. The combined curves are divided into hazard classifications that relate to specific vulnerability thresholds

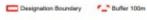
The vulnerability thresholds identified in the flood hazard curves can be applied to the best description of flood behaviour available for a subject site. In this regard, the hazard curves can be applied equally to flood behaviour estimates from measured data, simpler 1D numerical modelling approaches, through to complex 2D model estimates with the level of accuracy and uncertainty of the flood hazard estimate linked to the method used to derive the flood behaviour estimate.



Source: Australian Rainfall and Runoff, Book 6, 2019

Schedule 3: Identified Biodiversity Areas





Identified Biodiversity Unnamed Wetlands Areas for Wetland Avifauna Named Wetlands

Schedule 4: Table 10 of the 2018 EIANZ Guidelines

Criteria for describing level of effects (Adapted from Regini (2000) and Boffa Miskell (2011))

Ecological Value →	Very high	High	Moderate	Low	Negligible
Magnitude ↓					
Very high	Very high	Very high	High	Moderate	Low
High	Very high	Very high	Moderate	Low	Very low
Moderate	High	High	Moderate	Low	Very low
Low	Moderate	Low	Low	Very low	Very low
Negligible	Low	Very low	Very low	Very low	Very low
Positive	Net gain	Net gain	Net gain	Net gain	Net gain

Schedule 5: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories

Address	New or Altered Road	Noise Criteria Category
10 Kahikatea Flat Road	Altered	В
12 Kahikatea Flat Road	Altered	В
1424 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
2 Horseshoe Bush Road	Altered	A
1452 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1440 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
16 Kahikatea Flat Road	Altered	A
332 Postman Road	Altered	A
343 Postman Road	Altered	A
325 Postman Road	Altered	A
1448 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
326 Postman Road	Altered	A
132 Wilks Road	Altered	A
1455 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
323 Postman Road	Altered	A
1444 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1432 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
363 Postman Road	Altered	A
322 Postman Road	Altered	A
14 Runway Rise	Altered	A
314 Postman Road	Altered	A
1428 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
1412 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
311 Postman Road	Altered	A
5 Runway Rise	Altered	A
2 Aileron Rise	Altered	A
17 Kahikatea Flat Road	Altered	A

4 Aileron Rise	Altered	A
8 Aileron Rise	Altered	A
174 Wilks Road	Altered	A
327 Postman Road	New	A
349 Postman Road	New	A
90 Wilks Road	New	A
65 Lascelles Drive	New	A
57 Lascelles Drive	New	A

Appendix H – Auckland Transport's Modifications to NoR 12 conditions (clean)

[XXXX] Upgrade and Extension to Bawden Road

Designation Number	[XXXX]
Requiring Authority	Auckland Transport
Location	Bawden Road between Dairy Flat Highway in Dairy Flat and State Highway 1 at the Ō Mahurangi Penlink (Redvale) Interchange
Lapse Date	In accordance with section 184(1)(c) of the RMA, this designation shall lapse if not given effect to within 30 years from the date on which it is included in the AUP.

Purpose

The construction, operation and maintenance of an upgrade and extension to Bawden Road to an arterial transport corridor and associated facilities.

Conditions

Abbreviations and definitions

Acronym/Term	Definition
Activity sensitive to noise	Any dwelling, visitor accommodation, boarding house, marae, papakāinga, integrated residential development, retirement village, supported residential care, care centre, lecture theatre in a tertiary Education Facility, classroom in an Education Facility and healthcare facility with an overnight stay facility
AUP	Auckland Unitary Plan
BPO or Best Practicable Option	Has the same meaning as in section 2 of the RMA 1991
CEMP	Construction Environmental Management Plan
Certification of material changes to management plans	 Confirmation from the Manager that a material change to a management plan has been prepared in accordance with the condition to which it relates. A material change to a management plan shall be deemed certified: (a) where the Requiring Authority has received written confirmation from the Manager that the material change to the management plan is certified; or (b) 10 working days from the submission of the material change to the management plan where no written confirmation of certification has been received
СМР	Cultural Monitoring Plan
CNVMP	Construction Noise and Vibration Management Plan
CNVMP Schedule or Schedule	A schedule to the CNVMP
Completion of Construction	When construction of the project (or part of the project) is complete and it is available for use
Confirmed Biodiversity Areas	Areas recorded in the Identified Biodiversity Area Schedule where the ecological values and effects have been confirmed through the ecological survey under Condition 27
Construction Works	Activities undertaken to construct the project excluding Enabling Works
Council	Auckland Council
CTMP	Construction Traffic Management Plan

Developer	Any legal entity that intends to master plan or develop land adjacent to the designation
Development Agency	Public entities involved in development projects
Education Facility	 Facility used for education to secondary level. Includes: schools and outdoor education facilities; and accommodation, administrative, cultural, religious, health, retail and communal facilities accessory to the above. Excludes: care centres; and tertiary education facilities.
EIANZ Guidelines	Ecological Impact Assessment: EIANZ Guidelines for use in New Zealand: terrestrial and freshwater ecosystems, second edition, dated May 2018
EMP	Ecological Management Plan
Enabling Works	 Includes, but is not limited to, the following and similar activities: (a) geotechnical investigations (including trial embankments); (b) archaeological site investigations; (c) formation of access for geotechnical investigations; (d) establishment of site yards, site entrances and fencing; (e) constructing and sealing site access roads; (f) demolition or removal of buildings and structures; (g) relocation of services; and (h) establishment of mitigation measures (such as erosion and sediment control measures, temporary noise walls, earth bunds and planting)
HHMP	Historic Heritage Management Plan
HNZPT	Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga
HNZPTA	Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014
Identified Biodiversity Area	Means an area or areas of features of ecological value where the project ecologist has identified that the project will potentially have a moderate or greater level of ecological effect, prior to implementation of impact management measures, as determined in accordance with the EIANZ Guidelines
Manager	The Manager – Resource Consents of the Auckland Council, or authorised delegate
Mana Whenua	 Mana Whenua as referred to in the conditions are considered to be, but not limited to, the following (in no particular order), who at the time of Notice of Requirement expressed a desire to be involved in the project: (a) Ngāti Manuhiri (b) Te Kawerau ā Maki (c) Te Ākitai Waiohua (d) Ngāti Whanaunga (e) Te Runanga o Ngāti Whātua (f) Ngāti Maru (g) Te Patu Kirikiri (h) Ngāti Tamaterā (j) Ngai Tai ki Tāmaki (k) Ngāti Paoa Irust Board Note: other iwi not identified above may have an interest in the project and should be consulted
Network Utility Operator	Has the same meaning as set out in section 166 of the RMA
NIMP	Network Integration Management Plan

NoR	Notice of Requirement
North Growth Area	Land for future urban development in the North of Auckland, including Future Urban zoned areas in Ara Hills, Ōrewa, Wainui East, Silverdale West, Redvale and Dairy Flat
NUMP	Network Utilities Management Plan
Outline Plan	An outline plan prepared in accordance with section 176A of the RMA
Project Liaison Person	The person or persons appointed for the duration of the project's Construction Works to be the main point of contact for persons wanting information about the project or affected by the Construction Works
Protected Premises and Facilities (PPF)	Protected Premises and Facilities as defined in New Zealand Standard NZS 6806:2010: <i>Acoustics – Road-traffic noise – New and</i> <i>altered roads</i>
Requiring Authority	Has the same meaning as section 166 of the RMA and, for this designation is Auckland Transport
RMA	Resource Management Act 1991
SCEMP	Stakeholder Communication and Engagement Management Plan
Stakeholder	Stakeholders to be identified in accordance with Condition 4, which may include as appropriate:
	 (a) adjacent owners and occupiers; (b) adjacent business owners and operators;
	 (c) central and local government bodies; (d) community groups; (e) developers; (f) development agencies; (g) Education Facilities; and (h) Network Utility Operators.
Stage of Work	Any physical works that require the development of an Outline Plan
Start of Construction	The time when Construction Works (excluding Enabling Works) start
Suitably Qualified Person	A person (or persons) who can provide sufficient evidence to demonstrate their suitability, experience and competence in the relevant field of expertise.
ULDMP	Urban and Landscape Design Management Plan

General conditions			
1.	Activity in General Accordance with Plans and Information		
	(a) (b)	Except as provided for in the conditions below, and subject to final design and Outline Plan(s), works within the designation shall be undertaken in general accordance with the project description and concept plan in Schedule 1. Where there is inconsistency between:	
		 the project description and concept plan in Schedule 1 and the requirements of the following conditions, the conditions shall prevail; 	
		 (ii) the project description and concept plan in Schedule 1, and the management plans under the conditions of the designation, the requirements of the management plans shall prevail. 	
2.	Proje	ect Information	
	(a)	A project website, or equivalent virtual information source, shall be established as soon as reasonably practicable, and within six months of the inclusion of this designation in the AUP. This shall be updated as required so it remains current.	
	(b)	All directly affected owners and occupiers shall be notified in writing as soon as reasonably practicable once the website or equivalent information source has been established. The project website or virtual information source shall include these conditions and shall provide information on:	
		 (i) the status of the project; (ii) anticipated construction timeframes; 	
		(iii) contact details for enquiries;	
		 the implications of the designation for landowners, occupiers and business owners and operators within the designation and where they can receive additional advice; 	
		 (v) a subscription service to enable receipt of project updates by email; (vi) the types of activities that can be undertaken by landowners without the need for written consent to be obtained under s176(1)(b) of the RMA; and (vii) when and how to apply for consent for works in the designation under 	
		section 176(1)(b) of the RMA.	
	(c)	At ten yearly intervals from the inclusion of this designation in the AUP until the start of detailed design, the Requiring Authority shall identify appropriate methods with the relevant Local Board(s) to: (i) inform the wider community of the project status; and (ii) raise awareness of the project website.	
	(d)	At the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, the project website or virtual information source shall be updated to provide information on the likely date for Start of Construction, and any Staging of Works.	

3.	Land use Integration Process	
	(a)	The Requiring Authority shall set up a Land use Integration Process for the period
		between confirmation of the designation and the Start of Construction. The purpose
		of this process is to encourage and facilitate the integration of master planning and
		land use development activity on land directly affected or adjacent to the
		designation. To achieve this purpose:
		(i) the Requiring Authority shall include the contact details of a nominated
		contact on the project website (or equivalent information source) required to be established by Condition 2(b)(iii); and
		(ii) the nominated contact shall be the main point of contact for a Developer or
		Development Agency wanting to work with the Requiring Authority to
		integrate their development plans or master planning with the designation.
	(b)	At any time prior to the Start of Construction, the nominated contact will be
	. ,	available to engage with a Developer or Development Agency for the purpose of:
		(i) responding to requests made to the Requiring Authority for information
		regarding design details that could assist with land use integration; and
		(ii) receiving information from a Developer or Development Agency regarding
		master planning or land development details that could assist with land use
		integration.
	(c)	Information requested or provided under Condition 3(b) above may include but not
		be limited to the following matters:
		(i) design details including but not limited to:
		A. boundary treatment (e.g. the use of retaining walls or batter slopes);B. the horizontal and vertical alignment of the road (levels);
		C. potential locations for mid-block crossings;
		D. integration of stormwater infrastructure; and
		E. traffic noise modelling contours.
		(ii) potential modifications to the extent of the designation in response to
		information received through Condition 3(b)(ii);
		(iii) a process for the Requiring Authority to undertake a technical review of or
		provide comments on any master planning or development proposal
		advanced by the Developer or Development Agency as it relates to
		integration with the project; and
		 (iv) details of how to apply for written consent from the Requiring Authority for any development proposal that relates to land that is within the designation
		under section 176(1)(b) of the RMA.
	(d)	Where information is requested from the Requiring Authority and is available, the
	()	nominated contact shall provide the information unless there are reasonable
		grounds for not providing it.
	(e)	The nominated contact shall maintain a record of the engagement between the
		Requiring Authority and Developers and Development Agencies for the period
		following the date in which this designation is included in the AUP through to the
		Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The record shall include:
		 details of any requests made to the Requiring Authority that could influence detailed design, the results of any engagement and, where such requests
		that could influence detailed design are declined, the reasons why the
		Requiring Authority has declined the requests; and
		(ii) details of any requests to co-ordinate the forward work programme, where
		appropriate, with Development Agencies and Network Utility Operators.
	(f)	The record shall be submitted to Council for information 10 working days prior to
	. /	the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work.

4.	Stakeholder Communication and Engagement Design	
	(a) At least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, the	
	Requiring Authority shall identify:	
	 (i) a list of Stakeholders; (ii) a list of properties within the designation which the Requiring Authority does 	
	not own or have occupation rights to; and	
	(iii) methods to engage with Stakeholders and the owners and occupiers of	
	properties identified in (a)(i) – (ii) above.	
	(b) A record of (a) shall be submitted to the Manager for information with an Outline Plan for the relevant Stage of Work.	
5.	Designation Review	
	Pre-construction review	
	If the land adjacent to the designation is re-zoned from Future Urban or any live urban	
	zone to any rural zone (once made operative in the Auckland Unitary Plan), the Requiring	
	Authority shall review the extent of the designation.	
	In carrying out this review, the Requiring Authority shall:	
	(i) Consider the implications of any zoning change and integration of land use	
	with the transport network in the North Growth Area;	
	(ii) Identify whether any areas of designated land are no longer required for the	
	construction, operation, maintenance or mitigation of effects of the project;	
	and	
	 (iii) Consider whether the boundaries of the designation require modification in accordance with section 182 of the RMA. 	
	accordance with section 102 of the NMA.	
	Post-construction review	
	As soon as reasonably practicable following Completion of Construction, the Requiring	
	Authority shall:	
	(i) review the extent of the designation to identify any areas of designated land	
	that it no longer requires for the on-going operation, maintenance or mitigation of effects of the project; and	
	(ii) give notice to the Manager in accordance with section 182 of the RMA for	
	the removal of those parts of the designation identified above.	
6.	Lapse	
	In accordance with section 184(1)(c) of the RMA, this designation shall lapse if not given	
	effect to within 30 years from the date on which it is included in the AUP.	
7.	Network Utility Operators (Section 176 Approval)	
	(a) Prior to the Start of Construction, Network Utility Operators with existing	
	infrastructure located within the designation will not require written consent under section 176 of the RMA for the following activities:	
	(i) operation, maintenance and repair works;	
	(ii) minor renewal works to existing network utilities necessary for the on-going	
	provision or security of supply of network utility operations;	
	(iii) minor works such as new service connections; and	
	 (iv) the upgrade and replacement of existing network utilities in the same location with the same or similar effects on the works authorised by the 	
	designation as the existing utility.	
	(b) To the extent that a record of written approval is required for the activities listed	
	above, this condition shall constitute written approval.	

8.	General Section 176 Approval	
	 (a) Prior to the start of the formal acquisition process under the Public Works Act 1981 for a property, or submission of the Outline Plan, persons on properties zoned Rural or Future Urban will not require written consent under section 176 of the RMA for the following activities: (i) Internal alterations; (ii) Repair of existing utility services; (iii) One extension to an existing structure as at 2023, up to 30m²; (iv) Temporary or relocatable structures, provided they are removed from the site and the land is reinstated (including closing and capping any associated services) at the landowner's expense prior to the Start of Construction. The landowner shall be responsible for any resource consent required for the structures, their removal or relocation. (b) To the extent that a record of written approval is required for the activities listed above, this condition shall constitute written approval. 	
Pre-con	struction conditions	
9.	Outline Plan	
	(a) An Outline Plan (or Plans) shall be prepared in accordance with section 176A of	
	the RMA.(b) Outline Plans (or Plan) may be submitted in parts or in stages to address particular	
	activities (e.g. design or construction aspects), or a Stage of Work of the project.	
	(c) Outline Plans shall include any management plan or plans that are relevant to the	
	management of effects of those activities or Stage of Work, which may include:	
	 (i) Construction Environmental Management Plan; (ii) Construction Traffic Management Plan; 	
	(iii) Construction Noise and Vibration Management Plan;	
	(iv) Urban and Landscape Design Management Plan;	
	(v) Historic Heritage Management Plan;	
	(vi) Ecological Management Plan;	
	(vii) Network Utilities Management Plan; and(viii) Network Integration Management Plan.	
	Flood Hazard	
	For the purpose of Condition 10:	
	(a) AEP – means Annual Exceedance Probability;	
	(b) Existing Authorised Habitable Floor – means the floor level of any room (floor) in	
	a residential building which is authorised and exists at the time the Outline Plan is	
	submitted, excluding a laundry, bathroom, toilet or any room used solely as an	
	entrance hall, passageway or garage; (c) Flood Prone Area – means potential ponding areas that may flood in a 1% AEP	
	event and commonly comprise of topographical depression areas. The areas can	
	occur naturally or as a result of constructed features. Identification of a potential	
	Flood Prone Area would be by an assessment of residual flood risk in a 1% AEP	
	event (e.g. from blockage of the project stormwater network) on land outside and adjacent to the designation following the application of Conditions (10)(a)(i) – (iv).	
	(d) Maximum Probable Development – is the design case for consideration of future	
	flows allowing for development within a catchment that takes into account the	
	maximum impervious surface limits of the current zone or if the land is zoned	
	Future Urban in the AUP, the probable level of development arising from zone	
	changes;	
	 (e) Pre-Project Development – means existing site condition prior to the project (including existing buildings and roadways); and 	
	(f) Post-Project Development – means site condition after the project has been	
	completed (including existing and new buildings and roadways).	

10.	Floo	Flood Hazard				
	(a)	The project shall be designed to achieve the following flood risk outcomes beyond the boundary of the designation:				
		 (i) no increase in flood levels in a 1% AEP event for Existing Authorised Habitable Floors that are already subject to flooding or have a freeboard less than 500mm; 				
		 (ii) no increase in flood levels in a 1% AEP event for authorised community, commercial, industrial and network utility building floors existing at the time the Outline Plan is submitted that are already subject to flooding or have a freeboard less than 300mm; 				
		 (iii) maximum of 50mm increase in flood levels in a 1% AEP event outside and adjacent to the designation boundary between the Pre-Project Development and Post-Project Development scenarios; 				
	 (iv) no increase of Flood Hazard Class for the main access to authorised habitable dwellings existing at the time the Outline Plan is submitted. The assessment shall be undertaken for the 1% AEP rainfall event and referen- the hazard class in accordance with Schedule 2 to these conditions; and 					
		(v) no new Flood Prone Areas.				
	(b)	Compliance with this condition shall be demonstrated in the Outline Plan, which shall include flood modelling of the Pre-Project Development and Post-Project Development 1% AEP flood levels (for Maximum Probable Development land use with allowances for climate change)				
	(c)	with allowances for climate change). Where:				
		 the flood risk outcomes in (a) can be achieved through alternative measures outside of the designation such as flood stop banks, flood walls, raising Existing Authorised Habitable Floor level and new overland flow paths; or 				
		 the outcomes are varied at specific location(s) through agreement with the relevant landowner, 				
		confirmation shall be provided to the Manager that any necessary landowner agreement and statutory approvals have been obtained for that alternative measure or varied outcome.				
11.	Exist	ting property access				
	and o Outlin	to submission of the Outline Plan, consultation shall be undertaken with landowners occupiers whose vehicle access to their property will be altered by the project. The ne Plan shall demonstrate how safe reconfigured or alternate access will be ded, unless otherwise agreed with the affected landowner.				

12.	Management Plans		
	(a)	Any management plan shall: (i) be prepared and implemented in accordance with the relevant management	
		plan condition;	
		(ii) be prepared by a Suitably Qualified Person(s);	
		(iii) include sufficient detail relating to the management of effects associated with	
		the relevant activities and/or Stage of Work to which it relates;	
		(iv) be submitted as part of an Outline Plan pursuant to section 176A of the	
		RMA, with the exception of SCEMPs and CNVMP Schedules; and	
		 (v) once finalised, uploaded to the project website or equivalent virtual information source. 	
	(b)	Any management plan developed in accordance with Condition 12 may:	
	()	 be submitted in parts or in stages to address particular activities (e.g. design or construction aspects), a Stage of Work of the project, or to address 	
		specific activities authorised by the designation; and	
		(ii) except for material changes, be amended to reflect any changes in design,	
	(c)	construction methods or management of effects without further process; Information shall be submitted with the management plan (or revised plan as	
	(0)	referred to in (d) below) which summarises outcomes of consultation and any input	
		received from Mana Whenua and Stakeholders as required by the relevant	
		management plan condition. The summary shall note how this input has been	
		incorporated or reflected in the management plan, or if not, the reasons why;	
	(d)	If there is a material change required to a management plan which has been	
		submitted with an Outline Plan, the revised part of the plan shall be submitted to	
		the Manager as an update to the Outline Plan or for Certification as soon as	
	(α)	practicable following identification of the need for a revision; and Any material changes to the SCEMP(s) are to be submitted to the Manager for	
	(e)	information.	
13.	Stak	eholder Communication and Engagement Management Plan (SCEMP)	
	(a)	A SCEMP shall be prepared in consultation with relevant Stakeholders prior to the	
		Start of Construction. The objective of the SCEMP is to identify how the public and	
		Stakeholders will be engaged with throughout Construction Works.	
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the SCEMP shall include:	
		 (i) a list of Stakeholders; (ii) the contact details for the Project Liaison Person. These details shall be on 	
		the project website, or equivalent virtual information source, and prominently	
		displayed at the main entrance(s) to the site(s);	
		(iii) methods for engaging with Mana Whenua, to be developed in consultation	
		with Mana Whenua;	
		(iv) methods and timing to engage with owners and occupiers whose access is	
		directly affected;(v) methods to communicate key project milestones and the proposed hours of	
		 (v) methods to communicate key project milestones and the proposed hours of construction activities including outside of normal working hours and on 	
		weekends and public holidays, to the parties identified in (b)(i) above; and	
		(vi) linkages and cross-references to communication and engagement methods	
		set out in other conditions and management plans where relevant.	
	(c)	Any SCEMP prepared for a Stage of Work shall be submitted to the Manager for	
		information a minimum of 10 working days prior to the Start of Construction for a	
		Stage of Work.	

14.	Cultural Advisory Report				
	(a)	At least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, Mana Whenua shall be invited to prepare a Cultural Advisory Report for the project. The			
		objective of the Cultural Advisory Report is to assist in understanding and identifying ngā taonga tuku iho (treasures handed down by our ancestors) affected by the angle at the information of the inform			
	(b)	by the project, to inform their management and protection. To achieve the objective, the Requiring Authority shall invite Mana Whenua to			
		prepare a Cultural Advisory Report that: (i) identifies the cultural sites, landscapes and values that have the potential to			
		be affected by the construction and operation of the project;			
		(ii) sets out the desired outcomes for management of potential effects on			
		cultural sites, landscapes and values;			
		 (iii) identifies traditional cultural practices within the area that may be impacted by the project; 			
		 (iv) identifies opportunities for restoration and enhancement of identified cultural sites, landscapes and values within the project area; 			
		 (v) taking into account the outcomes of (i) to (iv) above, identify cultural matters and principles that should be considered in the development of the ULDMP (Condition 15) and HHMP (Condition 26) and the CMP referred to in 			
		Condition 20; and (vi) identifies and (if possible) nominates traditional names along the project			
		alignment. Noting there may be formal statutory processes outside the			
		project required in any decision-making.			
	(c)	The desired outcomes for management of potential effects on cultural sites,			
		landscapes and values identified in the Cultural Advisory Report shall be discussed with Mana Whenua and those outcomes reflected in the relevant management			
		plans where practicable; and			
	(d)	Conditions 14(b) and (c) will cease to apply if:			
		(i) Mana Whenua have been invited to prepare a Cultural Advisory Report by a			
		date at least six months prior to the Start of Construction; and (ii) Mana Whenua have not provided a Cultural Advisory Report within six			
		months prior to the Start of Construction.			
	Urba	n and Landscape Design Management Plan (ULDMP)			
15.	(a)	A ULDMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work.			
		The objective of the ULDMP(s) is to:			
		(i) enable integration of the project's permanent works into the surrounding			
		landscape and urban context; and(ii) ensure that the project manages potential adverse landscape and visual			
		effects as far as practicable and contributes to a quality urban environment.			
	(b)	Mana Whenua shall be invited to participate in the development of the ULDMP(s)			
		to provide input into relevant cultural landscape and design matters including how			
		desired outcomes for management of potential effects on cultural sites, landscapes			
		and values identified and discussed in the Cultural Advisory Report in Condition 14 may be reflected in the ULDMP.			
	(c)	Relevant Stakeholders shall be invited to participate in the development of the			
	` <i>`</i>	ULDMP at least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work.			

16.	(a) To achieve the objective set out in Condition 15, the ULDMP(s) shall provide details
	of how the project:
	 (i) is designed to integrate with the adjacent urban (or proposed urban) and landscape context, including the surrounding existing or proposed topography, urban environment (eg. centres and density of built form), natural environment, landscape character and open space zones;
	 provides appropriate walking and cycling connectivity to, and interfaces with, existing or proposed adjacent land uses, public transport infrastructure and walking and cycling connections;
	(iii) promotes inclusive access (where appropriate);
	 (iv) promotes a sense of personal safety by aligning with best practice guidelines, such as:
	A. Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED) principles;B. Safety in Design (SID) requirements; and
	 Maintenance in Design (MID) requirements and anti-vandalism/anti- graffiti measures;
	 (v) has responded to matters identified through the Land use Integration Process (Condition 3); and
	(b) The ULDMP shall be prepared in general accordance with:
	 Auckland Transport's Urban Roads and Streets Design Guide, or any subsequent or updated version;
	 (ii) New Zealand Transport Agency Urban Design Guidelines: Bridging the Gap (2013) or any subsequent updated version;
	 (iii) New Zealand Transport Agency Landscape Guidelines (2018) or any subsequent updated version;
	(iv) New Zealand Transport Agency P39 Standard Specification for Highway Landscape Treatments (2013) or any subsequent updated version; and
	 (v) Auckland's Urban Ngahere (Forest) Strategy or any subsequent updated version.

17.	The	ULDMP(s) shall include:
	(a)	a concept plan – which depicts the overall landscape and urban design concept,
	. ,	and explain the rationale for the landscape and urban design proposals;
	(b)	developed design concepts, including principles for walking and cycling facilities
	. ,	and public transport;
	(c)	landscape and urban design details – that cover the following:
	(-)	(i) road design – elements such as intersection form, carriageway gradient and
		associated earthworks contouring including cut and fill batters and the
		interface with adjacent land uses and existing roads (including slip lanes),
		benching, spoil disposal sites, median width and treatment, roadside width
		and treatment;
		(ii) roadside elements – such as lighting, fencing, wayfinding and signage;
		(iii) architectural and landscape treatment of all major structures, including
		bridges and retaining walls;
		(iv) architectural and landscape treatment of noise barriers;
		(v) landscape treatment and planting of permanent stormwater control wetlands
		and swales;
		(vi) integration of passenger transport;
		(vii) pedestrian and cycle facilities including paths, road crossings and dedicated
		pedestrian/ cycle bridges or underpasses;
		(viii) historic heritage places with reference to the HHMP (Condition 26); and
		(ix) re-instatement of construction and site compound areas; and
		(x) features disturbed during construction and intended to be reinstated such as:
		A. boundary features;
		B. driveways;
		C. accessways; and
		D. fences.
	(d)	the ULDMP shall also include the following planting and maintenance details:
		(i) planting design details including:
		A. identification of existing trees and vegetation that will be retained with
		reference to the EMP (Condition 28). Where practicable, mature trees
		and native vegetation should be retained;
		 B. street trees, shrubs and ground cover suitable for the location;
		 C. treatment of fill slopes to integrate with adjacent land use, streams,
		riparian margins and open space zones;
		D. identification of any planting requirements under the EMP (Condition
		28);
		E. integration of any planting required by conditions of any resource
		consents for the project; and
		F. re-instatement planting of construction and site compound areas as
		appropriate.
		(ii) a planting programme including the staging of planting in relation to the
		construction programme which shall, as far as practicable, include provision
		for planting within each planting season following completion of each Stage
		of Work; and
		(iii) detailed specifications relating to the following:
		A. weed control and clearance;
		 B. pest animal management (to support plant establishment);
		C. ground preparation (top soiling and decompaction);
		D. mulching; and
		E. plant sourcing and planting, including hydroseeding and grassing, and
		use of eco-sourced species.
		1
Constru	iction	conditions
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18.	Cons	Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP)		
18.	(a)	 A CEMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the CEMP is to set out the management procedures and construction methods to be undertaken to avoid, remedy or mitigate any adverse effects associated with Construction Works as far as practicable. To achieve the objective, the CEMP shall include: (i) the roles and responsibilities of staff and contractors; (ii) details of the site or project manager and the Project Liaison Person, including their contact details (phone and email address); (iii) the Construction Works programmes and the staging approach, and the proposed hours of work; (iv) details of the proposed construction yards including temporary screening when adjacent to residential areas; (v) details of the proposed construction lighting; (vi) methods for controlling dust and the removal of debris and demolition of construction materials from public roads or places; 		
		 (vii) methods for providing for the health and safety of the general public; (viii) measures to mitigate flood hazard effects such as siting stockpiles out of floodplains, minimising obstruction to flood flows, actions to respond to warnings of heavy rain; 		
		 (ix) procedures for incident management; (x) location and procedures for the refuelling and maintenance of plant and equipment to avoid discharges of fuels or lubricants to watercourses; 		
		 (xi) measures to address the storage of fuels, lubricants to watercourses, (xi) measures to address the storage of fuels, lubricants, hazardous and/or dangerous materials, along with contingency procedures to address emergency spill response(s) and clean up; 		
		(xii) procedures for responding to complaints about Construction Works; and(xiii) methods for amending and updating the CEMP as required.		
19.	Com	plaints Process		
	(a)	 At all times during Construction Works, a record of any complaints received about the Construction Works shall be maintained. The record shall include: (i) the date, time and nature of the complaint; (ii) the name, phone number and address of the complainant (unless the complainant wishes to remain anonymous); (iii) measures taken to respond to the complaint (including a record of the response provided to the complainant) or confirmation of no action if deemed appropriate; (iv) the outcome of the investigation into the complaint; and 		
		 (v) any other activities in the area, unrelated to the project that may have contributed to the complaint, such as non-project construction, fires, traffic accidents or unusually dusty conditions generally. 		
	(b)	A copy of the complaints record required by this condition shall be made available to the Manager upon request as soon as practicable after the request is made.		

20.	Cult	Cultural Monitoring Plan (CMP)			
	(a)	Prior to the Start of Construction, a CMP shall be prepared by a Suitably Qualified Person(s) identified in collaboration with Mana Whenua. The objective of the CMP is to identify methods for undertaking cultural monitoring to assist with management of any cultural effects during Construction Works.			
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the CMP shall include:			
		 requirements for formal dedication or cultural interpretation to be undertaken prior to the Start of Construction in areas identified as having significance to Mana Whenua; 			
		 (ii) requirements and protocols for cultural inductions for contractors and subcontractors; 			
		 (iii) identification of activities, sites and areas where cultural monitoring is required during particular Construction Works; 			
		 (iv) identification of personnel to undertake cultural monitoring, including any geographic definition of their responsibilities; and 			
		 details of personnel to assist with management of any cultural effects identified during cultural monitoring, including implementation of the Accidental Discovery Protocol. 			
	(c)	If Enabling Works involving soil disturbance are undertaken prior to the Start of Construction, an Enabling Works CMP shall be prepared by a Suitably Qualified Person identified in collaboration with Mana Whenua. This plan may be prepared as a standalone Enabling Works CMP or be included in the main Construction Works CMP.			
	Advice note:				
	desig	re appropriate, the CMP shall align with the requirements of other conditions of the gnation and resource consents for the project which require monitoring during struction Works.			

21.	Construction Traffic Management Plan (CTMP)		
	(a)	A CTMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the CTMP is to avoid, remedy or mitigate, as far as practicable, adverse construction traffic effects.	
	(b)	To achieve this objective, the CTMP shall include:	
	()	 methods to manage the effects of temporary traffic management activities on traffic; 	
		(ii) measures to ensure the safety of all transport users;	
		(iii) the estimated numbers, frequencies, routes and timing of traffic movements, including any specific non-working or non-movement hours to manage vehicular and pedestrian traffic near Education Facilities or to manage traffic congestion;	
		 (iv) site access routes and access points for heavy vehicles, the size and location of parking areas for plant, construction vehicles and the vehicles of workers and visitors; 	
		 (v) identification of detour routes and other methods to ensure the safe management and maintenance of traffic flows, including public transport, pedestrians and cyclists; 	
		 (vi) methods to maintain access to and within property and/or private roads where practicable, or to provide alternative arrangements when it will not be, including details of how access is managed for loading and unloading of goods; 	
		 (vii) the management approach to loads on heavy vehicles, including covering loads of fine material, the use of wheel-wash facilities at site exit points and the timely removal of any material deposited or spilled on public roads; 	
		 (viii) methods that will be undertaken to communicate traffic management measures to affected road users (e.g. residents / public / Stakeholders / emergency services); 	
		 details of minimum network performance parameters during the construction phase, including any measures to monitor compliance with the performance parameters; and 	
		 details of any measures proposed to be implemented in the event of thresholds identified in (ix) being exceeded. 	
	(C)	Auditing, monitoring and reporting requirements relating to traffic management	
		activities shall be undertaken in accordance with the New Zealand Guide to	
		Temporary Traffic Management (April 2023) or any subsequent version.	

22.	Construction Noise Standards								
	(a) Construction noise shall be measured and assessed in accordance with								
	NZS6803:1999 Acoustics – Construction Noise and shall comply with the noise								
	standards set	out in the following	table as far as p	racticable:					
	Table 22-1 Construction Noise Standards								
	Day of week Time period LAeq(15min) LAFmax								
	Occupied activity sensitive to noise								
	Weekday	0630h - 0730h	55 dB	75 dB					
		0730h - 1800h	70 dB	85 dB					
		1800h - 2000h	65 dB	80 dB					
		2000h - 0630h	45 dB	75 dB					
	Saturday	0630h - 0730h	45 dB	75 dB					
	,	0730h - 1800h	70 dB	85 dB					
		1800h - 2000h	45 dB	75 dB					
		2000h - 0630h	45 dB	75 dB					
	Sunday and Public	0630h - 0730h	45 dB	75 dB					
	Holidays	0730h - 1800h	55 dB	85 dB					
		1800h - 2000h	45 dB	75 dB					
		2000h - 0630h	45 dB	75 dB					
	Other occupied bui	ldings							
	All	0730h – 1800h	70 dB						
		1800h – 0730h	75 dB						
23.	(a) Construction Vibra (a) Construction Mechanical vi measurement	vibration shall be m ibration and shock - t of vibrations and e	easured in accord - Vibration of fixed valuation of their	dance with ISO 4866:2 d structures – Guidelin effects on structures a following table as far a	es for the nd shall				
	Table 23-1 Construction Vibration Standards								
	Receiver	Details	Category A*	Category B**	_				
	Occupied activities sensitive to noise	Night-time 2000h - 0630h	0.3mm/s ppv	2mm/s ppv					
		Daytime 0630h - 2000h	2mm/s ppv	5mm/s ppv					
	Other occupied buildings	Daytime 0630h - 2000h	2mm/s ppv	5mm/s ppv					
	All other buildings	At all other times		f DIN4150-3:1999					
	* Category A criteria a ** Category B criteria	-		age criteria for daytime					
		iance with the vibra ne methodology in 0	tion standards se	t out in Table 23-1 is n	ot				

24.	Const	truction Noise and Vibration Management Plan (CNVMP)
		A CNVMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for Stage of Work. A CNVMP shall be implemented during the Stage of Work to which it relates. The objective of the CNVMP is to provide a framework for the development and implementation of the Best Practicable Option for the management of construction noise and vibration effects to achieve the construction noise and vibration standards set out in Conditions 22 and 23 to the extent practicable.
		 To achieve the objective, the CNVMP shall be prepared in accordance with Annex E2 of the New Zealand Standard NZS6803:1999 'Acoustics – Construction Noise' (NZS6803:1999) and shall as a minimum, address the following: (i) description of the works and anticipated equipment/processes; (ii) hours of operation, including times and days when construction activities would occur;
		(iii) the construction noise and vibration standards for the project;
		 (iv) identification of receivers where noise and vibration standards apply; (v) a hierarchy of management and mitigation options, including any requirements to limit night works and works during other sensitive times,
		 including Sundays and public holidays as far as practicable; (vi) methods and frequency for monitoring and reporting on construction noise and vibration;
		 (vii) procedures for communication and engagement with nearby residents and Stakeholders, including notification of proposed construction activities, the period of construction activities, and management of noise and vibration complaints;
		(viii) contact details of the Project Liaison Person;
		 (ix) procedures for the regular training of the operators of construction equipment to minimise noise and vibration as well as expected construction site behaviours for all workers;
		 (x) procedures and requirements for the preparation of a Schedule to the CNVMP (Schedule) for those areas where compliance with the noise Condition 22 and/or vibration standards Condition 23 Category B will not be practicable;
		(xi) identification of trigger levels for undertaking building condition surveys, which shall be Category B day time levels;
		(xii) procedures and trigger levels for undertaking building condition surveys before and after works to determine whether any cosmetic or structural damage has occurred as a result of construction vibration;
		(xiii) methodology and programme of desktop and field audits and inspections to be undertaken to ensure that the CNVMP, Schedules and the Best Practicable Option for management of effects are being implemented; and
		(xiv) requirements for review and update of the CNVMP.

25.	Schedule to a CNVMP		
	(a)	 A Schedule to the CNVMP (Schedule) shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction of an activity to which it relates by a Suitably Qualified Person, in consultation with the owners and occupiers of sites subject to the Schedule, when: (i) construction noise is either predicted or measured to exceed the noise standards in Condition 22, except where the exceedance of the L_{Aeq} criteria is no greater than 5 decibels and does not exceed: A. 0630 – 2000: 2 periods of up to 2 consecutive weeks in any 2 months; or B. 2000 - 0630: 1 period of up to 2 consecutive nights in any 10 days; 	
		 (ii) construction vibration is either predicted or measured to exceed the Category B standard at the receivers in Condition 23. 	
	(b)	The objective of the Schedule is to set out the Best Practicable Option measures to manage noise and/or vibration effects of the construction activity beyond those measures set out in the CNVMP.	
	(c)	 To achieve the objective, the Schedule shall include details such as: (i) construction activity location, start and finish dates; (ii) the nearest neighbours to the construction activity; (iii) the predicted noise and/or vibration level for all receivers where the levels are predicted or measured to exceed the applicable standards and predicted duration of the exceedance; (iv) for works proposed between 2000h and 0630h, the reasons why the proposed works must be undertaken during these hours and why they cannot be practicably undertaken during the daytime; (v) the proposed mitigation options that have been selected, and the options that have been discounted as being impracticable and the reasons why; (vi) the consultation undertaken with owners and occupiers of sites subject to the Schedule, and how consultation has and has not been taken into account; and 	
	(d)	(vii) location, times and types of monitoring. The Schedule shall be submitted to the Manager for Certification at least five working days (except in unforeseen circumstances) in advance of Construction Works that are covered by the scope of the Schedule and shall form part of the CNVMP.	
	(e)	The CNVMP Schedule shall be deemed certified five working days from the submission of the CNVMP Schedule where no written confirmation of Certification has been received.	
	(f)	Where material changes are made to a Schedule required by this condition, the Requiring Authority shall consult the owners and/or occupiers of sites subject to the Schedule prior to submitting the amended Schedule to the Manager for Certification in accordance with (d) above. The amended Schedule shall document the consultation undertaken with those owners and occupiers, and how consultation outcomes have and have not been taken into account.	

н	listoric	Heritage Management Plan (HHMP)
(8	, to	HHMP shall be prepared in consultation with Council, HNZPT and Mana Whenua ior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the HHMP is protect historic heritage and to remedy and mitigate any residual effects as far as acticable.
(b	•	o achieve the objective, the HHMP shall identify:
(L	(i)	
	(1)	measures to appropriately avoid, remedy or mitigate any such effects,
		including a tabulated summary of these effects and measures;
	(ii)	
	(11)	places within the designation to inform detailed design;
	(iii	
	(designation, including identifying any archaeological sites for which an Archaeological Authority under the HNZPTA will be sought or has been
	<i>.</i> .	granted;
	(iv	
	()	designation, which shall also be documented and recorded;
	(v)	HNZPT representatives, Mana Whenua representatives, and relevant agencies involved with heritage and archaeological matters including
		surveys, monitoring of Construction Works, compliance with AUP accidental
	<i>(</i> , .:	discovery rule, and monitoring of conditions;
	(vi	
	64	are directly affected by the project;
	(vi	ii) the proposed methodology for investigating and recording post-1900 historic heritage sites (including buildings) that need to be destroyed, demolished or
		relocated, including details of their condition, measures to mitigate any
		adverse effects and timeframe for implementing the proposed methodology,
		in accordance with the HNZPT Archaeological Guidelines Series No.1: Investigation and Recording of Buildings and Standing Structures (November
		2018), or any subsequent version;
	(vi	
	(*	where archaeological sites also involve ngā taonga tuku iho (treasures
		handed down by our ancestors) and where feasible and practicable to do so;
	(ix	
	(heritage places and sites within the designation during Construction Works
		as far as practicable. These methods shall include, but are not limited to:
		A. security fencing or hoardings around historic heritage places to protect
		them from damage during construction or unauthorised access;
		B. measures to mitigate adverse effects on historic heritage sites that
		achieve positive historic heritage outcomes such as increased public
		awareness and interpretation signage; and
		C. training requirements and inductions for contractors and
		subcontractors on historic heritage places within the designation, legal
		obligations relating to unexpected discoveries and the AUP Accidental
		Discovery Rule (E11.6.1). The training shall be undertaken prior to the
		Start of Construction, under the guidance of a Suitably Qualified
		Person and Mana Whenua representatives (to the extent the training
		relates to cultural values identified under Condition 14).
Α	dvice r	note:
Α	cciden	tal Discoveries
	he requ f the AL	uirements for accidental discoveries of heritage items are set out in Rule E11.6.1

27.	Pre-Construction Ecological Survey		
	 (a) At the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, an updated ecological survey shall be undertaken in the relevant geographic area by a Suitably Qualified Person. The purpose of the survey is to inform ecological management by: (i) confirming whether the species of value within the Identified Biodiversity Areas recorded in the Identified Biodiversity Area Schedule 3 are still present; and 		
	 (ii) confirming whether the project will or is likely to have a moderate or greater level of ecological effect on species of value (prior to implementation of impact management measures). The level of effect shall be determined in accordance with Table 10 of the EIANZ Guidelines (or subsequent updated version of that table) as included in Schedule 4 of these conditions. (b) If the ecological survey confirms the presence of ecological species of value in accordance with Condition 27(a)(i) and that effects are likely in accordance with Condition 27(a)(i) then an Ecological Management Plan (or Plans) shall be prepared in accordance with Condition 28 for these areas (Confirmed Biodiversity Areas). 		

28.	Ecol	Ecological Management Plan (EMP)	
	(a)	An EMP shall be prepared for any Confirmed Biodiversity Areas (confirmed through Condition 27) prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the EMP is to minimise effects of the project on the ecological features of value in Confirmed Biodiversity Areas as far as practicable.	
	(b)	If an EMP is required in accordance with (a) for the presence of long tail bats, the EMP may include the following to achieve the objective: (i) measures to minimise as far as practicable, disturbance from construction	
		 activities within 50m of any active long tail bat roosts that are discovered through survey until such roosts are confirmed to be vacant of bats; (ii) timing of any Construction Works within 50m of any active maternity long tail bat roosts. Those Construction Works shall be undertaken outside the bat 	
		maternity period (between December and March) where reasonably practicable;	
		 details of areas where vegetation is to be retained and where additional planting is proposed to be provided and maintained for the purposes of the connectivity of long tail bat habitats; and 	
		(iv) details of measures to minimise any operational disturbance from light spill.	
	(c)	If an EMP is required in accordance with (a) for the presence of Threatened or At-	
		Risk wetland birds, the EMP may include the following to achieve the objective:	
		 details of any nesting bird surveys of Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds. Nesting bird surveys shall be undertaken within any wetland that is both within a Confirmed Biodiversity Area and located within a 50m radius of Construction Works. Surveys shall be undertaken prior to any such works taking place and repeated at the beginning of each wetland bird breeding season until the Completion of Construction; 	
		 (ii) timing of any Construction Works which may have adverse effects on Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds. Those Construction Works shall be undertaken outside of the bird breeding season (September to February) where practicable; 	
		 (iii) where works are required within the Confirmed Biodiversity Area during the bird breeding season, methods to minimise adverse effects on Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds; and 	
		 (iv) details of what protection and buffer measures are proposed to manage effects on nesting Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds identified through a survey undertaken in accordance with Condition (c)(i). Proposed measures shall address: 	
		A. the type, intensity and duration of construction activity;	
		B. the likely sensitivity of the nesting bird species to the construction activity; and	
		C. any environmental features (e.g., vegetation and contour) that could influence the extent of potential adverse effects on the Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds.	
	(d)	The EMP shall be consistent with any ecological management measures to be undertaken in compliance with conditions of any regional resource consents granted for the project.	
		ce note:	
	may	ending on the potential effects of the project, the regional consents for the project include the following monitoring and management plans: i) stream and/or wetland restoration plans;	
		ii) vegetation restoration plans; and	
		iii) fauna management plans (e.g. avifauna).	

29.	Network Utility Management Plan (NUMP)		
	(a)	A NUMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the NUMP is to set out a framework for protecting, relocating and	
	(b)	working in proximity to existing network utilities. To achieve the objective, the NUMP shall include methods to:	
	(0)	(i) provide access for maintenance at all reasonable times, or emergency works	
		at all times during construction activities;	
		(ii) protect and where necessary, relocate existing network utilities;	
		(iii) manage the effects of dust and any other material potentially resulting from construction activities and able to cause material damage, beyond normal	
		wear and tear to overhead transmission lines in the project area;	
		(iv) demonstrate compliance with relevant standards and Codes of Practice	
		including, where relevant, the NZECP 34:2001 New Zealand Electrical Code of Practice for Electrical Safe Distances 2001; AS/NZS 4853:2012 Electrical	
		hazards on Metallic Pipelines, and AS/NZS 2885 Pipelines – Gas and Liquid Petroleum.	
	(C)	The NUMP shall be prepared in consultation with the relevant Network Utility	
		Operator(s) who have existing assets that are directly affected by the project.	
	(d)	The development of the NUMP shall consider opportunities to coordinate future	
		work programmes with other Network Utility Operator(s) during detailed design where practicable.	
	(e)	The NUMP shall describe how any comments from the Network Utility Operator in	
	(0)	relation to its assets have been addressed.	
	(f)	Any comments received from the Network Utility Operator shall be considered	
		when finalising the NUMP.	
	(g)	Any amendments to the NUMP related to the assets of a Network Utility Operator	
		shall be prepared in consultation with that asset owner.	
30.		vork Integration Management Plan (NIMP)	
	(a)	At least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, the	
		Requiring Authority shall prepare, in collaboration with other relevant road controlling authorities, a NIMP.	
	(b)	The objective of the NIMP is to identify how the project will integrate with the	
	(~)	planned transport network in the North Growth Area to achieve an effective,	
		efficient and safe land transport system. To achieve this objective, the NIMP shall	
		include details of the:	
		(i) project implementation approach and any staging of the project, including	
		both design, management and operational matters; and (ii) sequencing of the project with the planned transport network, including both	
		 sequencing of the project with the planned transport network, including both design, management and operational matters. 	
Operatio	onal c	onditions	

31.	Low Noise Road Surface		
	(a) Asphaltic concrete surfacing (or equivalent low noise road surface) shall be		
	implemented within 12 months of Completion of Construction of the project.		
	(b) The asphaltic concrete surface shall be maintained as far as practicable to retain the pairs reduction performance of the surface established in accordance with (a)		
	the noise reduction performance of the surface established in accordance with (a), unless Condition 32 applies.		
32.	Future Resurfacing Work		
52.	(a) Any future resurfacing works of the project shall be undertaken in accordance with		
	the Auckland Transport Reseal Guidelines, Asset Management and Systems 2013		
	or any updated version and asphaltic concrete surfacing (or equivalent low noise		
	road surface) shall be implemented where:		
	 the volume of traffic exceeds 10,000 vehicles per day; the read is subject to high wear and tear (such as cull do see heads) 		
	 the road is subject to high wear and tear (such as cul de sac heads, roundabouts and main road intersections); 		
	(iii) it is in an industrial or commercial area where there is a high concentration of		
	truck traffic; or		
	(iv) it is subject to high usage by pedestrians, such as town centres, hospitals,		
	shopping centres and schools. (b) Prior to commencing any future resurfacing works, the Requiring Authority shall		
	advise the Manager if any of the triggers in Condition $32(a)(i) - (iv)$ are not met by		
	the road or a section of it and therefore where the application of asphaltic concrete		
	surfacing (or equivalent low noise road surface) is no longer required on the road or		
	a section of it. Such advice shall also indicate when any resealing is to occur.		
	Traffic Noise		
	For the purposes of Conditions 33 to 38:		
	 (a) Building-Modification Mitigation – has the same meaning as in NZS 6806; (b) Design year has the same meaning as in NZS 6806; 		
	 (c) Detailed Mitigation Options – means the fully detailed design of the Selected 		
	Mitigation Options, with all practical issues addressed;		
	(d) Habitable Space – has the same meaning as in NZS 6806;		
	(e) Identified Noise Criteria Category – means the Noise Criteria Category for a PPF		
	identified in Schedule 5: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories; (f) Mitigation – has the same meaning as in NZS 6806:2010 Acoustics – Road-traffic		
	noise – New and altered roads;		
	(g) Noise Criteria Categories – means the groups of preference for sound levels		
	established in accordance with NZS 6806 when determining the Best Practicable		
	Option for noise mitigation (i.e. Categories A, B and C); (h) NZS 6806 – means New Zealand Standard NZS 6806:2010 Acoustics – Road-traffic		
	noise – New and altered roads;		
	(i) Protected Premises and Facilities (PPFs) – means only the premises and facilities		
	identified in Schedule 5: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories;		
	(j) Selected Mitigation Options – means the preferred mitigation option resulting from a		
	Best Practicable Option assessment undertaken in accordance with NZS 6806 taking into account any low noise road surface to be implemented in accordance with		
	Condition 31; and		
	(k) Structural Mitigation – has the same meaning as in NZS 6806.		
33.	The Noise Criteria Categories identified in Schedule 5: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria		
	Categories at each of the PPFs shall be achieved where practicable and subject to		
	Conditions 33 to 38 (all traffic noise conditions).		
	The Noise Criteria Categories do not need to be complied with at a PPF where:		
	(a) the PPF no longer exists; or		
	(b) agreement of the landowner has been obtained confirming that the Noise Criteria		
	Category does not need to be met.		
	Achievement of the Noise Criteria Categories for PPFs shall be by reference to a traffic		
	forecast for a high growth scenario in a design year at least 10 years after the		
	programmed opening of the project.		

34.	As part of the detailed design of the project, a Suitably Qualified Person shall determine the Selected Mitigation Options for the PPFs identified on Schedule 5: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories.
	For the avoidance of doubt, the low noise road surface implemented in accordance with Condition 31 may be (or be part of) the Selected Mitigation Option(s).
35.	Prior to the Start of Construction of the project, a Suitably Qualified Person shall develop the Detailed Mitigation Options for the PPFs identified in Schedule 5: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories, taking into account the Selected Mitigation Options.
36.	If the Detailed Mitigation Options would result in the Identified Noise Criteria Category changing to a less stringent Category, e.g. from Category A to B or Category B to C, at any relevant PPF, a Suitably Qualified Person shall provide confirmation to the Manager that the Detailed Mitigation Option would be consistent with adopting the Best Practicable Option in accordance with NZS 6806 prior to implementation.
37.	The Detailed Mitigation Options shall be implemented prior to Completion of Construction of the project, with the exception of any low-noise road surfaces, which shall be implemented within 12 months of Completion of Construction.
38.	Any barriers required by the Detailed Mitigation Options shall be maintained so they retain their noise reduction performance as far as practicable.

Attachments

Schedule 1: General Accordance Plans and Information

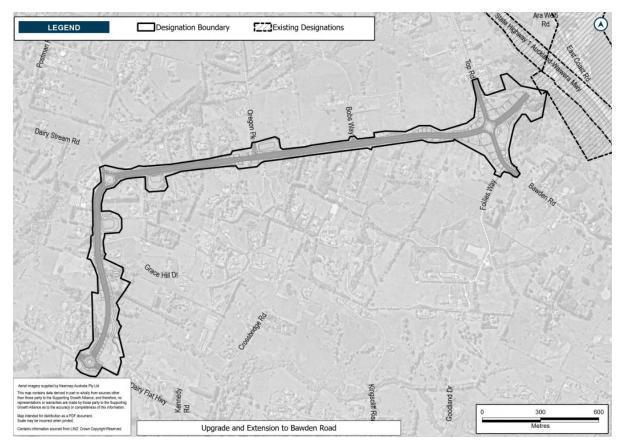
Project Description

The proposed work is the construction, operation and maintenance of an upgrade and extension to Bawden Road to an urban arterial corridor between Dairy Flat Highway and State Highway 1, including public transport and active mode facilities, and associated infrastructure.

The proposed work is shown in the following Concept Plan and includes:

- Upgrading and extending Bawden Road to an urban arterial corridor with active mode and public transport facilities.
- Tie-ins with existing roads and localised widening around the existing intersections to accommodate new intersection forms.
- New or upgraded stormwater management systems, bridges and culverts (where applicable).
- Batter slopes, and associated cut and fill activities (earthworks).
- Vegetation removal.
- Other construction related activities required outside the permanent corridor including the regrade of driveways, construction traffic manoeuvring and construction laydown areas.

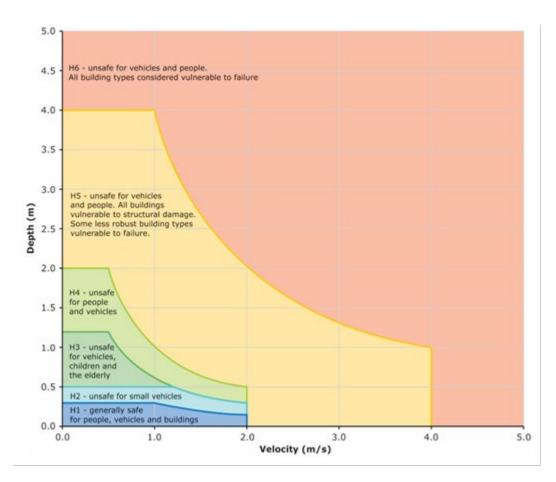
Concept Plan



Schedule 2 – Flood Hazard Class

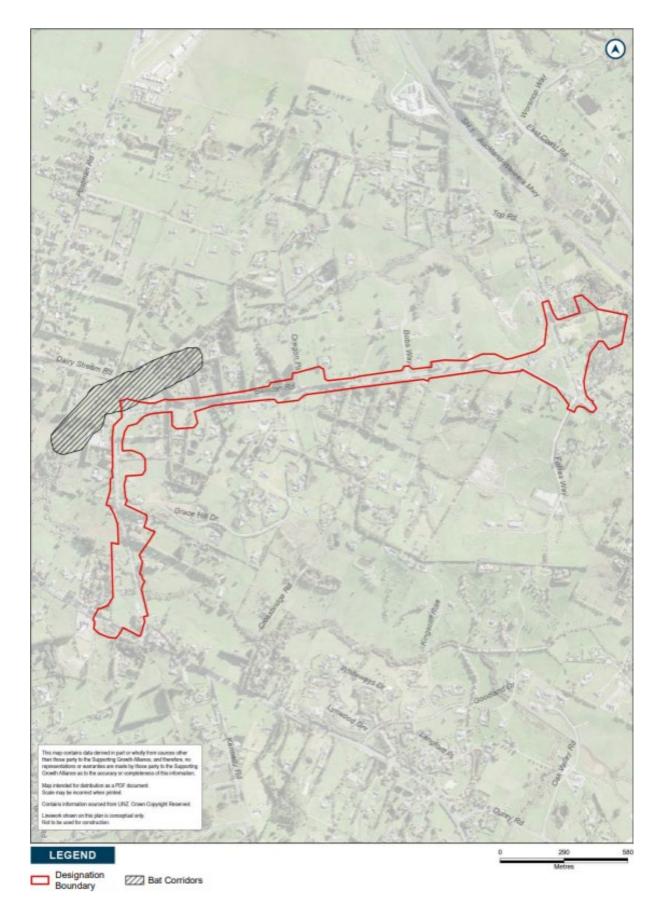
The combined flood hazard curves shown below set hazard thresholds that relate to the vulnerability of the community when interacting with floodwaters. The combined curves are divided into hazard classifications that relate to specific vulnerability thresholds

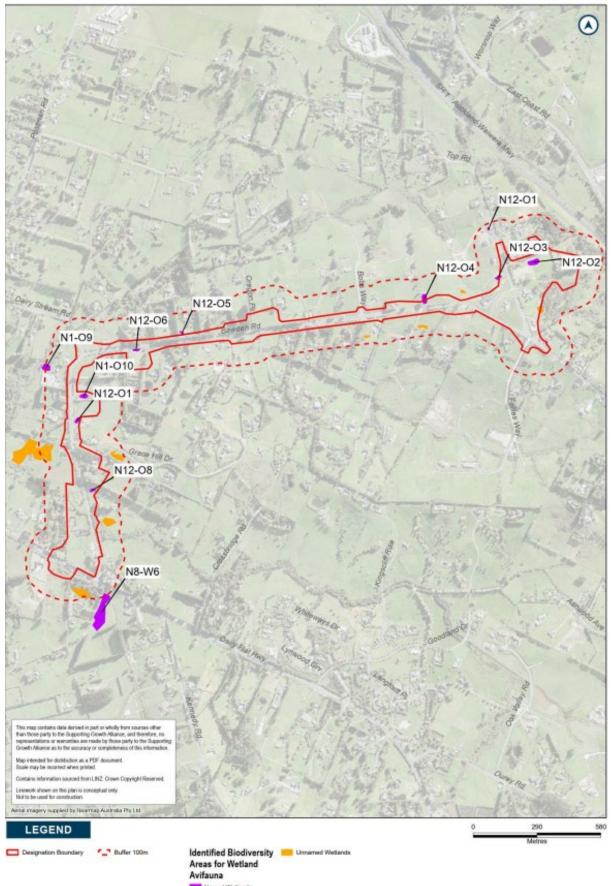
The vulnerability thresholds identified in the flood hazard curves can be applied to the best description of flood behaviour available for a subject site. In this regard, the hazard curves can be applied equally to flood behaviour estimates from measured data, simpler 1D numerical modelling approaches, through to complex 2D model estimates with the level of accuracy and uncertainty of the flood hazard estimate linked to the method used to derive the flood behaviour estimate.



Source: Australian Rainfall and Runoff, Book 6, 2019

Schedule 3: Identified Biodiversity Areas





Named Wetlands

Schedule 4: Table 10 of the 2018 EIANZ Guidelines

Criteria for describing level of effects (Adapted from Regini (2000) and Boffa Miskell (2011))

Ecological Value →	Very high	High	Moderate	Low	Negligible
Magnitude ↓					
Very high	Very high	Very high	High	Moderate	Low
High	Very high	Very high	Moderate	Low	Very low
Moderate	High	High	Moderate	Low	Very low
Low	Moderate	Low	Low	Very low	Very low
Negligible	Low	Very low	Very low	Very low	Very low
Positive	Net gain	Net gain	Net gain	Net gain	Net gain

Schedule 5: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories

Address	New or Altered Road	Noise Criteria Category
351 Bawden Road	Altered	A
152 Bawden Road	Altered	A
166 Bawden Road	Altered	A
59 Bawden Road	Altered	A
119 Bawden Road	Altered	A
1006 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
135 Bawden Road	Altered	A
74 Bawden Road	Altered	A
63 Bawden Road	Altered	A
357 Bawden Road	Altered	A
218 Bawden Road	Altered	A
215 Bawden Road	Altered	A
335 Bawden Road	Altered	A
2 Bobs Way	Altered	A
120 Bawden Road	Altered	A
99 Bawden Road	Altered	A
165 Bawden Road	Altered	A
143 Bawden Road	Altered	A
38 Bawden Road	Altered	A
77 Bawden Road	Altered	A
190 Bawden Road	Altered	A
226A Bawden Road	Altered	A
366 Bawden Road	Altered	A
142 Bawden Road	Altered	A
83 Bawden Road	Altered	A
126 Bawden Road	Altered	A
250 Bawden Road	Altered	A

136 Bawden Road	Altered	A
264 Bawden Road	Altered	A
6 Bobs Way	Altered	A
170 Bawden Road	Altered	A
153 Bawden Road	Altered	A
359 Bawden Road	Altered	A
276 Bawden Road	Altered	A
25 Oregon Park	Altered	A
3 Bobs Way	Altered	A
8 Dairy Stream Road	Altered	A
320 Bawden Road	Altered	A
4 Bobs Way	Altered	A
36 Bawden Road	Altered	A
1014 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
124 Bawden Road	Altered	A
358 Bawden Road	Altered	A
1008 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
10 Bawden Road	Altered	A
1005A Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
292 Bawden Road	Altered	A
1005 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A
252 Bawden Road	Altered	A
304 Bawden Road	Altered	A
46 Top Road	Altered	A
41 Top Road	Altered	A
355 Bawden Road	Altered	A
34 Top Road	Altered	A
987 Dairy Flat Highway	Altered	A

Appendix I – Auckland Transport's Modifications to NoR 13 conditions (clean)

[XXXX] Upgrade to East Coast Road between Silverdale and Ō Mahurangi Penlink (Redvale) Interchange

Designation Number	[XXXX]
Requiring Authority	Auckland Transport
Location	East Coast Road between Hibiscus Coast Highway in Silverdale and Ō Mahurangi Penlink (Redvale) Interchange
Lapse Date	In accordance with section 184(1)(c) of the RMA, this designation shall lapse if not given effect to within 30 years from the date on which it is included in the AUP.

Purpose

The construction, operation and maintenance of an upgrade to East Coast Road to an arterial transport corridor and associated facilities.

Conditions

Abbreviations and definitions

Acronym/Term	Definition		
Activity sensitive to noise	Any dwelling, visitor accommodation, boarding house, marae, papakāinga, integrated residential development, retirement village, supported residential care, care centre, lecture theatre in a tertiary Education Facility, classroom in an Education Facility and healthcare facility with an overnight stay facility		
AUP	Auckland Unitary Plan		
BPO or Best Practicable Option	Has the same meaning as in section 2 of the RMA 1991		
CEMP	Construction Environmental Management Plan		
Certification of material changes to management plans	 Confirmation from the Manager that a material change to a management plan has been prepared in accordance with the condition to which it relates. A material change to a management plan shall be deemed certified: (a) where the Requiring Authority has received written confirmation from the Manager that the material change to the management plan is certified; or (b) 10 working days from the submission of the material change to the management plan where no written confirmation of certification has been received 		
CMP	Cultural Monitoring Plan		
CNVMP	Construction Noise and Vibration Management Plan		
CNVMP Schedule or Schedule	A schedule to the CNVMP		
Completion of Construction	When construction of the project (or part of the project) is complete and it is available for use		
Confirmed Biodiversity Areas	Areas recorded in the Identified Biodiversity Area Schedule where the ecological values and effects have been confirmed through the ecological survey under Condition 28		
Construction Works	Activities undertaken to construct the project excluding Enabling Works		
Council	Auckland Council		
CTMP	Construction Traffic Management Plan		

Developer	Any legal entity that intends to master plan or develop land adjacent to the designation		
Development Agency	Public entities involved in development projects		
Education Facility	 Facility used for education to secondary level. Includes: schools and outdoor education facilities; and accommodation, administrative, cultural, religious, health, retail and communal facilities accessory to the above. Excludes: care centres; and tertiary education facilities. 		
EIANZ Guidelines	Ecological Impact Assessment: EIANZ Guidelines for use in New Zealand: terrestrial and freshwater ecosystems, second edition, dated May 2018		
EMP	Ecological Management Plan		
Enabling Works	 Includes, but is not limited to, the following and similar activities: (a) geotechnical investigations (including trial embankments); (b) archaeological site investigations; (c) formation of access for geotechnical investigations; (d) establishment of site yards, site entrances and fencing; (e) constructing and sealing site access roads; (f) demolition or removal of buildings and structures; (g) relocation of services; and (h) establishment of mitigation measures (such as erosion and sediment control measures, temporary noise walls, earth bunds and planting) 		
HHMP	Historic Heritage Management Plan		
HNZPT	Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga		
HNZPTA	Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014		
Identified Biodiversity Area	Means an area or areas of features of ecological value where the project ecologist has identified that the project will potentially have a moderate or greater level of ecological effect, prior to implementation of impact management measures, as determined in accordance with the EIANZ Guidelines		
Manager	The Manager – Resource Consents of the Auckland Council, or authorised delegate		
Mana Whenua	 Mana Whenua as referred to in the conditions are considered to be, but not limited to, the following (in no particular order), who at the time of Notice of Requirement expressed a desire to be involved in the project: (a) Ngāti Manuhiri (b) Te Kawerau ā Maki (c) Te Ākitai Waiohua (d) Ngāti Whanaunga (e) Te Runanga o Ngāti Whātua (f) Ngāti Maru (g) Te Patu Kirikiri (h) Ngāti Tamaterā (j) Ngai Tai ki Tāmaki (k) Ngāti Paoa Iwi Trust (l) Ngāti Paoa Trust Board Note: other iwi not identified above may have an interest in the project and should be consulted 		
Network Utility Operator	Has the same meaning as set out in section 166 of the RMA		
NIMP	Network Integration Management Plan		

NoR	Notice of Requirement		
North Growth Area	Land for future urban development in the North of Auckland, including Future Urban zoned areas in Ara Hills, Ōrewa, Wainui East, Silverdale West, Redvale and Dairy Flat		
NUMP	Network Utilities Management Plan		
Outline Plan	An outline plan prepared in accordance with section 176A of the RMA		
Project Liaison Person	The person or persons appointed for the duration of the project's Construction Works to be the main point of contact for persons wanting information about the project or affected by the Construction Works		
Protected Premises and Facilities (PPF)	Protected Premises and Facilities as defined in New Zealand Standard NZS 6806:2010: <i>Acoustics – Road-traffic noise – New and</i> <i>altered roads</i>		
Requiring Authority	Has the same meaning as section 166 of the RMA and, for this designation is Auckland Transport		
RMA	Resource Management Act 1991		
SCEMP	Stakeholder Communication and Engagement Management Plan		
Stakeholder	Stakeholders to be identified in accordance with Condition 4, which may include as appropriate:		
	 (a) adjacent owners and occupiers; (b) adjacent business owners and operators; (c) central and local government bodies; (d) community groups; (e) developers; (f) development agencies; (g) Education Facilities; and (h) Network Utility Operators. 		
Stage of Work	Any physical works that require the development of an Outline Plan		
Start of Construction	The time when Construction Works (excluding Enabling Works) start		
Suitably Qualified Person	A person (or persons) who can provide sufficient evidence to demonstrate their suitability, experience and competence in the relevant field of expertise.		
TMP	Tree Management Plan		
ULDMP	Urban and Landscape Design Management Plan		

General	General conditions			
1.	Activ	Activity in General Accordance with Plans and Information		
	(a) (b)	Except as provided for in the conditions below, and subject to final design and Outline Plan(s), works within the designation shall be undertaken in general accordance with the project description and concept plan in Schedule 1. Where there is inconsistency between:		
		(i) the project description and concept plan in Schedule 1 and the requirements of the following conditions, the conditions shall prevail;		
		 (ii) the project description and concept plan in Schedule 1, and the management plans under the conditions of the designation, the requirements of the management plans shall prevail. 		
2.	Proje	ect Information		
	(a)	A project website, or equivalent virtual information source, shall be established as soon as reasonably practicable, and within six months of the inclusion of this designation in the AUP. This shall be updated as required so it remains current.		
	(b)	All directly affected owners and occupiers shall be notified in writing as soon as reasonably practicable once the website or equivalent information source has been established. The project website or virtual information source shall include these conditions and shall provide information on: (i) the status of the project;		
		 (i) the status of the project; (ii) anticipated construction timeframes; (iii) contact details for enquiries; 		
		 (iv) the implications of the designation for landowners, occupiers and business owners and operators within the designation and where they can receive additional advice; 		
		 (v) a subscription service to enable receipt of project updates by email; (vi) the types of activities that can be undertaken by landowners without the need for written consent to be obtained under s176(1)(b) of the RMA; and (vii) when and how to apply for consent for works in the designation under 		
		section 176(1)(b) of the RMA.		
	(c)	At ten yearly intervals from the inclusion of this designation in the AUP until the start of detailed design, the Requiring Authority shall identify appropriate methods with the relevant Local Board(s) to: (i) inform the wider community of the project status; and		
	(d)	(ii) raise awareness of the project website. At the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, the project website or virtual information source shall be updated to provide information on the likely date for Start of Construction, and any Staging of Works.		

3.	Land	I use Integration Process
	(a)	The Requiring Authority shall set up a Land use Integration Process for the period
		between confirmation of the designation and the Start of Construction. The purpose
		of this process is to encourage and facilitate the integration of master planning and
		land use development activity on land directly affected or adjacent to the
		designation. To achieve this purpose:
		(i) the Requiring Authority shall include the contact details of a nominated
		contact on the project website (or equivalent information source) required to
		be established by Condition 2(b)(iii); and (iii) the neminated contact shall be the main point of contact for a Developer or
		 the nominated contact shall be the main point of contact for a Developer or Development Agency wanting to work with the Requiring Authority to
		integrate their development plans or master planning with the designation.
	(b)	At any time prior to the Start of Construction, the nominated contact will be
	(5)	available to engage with a Developer or Development Agency for the purpose of:
		(i) responding to requests made to the Requiring Authority for information
		regarding design details that could assist with land use integration; and
		(ii) receiving information from a Developer or Development Agency regarding
		master planning or land development details that could assist with land use
		integration.
	(c)	Information requested or provided under Condition 3(b) above may include but not
		be limited to the following matters:
		design details including but not limited to:
		A. boundary treatment (e.g. the use of retaining walls or batter slopes);
		B. the horizontal and vertical alignment of the road (levels);
		C. potential locations for mid-block crossings;
		 D. integration of stormwater infrastructure; and E. traffic noise modelling contours.
		(ii) potential modifications to the extent of the designation in response to
		information received through Condition 3(b)(ii);
		(iii) a process for the Requiring Authority to undertake a technical review of or
		provide comments on any master planning or development proposal
		advanced by the Developer or Development Agency as it relates to
		integration with the project; and
		(iv) details of how to apply for written consent from the Requiring Authority for
		any development proposal that relates to land that is within the designation
	(1)	under section 176(1)(b) of the RMA.
	(d)	Where information is requested from the Requiring Authority and is available, the
		nominated contact shall provide the information unless there are reasonable grounds for not providing it
	(e)	grounds for not providing it. The nominated contact shall maintain a record of the engagement between the
	(0)	Requiring Authority and Developers and Development Agencies for the period
		following the date in which this designation is included in the AUP through to the
		Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The record shall include:
		(i) details of any requests made to the Requiring Authority that could influence
		detailed design, the results of any engagement and, where such requests
		that could influence detailed design are declined, the reasons why the
		Requiring Authority has declined the requests; and
		(ii) details of any requests to co-ordinate the forward work programme, where
		appropriate, with Development Agencies and Network Utility Operators.
	(f)	The record shall be submitted to Council for information 10 working days prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work.

4.	Stakeholder Communication and Engagement Design	
	(a) At least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, the	
	. ,	Requiring Authority shall identify:
		(i) a list of Stakeholders;
		(ii) a list of properties within the designation which the Requiring Authority does not own or have occupation rights to; and
		(iii) methods to engage with Stakeholders and the owners and occupiers of
		properties identified in (a)(i) – (ii) above.
	(b)	A record of (a) shall be submitted to the Manager for information with an Outline
		Plan for the relevant Stage of Work.
5.	Desig	gnation Review
	As so	on as reasonably practicable following Completion of Construction, the Requiring
	Autho	prity shall:
		(i) review the extent of the designation to identify any areas of designated land
		that it no longer requires for the on-going operation, maintenance or
		mitigation of effects of the project; andgive notice to the Manager in accordance with section 182 of the RMA for
		 give notice to the Manager in accordance with section 182 of the RMA for the removal of those parts of the designation identified above.
6.	Laps	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
0.	-	cordance with section 184(1)(c) of the RMA, this designation shall lapse if not given
		to within 30 years from the date on which it is included in the AUP.
7.		ork Utility Operators (Section 176 Approval)
	(a)	Prior to the Start of Construction, Network Utility Operators with existing
	(4)	infrastructure located within the designation will not require written consent under
		section 176 of the RMA for the following activities:
		(i) operation, maintenance and repair works;
		(ii) minor renewal works to existing network utilities necessary for the on-going
		provision or security of supply of network utility operations;
		(iii) minor works such as new service connections; and
		(iv) the upgrade and replacement of existing network utilities in the same
		location with the same or similar effects on the works authorised by the
	(1-)	designation as the existing utility.
	(b)	To the extent that a record of written approval is required for the activities listed above, this condition shall constitute written approval.
8.	Gene	ral Section 176 Approval
0.	(a)	Prior to the start of the formal acquisition process under the Public Works Act 1981
	(4)	for a property, or submission of the Outline Plan, persons on properties zoned
		Rural or Future Urban will not require written consent under section 176 of the
		RMA for the following activities:
		(i) Internal alterations;
		(ii) Repair of existing utility services;
		(iii) One extension to an existing structure as at 2023, up to 30m ² ;
		(iv) Temporary or relocatable structures, provided they are removed from the site and the land is reinstated (including closing and capping any associated
		services) at the landowner's expense prior to the Start of Construction. The
		landowner shall be responsible for any resource consent required for the
		structures, their removal or relocation.
	(b)	To the extent that a record of written approval is required for the activities listed
		above, this condition shall constitute written approval.
Pre-con	structi	ion conditions

9.	Outline Plan	
	 (a) An Outline Plan (or Plans) shall be prepared in accordance with section 176A of the RMA. 	
	(b) Outline Plans (or Plan) may be submitted in parts or in stages to address particular	
	activities (e.g. design or construction aspects), or a Stage of Work of the project.	
	(c) Outline Plans shall include any management plan or plans that are relevant to the	
	management of effects of those activities or Stage of Work, which may include:	
	 (i) Construction Environmental Management Plan; (ii) Construction Traffic Management Plan; 	
	(iii) Construction Noise and Vibration Management Plan;	
	(iv) Urban and Landscape Design Management Plan;	
	v) Historic Heritage Management Plan;	
	(vi) Ecological Management Plan;	
	(vii) Tree Management Plan;	
	(viii) Network Utilities Management Plan; and(ix) Network Integration Management Plan.	
	Flood Hazard	
	For the purpose of Condition 10:	
	 (a) AEP – means Annual Exceedance Probability; (b) Existing Authorised Habitable Floor – means the floor level of any room (floor) in 	
	a residential building which is authorised and exists at the time the Outline Plan is submitted, excluding a laundry, bathroom, toilet or any room used solely as an entrance hall, passageway or garage;	
	(c) Flood Prone Area – means potential ponding areas that may flood in a 1% AEP	
	event and commonly comprise of topographical depression areas. The areas can occur naturally or as a result of constructed features. Identification of a potential Flood Prone Area would be by an assessment of residual flood risk in a 1% AEP event (e.g. from blockage of the project stormwater network) on land outside and adjacent to the designation following the application of Conditions (10)(a)(i) – (iv).	
	(d) Maximum Probable Development – is the design case for consideration of future	
	flows allowing for development within a catchment that takes into account the	
	maximum impervious surface limits of the current zone or if the land is zoned	
	Future Urban in the AUP, the probable level of development arising from zone	
	changes; (a) Dra Braiset Development - means eviating site condition prior to the project	
	 (e) Pre-Project Development – means existing site condition prior to the project (including existing buildings and roadways); and 	
	(f) Post-Project Development – means site condition after the project has been	
	completed (including existing and new buildings and roadways).	

10.	Flood Hazard	
	(a) The project shall be designed to achieve the following flood risk outcomes beyond	
	the boundary of the designation:	
	(i) no increase in flood levels in a 1% AEP event for Existing Authorised	
	Habitable Floors that are already subject to flooding or have a freeboard less than 500mm;	
	(ii) no increase in flood levels in a 1% AEP event for authorised community,	
	commercial, industrial and network utility building floors existing at the time	
	the Outline Plan is submitted that are already subject to flooding or have a	
	freeboard less than 300mm;	
	(iii) maximum of 50mm increase in flood levels in a 1% AEP event outside and	
	adjacent to the designation boundary between the Pre-Project Development	
	and Post-Project Development scenarios;	
	(iv) no increase of Flood Hazard Class for the main access to authorised	
	habitable dwellings existing at the time the Outline Plan is submitted. The	
	assessment shall be undertaken for the 1% AEP rainfall event and reference	
	the hazard class in accordance with Schedule 2 to these conditions; and (v) no new Flood Prone Areas.	
	 (v) no new Flood Prone Areas. (b) Compliance with this condition shall be demonstrated in the Outline Plan, which 	
	shall include flood modelling of the Pre-Project Development and Post-Project	
	Development 1% AEP flood levels (for Maximum Probable Development land use	
	with allowances for climate change).	
	(c) Where:	
	(i) the flood risk outcomes in (a) can be achieved through alternative measures	
	outside of the designation such as flood stop banks, flood walls, raising	
	Existing Authorised Habitable Floor level and new overland flow paths; or	
	(ii) the outcomes are varied at specific location(s) through agreement with the	
	relevant landowner,	
	confirmation shall be provided to the Manager that any necessary landowner	
	agreement and statutory approvals have been obtained for that alternative	
	measure or varied outcome.	
11.	Existing property access	
	Prior to submission of the Outline Plan, consultation shall be undertaken with landowners	
	and occupiers whose vehicle access to their property will be altered by the project. The	
	Outline Plan shall demonstrate how safe reconfigured or alternate access will be	
	provided, unless otherwise agreed with the affected landowner.	
12.	Airport Operations	
	The Outline Plan shall:	
	 (a) include measures to manage potential glare, lighting and bird hazard effects on adjacent airport operations; 	
	(b) demonstrate how requirements of any applicable airport overlay will be met or how	
	any temporary infringement will be managed; and	
	(c) include details of any feedback received from airport operations in relation to (a)	
	and (b) above.	

13.	Management Plans	
	(a)	 Any management plan shall: (i) be prepared and implemented in accordance with the relevant management
		 plan condition; (ii) be prepared by a Suitably Qualified Person(s); (iii) include sufficient detail relating to the management of effects associated with the relevant activities and/or Stage of Work to which it relates;
		 (iv) be submitted as part of an Outline Plan pursuant to section 176A of the RMA, with the exception of SCEMPs and CNVMP Schedules; and (v) once finalised, uploaded to the project website or equivalent virtual
	(6)	information source.
	(b)	 Any management plan developed in accordance with Condition 13 may: (i) be submitted in parts or in stages to address particular activities (e.g. design or construction aspects), a Stage of Work of the project, or to address specific activities authorised by the designation; and
		 except for material changes, be amended to reflect any changes in design, construction methods or management of effects without further process;
	(c)	Information shall be submitted with the management plan (or revised plan as referred to in (d) below) which summarises outcomes of consultation and any input received from Mana Whenua and Stakeholders as required by the relevant management plan condition. The summary shall note how this input has been
	(d)	incorporated or reflected in the management plan, or if not, the reasons why; If there is a material change required to a management plan which has been submitted with an Outline Plan, the revised part of the plan shall be submitted to
		the Manager as an update to the Outline Plan or for Certification as soon as practicable following identification of the need for a revision; and
	(e)	Any material changes to the SCEMP(s) are to be submitted to the Manager for information.
14.	Stak	eholder Communication and Engagement Management Plan (SCEMP)
	(a)	A SCEMP shall be prepared in consultation with relevant Stakeholders prior to the Start of Construction. The objective of the SCEMP is to identify how the public and Stakeholders will be engaged with throughout Construction Works.
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the SCEMP shall include: (i) a list of Stakeholders;
		 the contact details for the Project Liaison Person. These details shall be on the project website, or equivalent virtual information source, and prominently displayed at the main entrance(s) to the site(s);
		(iii) methods for engaging with Mana Whenua, to be developed in consultation with Mana Whenua;
		 (iv) methods and timing to engage with owners and occupiers whose access is directly affected; (v) methods to communicate key project milectones and the proposed beyrs of
		 (v) methods to communicate key project milestones and the proposed hours of construction activities including outside of normal working hours and on weekends and public holidays, to the parties identified in (b)(i) above; and
		(vi) linkages and cross-references to communication and engagement methods set out in other conditions and management plans where relevant.
	(c)	Any SCEMP prepared for a Stage of Work shall be submitted to the Manager for information a minimum of 10 working days prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work.

15.	Cultural Advisory Report	
	(a)	At least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, Mana Whenua shall be invited to prepare a Cultural Advisory Report for the project. The objective of the Cultural Advisory Report is to assist in understanding and identifying ngā taonga tuku iho (treasures handed down by our ancestors) affected by the project, to inform their management and protection.
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the Requiring Authority shall invite Mana Whenua to
		prepare a Cultural Advisory Report that:
		 (i) identifies the cultural sites, landscapes and values that have the potential to be affected by the construction and operation of the project;
		 sets out the desired outcomes for management of potential effects on cultural sites, landscapes and values;
		(iii) identifies traditional cultural practices within the area that may be impacted
		 by the project; (iv) identifies opportunities for restoration and enhancement of identified cultural sites, landscapes and values within the project area;
		 (v) taking into account the outcomes of (i) to (iv) above, identify cultural matters and principles that should be considered in the development of the ULDMP (Condition 16) and HHMP (Condition 27) and the CMP referred to in Condition 21; and
		 (vi) identifies and (if possible) nominates traditional names along the project alignment. Noting there may be formal statutory processes outside the project required in any decision-making.
	(c)	The desired outcomes for management of potential effects on cultural sites, landscapes and values identified in the Cultural Advisory Report shall be discussed with Mana Whenua and those outcomes reflected in the relevant management plans where practicable; and
	(d)	Conditions 15(b) and (c) will cease to apply if: (i) Mana Whenua have been invited to prepare a Cultural Advisory Report by a
		 date at least six months prior to the Start of Construction; and (ii) Mana Whenua have not provided a Cultural Advisory Report within six months prior to the Start of Construction.
	Urba	in and Landscape Design Management Plan (ULDMP)
16.	(a)	A ULDMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work.
		The objective of the ULDMP(s) is to:
		 enable integration of the project's permanent works into the surrounding landscape and urban context; and
		(ii) ensure that the project manages potential adverse landscape and visual
		effects as far as practicable and contributes to a quality urban environment.
	(b)	Mana Whenua shall be invited to participate in the development of the ULDMP(s)
		to provide input into relevant cultural landscape and design matters including how desired outcomes for management of potential effects on cultural sites, landscapes
		and values identified and discussed in the Cultural Advisory Report in Condition 15
		may be reflected in the ULDMP.
	(c)	Relevant Stakeholders shall be invited to participate in the development of the ULDMP at least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work.

17.	(a) To achieve the objective set out in Condition 16, the ULDMP(s) shall provide details
	of how the project:
	(i) is designed to integrate with the adjacent urban (or proposed urban) and
	landscape context, including the surrounding existing or proposed topography, urban environment (eg. centres and density of built form),
	natural environment, landscape character and open space zones;
	(ii) provides appropriate walking and cycling connectivity to, and interfaces with,
	existing or proposed adjacent land uses, public transport infrastructure and
	walking and cycling connections;
	(iii) promotes inclusive access (where appropriate);
	(iv) promotes a sense of personal safety by aligning with best practice
	guidelines, such as:
	A. Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED) principles;
	B. Safety in Design (SID) requirements; and
	 Maintenance in Design (MID) requirements and anti-vandalism/anti- graffiti measures;
	(v) has responded to matters identified through the Land use Integration
	Process (Condition 3); and
	(b) The ULDMP shall be prepared in general accordance with:
	 (i) Auckland Transport's Urban Roads and Streets Design Guide, or any subsequent or updated version;
	(ii) New Zealand Transport Agency Urban Design Guidelines: Bridging the Gap
	(2013) or any subsequent updated version;
	(iii) New Zealand Transport Agency Landscape Guidelines (2018) or any
	subsequent updated version;
	(iv) New Zealand Transport Agency P39 Standard Specification for Highway
	Landscape Treatments (2013) or any subsequent updated version; and (v) Auckland's Urban Ngahere (Forest) Strategy or any subsequent updated
	version.

18.	The	DMP(s) shall include:	
	(a)	a concept plan – which depicts the overall landscape and urban design concept,	
		and explain the rationale for the landscape and urban design proposals;	
	(b)	leveloped design concepts, including principles for walking and cycling facilities	
		and public transport;	
	(c)	andscape and urban design details – that cover the following:	
		i) road design – elements such as intersection form, carriageway gradient and	t
		associated earthworks contouring including cut and fill batters and the	
		interface with adjacent land uses and existing roads (including slip lanes),	
		benching, spoil disposal sites, median width and treatment, roadside width	
		and treatment;	
		 ii) roadside elements – such as lighting, fencing, wayfinding and signage; iii) architectural and landscape treatment of all major structures, including 	
		bridges and retaining walls;	
		iv) architectural and landscape treatment of noise barriers;	
		 v) landscape treatment and planting of permanent stormwater control wetlands 	s
		and swales;	•
		vi) integration of passenger transport;	
		vii) pedestrian and cycle facilities including paths, road crossings and dedicated	b
		pedestrian/ cycle bridges or underpasses;	
		viii) historic heritage places with reference to the HHMP (Condition 27); and	
		ix) re-instatement of construction and site compound areas; and	
		 features disturbed during construction and intended to be reinstated such as 	s:
		A. boundary features;	
		B. driveways;	
		C. accessways; and	
	(d)	D. fences.	
	(d)	he ULDMP shall also include the following planting and maintenance details: i) planting design details including:	
		A. identification of existing trees and vegetation that will be retained with	h
		reference to the TMP (Condition 30) (where relevant) and EMP	•
		(Condition 29). Where practicable, mature trees and native vegetation	n
		should be retained;	
		B. street trees, shrubs and ground cover suitable for the location;	
		C. treatment of fill slopes to integrate with adjacent land use, streams,	
		riparian margins and open space zones;	
		D. identification of any planting requirements under the EMP (Condition	
		29) and TMP (Condition 30);	
		E. integration of any planting required by conditions of any resource	
		consents for the project; and F. re-instatement planting of construction and site compound areas as	
		appropriate.	
		ii) a planting programme including the staging of planting in relation to the	
		construction programme which shall, as far as practicable, include provisior	ı
		for planting within each planting season following completion of each Stage	
		of Work; and	
		iii) detailed specifications relating to the following:	
		A. weed control and clearance;	
		 B. pest animal management (to support plant establishment); 	
		C. ground preparation (top soiling and decompaction);	
		D. mulching; and	
		E. plant sourcing and planting, including hydroseeding and grassing, an	d
		use of eco-sourced species.	
0 i			
Constru	iction	onditions	

19.	Cons	struction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP)
	(a) (b)	 A CEMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the CEMP is to set out the management procedures and construction methods to be undertaken to avoid, remedy or mitigate any adverse effects associated with Construction Works as far as practicable. To achieve the objective, the CEMP shall include: (i) the roles and responsibilities of staff and contractors; (ii) details of the site or project manager and the Project Liaison Person, including their contact details (phone and email address);
		(iii) the Construction Works programmes and the staging approach, and the proposed hours of work;
		 (iv) details of the proposed construction yards including temporary screening when adjacent to residential areas;
		(v) details of the proposed construction lighting;
		 (vi) methods for controlling dust and the removal of debris and demolition of construction materials from public roads or places;
		(vii) methods for providing for the health and safety of the general public;
		 (viii) measures to mitigate flood hazard effects such as siting stockpiles out of floodplains, minimising obstruction to flood flows, actions to respond to warnings of heavy rain;
		(ix) procedures for incident management;
		 (x) location and procedures for the refuelling and maintenance of plant and equipment to avoid discharges of fuels or lubricants to watercourses;
		 (xi) measures to address the storage of fuels, lubricants to watercourses, (xi) measures to address the storage of fuels, lubricants, hazardous and/or dangerous materials, along with contingency procedures to address emergency spill response(s) and clean up;
		(xii) procedures for responding to complaints about Construction Works; and(xiii) methods for amending and updating the CEMP as required.
20.	Com	plaints Process
	(a)	 At all times during Construction Works, a record of any complaints received about the Construction Works shall be maintained. The record shall include: (i) the date, time and nature of the complaint; (ii) the name, phone number and address of the complainant (unless the complainant wishes to remain anonymous); (iii) measures taken to respond to the complaint (including a record of the response provided to the complainant) or confirmation of no action if deemed appropriate;
		 (iv) the outcome of the investigation into the complaint; and (v) any other activities in the area, unrelated to the project that may have contributed to the complaint, such as non-project construction, fires, traffic accidents or unusually dusty conditions generally.
	(b)	A copy of the complaints record required by this condition shall be made available
		to the Manager upon request as soon as practicable after the request is made.

21.	Cult	ural Monitoring Plan (CMP)
	(a)	Prior to the Start of Construction, a CMP shall be prepared by a Suitably Qualified Person(s) identified in collaboration with Mana Whenua. The objective of the CMP is to identify methods for undertaking cultural monitoring to assist with management of any cultural effects during Construction Works.
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the CMP shall include:
		 requirements for formal dedication or cultural interpretation to be undertaken prior to the Start of Construction in areas identified as having significance to Mana Whenua;
		 (ii) requirements and protocols for cultural inductions for contractors and subcontractors;
		 (iii) identification of activities, sites and areas where cultural monitoring is required during particular Construction Works;
		 (iv) identification of personnel to undertake cultural monitoring, including any geographic definition of their responsibilities; and
		 (v) details of personnel to assist with management of any cultural effects identified during cultural monitoring, including implementation of the Accidental Discovery Protocol.
	(c)	If Enabling Works involving soil disturbance are undertaken prior to the Start of Construction, an Enabling Works CMP shall be prepared by a Suitably Qualified Person identified in collaboration with Mana Whenua. This plan may be prepared as a standalone Enabling Works CMP or be included in the main Construction Works CMP.
	Advi	ice note:
	desig	re appropriate, the CMP shall align with the requirements of other conditions of the gnation and resource consents for the project which require monitoring during struction Works.

22.	Cons	Construction Traffic Management Plan (CTMP)		
	(a)	A CTMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the CTMP is to avoid, remedy or mitigate, as far as practicable, adverse construction traffic effects.		
	(b)	To achieve this objective, the CTMP shall include:		
	(~)	 (i) methods to manage the effects of temporary traffic management activities on traffic; 		
		(ii) measures to ensure the safety of all transport users;		
		(iii) the estimated numbers, frequencies, routes and timing of traffic movements,		
		including any specific non-working or non-movement hours to manage vehicular and pedestrian traffic near Education Facilities or to manage traffic congestion;		
		(iv) site access routes and access points for heavy vehicles, the size and		
		location of parking areas for plant, construction vehicles and the vehicles of workers and visitors;		
		(v) identification of detour routes and other methods to ensure the safe		
		management and maintenance of traffic flows, including public transport, pedestrians and cyclists;		
		 (vi) methods to maintain access to and within property and/or private roads where practicable, or to provide alternative arrangements when it will not be, including details of how access is managed for loading and unloading of goods; 		
		 (vii) the management approach to loads on heavy vehicles, including covering loads of fine material, the use of wheel-wash facilities at site exit points and 		
		the timely removal of any material deposited or spilled on public roads; (viii) methods that will be undertaken to communicate traffic management		
		measures to affected road users (e.g. residents / public / Stakeholders / emergency services);		
		(ix) details of minimum network performance parameters during the construction		
		phase, including any measures to monitor compliance with the performance parameters; and		
		 (x) details of any measures proposed to be implemented in the event of thresholds identified in (ix) being exceeded. 		
	(c)	Auditing, monitoring and reporting requirements relating to traffic management		
	. ,	activities shall be undertaken in accordance with the New Zealand Guide to		
		Temporary Traffic Management (April 2023) or any subsequent version.		

3.	Construction Nois								
	\ /			ed in accordance with					
				id shall comply with the	enoise				
	standards set	out in the following	table as far as pi	racticable:					
	Table 23-1 Construct	tion Noise Standards	6						
	Day of week Time period LAeq(15min) LAFmax								
	Occupied activity s	ensitive to noise							
	Weekday	0630h - 0730h	55 dB	75 dB					
		0730h - 1800h	70 dB	85 dB					
		1800h - 2000h	65 dB	80 dB					
		2000h - 0630h	45 dB	75 dB					
	Saturday	0630h - 0730h	45 dB	75 dB					
		0730h - 1800h	70 dB	85 dB					
		1800h - 2000h	45 dB	75 dB					
		2000h - 0630h	45 dB	75 dB					
	Sunday and Public	0630h - 0730h	45 dB	75 dB					
	Holidays	0730h - 1800h	55 dB	85 dB					
		1800h - 2000h	45 dB	75 dB					
		2000h - 0630h	45 dB	75 dB					
	Other occupied bui	ldings							
	All	0730h – 1800h	70 dB						
		1800h – 0730h	75 dB						
4.	(a) Construction Vibra (a) Construction Mechanical vi	vibration shall be m bration and shock -	easured in accord - Vibration of fixed	dance with ISO 4866:2 d structures – Guidelin effects on structures a	es for the				
	comply with the vibration standards set out in the following table as far as practicable.								
	Table 24-1 Construct	tion Vibration Standa	ards						
	Receiver	Details	Category A*	Category B**					
	Occupied activities sensitive to noise	Night-time 2000h - 0630h	0.3mm/s ppv	2mm/s ppv					
		Daytime 0630h - 2000h	2mm/s ppv	5mm/s ppv					
	Other occupied buildings	Daytime 0630h - 2000h	2mm/s ppv	5mm/s ppv					
	All other buildings At all other times Tables 1 and 3 of DIN4150-3:1999								
	All other buildings	At all other times	Tables T and 3 of	DIN4150-5.1999					
	* Category A criteria a	dopted from Rule E25	5.6.30.1 of the AUP]				

25.	Cons	truction Noise and Vibration Management Plan (CNVMP)
	(a)	A CNVMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for Stage of Work. A CNVMP shall be implemented during the Stage of Work to which it relates. The objective of the CNVMP is to provide a framework for the development and implementation of the Best Practicable Option for the management of construction noise and vibration effects to achieve the construction noise and vibration standards set out in Conditions 23 and 24 to the extent practicable.
	(b)	 To achieve the objective, the CNVMP shall be prepared in accordance with Annex E2 of the New Zealand Standard NZS6803:1999 'Acoustics – Construction Noise' (NZS6803:1999) and shall as a minimum, address the following: (i) description of the works and anticipated equipment/processes; (ii) hours of operation, including times and days when construction activities would occur;
		(iii) the construction noise and vibration standards for the project;
		(iv) identification of receivers where noise and vibration standards apply;
		 (v) a hierarchy of management and mitigation options, including any requirements to limit night works and works during other sensitive times, including Sundays and public holidays as far as practicable;
		 (vi) methods and frequency for monitoring and reporting on construction noise and vibration;
		 (vii) procedures for communication and engagement with nearby residents and Stakeholders, including notification of proposed construction activities, the period of construction activities, and management of noise and vibration complaints;
		(viii) contact details of the Project Liaison Person;
		 (ix) procedures for the regular training of the operators of construction equipment to minimise noise and vibration as well as expected construction site behaviours for all workers;
		 (x) procedures and requirements for the preparation of a Schedule to the CNVMP (Schedule) for those areas where compliance with the noise Condition 23 and/or vibration standards Condition 24 Category B will not be practicable;
		(xi) identification of trigger levels for undertaking building condition surveys, which shall be Category B day time levels;
		(xii) procedures and trigger levels for undertaking building condition surveys before and after works to determine whether any cosmetic or structural damage has occurred as a result of construction vibration;
		(xiii) methodology and programme of desktop and field audits and inspections to be undertaken to ensure that the CNVMP, Schedules and the Best Practicable Option for management of effects are being implemented; and
		(xiv) requirements for review and update of the CNVMP.

26.	Sche	Schedule to a CNVMP		
	(a)	 A Schedule to the CNVMP (Schedule) shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction of an activity to which it relates by a Suitably Qualified Person, in consultation with the owners and occupiers of sites subject to the Schedule, when: (i) construction noise is either predicted or measured to exceed the noise standards in Condition 23, except where the exceedance of the L_{Aeq} criteria is no greater than 5 decibels and does not exceed: A. 0630 – 2000: 2 periods of up to 2 consecutive weeks in any 2 months; or B. 2000 - 0630: 1 period of up to 2 consecutive nights in any 10 days; 		
		 (ii) construction vibration is either predicted or measured to exceed the Category B standard at the receivers in Condition 24. 		
	(b)	The objective of the Schedule is to set out the Best Practicable Option measures to manage noise and/or vibration effects of the construction activity beyond those measures set out in the CNVMP.		
	(c)	 To achieve the objective, the Schedule shall include details such as: (i) construction activity location, start and finish dates; (ii) the nearest neighbours to the construction activity; (iii) the predicted noise and/or vibration level for all receivers where the levels are predicted or measured to exceed the applicable standards and predicted duration of the exceedance; (iv) for works proposed between 2000h and 0630h, the reasons why the proposed works must be undertaken during these hours and why they cannot be practicably undertaken during the daytime; (v) the proposed mitigation options that have been selected, and the options that have been discounted as being impracticable and the reasons why; (vi) the consultation undertaken with owners and occupiers of sites subject to the Schedule, and how consultation has and has not been taken into account; and 		
	(d)	(vii) location, times and types of monitoring. The Schedule shall be submitted to the Manager for Certification at least five working days (except in unforeseen circumstances) in advance of Construction Works that are covered by the scope of the Schedule and shall form part of the CNVMP.		
	(e)	The CNVMP Schedule shall be deemed certified five working days from the submission of the CNVMP Schedule where no written confirmation of Certification has been received.		
	(f)	Where material changes are made to a Schedule required by this condition, the Requiring Authority shall consult the owners and/or occupiers of sites subject to the Schedule prior to submitting the amended Schedule to the Manager for Certification in accordance with (d) above. The amended Schedule shall document the consultation undertaken with those owners and occupiers, and how consultation outcomes have and have not been taken into account.		

Histo	ric Heritage Management Plan (HHMP)
(a)	A HHMP shall be prepared in consultation with Council, HNZPT and Mana Whenua prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the HHMP is to protect historic heritage and to remedy and mitigate any residual effects as far as
(b)	 practicable. To achieve the objective, the HHMP shall identify: (i) any adverse direct and indirect effects on historic heritage sites and
	measures to appropriately avoid, remedy or mitigate any such effects, including a tabulated summary of these effects and measures;
	(ii) methods for the identification and assessment of potential historic heritage places within the designation to inform detailed design;
	 (iii) known historic heritage places and potential archaeological sites within the designation, including identifying any archaeological sites for which an Archaeological Authority under the HNZPTA will be sought or has been granted;
	 (iv) any unrecorded archaeological sites or post-1900 heritage sites within the designation, which shall also be documented and recorded;
	 (v) roles, responsibilities and contact details of project personnel, Council and HNZPT representatives, Mana Whenua representatives, and relevant agencies involved with heritage and archaeological matters including surveys, monitoring of Construction Works, compliance with AUP accidental discovery rule, and monitoring of conditions;
	 (vi) specific areas to be investigated, monitored and recorded to the extent these are directly affected by the project;
	(vii) the proposed methodology for investigating and recording post-1900 historic heritage sites (including buildings) that need to be destroyed, demolished or relocated, including details of their condition, measures to mitigate any adverse effects and timeframe for implementing the proposed methodology, in accordance with the HNZPT Archaeological Guidelines Series No.1: Investigation and Recording of Buildings and Standing Structures (November 2018), or any subsequent version;
	 (viii) methods to acknowledge cultural values identified through Condition 15 where archaeological sites also involve ngā taonga tuku iho (treasures handed down by our ancestors) and where feasible and practicable to do so;
	 (ix) methods for avoiding, remedying or mitigating adverse effects on historic heritage places and sites within the designation during Construction Works as far as practicable. These methods shall include, but are not limited to: A. security fencing or hoardings around historic heritage places to protect them from damage during construction or unauthorised access; B. measures to mitigate adverse effects on historic heritage sites that achieve positive historic heritage outcomes such as increased public awareness and interpretation signage; and
	 c. training requirements and inductions for contractors and subcontractors on historic heritage places within the designation, legal obligations relating to unexpected discoveries and the AUP Accidental Discovery Rule (E11.6.1). The training shall be undertaken prior to the Start of Construction, under the guidance of a Suitably Qualified Person and Mana Whenua representatives (to the extent the training relates to cultural values identified under Condition 15).
	e note: lental Discoveries
The r	equirements for accidental discoveries of heritage items are set out in Rule E11.6.1 AUP.

28.	Pre-	Construction Ecological Survey
	(a)	 At the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, an updated ecological survey shall be undertaken in the relevant geographic area by a Suitably Qualified Person. The purpose of the survey is to inform ecological management by: (i) confirming whether the species of value within the Identified Biodiversity Areas recorded in the Identified Biodiversity Area Schedule 3 are still present; and
	(b)	 (ii) confirming whether the project will or is likely to have a moderate or greater level of ecological effect on species of value (prior to implementation of impact management measures). The level of effect shall be determined in accordance with Table 10 of the EIANZ Guidelines (or subsequent updated version of that table) as included in Schedule 4 of these conditions. If the ecological survey confirms the presence of ecological species of value in accordance with Condition 28(a)(i) and that effects are likely in accordance with Condition 28(a)(ii) then an Ecological Management Plan (or Plans) shall be prepared in accordance with Condition 29 for these areas (Confirmed Biodiversity
		Areas).

29.	Ecol	ogical Management Plan (EMP)
	(a)	An EMP shall be prepared for any Confirmed Biodiversity Areas (confirmed through Condition 28) prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work. The objective of the EMP is to minimise effects of the project on the ecological features of value in Confirmed Biodiversity Areas as far as practicable.
	(b)	 If an EMP is required in accordance with (a) for the presence of long tail bats, the EMP may include the following to achieve the objective: (i) measures to minimise as far as practicable, disturbance from construction activities within 50m of any active long tail bat roosts that are discovered
		 through survey until such roosts are confirmed to be vacant of bats; timing of any Construction Works within 50m of any active maternity long tail bat roosts. Those Construction Works shall be undertaken outside the bat maternity period (between December and March) where reasonably
		practicable; (iii) details of areas where vegetation is to be retained and where additional planting is proposed to be provided and maintained for the purposes of the connectivity of long tail bat habitats; and
		(iv) details of measures to minimise any operational disturbance from light spill.
	(c)	If an EMP is required in accordance with (a) for the presence of Threatened or At-
		 Risk wetland birds, the EMP may include the following to achieve the objective: (i) details of any nesting bird surveys of Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds. Nesting bird surveys shall be undertaken within any wetland that is both
		within a Confirmed Biodiversity Area and located within a 50m radius of Construction Works. Surveys shall be undertaken prior to any such works taking place and repeated at the beginning of each wetland bird breeding season until the Completion of Construction;
		 timing of any Construction Works which may have adverse effects on Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds. Those Construction Works shall be undertaken outside of the bird breeding season (September to February) where practicable;
		 (iii) where works are required within the Confirmed Biodiversity Area during the bird breeding season, methods to minimise adverse effects on Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds; and
		 (iv) details of what protection and buffer measures are proposed to manage effects on nesting Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds identified through a survey undertaken in accordance with Condition (c)(i). Proposed measures shall address:
		A. the type, intensity and duration of construction activity;
		 B. the likely sensitivity of the nesting bird species to the construction activity; and
		C. any environmental features (e.g., vegetation and contour) that could influence the extent of potential adverse effects on the Threatened or At-Risk wetland birds.
	(d)	The EMP shall be consistent with any ecological management measures to be undertaken in compliance with conditions of any regional resource consents granted for the project.
	Advi	ce note:
	may	ending on the potential effects of the project, the regional consents for the project include the following monitoring and management plans: i) stream and/or wetland restoration plans;
		ii) vegetation restoration plans; and
		iii) fauna management plans (e.g. avifauna).

30.	Tree	Management Plan (TMP)	
	(a)	Prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work, a TMP shall be prepared.	
	()	The objective of the TMP is to avoid, remedy or mitigate effects of construction	
		activities on trees identified in Schedule 5.	
	(b)	To achieve the objective, the TMP shall:	
	. ,	(i) confirm that the trees listed in Schedule 5 still exist; and	
		(ii) demonstrate how the design and location of project works has avoided,	
		remedied or mitigated any effects on any tree listed in Schedule 5. This may	
		include:	
		 A. any opportunities to relocate listed trees where practicable; 	
		B. planting to replace trees that require removal (with reference to the	
		ULDMP planting design details in Condition 18);	
		C. tree protection zones and tree protection measures such as protective	
		fencing, ground protection and physical protection of roots, trunks and	
		branches; and	
		D. methods for work within the rootzone of trees that are to be retained in	
		line with accepted arboricultural standards including provision of kauri	
		dieback management measures.	
		(iii) demonstrate how the tree management measures (outlined in A – D above)	
		are consistent with any relevant conditions of resource consents granted for	
	(-)	the project.	
	(c)	Where replacement planting of any tree listed in Schedule 5 is required under	
		(b)(ii)(B) it shall be at a ratio of 2:1 for Single Trees and a minimum of like for like (in m ²) for Group of Trees.	
	NI - 6 -		
31.		vork Utility Management Plan (NUMP)	
	(a)	A NUMP shall be prepared prior to the Start of Construction for a Stage of Work.	
	(a)	The objective of the NUMP is to set out a framework for protecting, relocating and	
		The objective of the NUMP is to set out a framework for protecting, relocating and working in proximity to existing network utilities.	
	(a) (b)	The objective of the NUMP is to set out a framework for protecting, relocating and working in proximity to existing network utilities. To achieve the objective, the NUMP shall include methods to:	
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32.	Network Integration Management Plan (NIMP)
	(a) At least six months prior to the start of detailed design for a Stage of Work, the Requiring Authority shall prepare, in collaboration with other relevant road controlling authorities, a NIMP.
	(b) The objective of the NIMP is to identify how the project will integrate with the planned transport network in the North Growth Area to achieve an effective, efficient and safe land transport system. To achieve this objective, the NIMP shall include details of the:
	 project implementation approach and any staging of the project, including both design, management and operational matters; and
	 sequencing of the project with the planned transport network, including both design, management and operational matters.
Operatio	onal conditions

33.	Low Noise Road Surface				
	(a) Asphaltic concrete surfacing (or equivalent low noise road surface) shall be				
	implemented within 12 months of Completion of Construction of the project.				
	(b) The asphaltic concrete surface shall be maintained as far as practicable to retain				
	the noise reduction performance of the surface established in accordance with (a),				
24	unless Condition 34 applies.				
34.	Future Resurfacing Work				
	(a) Any future resurfacing works of the project shall be undertaken in accordance with the Auckland Transport Reseal Guidelines, Asset Management and Systems 2013				
	or any updated version and asphaltic concrete surfacing (or equivalent low noise				
	road surface) shall be implemented where:				
	(i) the volume of traffic exceeds 10,000 vehicles per day;				
	(ii) the road is subject to high wear and tear (such as cul de sac heads,				
	roundabouts and main road intersections);				
	 (iii) it is in an industrial or commercial area where there is a high concentration of truck traffic; or 				
	(iv) it is subject to high usage by pedestrians, such as town centres, hospitals,				
	shopping centres and schools.				
	(b) Prior to commencing any future resurfacing works, the Requiring Authority shall				
	advise the Manager if any of the triggers in Condition $34(a)(i) - (iv)$ are not met by				
	the road or a section of it and therefore where the application of asphaltic concrete				
	surfacing (or equivalent low noise road surface) is no longer required on the road or a section of it. Such advice shall also indicate when any resealing is to occur.				
	Traffic Noise				
	For the purposes of Conditions 35 to 40:				
	(a) Building-Modification Mitigation – has the same meaning as in NZS 6806;				
	(b) Design year has the same meaning as in NZS 6806;				
	(c) Detailed Mitigation Options – means the fully detailed design of the Selected				
	Mitigation Options, with all practical issues addressed;				
	(d) Habitable Space – has the same meaning as in NZS 6806;				
	 (e) Identified Noise Criteria Category – means the Noise Criteria Category for a PPF identified in Schedule 6: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories; 				
	 (f) Mitigation – has the same meaning as in NZS 6806:2010 Acoustics – Road-traffic 				
	noise – New and altered roads;				
	(g) Noise Criteria Categories – means the groups of preference for sound levels				
	established in accordance with NZS 6806 when determining the Best Practicable				
	Option for noise mitigation (i.e. Categories A, B and C); (h) NZS 6806 – means New Zealand Standard NZS 6806:2010 Acoustics – Road-traffic				
	noise – New and altered roads;				
	(i) Protected Premises and Facilities (PPFs) – means only the premises and facilities				
	identified in Schedule 6: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories;				
	(j) Selected Mitigation Options – means the preferred mitigation option resulting from a				
	Best Practicable Option assessment undertaken in accordance with NZS 6806 taking into account any low noise road surface to be implemented in accordance with				
	Condition 33; and				
	(k) Structural Mitigation – has the same meaning as in NZS 6806.				
35.	The Noise Criteria Categories identified in Schedule 6: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria				
	Categories at each of the PPFs shall be achieved where practicable and subject to				
	Conditions 35 to 40 (all traffic noise conditions).				
	The Noise Criteria Categories do not need to be complied with at a PPF where:				
	(a) the PPF no longer exists; or				
	(b) agreement of the landowner has been obtained confirming that the Noise Criteria				
	Category does not need to be met.				
	Achievement of the Naise Oritorie Octomotics for DDEs shall be been former to a fail				
	Achievement of the Noise Criteria Categories for PPFs shall be by reference to a traffic forecast for a high growth scenario in a design year at least 10 years after the				
	programmed opening of the project.				

36.	As part of the detailed design of the project, a Suitably Qualified Person shall determine the Selected Mitigation Options for the PPFs identified on Schedule 6: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories.
	For the avoidance of doubt, the low noise road surface implemented in accordance with Condition 33 may be (or be part of) the Selected Mitigation Option(s).
37.	Prior to the Start of Construction of the project, a Suitably Qualified Person shall develop the Detailed Mitigation Options for the PPFs identified in Schedule 6: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories, taking into account the Selected Mitigation Options.
38.	If the Detailed Mitigation Options would result in the Identified Noise Criteria Category changing to a less stringent Category, e.g. from Category A to B or Category B to C, at any relevant PPF, a Suitably Qualified Person shall provide confirmation to the Manager that the Detailed Mitigation Option would be consistent with adopting the Best Practicable Option in accordance with NZS 6806 prior to implementation.
39.	The Detailed Mitigation Options shall be implemented prior to Completion of Construction of the project, with the exception of any low-noise road surfaces, which shall be implemented within 12 months of Completion of Construction.
40.	Any barriers required by the Detailed Mitigation Options shall be maintained so they retain their noise reduction performance as far as practicable.

Attachments

Schedule 1: General Accordance Plans and Information

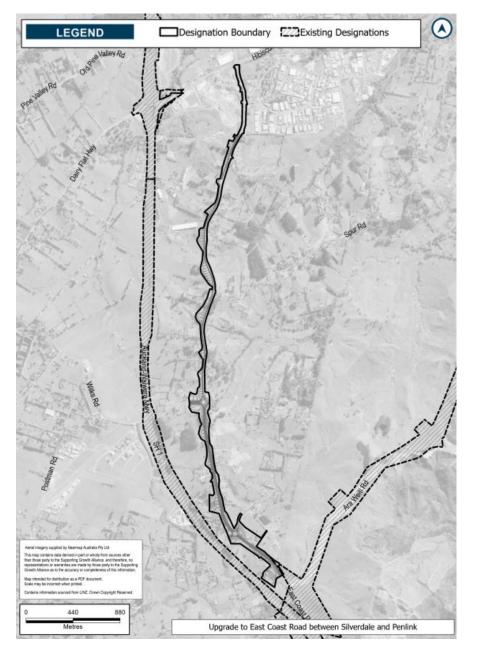
Project Description

The proposed work is the construction, operation and maintenance of an upgrade to East Coast Road to an urban arterial corridor between Hibiscus Coast Highway, Silverdale and Ō Mahurangi Penlink (Redvale) Interchange, including active mode facilities and associated infrastructure.

The proposed work is shown in the following Concept Plan and includes:

- Upgrading the corridor to an urban arterial corridor with walking and cycling facilities.
- Tie-ins with existing roads and localised widening around the existing intersections to accommodate new intersection forms.
- New or upgraded stormwater management systems, bridges and culverts (where applicable).
- Batter slopes, and associated cut and fill activities (earthworks).
- Vegetation removal.
- Other construction related activities required outside the permanent corridor including the regrade of driveways, construction traffic manoeuvring and construction laydown areas.

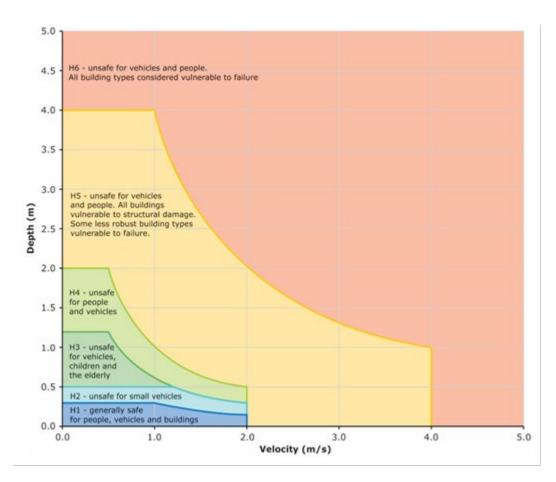
Concept Plan



Schedule 2 – Flood Hazard Class

The combined flood hazard curves shown below set hazard thresholds that relate to the vulnerability of the community when interacting with floodwaters. The combined curves are divided into hazard classifications that relate to specific vulnerability thresholds

The vulnerability thresholds identified in the flood hazard curves can be applied to the best description of flood behaviour available for a subject site. In this regard, the hazard curves can be applied equally to flood behaviour estimates from measured data, simpler 1D numerical modelling approaches, through to complex 2D model estimates with the level of accuracy and uncertainty of the flood hazard estimate linked to the method used to derive the flood behaviour estimate.

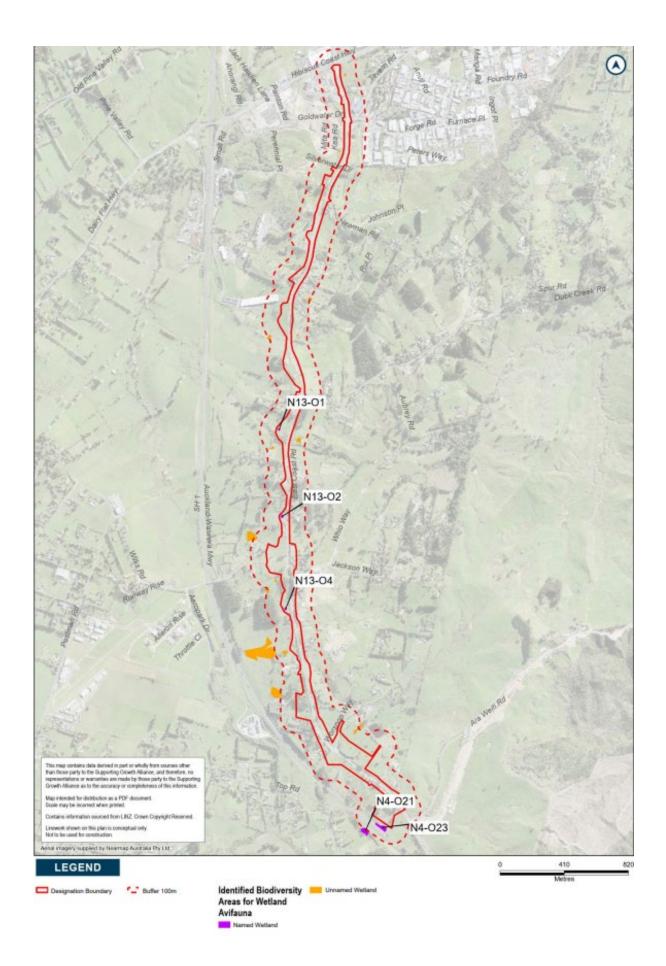


Source: Australian Rainfall and Runoff, Book 6, 2019

Schedule 3: Identified Biodiversity Areas



Bat Corridors



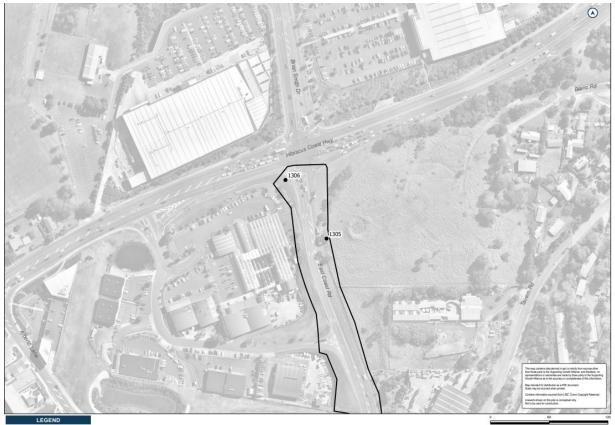
Schedule 4: Table 10 of the 2018 EIANZ Guidelines

Criteria for describing level of effects (Adapted from Regini (2000) and Boffa Miskell (2011))

Ecological Value →	Very high	High	Moderate	Low	Negligible
Magnitude ↓					
Very high	Very high	Very high	High	Moderate	Low
High	Very high	Very high	Moderate	Low	Very low
Moderate	High	High	Moderate	Low	Very low
Low	Moderate	Low	Low	Very low	Very low
Negligible	Low	Very low	Very low	Very low	Very low
Positive	Net gain	Net gain	Net gain	Net gain	Net gain

Schedule 5: Trees to be included in the Tree Management Plan

Tree number	Vegetation type	Protection	Location	Species	Age
1301	Mixed exotic species /Manuka	Road reserve	Adjacent to 2118-2150 East Coast Road	Gorse (<i>Ulex europaeus</i>), Wilding Pine (<i>Pinus sp.</i>), She Oak (<i>Casuarina cunninghamiana</i>), Manuka (<i>Leptospernum</i> scoparium)	Semi- mature
1309	She Oak row	Road reserve	Adjacent to 2086 East Coast Road	She Oak (Casuarina cunninghamiana)	Semi- mature
1310	She Oak and Gorse	Road reserve	Adjacent to 2076/2086 East Coast Road	She Oak (Casuarina cunninghamiana), Gorse (Ulex europaeus), other weed species	Semi- mature
1305	4x Manuka	Road Reserve	Adjacent to 2200 East Coast Road	Manuka (Leptospernum scoparium)	Semi- mature
1306	3x Gum trees	Road Reserve	Adjacent to 31 Blanc Road	Eucalyptus/ Gum tree (<i>Eucalyptus sp.)</i>	Semi- mature



Tree/Group of Trees

Designation Boundary



Tree/Group of Trees

Designation Boundary



Tree/Group of Trees

Designation Boundary

Schedule 6: Identified PPFs Noise Criteria Categories

Address	New or Altered Road	Noise Criteria Category
1959 East Coast Road	Altered	В
1746 East Coast Road	Altered	В
1 Kea Road	Altered	В
2 Spur Road	Altered	В
1787 East Coast Road	Altered	В
5 Kea Road	Altered	В
7 Kea Road	Altered	В
3 Kea Road	Altered	В
9 Kea Road	Altered	В
1780A East Coast Road	Altered	В
11 Kea Road	Altered	В
13 Kea Road	Altered	В
15 Kea Road	Altered	В
17 Kea Road	Altered	A
19 Kea Road	Altered	A
21 Kea Road	Altered	A
2 Kea Road	Altered	A
23 Kea Road	Altered	A
2127 East Coast Road	Altered	A
16 Spur Road	Altered	A
25 Kea Road	Altered	A
1 Mita Road	Altered	A
1778 East Coast Road	Altered	A
2109 East Coast Road	Altered	A
8 Jackson Way	Altered	A
1837 East Coast Road	Altered	A

1910 East Coast Road	Altered	A
57 Kea Road	Altered	A
1797 East Coast Road	Altered	A
1824 East Coast Road	Altered	A
32 Worsnop Way	Altered	A
2157 East Coast Road	Altered	A
2087 East Coast Road	Altered	A
1791 East Coast Road	Altered	A
1826 East Coast Road	Altered	A
1971 East Coast Road	Altered	A
27 Kea Road	Altered	A
1914 East Coast Road	Altered	A
1921 East Coast Road	Altered	A
1871 East Coast Road	Altered	A
2083 East Coast Road	Altered	A
2077 East Coast Road	Altered	A
43 Kea Road	Altered	A
11 Spur Road	Altered	A
1832 East Coast Road	Altered	A
2104 East Coast Road	Altered	A
1830 East Coast Road	Altered	A
55 Kea Road	Altered	A
1838 East Coast Road	Altered	A
4 Kea Road	Altered	A
29 Kea Road	Altered	A
1960 East Coast Road	Altered	A
2118 East Coast Road	Altered	A
33 Kea Road	Altered	A
1976 East Coast Road	Altered	A

10 Newman Road	Altered	A
31 Kea Road	Altered	A
6 Kea Road	Altered	A
37 Kea Road	Altered	A
1853 East Coast Road	Altered	A
1857 East Coast Road	Altered	A
8 Kea Road	Altered	A
35 Kea Road	Altered	A
1958 East Coast Road	Altered	A
1862 East Coast Road	Altered	A
53 Kea Road	Altered	A
39 Kea Road	Altered	A
41 Kea Road	Altered	A
60 Kea Road	Altered	A
3 Mita Road	Altered	A
10 Kea Road	Altered	A
56 Kea Road	Altered	A
14 Kea Road	Altered	A
12 Kea Road	Altered	A
58 Kea Road	Altered	A
52 Kea Road	Altered	A
5 Mita Road	Altered	A
16 Kea Road	Altered	A
43 Mita Road	Altered	A
18 Kea Road	Altered	A
19 Spur Road	Altered	A
54 Kea Road	Altered	A
47 Kea Road	Altered	A
41 Mita Road	Altered	A

45 Mita Road	Altered	A
49 Mita Road	Altered	A
55 Mita Road	Altered	A
2065 East Coast Road	Altered	A
2045 East Coast Road	Altered	A
51 Kea Road	Altered	A
50 Kea Road	Altered	A
49 Kea Road	Altered	A
25 Mita Road	Altered	A
1973 East Coast Road	Altered	A
45 Kea Road	Altered	A
20 Kea Road	Altered	A
47 Mita Road	Altered	A
7 Mita Road	Altered	A
39 Mita Road	Altered	A
51 Mita Road	Altered	A
2095 East Coast Road	Altered	A
2065A East Coast Road	Altered	A
53 Mita Road	Altered	A
48 Kea Road	Altered	A
9 Mita Road	Altered	A
37 Mita Road	Altered	A
21 Mita Road	Altered	A
26 Kea Road	Altered	A
23 Mita Road	Altered	A
2079 East Coast Road	Altered	A
19 Mita Road	Altered	A
32 Kea Road	Altered	A
34 Kea Road	Altered	A

28 Kea Road	Altered	A
35 Mita Road	Altered	A
17 Mita Road	Altered	A
36 Kea Road	Altered	A
11 Mita Road	Altered	A
44 Kea Road	Altered	A
38 Kea Road	Altered	A
46 Kea Road	Altered	A
27 Mita Road	Altered	A
42 Kea Road	Altered	A
30 Kea Road	Altered	A
33 Mita Road	Altered	A
40 Kea Road	Altered	A
29 Mita Road	Altered	A
31 Mita Road	Altered	A
13 Mita Road	Altered	A
22 Kea Road	Altered	A
15 Mita Road	Altered	A
2095A East Coast Road	Altered	A
24 Kea Road	Altered	A
17 Newman Road	Altered	A
	L	1